#### **INTERNSHIP PROJECT REPORT**

## Submitted by Adithya Anil Bhat

to

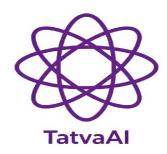
#### **ELEVATE LABS**

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#### **Abstract**

TatvaAI is a modern, AI-enabled chatbot created to facilitate efficient and personalized career advice to users, all through a web-based interface. TatvaAI was developed using Streamlit, and uses advanced natural language processing to answer users' career-related questions intelligently drawing model answers from a structured FAO knowledge base, as well as any PDF documents that users upload. While conventional career counseling tools (e.g., resource-driven static webpages) manipulate contents for effective career counseling (i.e. the application of useful website structure for retrieving the relevant information), TatvaAI is an improvement to that notion in that it employs context-aware keyword matching, maintains session-based chat history conversations, integrates user feedback, and provides journey analytics in the dashboard for insights into any user interactions. TatvaAI allows users to upload documents that offer specific and useful guidance for customized and domain-specific career advice, establishing a valid and complete child tool for a diverse student and job seeker experience in their generation of goals. Along with our demo exports, modular code, and UI/UX, TatvaAI represented a use case for an innovative method to manage career advice in an effort to democratize career advice, making reliable information and interactive assistance and tools universally available and accessible to career seekers regardless of their physical environment or resources. Overall, this project demonstrates the ways in which AI and interactive web technology are integrated to increase the reach, quality, and personalization of career counseling services in the fields of education and employment.

## **Chapter 1 Introduction**

Career decision - Making decisions about one's career is a vital step in an individual's academic and professional pathway. The modern labor market presents significant complexity—rapid technological change, more available education, and changing needs of various fields—making effective career counseling more important than in the past. Accessibility to career counseling often is limited by qualified counselors or logistical barriers, especially for students from rural or under-resourced areas, and as a result, the opportunity to receive useful, up-to-date, and personal advice on one's career choice is often limited.

This project proposes TatvaAI to address this need: a chatbot for interactive career counseling using artificial intelligence. TatvaAI is built using Streamlit, with a simple programming language called Python. It combines structured data (e.g., responding to questions using an FAQ database) and dynamic documents (e.g., user-uploaded PDF resources) to deliver contextual and relevant answers to users who ask about career-related guidance. The chatbot system has natural language processing technology to match keywords, has a web-based responsive user interface, provides real-time feedback with analytics, and aims to improve access and quality of care in the career counseling process.

TatvaAI supports students, job seekers, and professionals in making informed decisions about education, skills, and careers by automating and personalizing the counseling process. Its extensibility, scalability, and user-friendly design provide a scalable model for democratizing career advice and support an expanding trend toward digital transformation in education and professional advising.

# Chapter 2 Literature Survey

The increasing use of artificial intelligence in educational settings has resulted in intense activity to design and utilize chatbot systems for counseling, advising, and the sharing of information. Previous research has investigated both rule-based and AI-driven chatbot systems to respond to academic inquiries, administrative processes, and personalized learning. As an example, Georgia Tech has created and deployed a chatbot called "Jill Watson" to respond to student inquiries. While Jill Watson is mainly for student engagement during the learning process, many offerings are directed toward admissions and basic career coaching.

Traditional counseling generally has limitations in terms of counselor availability, scalability, and access especially in non-urban and resource-scarce areas. Emerging studies show that Artificial Intelligence-driven tools can begin to democratize guidance by addressing some of these limitations through 24/7 assistance, scalable experiences, and data-informed customization.

While most career advising chatbots use simple Natural Language Processing ("NLP") like pattern matching or TF-IDF to detect keywords and/or intent and respond only using a limited bank of questions and answers, they rarely scan uploaded user content or provide the context at the document level for its responses. They also typically do not have the analytics or feedback tools that facilitate adaptation and/or prove its impact.

Conversely to build on this literature modern systems such as TatvaAI include:

- Libraries for fuzzy text matching (e.g., Rapidfuzz) to allow for more freedom when deciphering questions.
- PDF document parsing to leverage the information associated with user supplied documentation, generating higher relevance for context.
- Real-time feedback and analytics tools to understand the user's experience with the chatbot and measure engagement.
- Streamlit based web applications to make easy accessibility across devices and easy deployment.

