## Lesson 07 Demo 03

# **Implementing Dynamic Inventories**

**Objective:** To demonstrate how to work with dynamic inventories in Ansible, enabling the automatic fetching and usage of inventory data from external sources

Tools required: Python, Ansible, Ansible Vault, and VS Code

Prerequisites: None

Steps to be followed:

- 1. Install the required tools
- 2. Create and configure a dynamic inventory script
- 3. Create and execute a playbook using the dynamic inventory script

## Step 1: Install the required tools

1.1 Install the necessary Python packages by running the following commands to interact with AWS services programmatically and manage AWS resources from the command line:

pip install boto3 pip install awscli

## Step 2: Create and configure a dynamic inventory script

2.1 Execute the following command to create the dynamic inventory script file: sudo vi /etc/ansible/dynamic\_inventory.py

```
o darshanmangalda@ip-172-31-29-40:~/Desktop/Ansible$ sudo vi /etc/ansible/dynamic_inventory.py
o darshanmangalda@ip-172-31-29-40:~/Desktop/Ansible$
```

**2.2** Add the following Python script in the **dynamic\_inventory.py**:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
```

```
import boto3
import json

def get_ec2_instances():
    ec2 = boto3.resource('ec2')
    instances = ec2.instances.filter(Filters=[{'Name': 'instance-state-name', 'Values':
    ['running']}])
    inventory = {'all': {'hosts': []}}

for instance in instances:
    for tag in instance.tags:
        if tag['Key'] == 'Name':
            inventory['all']['hosts'].append(instance.public_dns_name)

return inventory

if __name__ == "__main__":
```

inventory = get\_ec2\_instances()
print(json.dumps(inventory))

This script retrieves the public DNS names of all running EC2 instances from AWS and formats them into an Ansible-compatible inventory structure.

2.3 Run the following command to make the script executable:

sudo chmod +x /etc/ansible/dynamic\_inventory.py

```
● darshanmangalda@ip-172-31-29-40:~/Desktop/Ansible$ sudo chmod +x /etc/ansible/dynamic_inventory.py
○ darshanmangalda@ip-172-31-29-40:~/Desktop/Ansible$ ■

□
```

**2.4** Execute the following command to edit your Ansible configuration file to specify the inventory script:

sudo vi /etc/ansible/ansible.cfg

```
• darshanmangalda@ip-172-31-29-40:~/Desktop/Ansible$ sudo vi /etc/ansible/ansible.cfg
• darshanmangalda@ip-172-31-29-40:~/Desktop/Ansible$

• darshanmangalda@ip-172-31-29-40:~/Desktop/Ansible$
```

2.5 Add the following content in ansible.cfg:

[defaults]

inventory = /etc/ansible/dynamic\_inventory.py



## Step 3: Create and execute a playbook using the dynamic inventory script

3.1 Run the following command to display the inventory generated by a dynamic inventory script:

ansible-inventory -i /etc/ansible/dynamic\_inventory.py --list

3.2 Execute the following command to create the playbook file: sudo vi /etc/ansible/playbook.yml

```
• darshanmangalda@ip-172-31-29-40:~/Desktop/Ansible$ sudo vi /etc/ansible/playbook.yml
```

- 3.3 Add the following script in the **playbook.yml** file:
  - hosts: all
    - name: Gather information about the remote hosts ansible.builtin.setup:

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

□ sudo □ ✓ □ □ ··· ^ ×

- hosts: all
tasks:
- name: Gather information about the remote hosts
ansible.builtin.setup:
```

3.4 Run the following command to execute the Ansible playbook using the dynamic inventory script:

ansible-playbook -i /etc/ansible/dynamic\_inventory.py /etc/ansible/playbook.yml

By following the above steps, you have successfully created a dynamic inventory script, configured Ansible to use it, and run a playbook leveraging this dynamic inventory.