

Recitation 1- Data Structures

Adithya Iyer, 26 Jan 2024

Recitation Logistics

- Recitation : Bobst LL138, 9:30-10:45AM
- Everything we do in recitations will be uploaded [here](#). (Link on Brightspace)
- Recitations will mostly be :
 - Getting to solve 2-3 Qs : Approach
 - In later recitations : actually coding it up (efficiently)
 - Rough Idea - get you to be better at interviews?

About me

- PLEASE call me Adi (~~Prof Adi / Adithya / Professor~~)
- How I got here?
 - Undergrad in Physics/Mat Sci @ IIT Bombay
 - Management Consulting @ McKinsey & Co.
 - Computer Vision Research @ NYU-X (Prof Saining Xie)
- Email : ai2257@nyu.edu
- OH : Monday - 3-4 pm WWH 705

Today ?

- Quick Recap of things with examples
- **Getting Eclipse Working**
- An exercise on using JAVA OOP to solve complex problems

The Problem, the Slides and the Code will all be up on the GitHub repository.

Recap :

- <https://github.com/adithyaiyer1999/data-structures-recitations-nyu2024/blob/main/Recitation01/Recitation01.md>

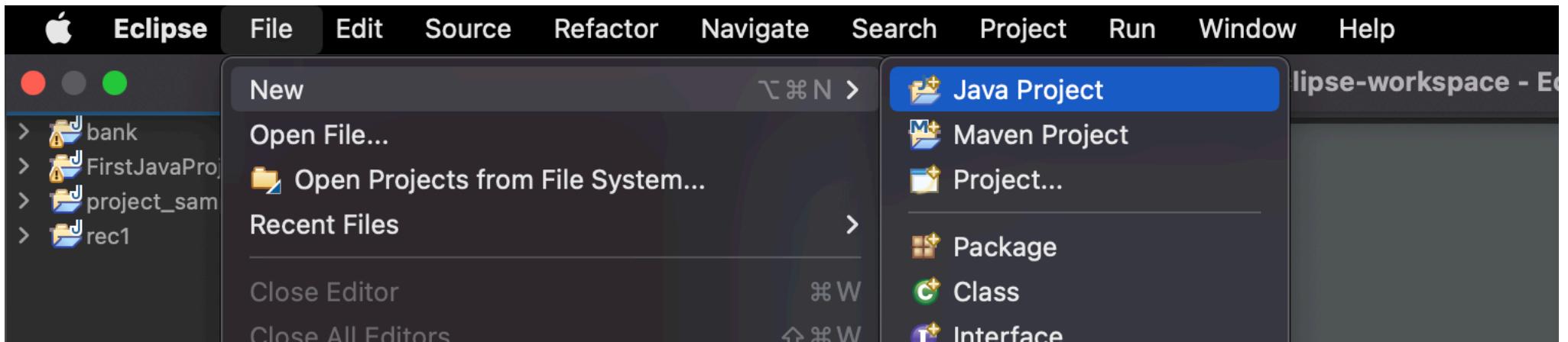
Setting up Eclipse - Level Easy

- <https://github.com/adithyaiyer1999/data-structures-recitations-nyu2024/blob/main/Recitation01/setup-eclipse.md>