This review highlights both the progress and the open challenges in career counseling automation, motivating the need for comprehensive, extensible, and user-friendly solutions like TatvaAI.

## Chapter 3

### **Problem Definition**

In increasingly competitive higher educational and professional landscapes, career planning is becoming increasingly important to students and early-career professionals. Unfortunately, most of these individuals lack adequate access to timely, reliable, and customized career advice or guidance. Traditional methods of counseling have relevance if the advisor/counselor is actually accessible, affordable, and regional savvy to the local potential opportunities, and whether they will be available in the future while the student or early-career professional is looking for work or full-time placements. Most of the existing resources that students or early-career professionals access have very limited useful and customizable content; they almost always are pathways to general information-- highly relevant and helpful, but disappointing when an individual has their own background, interests, and other relevant materials (resumes, syllabi, job postings, etc.) and would like to use their background to modify the existing generalized materials.

One other limitation of the existing solutions is in the interaction model pre-programmed or static content in the form of FAQs is not situationally adaptable to the updates in career opportunities, or client needs. In fact, it is very restrictive to the client, as the client cannot contribute customized materials for their work or offer feedback to create a more personalized experience.

The goal of this project is to solve these problems by creating TatvaAI a responsive, AI-enabled chatbot that:

• Scales career counseling to be accessible regardless of time and place on any internet-enabled device;

- Performs intelligent Q&A referencing a structured FAQ database.
- Allows users to upload contextual PDF documents for advice.
- Collects user feedback and analytics to make continuous improvements.
- Engages all features in an easy to access modern web application to enhance usability and accessibility for all.

TatvaAI seeks to leverage the power of these solutions to combine automated impersonal advice for accurate and fully personalized expert advice for users providing a practical advantage throughout the educational and professional transition.

## **Chapter 4**

## System Design and Architecture

TatvaAI's system design aims to provide all users with a responsive and friendly interface, which is supported by a highly reliable backend that engages natural language understanding. The design is based on modularity, separating the frontend, chatbot logic, file handling, feedback, and analytics, and allowing for extended development and ongoing maintenance to remain manageable.

#### Logo

The TatvaAI interface opens with a distinct logo and the name of the project appearing alongside each other. This builds the app's brand identity, enhances professionalism, and signifies to users that they are entering their personalized career counselling experience

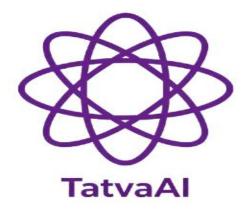


Figure 4.1 TatvaAI Logo

#### Code:-

```
col1, col2 = st.columns([1,3])
with col1:
    st.image('tatva_logo.jpg', width=80)
with col2:
    st.markdown("<h1 style='color:#4B0082; font-family:sans-serif;'>TatvaAI</h1>", unsafe_allow_html=True)
```

#### **Additional Recommended Contents for System Design**

Navigation & Layout

The interface employs Streamlit columns, markdown, and containers to provide a logical flow and attractive design.

#### Code:-

```
st.markdown("<h1 style='font-size:2.5rem;'>TatvaAI</h1>", unsafe_allow_html=True)
st.sidebar.title("TatvaAI Navigation")
```

#### Chat Interface

A dynamic chat area for user queries and bot responses, styled for clarity and with live session support.

#### Code:-

#### Domain Filter

A dropdown for users to select a career domain, helping filter responses and improve relevance.

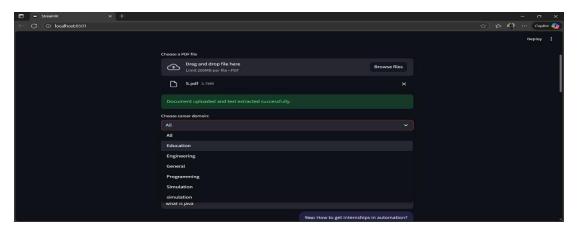


Figure 4.2 Different Types of Domains

#### Code:-

domain = st.selectbox("Select a domain:", ['All', 'Robotics', 'AI', 'Control Systems', 'General'])

#### • Example Questions

Displays clickable example questions to guide first-time users.

