TheBetterIndia - Assignment

Problem statement :

To create an ETL pipeline with following capabilities:

1. Load a .CSV file in mysql.
2. Load another related .CSV file in postgres.
3. Combine data from both of the above tables and load into another table.

Solution :

Data Source : https://www.kaggle.com/jirakst/bookcrossing (https://www.kaggle.com/jirakst/bookcrossing)

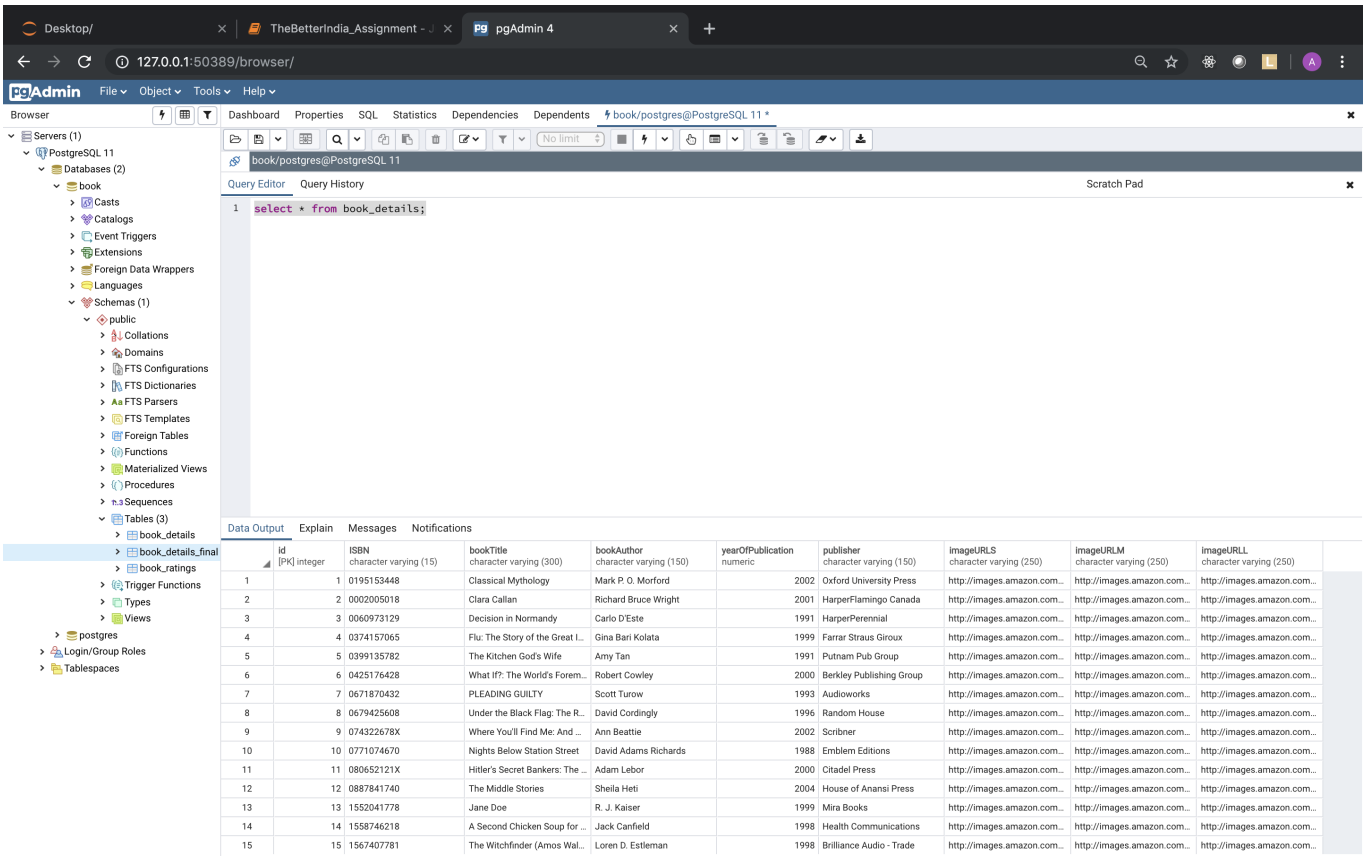
Data Description: The above folder contains following three files:

1. BX-Books.CSV : This file contains information related to books. I will load this file into postgres table.
2. BX-Books-Ratings.CSV : This file contains ratings provided by different users to different books. The range of rating is [0,10]. It is a huge file and i will load this file into mysql DB.
3. BX-Users.CSV : This file contain information related to users. I will ignore this file.