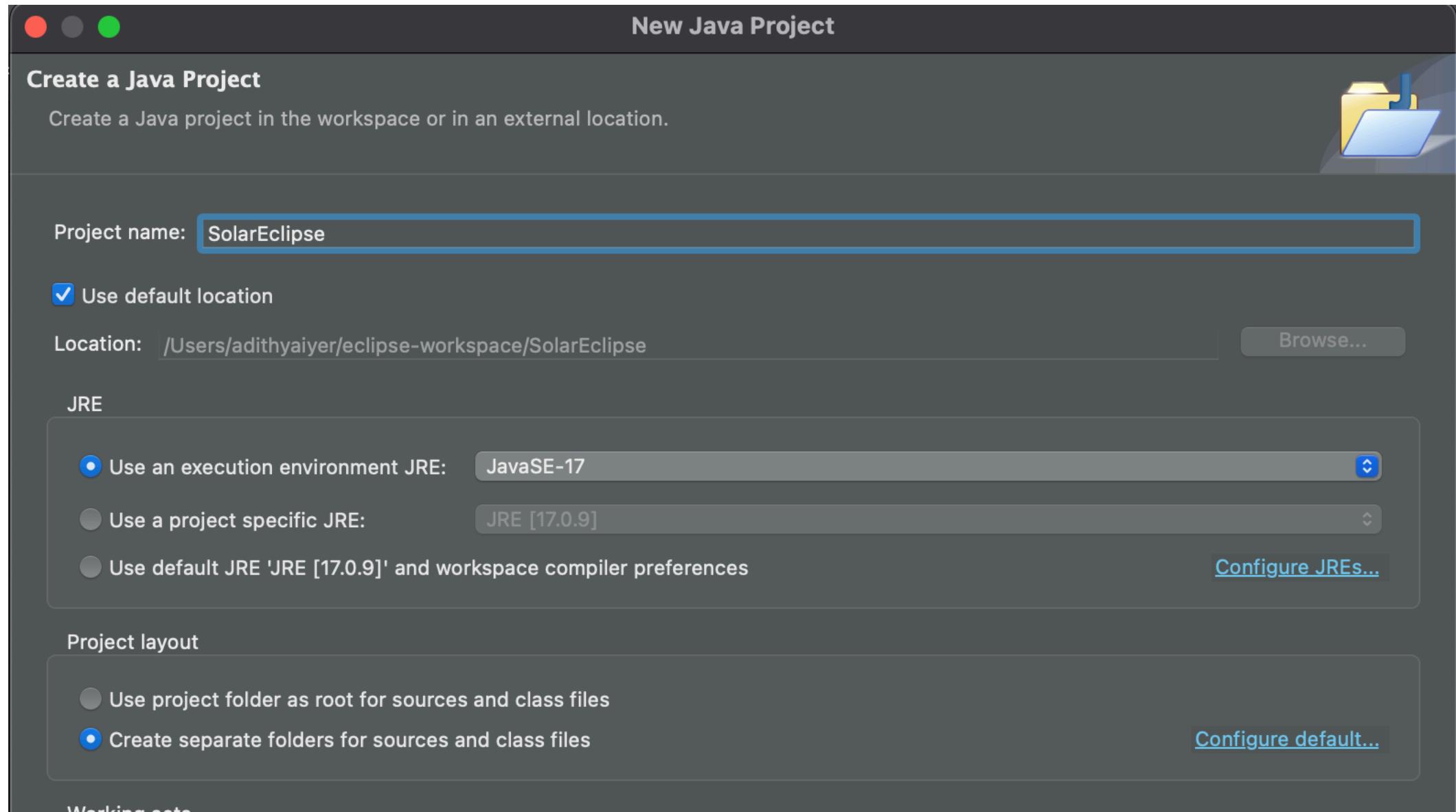
Setting up Eclipse - Level Hard

- We'll setup folders, and call an object from a different folder
- If this works in Eclipse - lucky you
- If this does not work in Eclipse -
 - Agree that Eclipse is a bad product :(
 - Reach out to me after class

