

## Lab 2

1.

### Hardware Specifications:

#### Server:

Number of cores = 2

Total Memory = 3611412 kB

MemFree = 181992 kB

#### Client:

Number of cores = 2

Total Memory = 3950328 kB

MemFree= 139696 kB

Maximum read bandwidth of the disk on the server in MB/s = 57.52 MBps = 28 files per second

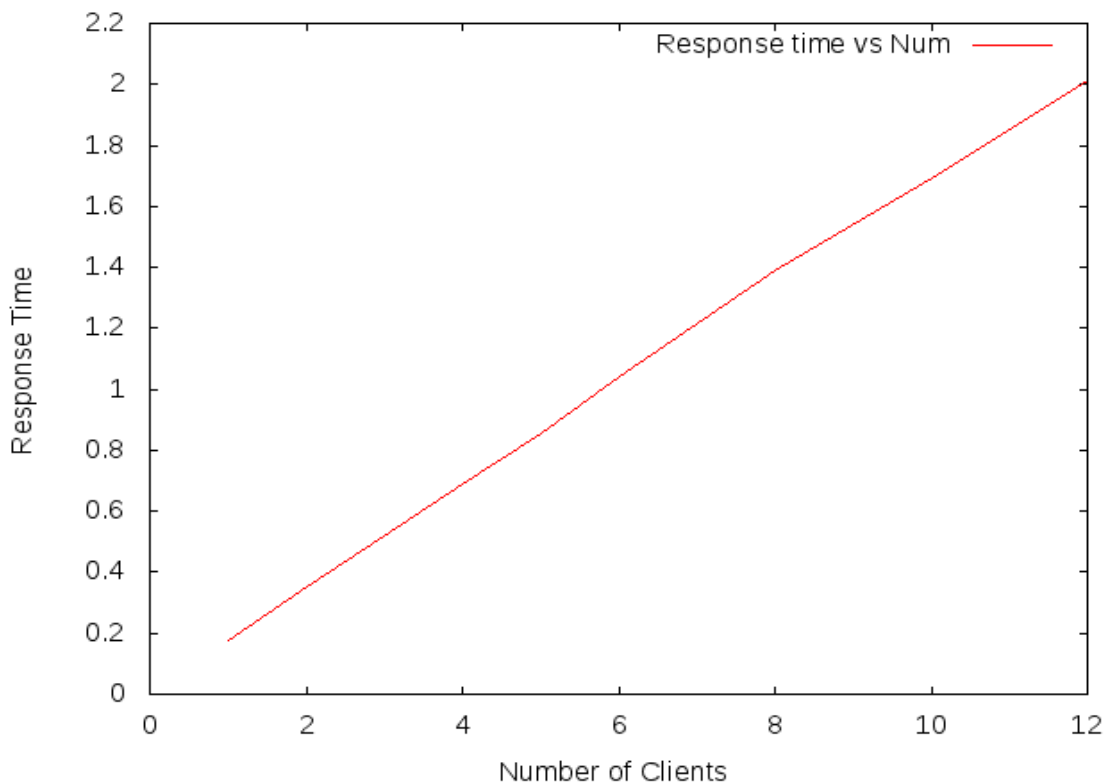
Maximum network bandwidth you can get between your client and server machines using iperf = 95 Mbps = 5.9 files per second

