2007 AP® CHEMISTRY FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

$$N_2(g) + 3 F_2(g) \rightarrow 2 NF_3(g)$$
 $\Delta H_{298}^{\circ} = -264 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}; \Delta S_{298}^{\circ} = -278 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$

- 2. The following questions relate to the synthesis reaction represented by the chemical equation in the box above.
 - (a) Calculate the value of the standard free energy change, $\Delta G_{298}^{\,\circ}$, for the reaction.
 - (b) Determine the temperature at which the equilibrium constant, K_{eq} , for the reaction is equal to 1.00. (Assume that ΔH° and ΔS° are independent of temperature.)
 - (c) Calculate the standard enthalpy change, ΔH° , that occurs when a 0.256 mol sample of NF₃(g) is formed from N₂(g) and F₂(g) at 1.00 atm and 298 K.

The enthalpy change in a chemical reaction is the difference between energy absorbed in breaking bonds in the reactants and energy released by bond formation in the products.

- (d) How many bonds are formed when two molecules of NF₃ are produced according to the equation in the box above?
- (e) Use both the information in the box above and the table of average bond enthalpies below to calculate the average enthalpy of the F F bond.

| Bond | Average Bond Enthalpy (kJ mol ⁻¹) |
|------|---|
| N≡N | 946 |
| N-F | 272 |
| F-F | ? |