2008 AP® CHEMISTRY FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

CHEMISTRY

Section II

(Total time—95 minutes)

Part A

Time—55 minutes

YOU MAY USE YOUR CALCULATOR FOR PART A.

CLEARLY SHOW THE METHOD USED AND THE STEPS INVOLVED IN ARRIVING AT YOUR ANSWERS. It is to your advantage to do this, since you may obtain partial credit if you do and you will receive little or no credit if you do not. Attention should be paid to significant figures.

Be sure to write all your answers to the questions on the lined pages following each question in the booklet with the pink cover. Do NOT write your answers on the green insert.

Answer Questions 1, 2, and 3. The Section II score weighting for each question is 20 percent.

$$C(s) + CO_2(g) \rightleftharpoons 2 CO(g)$$

1. Solid carbon and carbon dioxide gas at 1,160 K were placed in a rigid 2.00 L container, and the reaction represented above occurred. As the reaction proceeded, the total pressure in the container was monitored. When equilibrium was reached, there was still some C(s) remaining in the container. Results are recorded in the table below.

Time (hours)	Total Pressure of Gases in Container at 1,160 K (atm)
0.0	5.00
2.0	6.26
4.0	7.09
6.0	7.75
8.0	8.37
10.0	8.37

- (a) Write the expression for the equilibrium constant, K_n , for the reaction.
- (b) Calculate the number of moles of $CO_2(g)$ initially placed in the container. (Assume that the volume of the solid carbon is negligible.)