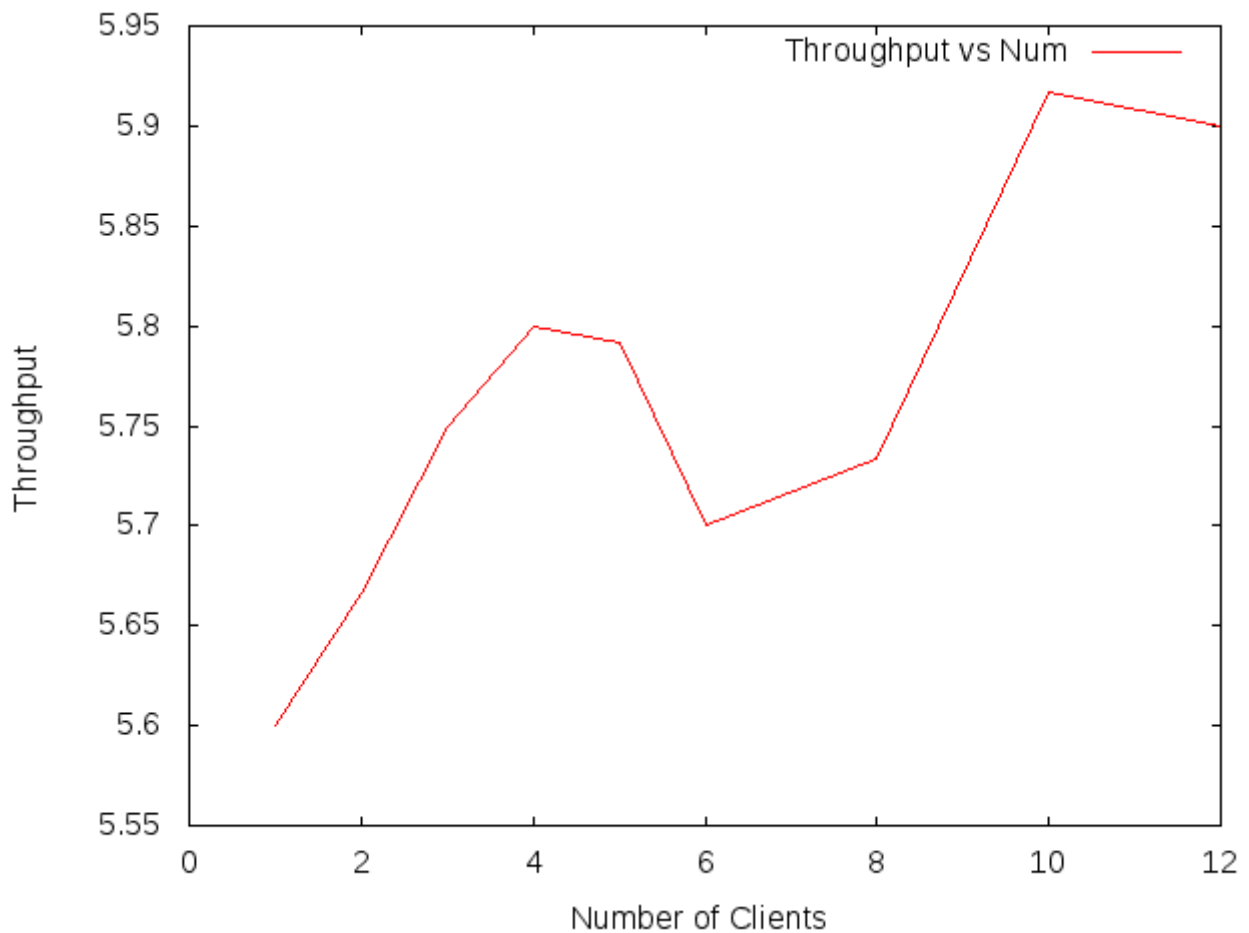
2.

(a) The optimal value of N : 1

(b) For N lower than optimal value, throughput increases and response time increases slightly.

For N higher than optimal value, throughput becomes constant and response time increases more steeply.





(c) The bottleneck resource is Network.

We ran iperf to find the network bandwidth,  $n = 95$  Mbps

We also ran top and iostat while doing the experiment, and both of them showed CPU and disk utilization well below saturation.

(d) At optimal value, our throughput was,  $t = 5.8$  files/second.

