experiments

January 24, 2024

```
[11]: import pandas as pd
      import numpy as np
      import time
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from tree.base import DecisionTree
      from metrics import *
      from latex import latexify, format_axes
      %matplotlib inline
      # Retina
      %config InlineBackend.figure_format = 'retina'
      latexify()
      np.random.seed(42)
      num_average time = 100 # Number of times to run each experiment to calculate_
       →the average values
      # Function to create fake data (take inspiration from usage.py)
      def give_data(category, N, P):
          # category:
         # 1 -> RIRO
          # 2 -> RIDO
          # 3 -> DIDO
          # 4 -> DIRO
          if (category == 1):
              X = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(N, P), dtype = "float")
              y = pd.Series(np.random.randn(N), dtype = "float")
          elif (category == 2):
              X = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(N, P), dtype = "float")
              y = pd.Series(np.random.randint(P, size = N), dtype = "category")
          elif (category == 3):
              X = pd.DataFrame({i: pd.Series(np.random.randint(P, size = N), dtype = U)

¬"category") for i in range(5)})
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y = pd.Series(np.random.randint(P, size = N), dtype = "category")
    elif (category == 4):
        X = pd.DataFrame({i: pd.Series(np.random.randint(P, size = N), dtype = 1

¬"category") for i in range(5)})
        y = pd.Series(np.random.randn(N), dtype = "float")
   return X, y
# ...
# Function to calculate average time (and std) taken by fit() and predict() for
 \hookrightarrow different N and P for 4 different cases of DTs
def time_data(manyX, manyY, category):
    TimeFit, TimePredict, Shapes = [], [], []
    for X, y in zip(manyX, manyY):
        ### HERE ADD OUR TREE
        model = DecisionTree()
       t1 = time.time()
        model.fit(X, y)
        t2 = time.time()
        T1 = t2 - t1
        t3 = time.time()
        y_hat = model.predict(X)
        t4 = time.time()
        T2 = t4 - t3
        M, N = X.shape[0], X.shape[1]
        TimeFit.append(T1)
        TimePredict.append(T2)
        Shapes.append(f"(M: {M}, N: {N})")
    return np.array(TimeFit), np.array(TimePredict), np.array(Shapes), np.
 mean(TimeFit), np.std(TimeFit), np.mean(TimePredict), np.std(TimePredict)
# Function to plot the results
def plot_result(TimeFit, TimePredict):
    plt.figure(figsize = (10, 6))
    plt.plot(range(len(TimeFit)), TimeFit, color = "r", marker = "o")
    plt.xlabel("Model Number")
    plt.ylabel("Fitting Time (s)")
    plt.title("Fitting Times for different models")
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plt.legend([f"Average : {np.mean(TimeFit)}\nStd: {np.std(TimeFit)}"],__

sfontsize = 12)
    plt.grid()
    plt.show()
    plt.figure(figsize = (10, 6))
    plt.plot(range(len(TimePredict)), TimePredict, color = "g", marker = "s")
    plt.xlabel("Model Number")
    plt.ylabel("Predicting Time (s)")
    plt.title("Predicting Times for different models")
    plt.legend([f"Average : {np.mean(TimePredict)}\nStd: {np.
 →std(TimePredict)}"], fontsize = 12)
    plt.grid()
    plt.show()
# ...
# Other functions
# ...
# Run the functions, Learn the DTs and Show the results/plots
# category:
# 1 -> RIRO
# 2 -> RIDO
# 3 -> DIDO
# 4 -> DIRO
XsRIRO, ysRIRO = [], []
XsRIDO, ysRIDO = [], []
XsDIDO, ysDIDO = [], []
XsDIRO, ysDIRO = [], []
for i in range(num_average_time):
    N, P = np.random.randint(low = 20, high = 50), np.random.randint(low = 3,
 \hookrightarrowhigh = 15)
    X1, y1 = give_data(1, N, P)
    X2, y2 = give_data(2, N, P)
    X3, y3 = give_data(3, N, P)
    X4, y4 = give_data(4, N, P)
    XsRIRO.append(X1)
    ysRIRO.append(y1)
    XsRIDO.append(X2)
    ysRIDO.append(y2)
    XsDIDO.append(X3)
```