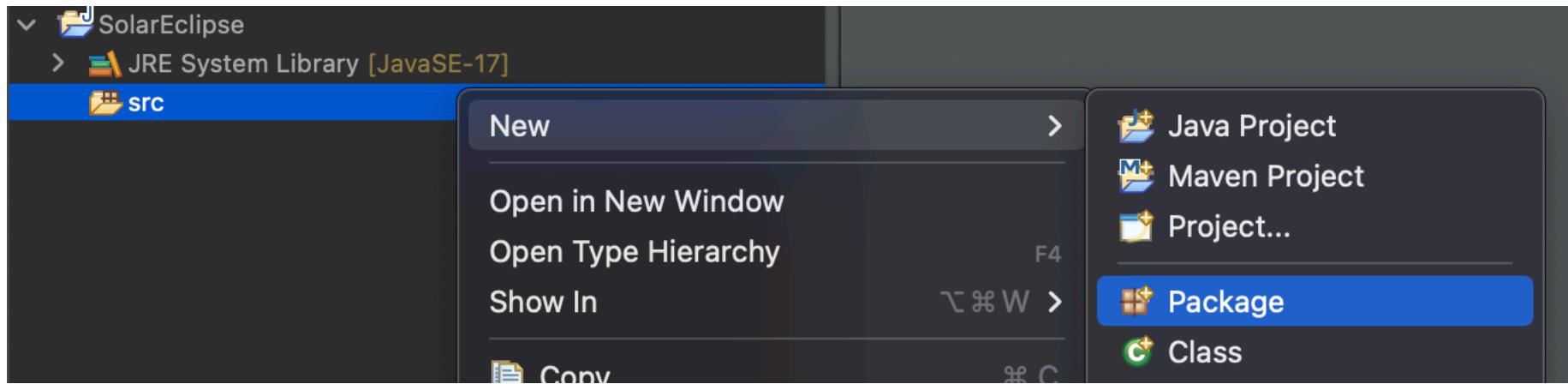
Step 1



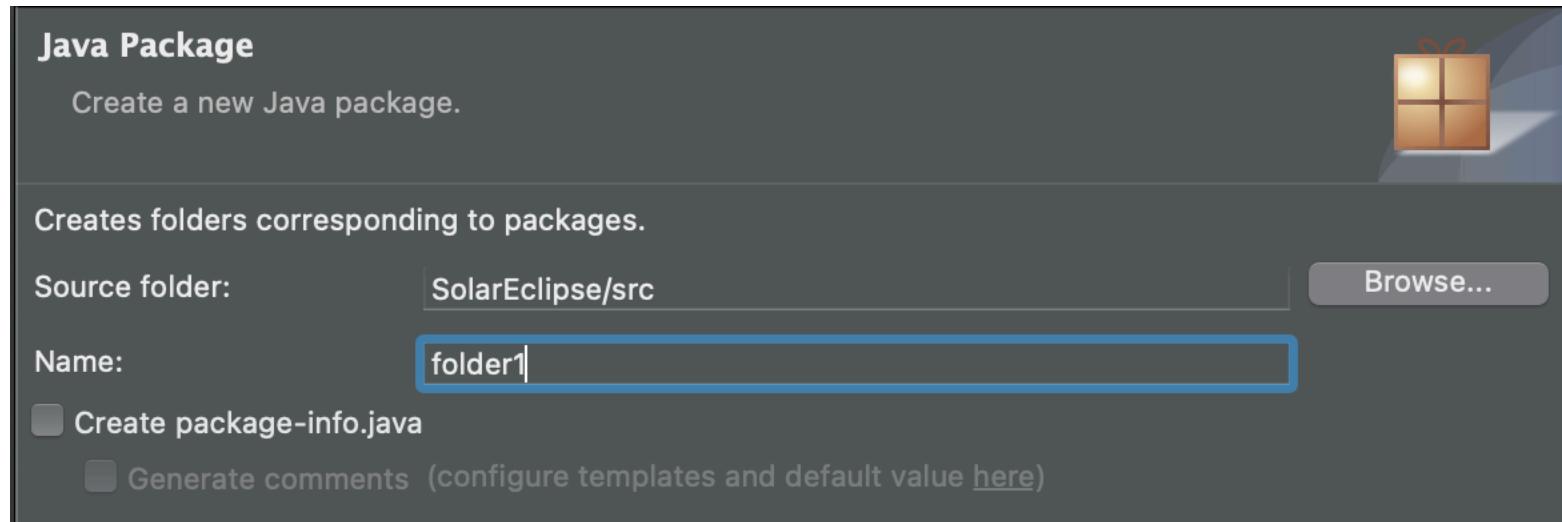
Step2



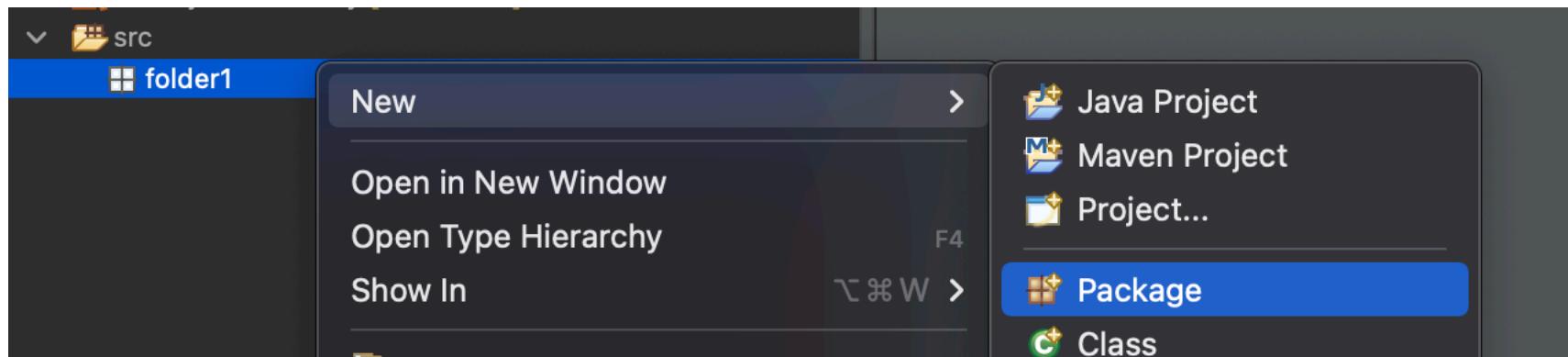
Step3



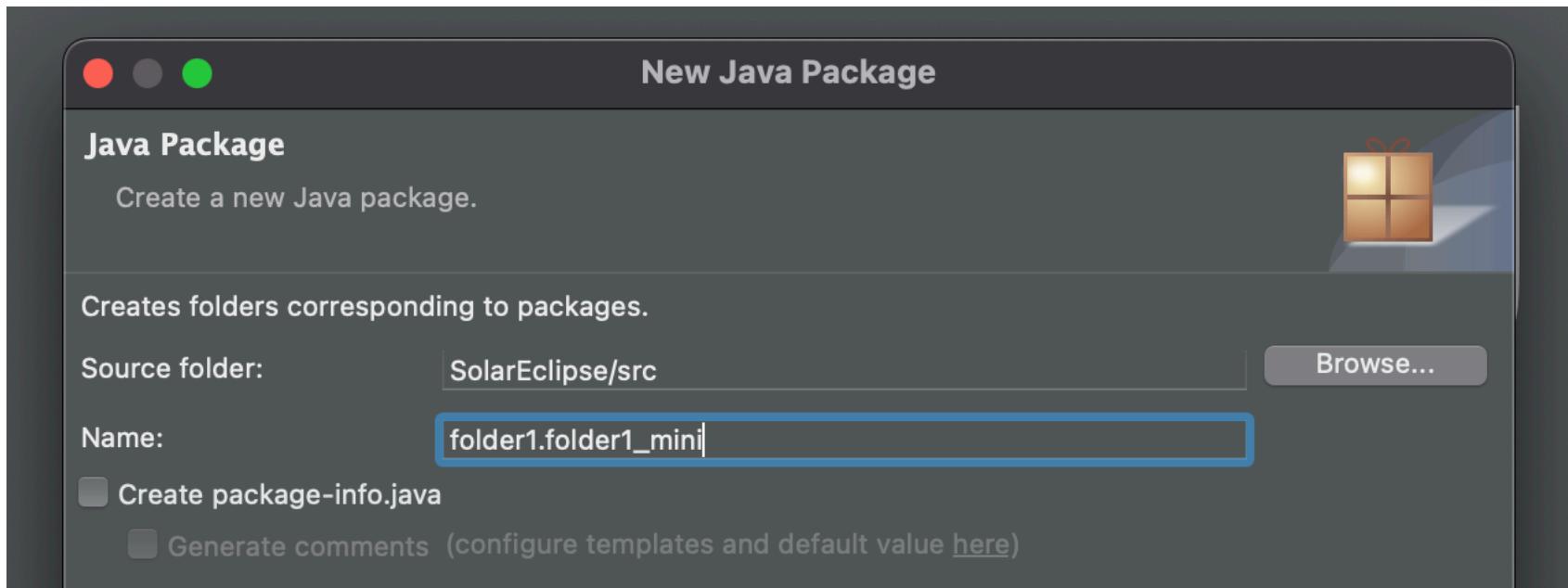
Step4



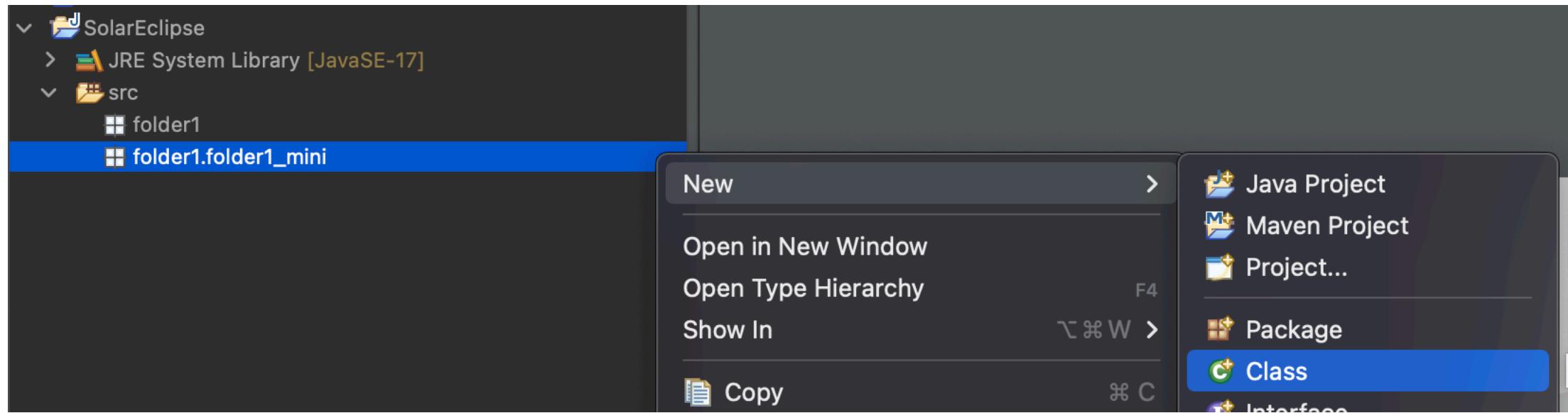
Step 5



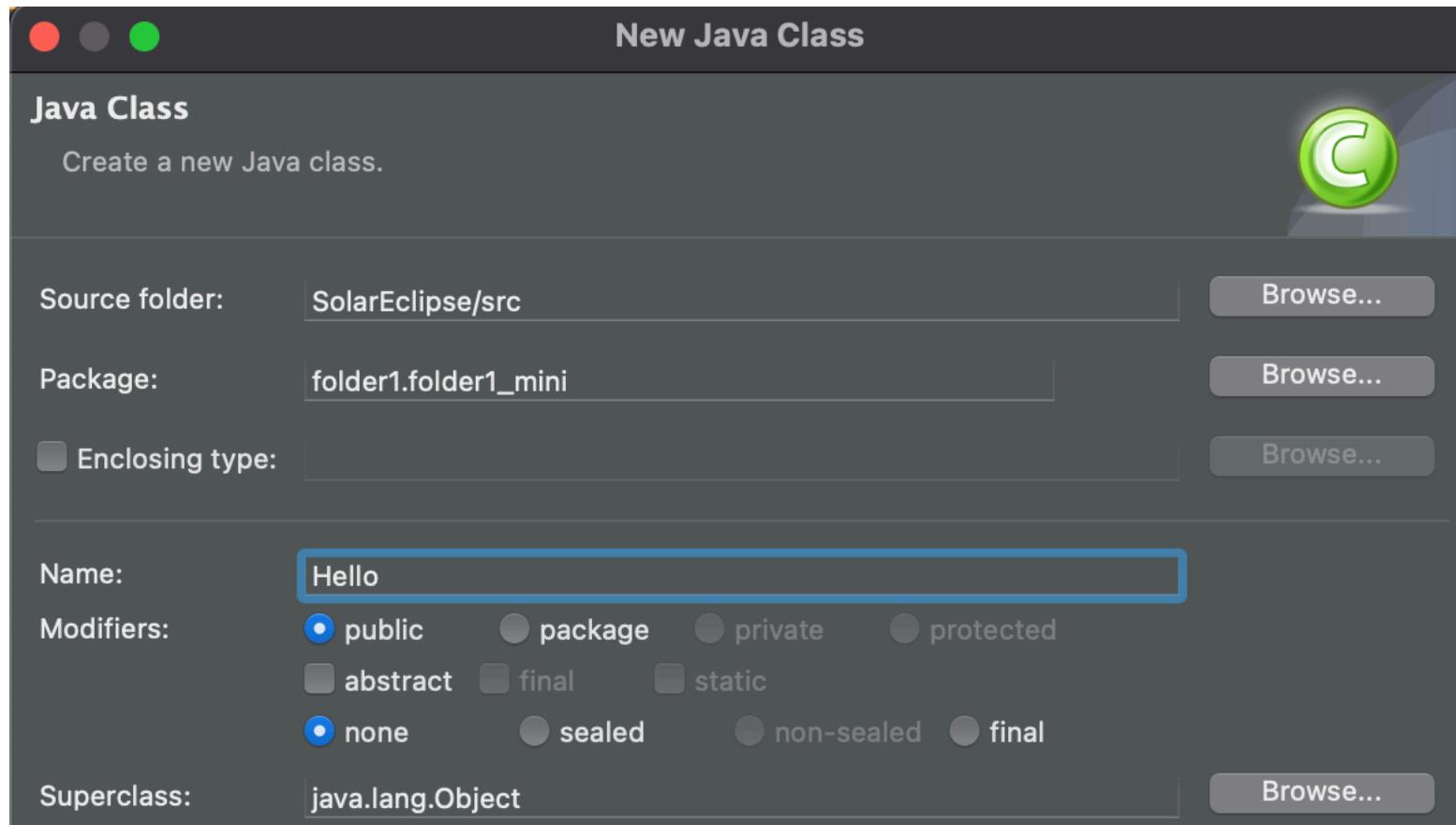
Step 6



Step 7



Step 8