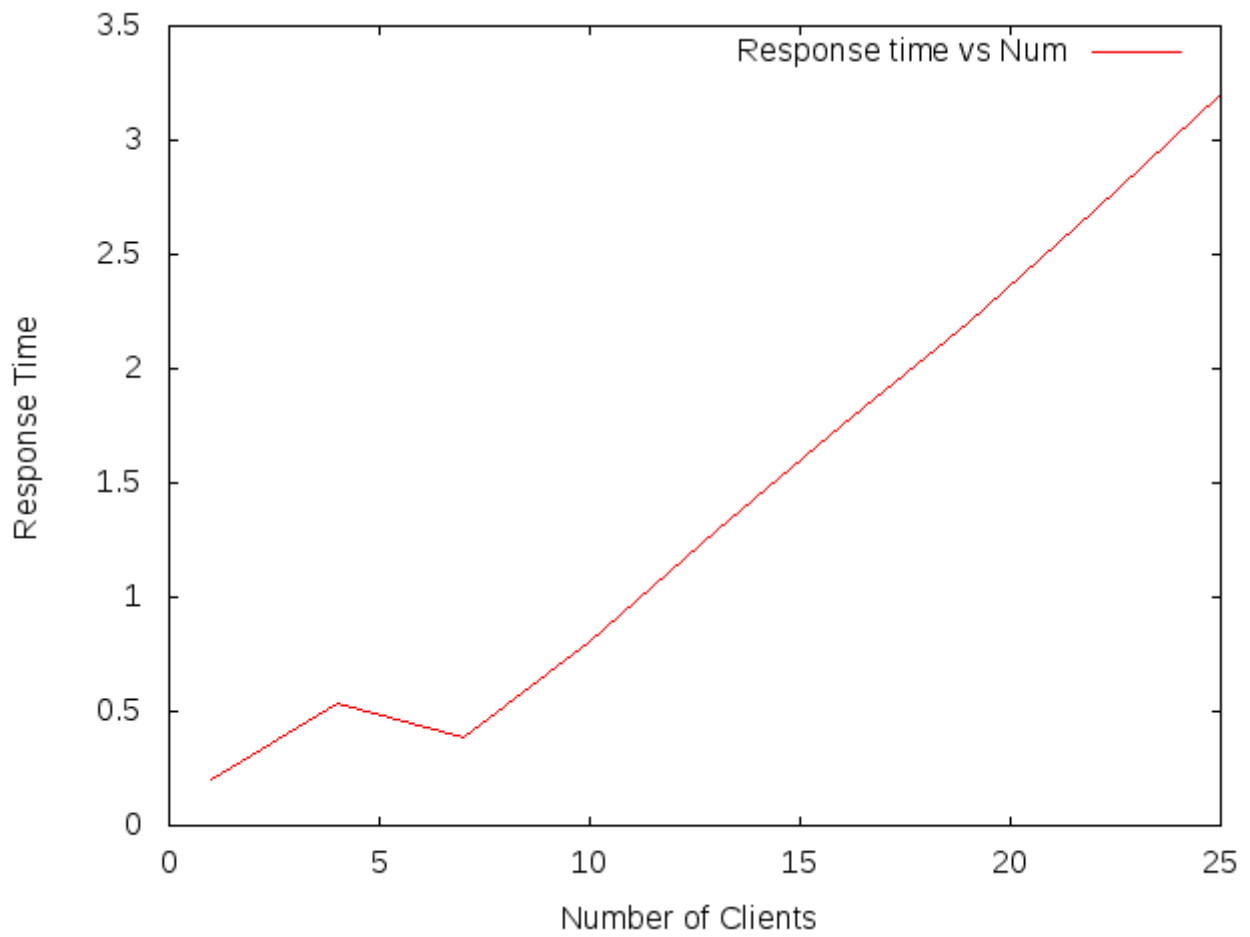
So, network utilization was  $2MB * 5.8 * 8 \text{ bits/second} = 92.8$  Mbps which is almost equal to the network bandwidth.

3.