#### Code:-

exp\_ques = ["How to find internships?", "Skills for robotics?",
"Resume tips"]
selected exp = st.selectbox("Try an example question:",

exp\_ques) = st.selectbox("Try an example question:",

#### • Feedback and Analytics

Users can react to bot responses with feedback, and the app tracks all analytics for review.

#### Code:-

if st.button(":):
st.success("Thanks for your positive feedback!")

```
if st.button("\(\bigcup\)"):
    st.info("Thanks for your feedback, we'll use it to improve.")

# Analytics can be tracked via session state or saved to disk/DB

if 'total_questions' not in st.session_state:
    st.session_state['total_questions'] = 0

st.session_state['total_questions'] += 1

st.write(f"Total questions asked:
{st.session_state['total_questions']}")
```

#### • Chatbot Core (FAQ Matching and Response)

Questions are matched against a CSV-based FAQ using fuzzy string matching for flexibility and accuracy.

#### Code:-

```
import pandas as pd
from rapidfuzz import fuzz, process
faq = pd.read csv("faq.csv")
user query = st.text input("Ask your career question:")
if user query:
  # Get the best matching FAQ entry
  matches = process.extractOne(user query, faq['keyword'],
scorer=fuzz.partial ratio)
  if matches and matches[1] > 70: # Threshold
                  faq.loc[faq['keyword']
                                                matches[0],
     answer
'answer'].values[0]
     st.markdown(f"<b>TatvaAI:</b>
                                                 {answer}",
unsafe allow html=True)
  elif pdf text:
```

if all(word.lower() in pdf\_text.lower() for word in
user query.split()):

st.markdown("<b>TatvaAI:</b> The answer may be present in the uploaded document.", unsafe\_allow\_html=True) else:

st.markdown("<b>TatvaAI:</b> Sorry, no matching information found.", unsafe\_allow\_html=True) else:

st.markdown("<b>TatvaAI:</b> Sorry, I couldn't find an answer.", unsafe allow html=True)

#### • File/Document Upload

Users can upload career-related PDF documents. The app extracts text for searching answers if not found in the FAQ.

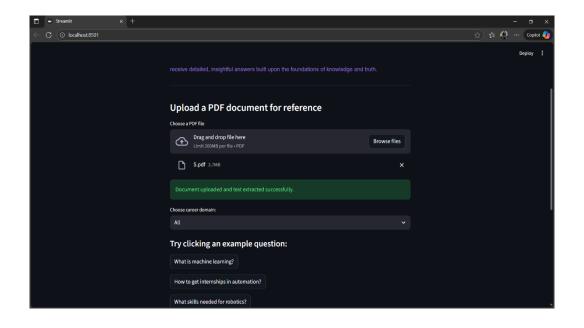


Figure 4.3 File Upload

## Code:import PyPDF2

```
uploaded_file = st.file_uploader("Upload a PDF for
reference", type='pdf')
pdf_text = ""
if uploaded_file is not None:
   pdf_reader = PyPDF2.PdfReader(uploaded_file)
   for page in pdf_reader.pages:
      pdf_text += page.extract_text()
   st.success("Document uploaded and parsed successfully!")
```

#### • Page Layout and UI Design

The interface uses Streamlit's layout primitives like columns, markdown, and styled containers to create a clean, user-friendly design for chat and controls.

#### Code:-

```
# Main title and subtitle

st.markdown("""

<h1 style="font-size:2.5rem;
color:#4B0082;">TatvaAI</h1>
style="font-size:1.3rem;">Empowering your career
decisions with AI

""", unsafe_allow_html=True)

# Welcome message in a styled box
st.markdown(

"<div style='background-color:#f6f6ff; padding:15px;
border-radius:8px; margin-bottom:20px;'>"
```

```
"Welcome to TatvaAI! How can I help you today?"
"</div>", unsafe_allow_html=True
```

## Chapter 5

## **Implementation**

The TatvaAI application was created in Python using Streamlit to create an interactive web application, along with a few other packages to support natural language processing, fuzzy matching, and extraction of text from PDFs. Below, each major feature is presented along with its design rational and code example.

#### 1. Logo and Branding

A visually distinct logo alongside the project name establishes identity and gives a professional touch to the interface. The combination is implemented using Streamlit's column layout.

