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R. V. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, BENGALURU-560059 Autonomous Institution affiliated to Visvesvaraya Technological University Model Question Paper

Certified that this Question Paper has been set as per guidelines		Question Paper			
and covers the entire syllabus. The	re are no out of syllabus	Accepted		Rejected	
questions and are no missing data.		_		_	
Signature of the Paper setter		Signature of the			
		Scrutinizer			

B E April/May-2024 Examinations

Sem: 3

Course Code with Title: MATERIALS SCIENCE FOR ENGINEERS- ME232AT

Duration of paper: 03 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 100

Instructions to Candidates:

- 1. Answer all questions from Part A. Part A questions should be answered in first three pages of the answer book only.
- 2. Answer FIVE full questions from Part B. In Part B question number 2 is compulsory. Answer any one full question from 3 and 4, 5 and 6, 7 and 8, and 9 and 10.

PART A

Question		Marks
No.	What is the maximum annihan of electrons that one convert the second	
1 1.1	What is the maximum number of electrons that can occupy the second	01
	energy level?	
1.2	The size and energy level of an orbital are referred by	01
1.3	What is the basic repeating unit in a crystal lattice?	01
1.4	In which type of bond do atoms share electrons?	01
1.5	Thermal stresses in a constrained body will be ofnature if it	01
	is heated.	
1.6	Ability of the material to have a spontaneous electric polarization is known	01
	as	
1.7	Highest value of stress on the stress strain diagram is known as	01
1.8	Extensive plastic deformation before fracture is seen inmaterials	01
1.9	Mention any two applications of laser diodes.	02
1.10	is one of the most commonly used semiconductors.	01
1.11	Give an example for structural materials.	01
1.12	Mention any two reasons why baking of electronic devices is necessary.	02
1.13	Name the cooling media used in normalizing.	01

1.14	Which heat treatment process is used to reduce the brittleness in hardened	01
	steel.	
1.15	List any two-surface heat treatment processes.	01
1.16	Name the microscopy technique to detect nanoscale structures by	
	transmitting electrons through ultra-thin specimen.	01
1.17	Mention a significant characteristic of a nanoporous material.	01
1.18	Mention key difference between multi-walled carbon nanotubes (MWNT)	01
	and single-walled carbon nanotubes (SWNT).	

PART B

2a	Describe all the primary and secondary bonds with examples.	
2b	Define the following with respect to solid materials: i) space lattice, ii) unit cell iii) Atomic Packing Factor.	10 06
3a	Illustrate the temperature dependence of the dielectric constant for engineering materials.	06
3b	Explain the following thermoelectric effects: i) Seebeck effect ii) Thomson effect.	10
	OR	
4a	Define hardness and enumerate Brinell and Rockwell harness testing methods to test the hardness of a material.	08
4b	With the help of a stress strain diagram explain Plastic properties of a ductile material.	08
5a	Describe the following materials and list their applications. i) Light emitters ii) Light receptors	08
5b	Explain the properties and applications of the following materials with examples. i) Polymers ii) Aggregate composites	08
	OR	
6a	Discuss the processing methods for structural materials.	08
6b	Write the classification of cast iron and steel giving examples. State their applications.	08

7a	With a neat sketch explain Rapid thermal processing of electronic devices	08
7b	Explain the following post processing heat treatment processes for electronic devices highlighting their importance: i) Solder reflows ii) Baking	08
	OR	
8a	Identify the heat treatment process used to relieve internal stresses and explain it in detail.	08
8b	With the help of a neat, labelled diagram explain Carburizing and flame hardening heat treatment processes	08
9a	With a neat sketch explain Sol-gel process used for synthesis of nanomaterials.	08
9b	Distinguish top-down and bottom -up approaches in nanomaterial synthesis. Give examples of each method.	08
	OR	
10a	With a neat sketch explain the X-Ray Diffraction method used to characterize nanomaterials	08
10b	Write a note on the following: Nano porous materials, zeolites,	08