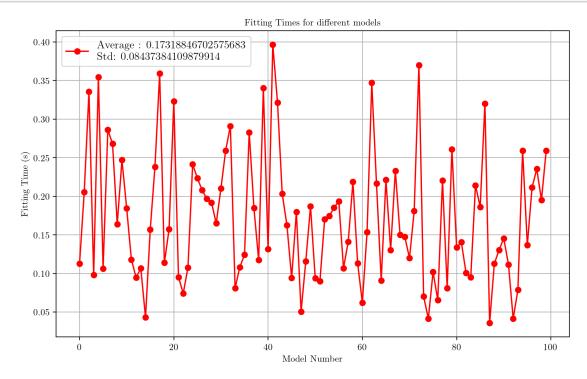
```
ysDIDO.append(y3)

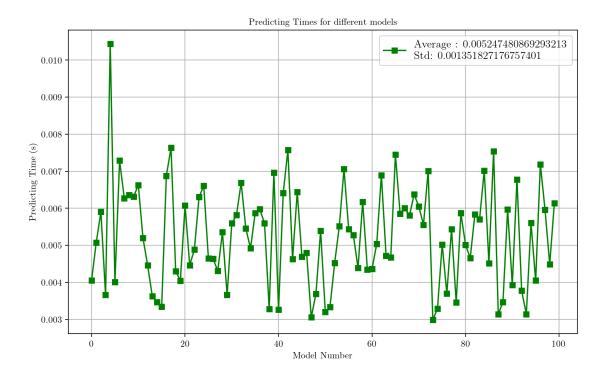
XsDIRO.append(X4)

ysDIRO.append(y4)
```

0.1 RIRO

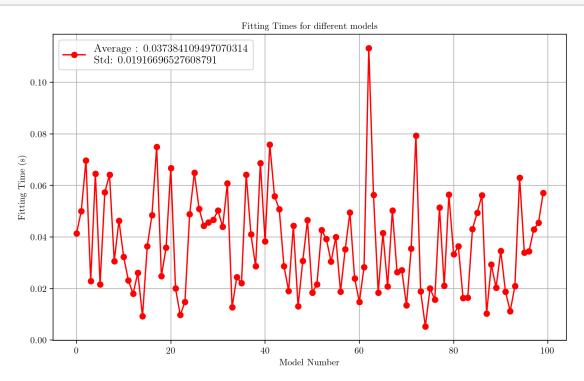
```
[12]: res1 = time_data(XsRIRO, ysRIRO, 1)
plot_result(res1[0], res1[1])
```

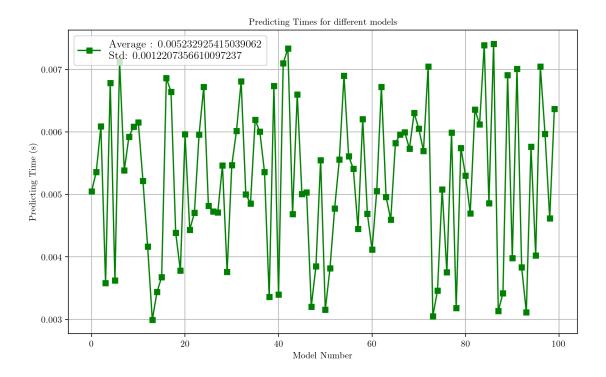




0.2 RIDO

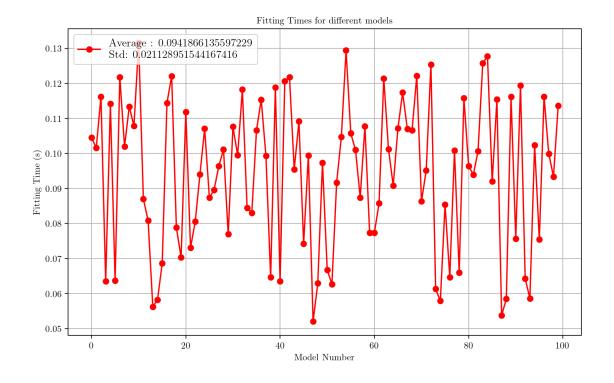
[13]: res2 = time_data(XsRIDO, ysRIDO, 2)
plot_result(res2[0], res2[1])

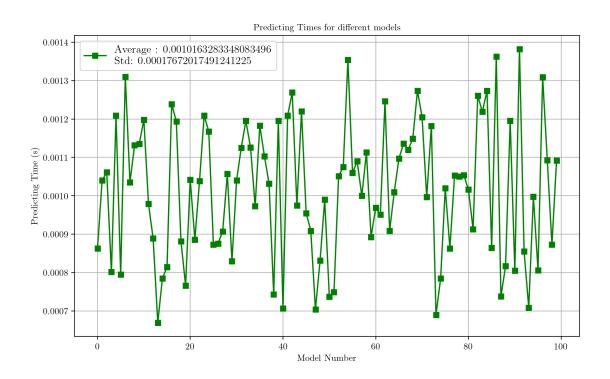




0.3 DIDO

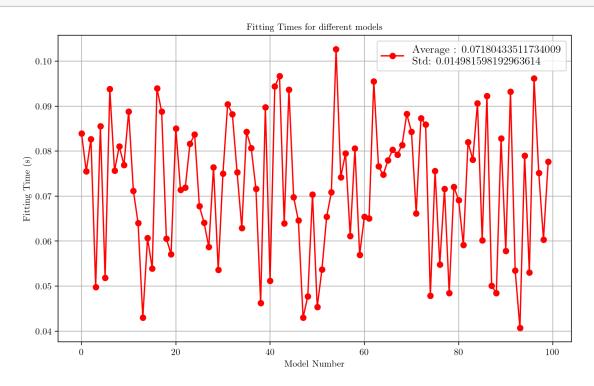
```
[14]: res3 = time_data(XsDIDO, ysDIDO, 3)
plot_result(res3[0], res3[1])
```