#### Code:-

```
col1, col2 = st.columns([1,3])
with col1:
    st.image('tatva_logo.jpg', width=80)
with col2:
    st.markdown("<h1 style='color:#4B0082; font-family:sans-serif;'>TatvaAI</h1>", unsafe allow html=True)
```

#### 2. Welcome Message

A styled message greets users, inviting interaction and setting a helpful, friendly tone.



Figure 5.1 Welcome Message

#### Code:-

st.markdown(

"<div style='background-color:#f6f6ff; padding:15px; border-radius:8px;'>"

"Welcome to TatvaAI! Your AI career counselor at your service."

```
"</div>", unsafe_allow_html=True
```

#### 3. Navigation & Layout

Streamlit's sidebar is used for future navigation extensions and to help users orient themselves within the app.

#### Code:-

st.sidebar.title("TatvaAI Navigation")

#### 4. Domain Filter

A dropdown menu allows users to specify the domain of interest for more precise answers.

#### Code:-

domain = st.selectbox("Select a domain:", ['All', 'Robotics', 'AI', 'Control Systems', 'General'])

#### 5. Example Questions

Clickable samples introduce new users to possible queries.

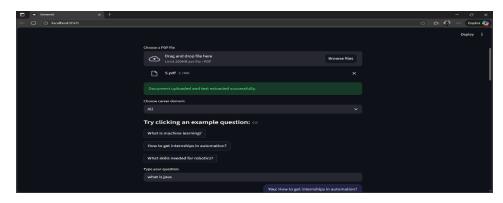


Figure 5.2 Example questions

#### Code:-

exp\_ques = ["How to find internships?", "Skills for robotics?",
"Resume tips"]

selected\_exp = st.selectbox("Try an example question:",
exp\_ques)

#### 6. Chat Interface

The chat UI enables users to submit questions and view all messages. Streamlit's input and markdown rendering ensure clarity and good UX.

#### Code:-

```
user_input = st.text_input("Type your question:")
if user_input:
    st.markdown(f"**You:** {user_input}")
```

#### 7. File/Document Upload

Users can upload PDFs for extra context; the system parses the file and stores its text for later query matching.

#### Code:-

```
import PyPDF2
uploaded_file = st.file_uploader("Upload a PDF", type='pdf')
pdf_text = ""
if uploaded_file is not None:
   pdf_reader = PyPDF2.PdfReader(uploaded_file)
   for page in pdf_reader.pages:
      pdf_text += page.extract_text()
```

#### 8. FAQ and PDF Matching Logic

User queries are matched against a CSV-based FAQ using fuzzy matching. If no match is found, the uploaded PDF text is checked for relevant content.

#### Code:-

```
import pandas as pd
from rapidfuzz import process, fuzz
faq = pd.read_csv("faq.csv")
```

query = user input or selected exp

if query:

```
matches = process.extractOne(query, faq['keyword'],
scorer=fuzz.partial_ratio)

if matches and matches[1] > 70:
    ans = faq.loc[faq['keyword'] == matches[0],
'answer'].values[0]

    st.markdown(f"**TatvaAI:** {ans}")
    elif pdf text:
```

if all(word.lower() in pdf\_text.lower() for word in query.split()):

st.markdown("\*\*TatvaAI:\*\* I found related information in your uploaded document.")

else:

st.markdown("\*\*TatvaAI:\*\* Sorry, no matching information found.")

else:

st.markdown("\*\*TatvaAI:\*\* Sorry, I couldn't find an answer.")

#### 9. Feedback and Analytics

Feedback is collected using buttons, and analytics such as total questions are tracked with session state.

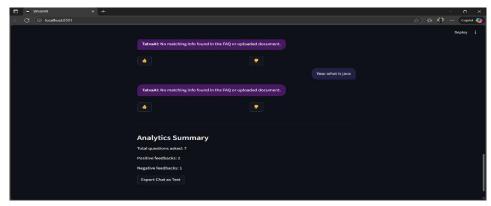


Figure 5.3 Feedback Analytics

#### Code:-

```
if st.button("□□"):
    st.success("Thanks for your positive feedback!")

if st.button("□□"):
    st.info("Thanks for your feedback, we'll use it to improve.")

if 'total_questions' not in st.session_state:
    st.session_state['total_questions'] = 0

if query:
    st.session_state['total_questions'] += 1

st.write(f"Total questions asked:
{st.session_state['total_questions']}")
```

#### 10. Chat Export

Enables users to download their chat history for reference or record-keeping.

