```
1 % NAME: ADITYA BARMAN
 2 % ROLL: 002320601024
 3 % PROBLEM 8. Correlation with Frequency
 4
 5
 6 clc, clearvars, close all
 7
 8 n = 100;
 9 f_vals = [0 0 0 2 4 4
10 0 0 1 4 6 5
11 0 0 5 10 8 1
12 1 4 9 5 2 0
13 3 6 6 2 0 0
14 3 5 4 0 0 0];
15
16 % initializing upper and lower bounds for x & y
17 \text{ up\_bd\_x} = [49 59 69 79 89 99];
18 \text{ up\_bd\_y} = [99 89 79 69 59 49];
19 lw_bd_x = [40 50 60 70 80 90];
20 lw_bd_y = [90 80 70 60 50 40];
21
22 % initialiazing midpts and assumed means (same for x & y)
23 midpts_x = (up_bd_x + lw_bd_x) / 2;
24 midpts_y = (up_bd_y + lw_bd_y) / 2;
25 \text{ mean\_asmd\_xy} = 74.5;
26 % obtaining factor from subtraction from assumed mean
27 diff_factor = 10;
28
29 % calculating u & v vals
30 u_vals = zeros(1, 6);
31
32 \text{ for } i = 1:6
        u_vals(i) = ((midpts_x(i) - mean_asmd_xy) / diff_factor);
34 end
35
36 v_vals = u_vals(end:-1:1);
37
38 % initializing a 6x6 zero matrix to store fuv values
39 fuv = zeros(6, 6);
40 % following loop traverses through each cell and stores the required⊾
value
```

```
41 \text{ for } j = 1:6
42
        for k = 1:6
             fuv(j, k) = f_vals(j, k) * v_vals(j) * u_vals(k);
43
44
        end
45 end
46
47
48 % initializing required matrices
49 % for v
50 f_v = [10 16 24 21 17 12]; % given
51 \text{ fv} = zeros(1, 6);
52 \text{ fv\_sq} = zeros(1, 6);
53 f_uv = 0;
54
55 %for u
56 f_u = [7 15 25 23 20 10]; % given
57 \text{ fu} = zeros(1, 6);
58 fu_sq = zeros(1, 6);
59
60 % calculating fu, fv, fu^2, fv^2
61 \; \mathbf{for} \; \mathbf{a} = 1:6
62
        fv(a) = f_v(a) .* v_vals(a);
        fv_sq(a) = f_v(a) .* (v_vals(a)^2);
63
        fu(a) = f_u(a) .* u_vals(a);
64
65
        fu_sq(a) = f_u(a) .* (u_vals(a)^2);
66 end
67
68 % calculating f_uv
69 \text{ for } m = 1:36
70
        f_{UV} = f_{UV} + f_{UV}(m);
71 end
72 % calculating respective sums
73 fv_sum = 0;
74 \text{ fv\_sq\_sum} = 0;
75 \text{ fu_sum} = 0;
76 \text{ fu\_sq\_sum} = 0;
77
78 \text{ for } d = 1:6
        fv_sum = fv_sum + fv(d);
79
80
        fv_sq_sum =fv_sq_sum + fv_sq(d);
81
        fu_sum = fu_sum + fu(d);
```

```
82
       fu_sq_sum =fu_sq_sum + fu_sq(d);
83 end
84
85 % calculating square of summation of fu & fv respectively
86 fu_sum_sq = fu_sum ^ 2;
87 fv_sum_sq = fv_sum ^ 2;
88
89 % calculating correlation coefficient between x & y
90 corr_coeff_num = (n*f_uv) - (fu_sum*fv_sum);
91 corr_coeff_denom = (sqrt((n*fu_sq_sum)-fu_sum_sq))*(sqrt\(
((n*fv_sq_sum)-fv_sum_sq));
92 corr_coeff = corr_coeff_num / corr_coeff_denom;
93
94 fprintf('Correlation coefficient between the marks in Mathematics and∠
the marks in Physics is: %.4f\n', corr_coeff);
95
96 % ====== OUTPUT<sub>\(\sigma\)</sub>
______
97
98 % Correlation coefficient between the marks in Mathematics and thev
marks in Physics is: 0.7686
99
100 %∠
______
```