Step 9



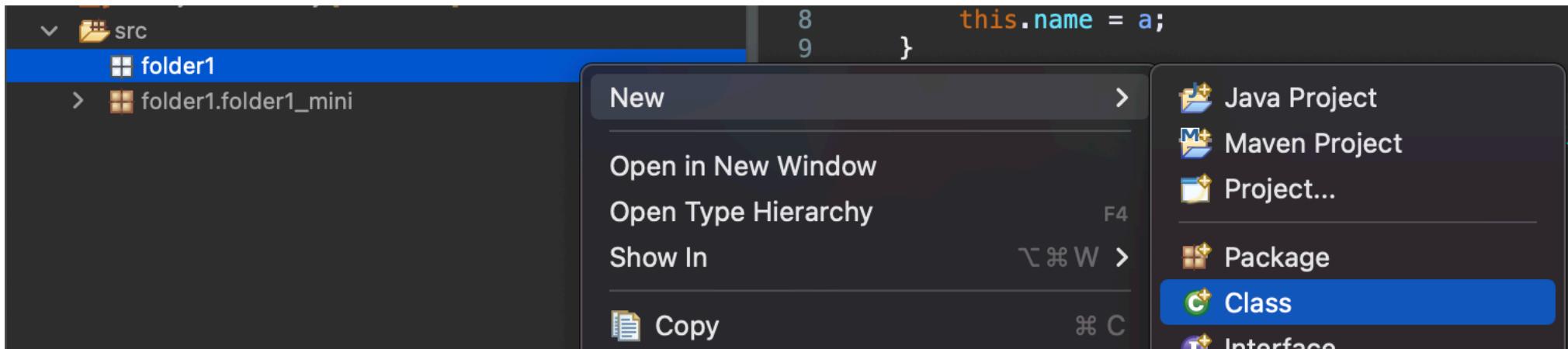
```
1 package folder1.folder1_mini;
2
3 public class Hello {
4
5     private String name;
6
7     public Hello(String a) {
8         this.name = a;
9     }
10
11    public void sayHi() {
12        System.out.println("Hello from folder1_mini !");
13    }
14
15 }
```

