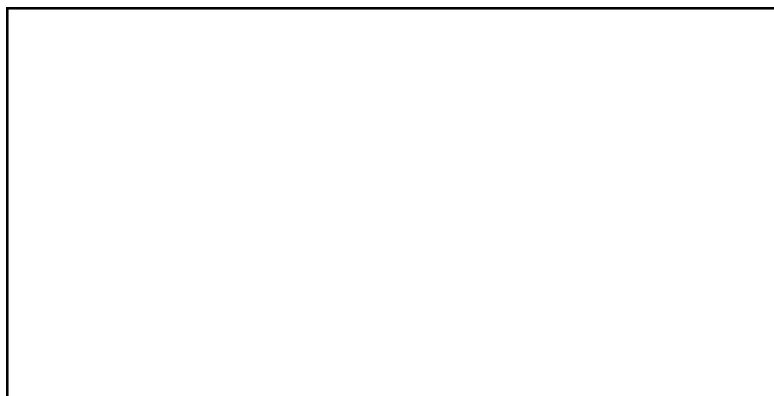


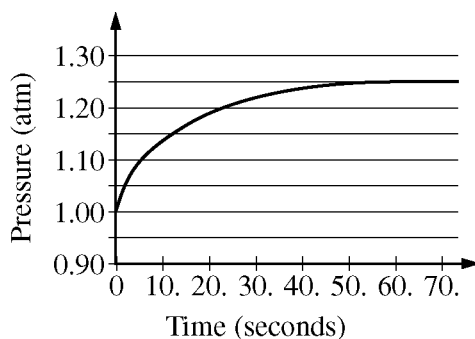
**2011 AP<sup>®</sup> CHEMISTRY FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS (Form B)**

- (ii) In the box below, draw the complete Lewis electron-dot diagrams of a methanoic acid molecule and a water molecule in an orientation that allows a hydrogen bond to form between them.



Hydrogen Bonding Between Methanoic Acid and Water

- (c) A small amount of liquid ethyl methanoate (boiling point  $54^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) was placed in a rigid closed 2.0 L container containing argon gas at an initial pressure of 1.00 atm and a temperature of  $20^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The pressure in the container was monitored for 70. seconds after the ethyl methanoate was added, and the data in the graph below were obtained. It was observed that some liquid ethyl methanoate remained in the flask after 70. seconds. (Assume that the volume of the remaining liquid is negligible compared to the total volume of the container.)



- (i) Explain why the pressure in the flask increased during the first 60. seconds.
- (ii) Explain, in terms of processes occurring at the molecular level, why the pressure in the flask remained constant after 60. seconds.
- (iii) What is the value of the partial pressure of ethyl methanoate vapor in the container at 60. seconds?
- (iv) After 80. seconds, additional liquid ethyl methanoate is added to the container at  $20^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Does the partial pressure of the ethyl methanoate vapor in the container increase, decrease, or stay the same? Explain. (Assume that the volume of the additional liquid ethyl methanoate in the container is negligible compared to the total volume of the container.)

**STOP**

**END OF EXAM**