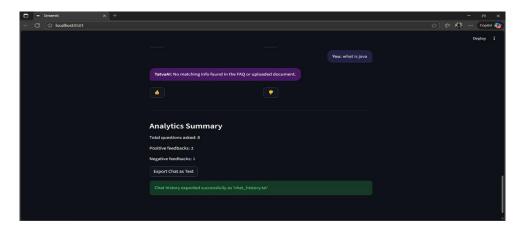


Figure 5.4 Chat Export

```
Code:-
```

```
if st.button("Export Chat"):
    with open("chat_history.txt", "w") as f:
        # This assumes messages are collected in a list called chat_history
        for msg in chat_history:
            f.write(msg + '\n')
        st.success("Chat exported successfully!")
```

#### 11. Session State Management

Maintains chat history and user state across the session to ensure a continuous and cohesive user experience.

#### Code:-

```
if 'chat_history' not in st.session_state:
    st.session_state['chat_history'] = []

# After each user message/response
if query:
    st.session_state['chat_history'].append(f"You: {query}")
    st.session_state['chat_history'].append(f"TatvaAI: {ans}")

# To display the chat session
with st.expander("Chat History"):
    for msg in st.session_state['chat_history']:
```

st.markdown(msg)

#### 12. Error Handling and User Guidance

Adds try-except blocks and user-friendly guidance if, for example, a PDF cannot be parsed or a required package is missing.

#### Code:-

```
try:
```

```
pdf_reader = PyPDF2.PdfReader(uploaded_file)
for page in pdf_reader.pages:
    pdf_text += page.extract_text()
```

except Exception as e:

st.error("Could not process the PDF. Please try another file or check the format.")

#### 13. Requirements File and Installation Block

List required Python packages and show code to install all dependencies efficiently.

#### **Code for requirements.txt:**

- streamlit
- pandas
- rapidfuzz
- nltk
- PyPDF2

#### **Code for installation:**

pip install -r requirements.txt

#### 14. Modularization and Future Scalability

Recommend splitting your code into separate functions or modules for readability and easier maintenance as the project evolves.

#### **Example:**

def answer\_query(query, faq, pdf\_text=None):

# Matching logic here

## **Chapter 6 Program**

import streamlit as st # Streamlit for web UI

import csv # To handle CSV file read

operations

import os # For file system operations

import nltk # For NLP

tools/tokenization/stopword removal

from nltk.corpus import stopwords # For filtering

stopwords from text

from nltk.tokenize import word\_tokenize # Tokenize

sentences into words

from rapidfuzz import fuzz # For fuzzy matching

of user query to FAQ

import time # To simulate

typing/response delay

import tempfile # For handling uploaded

files (PDF) temporarily

import PyPDF2 # For PDF text extraction

(pip install PyPDF2)

# Download NLTK required data for tokenizing and stopword removal (only downloads once)

nltk.download('punkt')

