WIM LAB EXP - 2

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AIM:

To make an interactive website with minimum 2 webpages and make use of html, css along with tabular forms.

THEORY:

1. HTML (Hypertext Markup Language):

HTML is the standard language for creating webpages. It provides the structure and content of a webpage, including text, images, links, and forms.

- Basic Elements:
 - `<html>`: The root element that wraps the entire webpage content.
- `<head>`: Contains meta-information, such as the page title and links to CSS files.
- `<body>`: Contains the content of the webpage, such as text, images, and links.
- ``: Defines a table structure, which is useful for organizing data in a grid-like format with rows and columns.

2. CSS (Cascading Style Sheets):

CSS is used to control the appearance and layout of a webpage. It allows for the separation of content (HTML) and design, making the webpage more visually appealing.

- Basic Concepts:
- Selectors: Define which HTML elements the styles apply to (e.g., `body`, `.container`, `#header`).
- Properties and Values: Define the style (e.g., `color: blue;`, `font-size: 16px;`, `margin: 10px;`).

3. Webpages and Navigation:

- Multiple Webpages: A website typically consists of multiple interconnected webpages, allowing users to navigate between different sections, such as "Home," "About Us," and "Contact."
- Navigation Menus: Implementing navigation menus using lists and links ('`, `, `<a>`) helps users easily access different parts of the website.

4. Tabular Forms:

Tables (``, ``, ``, ``) are used to present data in a structured manner, making it easier for users to understand and compare information.

- Structure:
- Rows and Columns: Tables are organized into rows (``) and columns, with cells (``) containing the data.
- Headers: Table headers (`>`) are used to define the labels for columns, making the table more readable.
- Use Cases: Tabular forms are ideal for displaying schedules, contact information, pricing details, or any other data that benefits from a grid format.

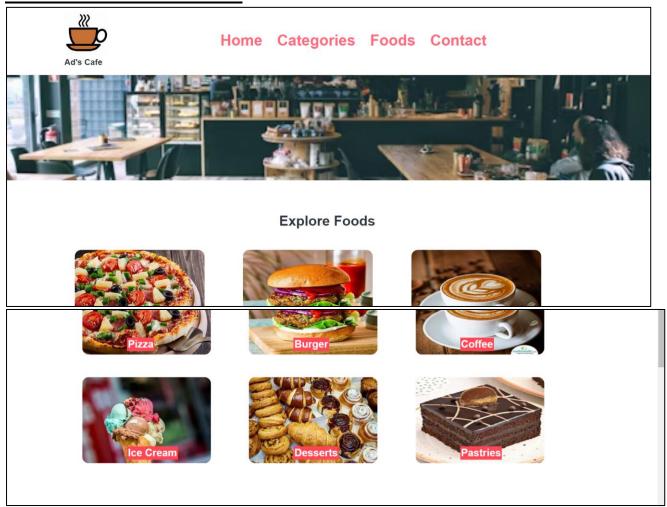
5. Interactive Features:

- Interactivity: Adding interactive elements such as buttons, forms, and hover effects enhances user engagement.
- Forms: HTML forms (`<form>`, `<input>`, `<textarea>`, `<button>`) allow users to submit data, such as contact details or search queries.

LINKs:

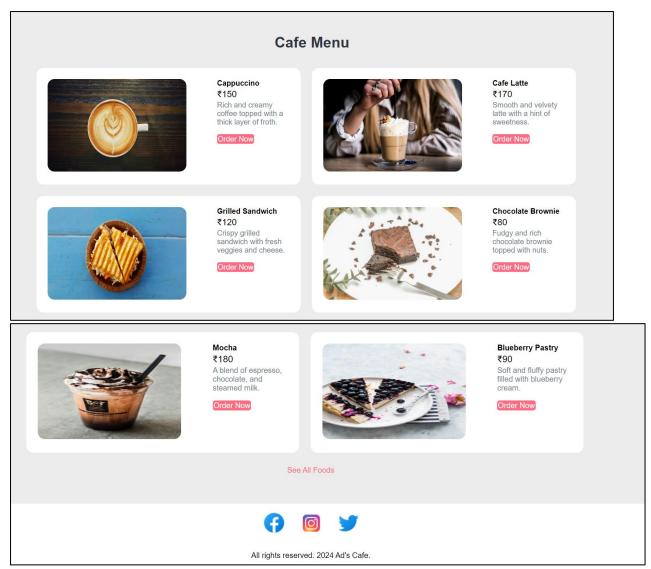


IMPLEMENTATION:

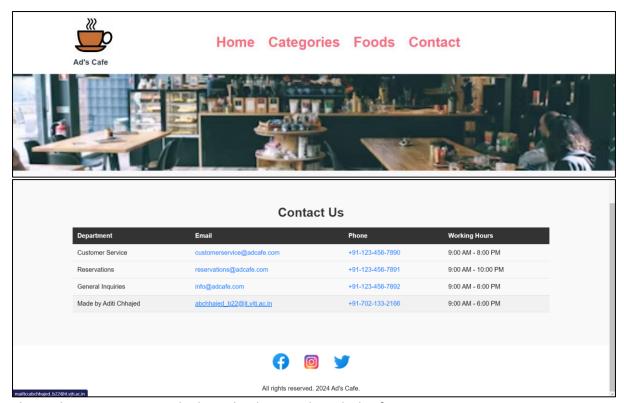


This is the landing page of the website.

It has various navbar links to Categories, Foods, Contact (each has a respective webpage for the same).



This the café menu for my page – Ad's Café. It has various items usually found in a café.



This is the contact page which explicitly uses the tabular format.

CONCLUDING REMARKS:

Creating an interactive website using HTML, CSS, and tabular forms is a fundamental exercise in web development. It not only enhances your understanding of how webpages are structured and styled but also emphasizes the importance of organizing information in a user-friendly manner. By leveraging these technologies, you can build a website that is both visually appealing and functionally robust, providing users with a seamless and engaging experience. This project serves as a stepping stone to more advanced web development techniques, preparing you for the creation of more complex and dynamic websites in the future.