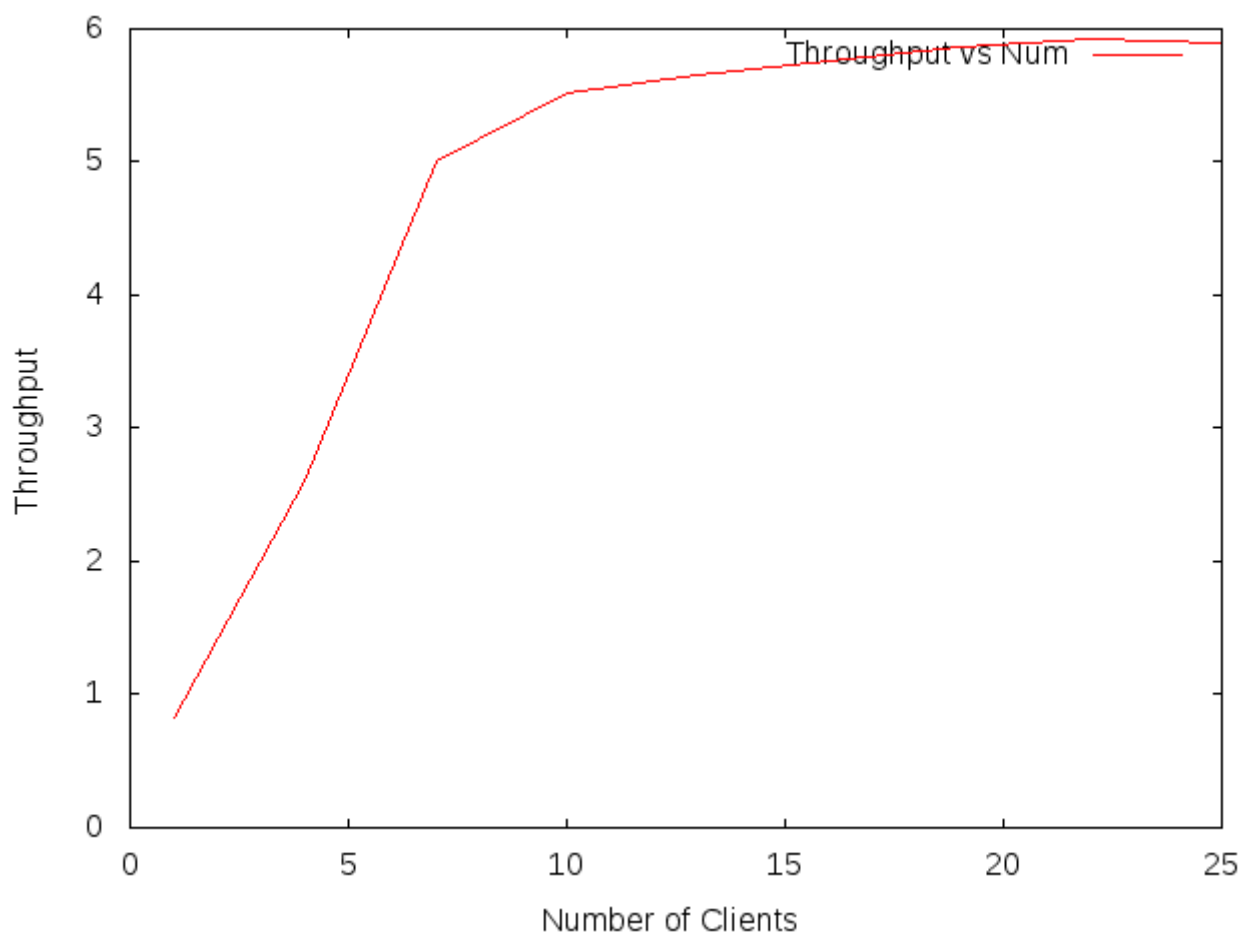
(a) The optimal value of  $N : 10$

(b) For  $N$  lower than optimal value, throughput increases almost linearly and response time increases slightly.

For  $N$  higher than optimal value, throughput becomes constant and response time increases more steeply.



(c) The bottleneck resource is Network.



We ran iperf to find the network bandwidth,  $n = 95$  Mbps

We also ran top and iostat while doing the experiment, and both of them showed CPU and disk utilization well below saturation.

(d) At optimal value, our throughput was,  $t = 5.5$  files/second.

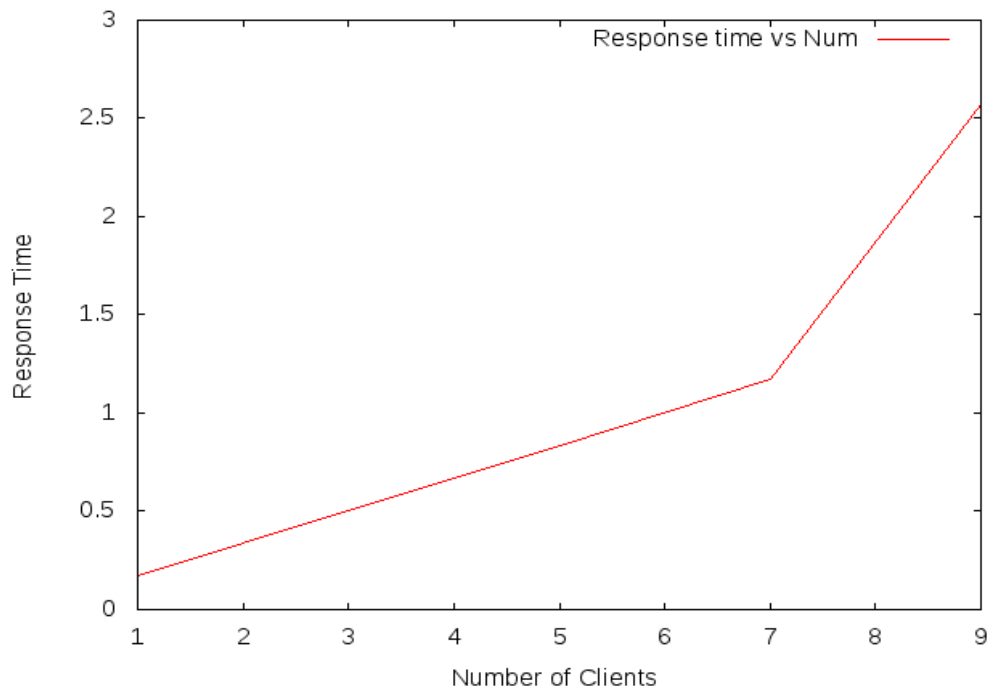
So, network utilization was  $2\text{MB} \times 5.5 \times 8 \text{ bits/second} = 88 \text{ Mbps}$  which is slightly less than network bandwidth. It increases very gradually after  $N = 10$  to almost 5.9 files/sec.