The screenshot shows a Java code editor window titled "Hello.java". The code is as follows:

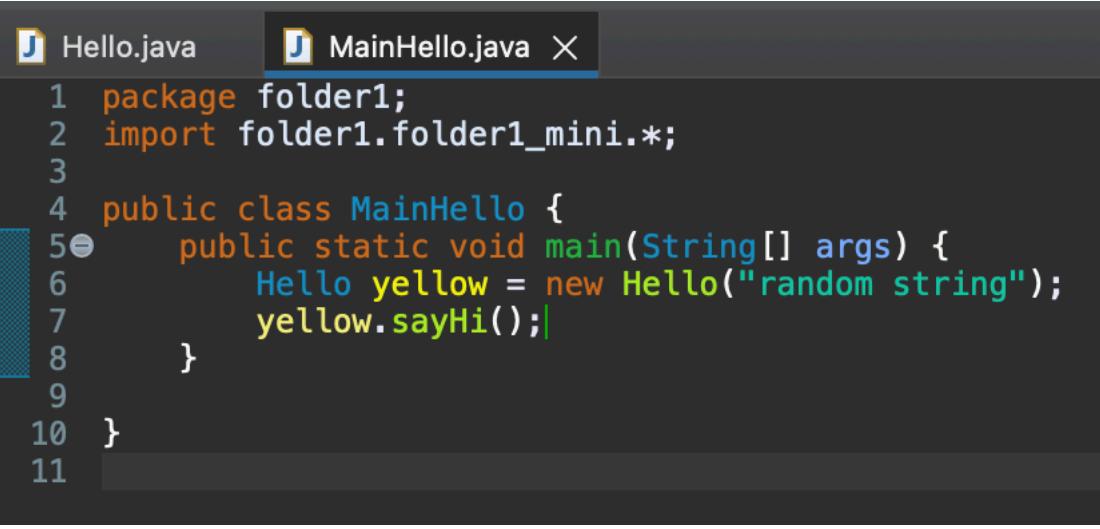
```
1 package folder1.folder1_mini;
2
3 public class Hello {
4
5     private String name;
6
7     public Hello(String a) {
8         this.name = a;
9     }
10
11    public void sayHi() {
12        System.out.println("Hello from folder1_mini !");
13    }
14
15 }
```

A yellow warning icon is positioned next to the line "private String name;".

Step 10



Step 11



The screenshot shows a Java code editor with two tabs: "Hello.java" and "MainHello.java". The "MainHello.java" tab is active, displaying the following code:

```
1 package folder1;
2 import folder1.folder1_mini.*;
3
4 public class MainHello {
5     public static void main(String[] args) {
6         Hello yellow = new Hello("random string");
7         yellow.sayHi();
8     }
9
10 }
11
```

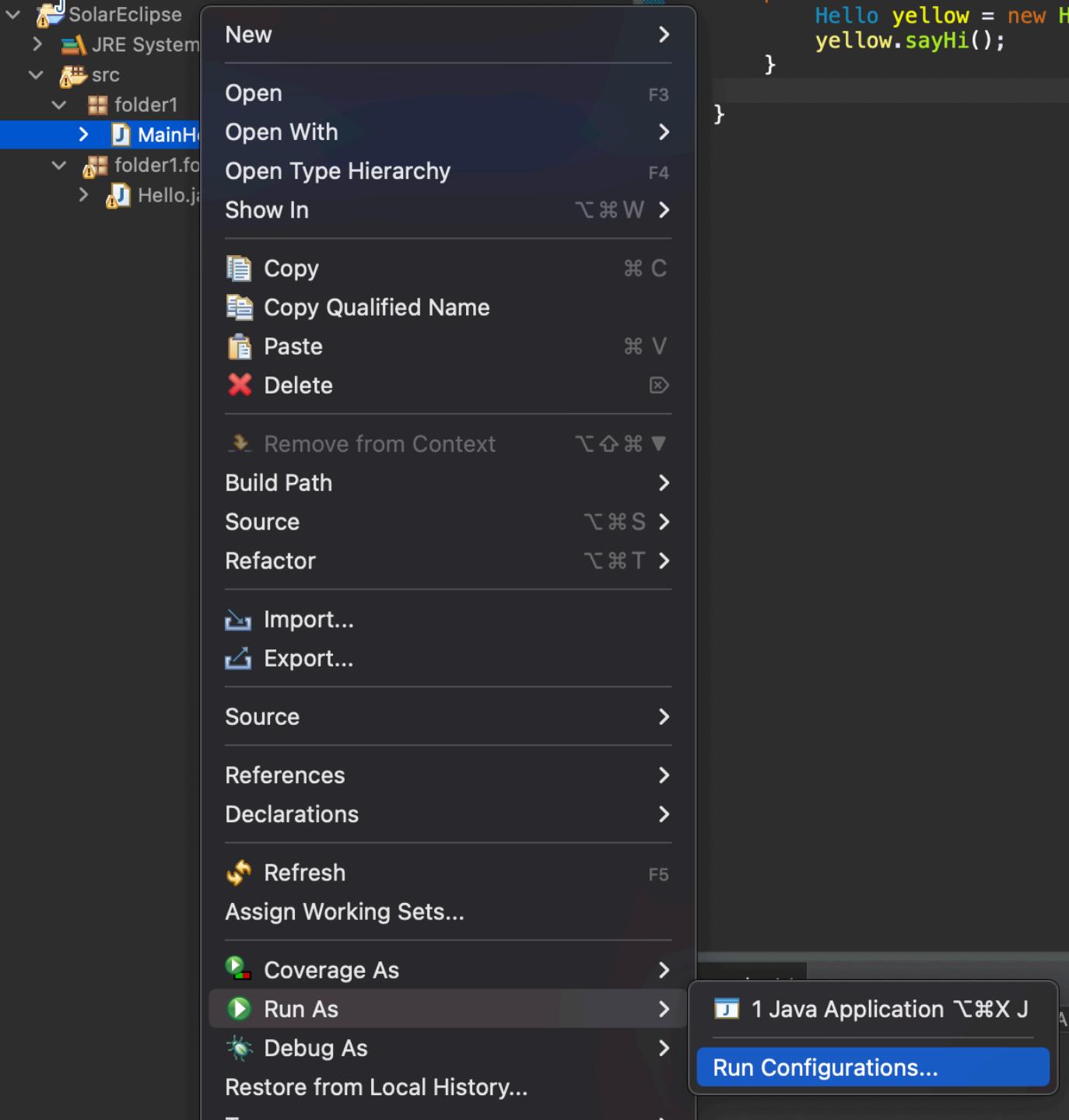
Very very very important to not mess this up.

