## GASES, LIQUIDS, AND SOLUTIONS

$$PV = nRT$$

$$\left(P + \frac{n^2a}{V^2}\right)(V - nb) = nRT$$

$$P_A = P_{total} \times X_A, \text{ where } X_A = \frac{\text{moles A}}{\text{total moles}}$$

$$P_{total} = P_A + P_B + P_C + \dots$$

$$n = \frac{m}{M}$$

$$K = {}^{\circ}C + 273$$

$$\frac{P_1V_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2V_2}{T_2}$$

$$D = \frac{m}{V}$$

$$u_{rms} = \sqrt{\frac{3kT}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{3RT}{M}}$$

$$KE \text{ per molecule } = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$KE \text{ per mole} = \frac{3}{2}RT$$

$$\frac{r_1}{r_2} = \sqrt{\frac{M_2}{M_1}}$$

$$molarity, M = \text{moles solute per liter solution}$$

$$molarity = \text{moles solute per kilogram solvent}$$

$$\Delta T_f = iK_f \times \text{molality}$$

$$\Delta T_b = iK_b \times \text{molality}$$

$$\pi = \frac{nRT}{V}i$$

## OXIDATION-REDUCTION; ELECTROCHEMISTRY

$$Q = \frac{\left[C\right]^{c} \left[D\right]^{d}}{\left[A\right]^{a} \left[B\right]^{b}}, \text{ where } a A + b B \rightarrow c C + d D$$

$$I = \frac{q}{t}$$

$$E_{\text{cell}} = E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ} - \frac{RT}{n\mathcal{F}} \ln Q = E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ} - \frac{0.0592}{n} \log Q @ 25^{\circ}C$$

$$\log K = \frac{nE^{\circ}}{0.0592}$$

P = pressure

V = volume

T = temperature

n =number of moles

D = density

m = mass

v = velocity

 $u_{rms}$  = root-mean-square speed

KE = kinetic energy

r =rate of effusion

M = molar mass

 $\pi$  = osmotic pressure

i = van't Hoff factor

 $K_f$  = molal freezing-point depression constant

 $K_b$  = molal boiling-point elevation constant

Q = reaction quotient

I = current (amperes)

q = charge (coulombs)

t = time (seconds)

 $E^{\circ}$  = standard reduction potential

K = equilibrium constant

Gas constant, 
$$R = 8.31 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$$
  
=  $0.0821 \text{ L atm mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$   
=  $8.31 \text{ volt coulomb mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ 

Boltzmann's constant,  $k = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J K}^{-1}$ 

$$K_f$$
 for H<sub>2</sub>O = 1.86 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>

$$K_b \text{ for H}_2\text{O} = 0.512 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$$

1 atm = 760 mm Hg

= 760 torr

 $STP = 0.000^{\circ} C \text{ and } 1.000 \text{ atm}$ 

Faraday's constant,  $\mathcal{F} = 96,500$  coulombs per mole of electrons