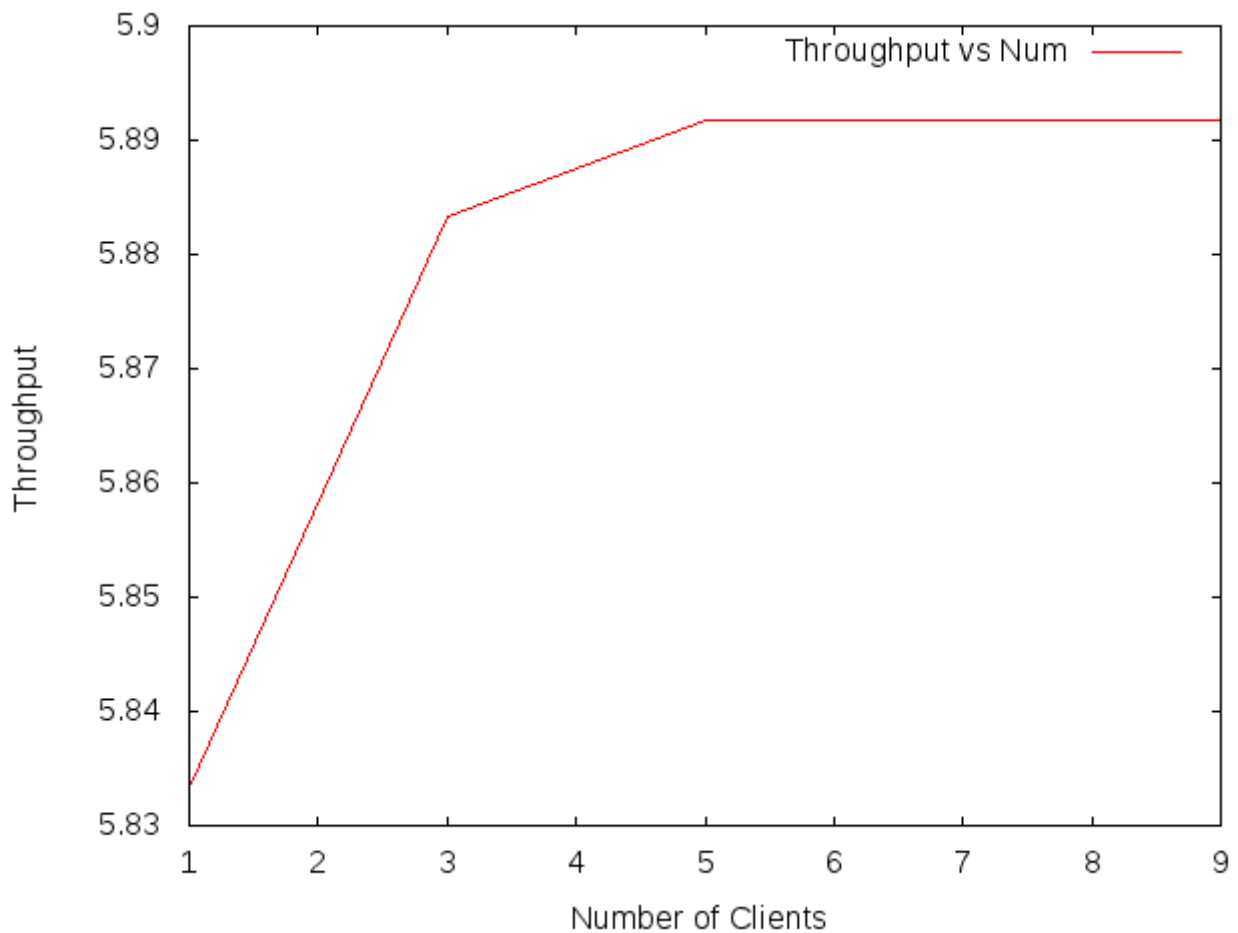
4.

(a) The optimal value of  $N$  : 5 (but there was no significant increase since 1)

(b) For  $N$  lower than optimal value, throughput increases and response time increases slightly.

For  $N$  higher than optimal value, throughput becomes constant and response time increases more steeply.





(c) The bottleneck resource is Network.

We ran iperf to find the network bandwidth,  $n = 95$  Mbps

We also ran top and iostat while doing the experiment, and both of them showed CPU and disk utilization well below saturation.

(d) At optimal value, our throughput was,  $t = 5.89$  files/second.

So, network utilization was  $2\text{MB} \times 5.89 \times 8 \text{ bits/second} = 94.24$  Mbps which is almost equal to the network bandwidth.