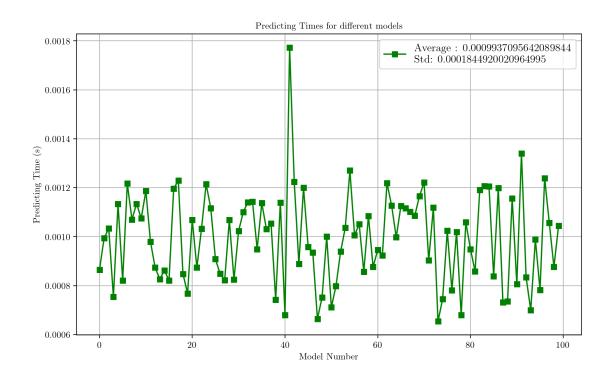




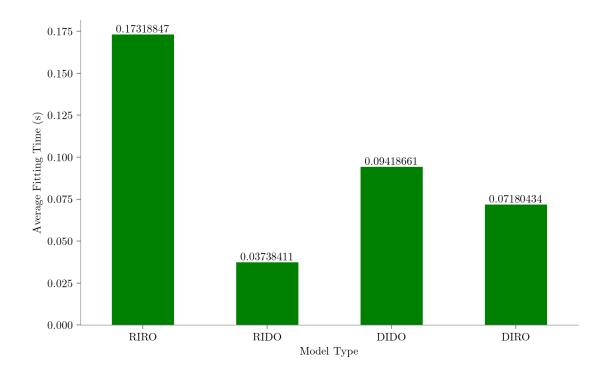
0.4 DIRO

[15]: res4 = time_data(XsDIRO, ysDIRO, 4)
plot_result(res4[0], res4[1])





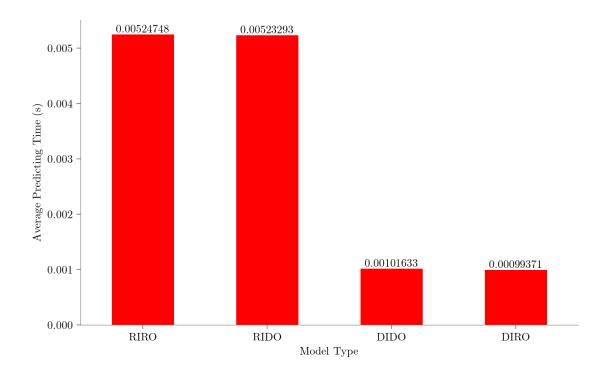
```
[16]: meansFit, stdsFit, meansPred, stdsPred = {}, {}, {}, {}
      res = [res1, res2, res3, res4]
      for i, name in enumerate(["RIRO", "RIDO", "DIDO", "DIRO"]):
          meansFit[name] = res[i][3]
          stdsFit[name] = res[i][4]
          meansPred[name] = res[i][5]
          stdsPred[name] = res[i][6]
      meansF = pd.Series(meansFit)
      meansP = pd.Series(meansPred)
      stdF = pd.Series(stdsFit)
      stdP = pd.Series(stdsPred)
[17]: latexify(fig_width = 8)
      bars = meansF.plot(kind = "bar", rot = 0, color = "g")
      format_axes(plt.gca())
      for bar in bars.patches:
          yval = bar.get_height()
          plt.text(bar.get_x() + bar.get_width()/2, yval, round(yval, 8), ha =
       ⇔"center", va = "bottom")
      plt.xlabel("Model Type")
      plt.ylabel("Average Fitting Time (s)")
      plt.show()
```



```
[18]: latexify(fig_width = 8)
  bars = meansP.plot(kind = "bar", rot = 0, color = "r")
  format_axes(plt.gca())

for bar in bars.patches:
      yval = bar.get_height()
      plt.text(bar.get_x() + bar.get_width()/2, yval, round(yval, 8), ha = 0
      Genter", va = "bottom")

plt.xlabel("Model Type")
  plt.ylabel("Average Predicting Time (s)")
  plt.show()
```



```
[19]: latexify(fig_width = 8)
  bars = stdF.plot(kind = "bar", rot = 0, color = "b")
  format_axes(plt.gca())

for bar in bars.patches:
    yval = bar.get_height()
    plt.text(bar.get_x() + bar.get_width()/2, yval, round(yval, 8), ha = color="b")
    plt.xlabel("Model Type")
    plt.ylabel("Standard Deviation of Fitting Time (s)")
    plt.show()
```

