# Tutorial 10 - For, While, and Do-While Loops in C++

#### Loops in C++

Loops allow repeated execution of code until a specific condition is met.

Types of loops in C++:

- 1. For Loop
- 2. While Loop
- 3. Do-While Loop

# 1. For Loop

- Executes code repeatedly for a defined number of iterations.
- Syntax:

```
for (initialization; condition; updation) {
   // loop body
}
```

#### • Execution Steps:

- a. Initialize variable(s).
- b. Check the condition (if true, execute loop body).
- c. Execute the loop body.
- d. Update variable(s).
- e. Repeat until the condition becomes false.
- Example:

```
1 for (int i = 1; i <= 4; i++) {
2    cout << i << endl; // Prints: 1, 2, 3, 4
3 }
4</pre>
```

• Infinite Loop:

```
1 for (int i = 1; true; i++) {
2    cout << i << endl;
3 }
4</pre>
```

## 2. While Loop

- Executes code repeatedly as long as a condition is true.
- Syntax:

```
while (condition) {
   // loop body
}
```

#### • Execution Steps:

- a. Check the condition.
- b. If true, execute loop body.
- c. Update variable(s) inside the loop.
- d. Repeat until the condition becomes false.

## • Example:

```
1 int i = 1;
2 while (i <= 4) {
3    cout << i << endl; // Prints: 1, 2, 3, 4
4    i++;
5 }</pre>
```

• Infinite Loop:

```
while (true) {
cout << "Infinite loop" << endl;
}
</pre>
```

## 3. Do-While Loop

- Executes code **at least once** before checking the condition.
- Syntax:

```
1 do {
2   // loop body
3 } while (condition);
4
```

### • Execution Steps:

- a. Execute the loop body.
- b. Check the condition.
- c. If true, repeat the loop.
- Example:

```
int i = 1;
do {
   cout << i << endl; // Prints: 1, 2, 3, 4
   i++;
} while (i <= 4);</pre>
```

• Key Difference: The do-while loop executes the code once, even if the condition is false.

## **Code Example**

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main() {
    // 1. For Loop
```

```
for (int i = 1; i <= 4; i++) {
7
        cout << i << " "; // Output: 1 2 3 4
8
9
     cout << endl;
10
11
     // 2. While Loop
12
      int i = 1;
13
     while (i <= 4) {
        cout << i << " "; // Output: 1 2 3 4
14
15
          i++;
16
17
     cout << endl;
18
     // 3. Do-While Loop
19
20
     i = 1;
21
     do {
         cout << i << " "; // Output: 1 2 3 4
22
23
         i++;
24
     } while (i <= 4);
25
26
     return 0;
27 }
28
```

## **Short Notes**

#### 1. For Loop

- Executes for a specific number of times.
- Syntax:

```
for (initialization; condition; updation) {
   // loop body
}
```

• Example:

```
1 for (int i = 1; i <= 4; i++) {
2    cout << i;
3 }
4</pre>
```

#### 2. While Loop

- Executes as long as the condition is true.
- Syntax:

```
while (condition) {
// loop body
}
```

• Example:

```
1 int i = 1;
2 while (i <= 4) {</pre>
```

```
3    cout << i;
4    i++;
5 }
6</pre>
```

# 3. Do-While Loop

- Executes at least once before checking the condition.
- Syntax:

```
1 do {
2   // loop body
3 } while (condition);
4
```

• Example:

```
1 int i = 1;
2 do {
3    cout << i;
4    i++;
5 } while (i <= 4);</pre>
```