Step 12

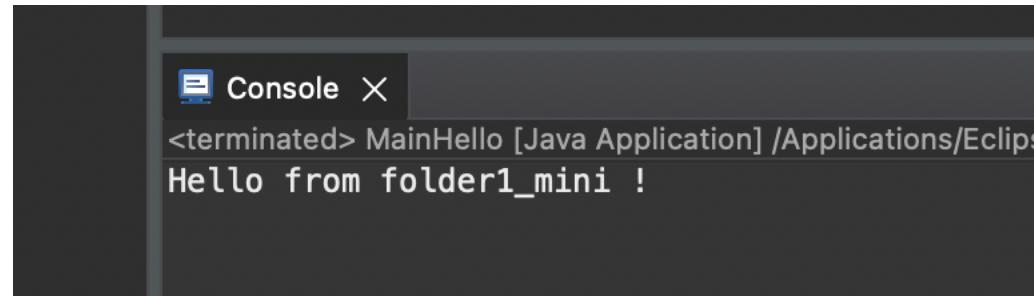


Step 13

VVVVVvvvvvvvv
Vvvvvvvimmpp



Step 14 - Success

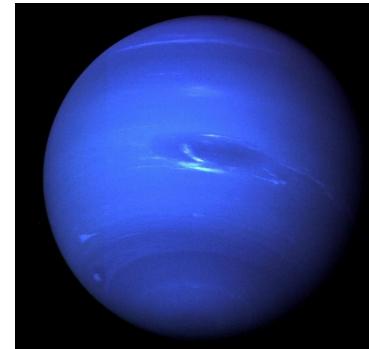


A screenshot of an Eclipse IDE interface showing a terminal window titled "Console". The window displays the output of a Java application named "MainHello". The output text is:
<terminated> MainHello [Java Application] /Applications/Eclips
Hello from folder1_mini !

Moving on to OOP ?

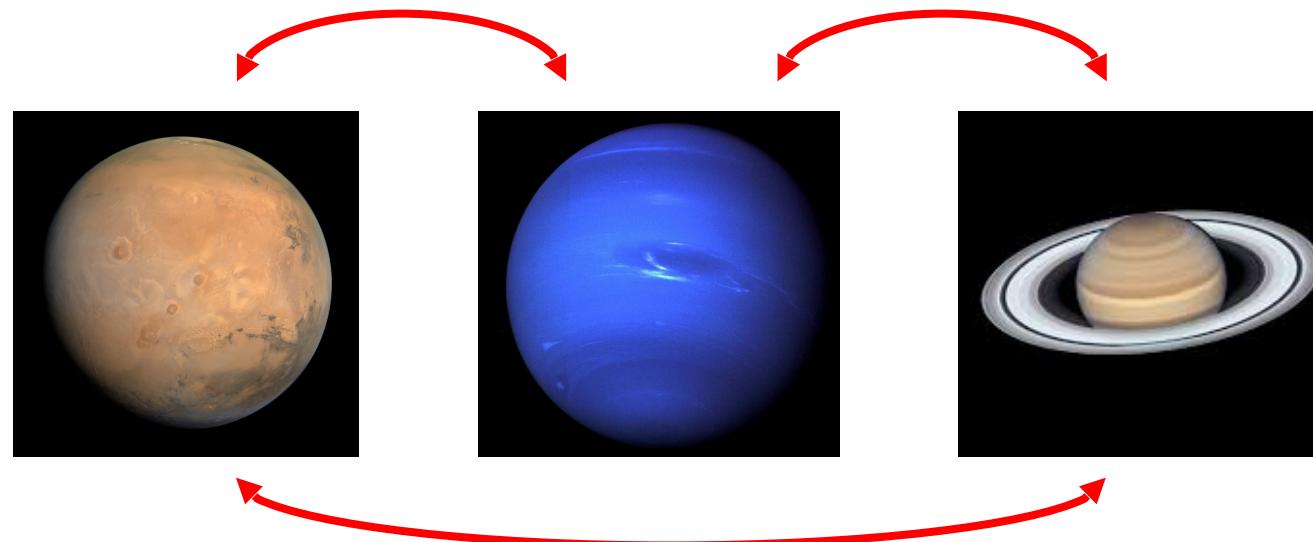
Scenario

- People from Mars, Neptune, and Saturn come to buy and sell items.
- They all have different currencies.



