

LL(1) Parser

To construct LL(1) parsing table follow the following steps.

- 1) Check whether the given grammar contains left recursion (LR) left factor (LF), then eliminate them first.
- 2) Calculation of first and follow set
- 3) If table contains multiple entries in a single cell, then it is not LL(1) otherwise given grammar is LL(1)

Elimination of (LR):

Consider Grammar $A \rightarrow A\alpha / \beta$ where β does not begin with A .
To eliminate LR, replace the pair of production.

$$\begin{aligned} A &\rightarrow \beta A' \\ A' &\rightarrow \alpha A' / \epsilon \end{aligned}$$

Elimination of (LF):-

Consider Grammar $A \rightarrow \alpha\beta/\alpha\gamma$
To eliminate LF, replace A
production by

$$\begin{aligned} A &\rightarrow \alpha A' \\ A' &\rightarrow \beta/\gamma \end{aligned}$$

Ques \rightarrow Check whether the given
grammar is LL(1) or not

$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow aAB/bA/\epsilon \\ A &\rightarrow aAb/\epsilon \\ B &\rightarrow bB/c \end{aligned}$$

Solution

- 1) There is no LR or LF
- 2) Calculation of first and follow set.

1) First Set.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{First}(B) &= \text{First}(bB) \cup \text{First}(c) \\ &= \text{First}(b) \cup \{c\} \\ &= \{b\} \cup \{c\} \\ &= \{b, c\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{First}(A) &= \text{First}(aAb) \cup \text{First}(\epsilon) \\ &= \text{First}(a) \cup \{\epsilon\} \\ &= \{a\} \cup \{\epsilon\} \\ &= \{a, \epsilon\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{First}(S) &= \text{First}(aAB) \cup \text{First}(bA) \cup \text{First}(\epsilon) \\
 &= \text{First}(a) \cup \text{First}(b) \cup \{\epsilon\} \\
 &= \{a\} \cup \{b\} \cup \{\epsilon\} \\
 &\Rightarrow \{a, b, \epsilon\}
 \end{aligned}$$

Follow SET \Rightarrow

$$\text{Follow}(S) = \{\$ \}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Follow}(A) &= \text{First}(B) \cup \text{Follow}(S) \cup \text{First}(b) \\
 &\Rightarrow \{b, c\} \cup \{\$ \} \cup \{b\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \{b, c, \$ \}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Follow}(B) &= \text{Follow}(S) \cup \text{Follow}(B) \\
 &\because \text{Follow}(S) \\
 &\quad \text{Follow}(S) \\
 &= \{\$ \}
 \end{aligned}$$

3) L2(1) parsing table

$\begin{matrix} \text{non} \\ \text{terminal} \end{matrix}$ \ T	a	b	c	\$
S	$S \rightarrow aAB$	$S \rightarrow bA$		$S \rightarrow \epsilon$
A	$A \rightarrow aAb$	$A \rightarrow \epsilon$	$A \rightarrow \epsilon$	$A \rightarrow \epsilon$
B	$B \rightarrow bB$	$B \rightarrow bB$	$B \rightarrow c$	

Result \Rightarrow The given grammar is L2(1)

(Bcoz there is no multiple entry in one cell)