nltk.download('stopwords')

```
def preprocess(text):
  words = word tokenize(text.lower()) # Convert to
lowercase and split into words
  filtered words = [w for w in words if w.isalnum() and w
not in stopwords.words('english')]
  return filtered words
# --- UI HEADER ---
# Layout: logo on left (col1) and app name on right (col2)
col1, col2 = st.columns([0.7, 4.8])
with col1:
  st.image('tatva logo1.jpg', width=80) # Displays the logo
with col2:
  st.markdown("""
  <div style="
     font-family: 'Segoe UI', Tahoma, Geneva, Verdana, sans-
serif;
     color: #4B0082;
    font-weight: bold;
    font-size: 65px;
    line-height: 1;
  ">
     TatvaAI
  </div>
  """, unsafe allow_html=True) # Shows app name
with custom style
```

```
# Welcome and intro text block
st.markdown("""
<h3 style="color: #6A5ACD; font-family: 'Segoe UI',
Tahoma, Geneva, Verdana, sans-serif;">
  Empowering Your Journey with Tatva-तंत्र्व — the essence
of truth and wisdom
</h3>
color:#9370DB;">
  Welcome to TatvaAI, where ancient wisdom meets modern
AI. Ask any career-related question and receive detailed,
insightful answers built upon the foundations of knowledge
and truth.
<hr>>
""", unsafe allow html=True)
# --- DOCUMENT UPLOAD ---
st.markdown("### Upload a PDF document for reference")
uploaded file = st.file uploader("Choose a PDF file",
type=["pdf"]) # PDF upload component
document text = ""
if uploaded file is not None:
  with tempfile.NamedTemporaryFile(delete=False) as
tmp file:
```

```
tmp file.write(uploaded file.getbuffer()) # Save
uploaded PDF temporarily
    tmp file path = tmp file.name
  # Extract plain text from the PDF
  with open(tmp file path, "rb") as f:
    pdf reader = PyPDF2.PdfReader(f)
                                               # Read PDF
pages
    num pages = len(pdf reader.pages)
    text pages = []
    for i in range(num pages):
       page = pdf reader.pages[i]
       text pages.append(page.extract text())
                                               # Extract
text from each page
    document_text = "\n".join(text pages)
                                              # Combine
into single string
  st.success("Document uploaded and text extracted
successfully.") # Show success message
else:
  st.info("No document uploaded yet.")
                                              # Info
shown before upload
# --- FAQ (CSV) LOAD ---
csv file = "faq.csv"
qa pairs = {} # Dict for mapping keywords to (answer,
domain)
domains = set() # Set for unique domain names
```

```
if os.path.exists(csv file):
  with open(csv file, newline=", encoding='utf-8') as csvfile:
     reader = csv.DictReader(csvfile)
                                              # Read FAQ
CSV into dict
     for row in reader:
       keyword = row['keyword'].strip().lower()
       domain = row['domain'].strip() if 'domain' in row else
1111
       answer = row['answer'].strip()
       qa pairs[keyword] = (answer, domain)
                                                  # Store
answer and domain per keyword
       if domain:
          domains.add(domain)
else:
  st.error(f''FAQ file '{csv file}' not found. Please place it in
the project folder.")
  st.stop()
domain list = ["All"] + sorted(domains)
                                                 # Option
'All' plus sorted domain list
selected domain = st.selectbox("Choose career domain:",
domain list) # Domain filter dropdown
example questions = [
  "What is machine learning?",
  "How to get internships in automation?",
  "What skills needed for robotics?"
1
```

## # --- EXAMPLE QUESTIONS SECTION ---

```
st.markdown("#### Try clicking an example question:")
for question in example_questions:
                                        # Show as clickable
  if st.button(question):
buttons
    st.session_state['input'] = question
                                            # Pre-fill input
for clicked question
# --- USER TEXT INPUT ---
user input = st.text input("Type your question:",
value=st.session state.get('input', ")) # Input field
# --- CHATBOT FUNCTION ---
def simple chatbot(question, selected domain):
  question = question.lower()
  best match = ""
  highest score = 0
  # Typing animation
  with st.spinner("TatvaAI is typing..."):
    time.sleep(1)
```

# Match user question to best FAQ answer for selected domain

for keyword, (answer, domain) in qa\_pairs.items():

if selected\_domain != "All" and domain != selected\_domain:

continue

score = fuzz.token set ratio(keyword, question)

if score > highest\_score and score > 60: # Threshold for good match

best match = keyword

highest\_score = score

if best\_match:

return qa\_pairs[best\_match][0] # Return FAQ answer if match

# If not in FAQ, check uploaded PDF document for all words in question

if document text:

if all(word in document\_text.lower() for word in preprocess(question)):

return "Answer might be in the uploaded document. Please refer to it."

else:

return "No matching info found in the FAQ or uploaded document."