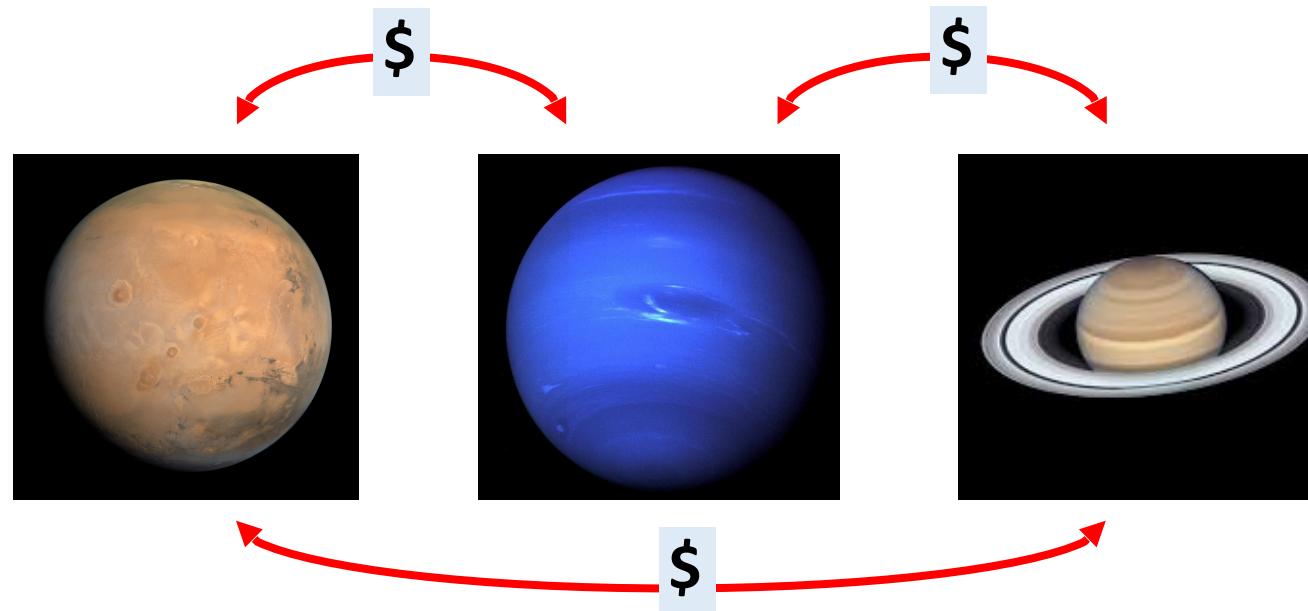
Scenario

- People from Mars, Neptune, and Saturn come to buy and sell items.
- They all have different currencies.
- Earth dollars are universally accepted, so we will use it as the intermediary to help **exchange** between their own currencies (each planet also charges a fee).



Scenario

- People from Mars, Neptune, and Saturn come to buy and sell items.
- They all have different currencies.
- **Earth dollars** are universally accepted, so we will use it as the intermediary to help **exchange** between their own currencies (each planet also charges a fee).



Sample run

Input

```
Currency mars = new Mars(100.00);
Currency neptune = new Neptune(100.00);
Currency saturn = new Saturn(100.00);

System.out.println("<-- Exchanges -->");

mars.exchange(saturn, 25.00);
neptune.exchange(saturn, 10.00);
saturn.exchange(mars, 122.00);
saturn.exchange(mars, 121.00);
```

What we really want to achieve.

Output

```
<-- Exchanges -->
Converting from MarsMoney to SaturnSilver and initiating transfer...
25.00 MarsMoney = 19.23 EarthDollars = 16.73 SaturnSilver
Mars exchange fee is 2.50 MarsMoney
Mars has a total of 72.50 MarsMoney
Saturn has a total of 116.73 SaturnSilver

Converting from NeptuneNuggets to SaturnSilver and initiating transfer...
10.00 NeptuneNuggets = 5.00 EarthDollars = 4.35 SaturnSilver
Neptune exchange fee is 5.00 NeptuneNuggets
Neptune has a total of 85.00 NeptuneNuggets
Saturn has a total of 121.08 SaturnSilver

Uh oh - Saturn only has an available balance of 121.08, which is less than
122.00!

Converting from SaturnSilver to MarsMoney and initiating transfer...
121.00 SaturnSilver = 139.08 EarthDollars = 180.80 MarsMoney
Saturn exchange fee is 0.00 SaturnSilver
Saturn has a total of 0.08 SaturnSilver
Mars has a total of 253.30 MarsMoney
```

What are the common actions?

- The common action (method) among all planet currencies was the **exchange**.
- These shared actions can be abstracted into **interfaces**.

What are the shared attributes?

- The currencies of different planets had common properties such as a **name** and **total funds**.
- This suggests the need for a parent or **abstract class**.

What properties are unique to each planet?

- Each planet currency has **their own exchange rates** and **fees**.
- Each planet currency class should **extend (inherit) and implement the specifics.**
 - toEarthDollars
 - fromEarthDollars
 - getTransactionFee

Define the Interface

```
package currencyexchange.utility;

public interface Exchangeable {
    double EARTH_DOLLAR_TO_MARS_MONEY = 1.3;
    double EARTH_DOLLAR_TO_SATURN_SILVER = 0.87;
    double EARTH_DOLLAR_TO_NEPTUNE_NUGGET = 2.0;

    void exchange(Exchangeable other, double amount);
}
```

- Define constants for exchange rates

Define the Interface

```
package currencyexchange.utility;

public interface Exchangeable {
    double EARTH_DOLLAR_TO_MARS_MONEY = 1.3;
    double EARTH_DOLLAR_TO_SATURN_SILVER = 0.87;
    double EARTH_DOLLAR_TO_NEPTUNE_NUGGET = 2.0;

    void exchange(Exchangeable other, double amount);
}
```

- Define constants for exchange rates
- Define the abstract method, **exchange**

Abstract Parent Class

```
package currencyexchange.currency;

import currencyexchange.utility.Exchangeable;

public abstract class Currency implements Exchangeable{
    protected String currencyName;
    protected double totalFunds;

    public abstract double toEarthDollars(double amount);
    public abstract double fromEarthDollars(double EarthDollars);

    protected abstract double getTransactionFee(double amount);

    @Override
    public void exchange(Exchangeable other, double amount) {
```

- Define attributes: **currencyName** and **totalFunds**

Sub classes - Mars

```
package currencyexchange.currency;

public class Mars extends Currency {

    public Mars(double initialFunds) {
        this.currencyName = "MarsMoney";
        this.totalFunds = initialFunds;
    }

    @Override
    public double toEarthDollars(double amount) {
        return amount / EARTH_DOLLAR_TO_MARS_MONEY;
    }

    @Override
    public double fromEarthDollars(double EarthDollars) {
        double marsMoney = EarthDollars * EARTH_DOLLAR_TO_MARS_MONEY;
        this.totalFunds += marsMoney;
        return marsMoney;
    }

    @Override
    protected double getTransactionFee(double amount) {
        return amount * 0.1;
    }
}
```

- **Constructor** sets the currencyName and initial totalFunds.

