## 2006 AP® CHEMISTRY FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

- 6. Answer each of the following in terms of principles of molecular behavior and chemical concepts.
  - (a) The structures for glucose,  $C_6H_{12}O_6$ , and cyclohexane,  $C_6H_{12}$ , are shown below.

Identify the type(s) of intermolecular attractive forces in

- (i) pure glucose
- (ii) pure cyclohexane
- (b) Glucose is soluble in water but cyclohexane is not soluble in water. Explain.
- (c) Consider the two processes represented below.

Process 1:  $H_2O(l) \to H_2O(g)$   $\Delta H^{\circ} = +44.0 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ Process 2:  $H_2O(l) \to H_2(g) + \frac{1}{2} O_2(g)$   $\Delta H^{\circ} = +286 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ 

- (i) For each of the two processes, identify the type(s) of intermolecular or intramolecular attractive forces that must be overcome for the process to occur.
- (ii) Indicate whether you agree or disagree with the statement in the box below. Support your answer with a short explanation.

When water boils, H<sub>2</sub>O molecules break apart to form hydrogen molecules and oxygen molecules.