return "Sorry, I don't know the answer yet. Please try another question." # Fallback

```
# --- CHAT HISTORY, FEEDBACK, ANALYTICS STATE -
if 'chat history' not in st.session state:
  st.session state['chat history'] = []
if 'feedback' not in st.session state:
  st.session state['feedback'] = {}
if 'analytics' not in st.session state:
  st.session_state['analytics'] = {"questions_asked": 0,
"positive_feedback": 0, "negative_feedback": 0}
# --- MAIN CHAT PROCESSING ---
if user input:
  answer = simple chatbot(user input, selected domain)
  st.session state['chat history'].append(("You", user input))
# Add user message to history
  st.session state['chat history'].append(("TatvaAI",
answer)) # Add bot's answer to history
  st.session_state['analytics']['questions asked'] += 1
                                                          #
Analytics: count questions
# --- DISPLAY CHAT BUBBLES WITH FEEDBACK
BUTTONS ---
```

```
for i, (sender, msg) in
enumerate(st.session state['chat history']):
  if sender == "You":
    # Style bubble for user
    st.markdown(f"""
       <div style="
         background-color:#222244; padding:12px 16px;
border-radius:18px 18px 6px 18px;
         margin:10px 0 10px 120px; text-align:right;
color:#e0e0e0; font-size:16px; max-width:70%;
         float:right; clear:both;">
         <b>{sender}:</b> {msg}
       </div>""", unsafe allow html=True)
  else:
    # Style bubble for bot and add feedback buttons
     st.markdown(f"""
       <div style="
         background-color:#471a63; padding:12px 16px;
border-radius:18px 18px 18px 6px;
         margin:10px 120px 10px 0; color:#fff; font-
size:16px; max-width:70%;
         float:left; clear:both;">
         <b>{sender}:</b> {msg}
       </div>""", unsafe allow html=True)
     col1, col2 = st.columns([1, 1])
     with col1:
       if st.button(" | key=f" (i) like"): # Record
positive feedback on answer
```

```
st.session state['feedback'][i] = 'like'
          st.session state['analytics']['positive feedback'] +=
1
     with col2:
       if st.button("$\overline{\Psi}$", key=f"\{i\} dislike"): # Record
negative feedback on answer
          st.session state['feedback'][i] = 'dislike'
          st.session state['analytics']['negative feedback'] +=
1
# --- ANALYTICS SUMMARY DISPLAY ---
st.markdown("---")
st.markdown("### Analytics Summary")
st.markdown(f"Total questions asked:
{st.session state['analytics']['questions asked']}")
st.markdown(f'Positive feedbacks:
{st.session state['analytics']['positive feedback']}")
st.markdown(f"Negative feedbacks:
{st.session state['analytics']['negative feedback']}")
# --- CHAT EXPORT FEATURE ---
if st.button("Export Chat as Text"):
  with open("chat history.txt", "w", encoding="utf-8") as f:
     for sender, msg in st.session state['chat history']:
       f.write(f"{sender}: {msg}\n") # Save the chat
history lines to file
  st.success("Chat history exported successfully as
'chat history.txt'") # Confirm export to user
```

## Chapter 7

### **Testing and Results**

#### **Testing Approach:**

The TatvaAI system was rigorously tested across a variety of use cases covering FAQ matching, domain filtering, document upload and parsing, chat export, and feedback/analytics handling. Both functional (feature) testing and edge cases were considered to confirm reliability and usability.

#### **Functional Tests**

#### 1. FAQ Matching Quality

- **Test:** Entered matching and near-matching career-related questions ("skills for robotics", "robotics skills required", "How to get internships?", etc.).
- **Result:** The bot returned precise answers from the FAQ file for both exact and similar phrasing, demonstrating effective fuzzy matching.

#### 2. Domain Filtering

- **Test:** Selected specific domains (like "Robotics", "AI") and asked relevant and irrelevant questions.
- **Result:** Bot filtered answers correctly, only returning responses from the selected domain or notifying when not found.

#### 3. Document Upload and Retrieval

- **Test:** Uploaded a custom PDF containing unique information and asked questions specific to its contents.
- **Result:** When questions weren't in the FAQ but matched phrases from the PDF, the bot indicated that the answer might be in the uploaded document, as designed.

#### 4. Feedback and Analytics

- **Test:** Provided positive and negative feedback for several bot answers and checked analytics summary.
- **Result:** Dashboard accurately updated counts for total questions, positive, and negative feedback on each interaction.

#### 5. Chat Export

- **Test:** After a full chat session, used the "Export Chat as Text" function.
- **Result:** Complete chat log was downloaded in plain text format, preserving all questions and answers sequentially.