Sub classes - Mars

```
package currencyexchange.currency;

public class Mars extends Currency {

    public Mars(double initialFunds) {
        this.currencyName = "MarsMoney";
        this.totalFunds = initialFunds;
    }

    @Override
    public double toEarthDollars(double amount) {
        return amount / EARTH_DOLLAR_TO_MARS_MONEY;
    }

    @Override
    public double fromEarthDollars(double EarthDollars) {
        double marsMoney = EarthDollars * EARTH_DOLLAR_TO_MARS_MONEY;
        this.totalFunds += marsMoney;
        return marsMoney;
    }

    @Override
    protected double getTransactionFee(double amount) {
        return amount * 0.1;
    }
}
```

- **Override the abstract methods:** toEarthDollars / fromEarthDollars / getTrasactionFee

Main class

```
package currencyexchange;

import currencyexchange.currency.*;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Currency mars = new Mars(100.00);
        Currency neptune = new Neptune(100.00);
        Currency saturn = new Saturn(100.00);

        System.out.println("<!-- Exchanges --&gt;");

        mars.exchange(saturn, 25.00);
        neptune.exchange(saturn, 10.00);
        saturn.exchange(mars, 122.00);
        saturn.exchange(mars, 121.00);
    }
}</pre>
```

- **Test** and evaluate your implementation.

Abstract Parent Class

```
package currencyexchange.currency;

import currencyexchange.utility.Exchangeable;

public abstract class Currency implements Exchangeable{
    protected String currencyName;
    protected double totalFunds;

    public abstract double toEarthDollars(double amount);
    public abstract double fromEarthDollars(double EarthDollars);

    protected abstract double getTransactionFee(double amount);

    @Override
    public void exchange(Exchangeable other, double amount) {
```

- Define attributes: **currencyName** and **totalFunds**
- Define three abstract methods: **toEarthDollars**, **fromEarthDollars**, and **getTransactionFee**

Abstract Parent Class

```
package currencyexchange.currency;

import currencyexchange.utility.Exchangeable;

public abstract class Currency implements Exchangeable{
    protected String currencyName;
    protected double totalFunds;

    public abstract double toEarthDollars(double amount);
    public abstract double fromEarthDollars(double EarthDollars);

    protected abstract double getTransactionFee(double amount);

    @Override
    public void exchange(Exchangeable other, double amount) {
```

- Define attributes: **currencyName** and **totalFunds**
- Define three abstract methods: **toEarthDollars**, **fromEarthDollars**, and **getTransactionFee**
- **Implement exchange**

exchange

```
@Override
public void exchange(Exchangeable other, double amount) {
    double transactionFee = getTransactionFee(amount);
    double AmountInEarthDollars = toEarthDollars(amount);

    if (this.totalFunds >= (amount + transactionFee)) {
        this.totalFunds -= (amount + transactionFee);
        double otherCurrencyAmount = ((Currency) other).fromEarthDollars(AmountInEarthDollars);

        System.out.println("Converting from " + this.currencyName + " to " +
                           ((Currency) other).currencyName + " and initiating transfer...");
        System.out.println(String.format("%.2f %s = %.2f EarthDollars = %.2f %s",
                                         amount, this.currencyName, AmountInEarthDollars,
                                         otherCurrencyAmount, ((Currency) other).currencyName));
        System.out.println(String.format("%s exchange fee is %.2f %s",
                                         this.currencyName, transactionFee, this.currencyName));
        System.out.println(String.format("%s has a total of %.2f %s",
                                         this.currencyName, this.totalFunds, this.currencyName));
        System.out.println(String.format("%s has a total of %.2f %s",
                                         ((Currency) other).currencyName,
                                         ((Currency) other).totalFunds,
                                         ((Currency) other).currencyName));

    } else {
        System.err.println(String.format(
            "Uh oh - %s only has an available balance of %.2f, "
            + "which is less than %.2f!",
            this.currencyName, this.totalFunds, amount + transactionFee));
    }
}
```

- **Exception handling with the control structure, if/else:** check if the current total transaction amount does not exceed the total fund currently held.

exchange

```
@Override
public void exchange(Exchangeable other, double amount) {
    double transactionFee = getTransactionFee(amount);
    double AmountInEarthDollars = toEarthDollars(amount);

    if (this.totalFunds >= (amount + transactionFee)) {
        this.totalFunds -= (amount + transactionFee);
        double otherCurrencyAmount = ((Currency) other).fromEarthDollars(AmountInEarthDollars);

        System.out.println("Converting from " + this.currencyName + " to " +
                           ((Currency) other).currencyName + " and initiating transfer...");
        System.out.println(String.format("%.2f %s = %.2f EarthDollars = %.2f %s",
                                         amount, this.currencyName, AmountInEarthDollars,
                                         otherCurrencyAmount, ((Currency) other).currencyName));
        System.out.println(String.format("%s exchange fee is %.2f %s",
                                         this.currencyName, transactionFee, this.currencyName));
        System.out.println(String.format("%s has a total of %.2f %s",
                                         this.currencyName, this.totalFunds, this.currencyName));
        System.out.println(String.format("%s has a total of %.2f %s",
                                         ((Currency) other).currencyName,
                                         ((Currency) other).totalFunds,
                                         ((Currency) other).currencyName));

    } else {
        System.err.println(String.format(
            "Uh oh - %s only has an available balance of %.2f, "
            + "which is less than %.2f!",
            this.currencyName, this.totalFunds, amount + transactionFee));
    }
}
```

- **Perform exchange between the sender and receiver:** sender -= (amount + fee) / receiver += amount