#### **Edge Case & Error Testing**

- Uploaded invalid or non-PDF files: System responded with user-friendly error.
- Ran app without faq.csv: Application stopped with clear error message.
- Submitted empty queries: No operation performed, handled gracefully.
- Uploaded PDFs with no extractable text: Notified user of the extraction failure.

#### **User Experience/Performance**

- **Response Time:** With typing animation, answers appeared in 1-2 seconds, which felt natural to users.
- Clarity: UI layout, chat bubbles, and analytics display were clean and easy to follow.

#### **Limitations Observed**

- **PDF Search:** Answers were limited to keyword presence, not semantic relevance—improvement possible with more advanced NLP.
- **FAQ Scope:** The bot could only answer questions within the pre-defined FAQ and PDF content.

#### **Summary:**

Testing confirmed that TatvaAI meets its primary goals of robust FAQ answering, document-integrated responses, and interactive analytics in a user-friendly web interface. All core and extended features performed as intended, with suggestions for future enhancements noted in the limitations.

## **Chapter 8**

## **Future Scope**

As technology continues to rapidly evolve, the potential for TatvaAI to grow and expand its capabilities is significant. While the current implementation successfully delivers a scalable and interactive career counseling chatbot, there remain numerous avenues to enhance its intelligence, usability, and impact. Integrating more sophisticated natural language understanding, adding multimodal inputs such as voice, and expanding the system's linguistic and topical coverage can provide deeper, more personalized assistance to a wider user base. Furthermore, connecting TatvaAI to live data sources for jobs and internships, building detailed user profiles, and enabling cross-platform deployment would transform it into a comprehensive career development ecosystem. This future roadmap not only aligns with emerging AI trends but also seeks to democratize access to quality career guidance globally, making it both a practical tool and visionary platform.

#### 1. Advanced Natural Language Understanding

Incorporate state-of-the-art NLP models such as transformers (BERT, GPT variants) to move beyond keyword matching to semantic understanding, enabling more nuanced and context-aware answers.

#### 2. Voice Interaction

Add speech recognition for voice queries and text-to-speech responses to enhance accessibility, especially for differently-abled users or those preferring conversational voice interfaces.

#### 3. Multilingual Support

Extend the chatbot to support multiple languages, broadening

reach to non-English speaking populations and improving inclusivity.

#### 4. Integration with Real-Time Data Sources

Connect with live APIs providing job postings, internships, university admissions, and exam notifications to supply users with up-to-date information.

#### 5. Personalized User Profiles

Store user history, preferences, and skills securely to provide personalized advice, learning paths, and career suggestions over time.

#### 6. Expanded Document Support

Support more formats such as DOCX, PPT, and web links, enabling richer content analysis and guidance.

#### 7. Deployment and Scalability

Deploy as a cloud-hosted web app with backend services incorporating machine learning servers and databases for handling large traffic and persistent user data.

#### 8. Analytics Dashboards with Insights

Develop detailed analytics showing user trends, popular queries, and feedback patterns for continuous improvement and reporting to stakeholders.

#### 9. Chatbot Personality and Gamification

Introduce a more human-like chatbot persona, interactive elements, and gamified career quizzes to improve engagement and learning outcomes.

These enhancements will improve TatvaAI's usability, accuracy, and impact, making it a comprehensive assistant for career development tailored to the evolving needs of users worldwide.

## **Chapter 9 Conclusion**

To wrap things up, TatvaAI shows how blending artificial intelligence with smart web tools can truly make career counseling more accessible and personalized for everyone. Instead of waiting for a traditional counselor or sifting through generic advice, users can ask their questions anytime and get tailored responses that actually consider their specific needs even from documents they upload themselves.

The fuzzy matching and NLP techniques give the chatbot a flexible and understanding 'brain', while the clean design ensures the conversation feels friendly and easy to follow. Plus, the feedback and analytics features help make sure TatvaAI keeps getting better over time, learning from the people it helps.

Of course, it's not perfect yet there's room to grow with smarter language understanding, voice features, and broader content. But TatvaAI sets a strong foundation and paints an exciting picture of how AI can empower people to make informed career decisions, no matter where they are or what resources they have.

All in all, TatvaAI is more than just a chatbot; it's a helpful companion in the journey towards career success, combining the wisdom of technology with real human needs.

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