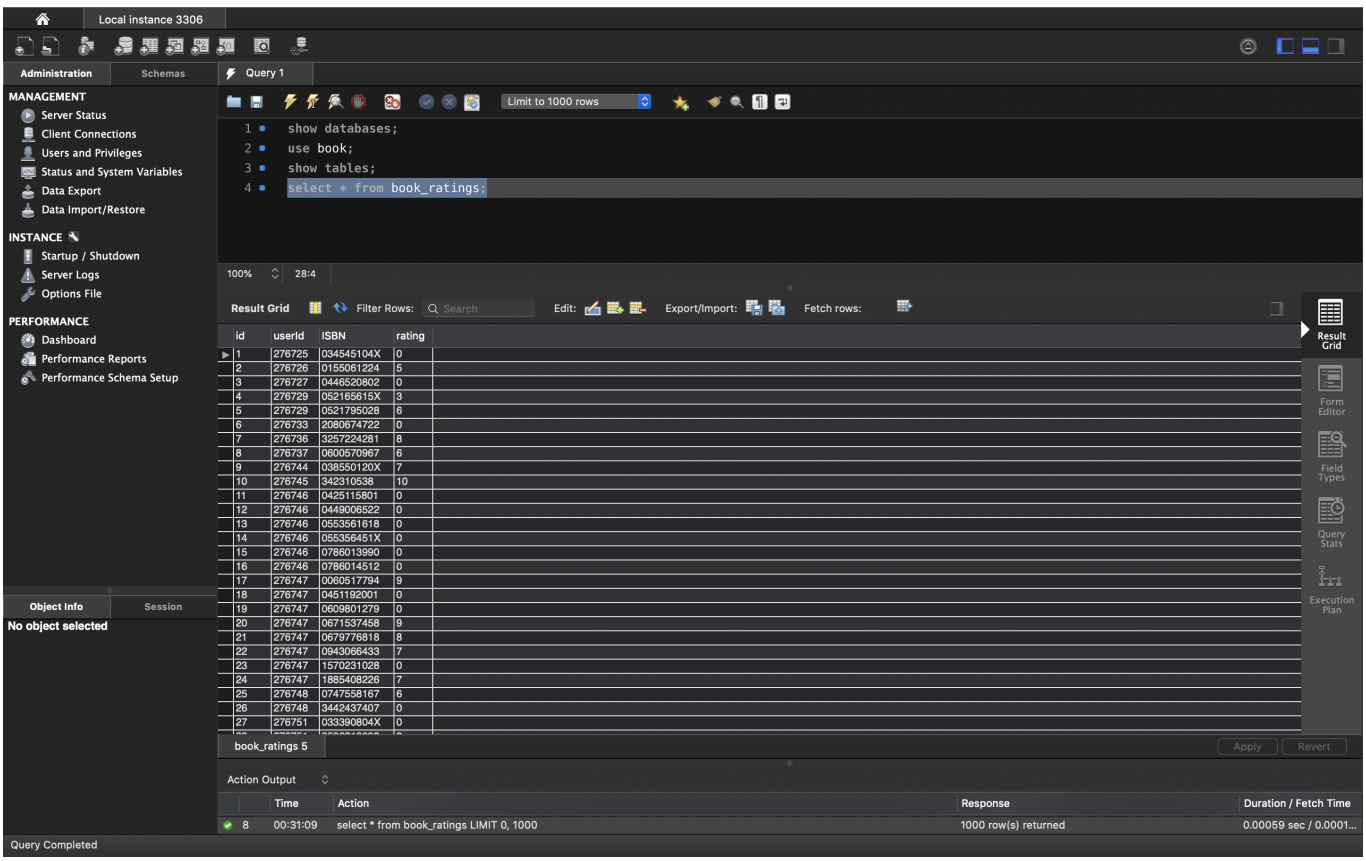
High Level Architecture Diagram:

Output after the execution of the code:

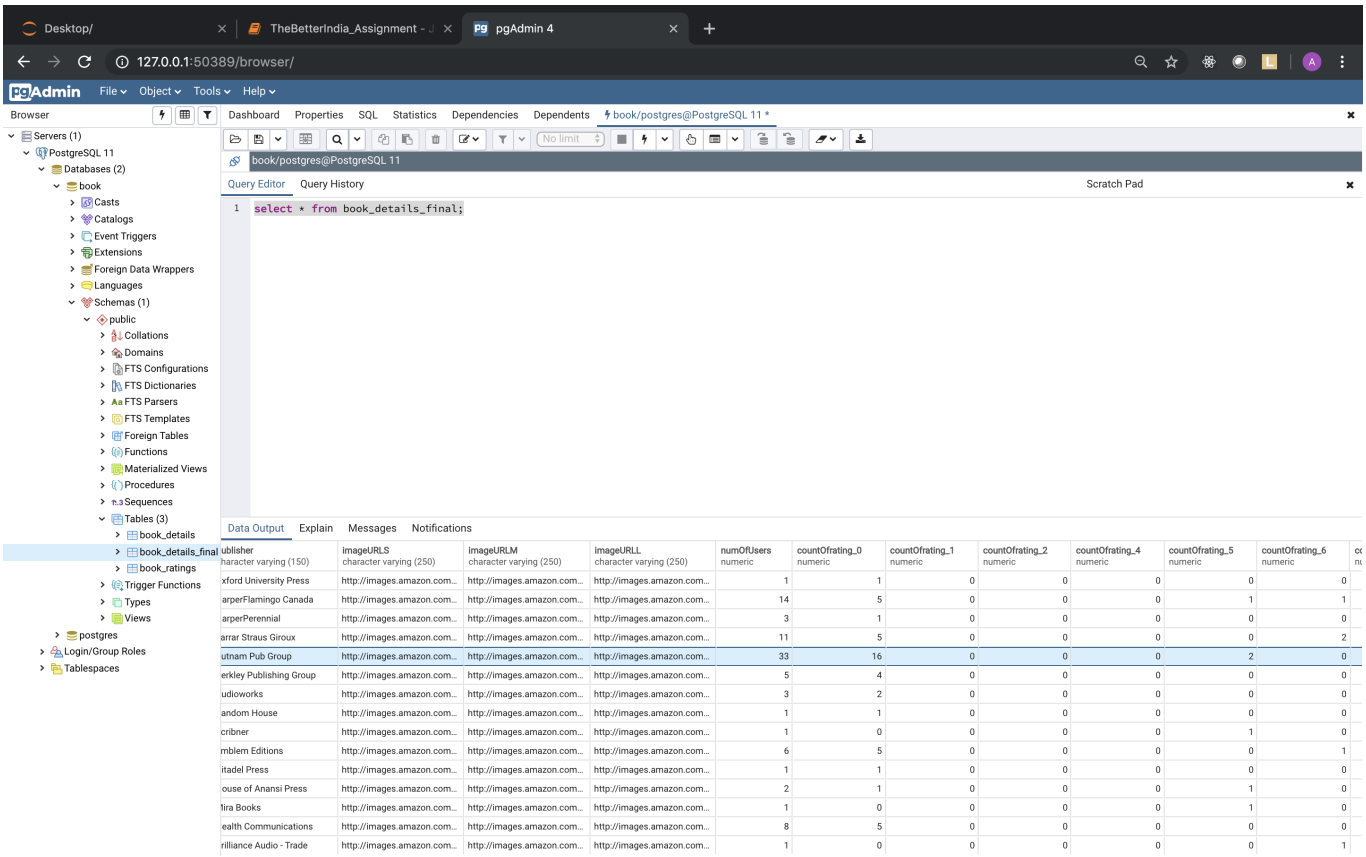
Output from book_details table:



Output from book_ratings table:



Output from book_detsils_final table:



ublisher character varying (150)	imageURLS character varying (250)	imageURLM character varying (250)	imageURLL character varying (250)	numOfUsers numeric	countOfrating_0 numeric	countOfrating_1 numeric	countOfrating_2 numeric	countOfrating_4 numeric	countOfrating_5 numeric	countOfrating_6 numeric
xford University Press	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
arperFlamingo Canada	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	14	5	0	0	0	1	1
arperPerennial	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
arrar Straus Giroux	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	11	5	0	0	0	0	2
utnam Pub Group	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	33	16	0	0	0	2	0
erkley Publishing Group	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	5	4	0	0	0	0	0
udioworks	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	3	2	0	0	0	0	0
andom House	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
cribner	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
mblem Editions	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	6	5	0	0	0	0	1
itadel Press	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
ouse of Anansi Press	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	2	1	0	0	0	1	0
lira Books	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
ealth Communications	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	8	5	0	0	0	0	0
rilliance Audio - Trade	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	http://images.amazon.com...	1	0	0	0	0	0	1

Code description:

1. DBLayer : This package have code for creating session using SQLAlchemy ORM.

2. Model: This package holds all the models for different entity like books , ratings and final book.

3. Main class: Holds all the business logic.

4. Input_files: Having input data file

5. bad_data_files: Having files which conatins data which is not in the format.

1. DBLayer

In [1]:

```
from sqlalchemy import create_engine
from sqlalchemy.ext.declarative import declarative_base
from sqlalchemy.orm import sessionmaker
import json


Base = declarative_base()


def make_db_uri(db_type):
        db_config_file = open('DB_config.json', 'r')
        if db_config_file.mode == 'r':
            db_config_data = json.load(db_config_file)
            if db_type == 'mysql':
                JsonObj = db_config_data['mysql']
                host = JsonObj['host']
                port = JsonObj['port']
                username = JsonObj['userName']
                password = JsonObj['password']
                dbName = JsonObj['dbName']
                db_uri = "mysql+pymysql://%s:%s@%s:%s/%s" % (username,password,h
ost,port,dbName)
                return db_uri
            elif db_type == 'postgres':
                JsonObj = db_config_data['postgres']
                host = JsonObj['host']
                port = JsonObj['port']
                username = JsonObj['userName']
                password = JsonObj['password']
                dbName = JsonObj['dbName']
                db_uri = "postgres+psycopg2://%s:%s@%s:%s/%s" % (username,passwo
rd,host,port,dbName)
                return db_uri
            else:
                raise ValueError(db_type)


def session_factory(db_type):
    if db_type == 'mysql':
        engine_mysql = create_engine(make_db_uri(db_type))
        _SessionFactory = sessionmaker(bind=engine_mysql)
        Base.metadata.create_all(engine_mysql)
        return _SessionFactory()
    elif db_type == 'postgres':
        engine_postgres = create_engine(make_db_uri(db_type))
        _SessionFactory = sessionmaker(bind=engine_postgres)
        Base.metadata.create_all(engine_postgres)
        return _SessionFactory()


#used for testing
#print(make_db_uri('postgres'))
#print(make_db_uri('mysql'))
#print(session_factory('postgres'))
#print(session_factory('mysql'))
```

2. Models:

In [21]:

```
# model for book

from sqlalchemy import Column, String, Integer, Numeric
from DBLayer.DBConnection import Base


class Book(Base):
    __tablename__ = 'book_details'
    id = Column(Integer, primary_key=True)
    ISBN = Column(String(15))
    bookTitle = Column(String(300))
    bookAuthor = Column(String(150))
    yearOfPublication = Column(Numeric)
    publisher = Column(String(150))
    imageURLS = Column(String(250))
    imageURLM = Column(String(250))
    imageURLL = Column(String(250))

    def __init__(self, ISBN, bookTitle, bookAuthor, yearOfPublication, publisher
, imageURLS, imageURLM, imageURLL):
        self.ISBN = ISBN
        self.bookTitle = bookTitle
        self.bookAuthor = bookAuthor
        self.yearOfPublication = yearOfPublication
        self.publisher = publisher
        self.imageURLS = imageURLS
        self.imageURLM = imageURLM
        self.imageURLL = imageURLL
```

In [22]:

```
#model for rating

from sqlalchemy import Column, String, Date, Integer, Numeric
from DBLayer.DBConnection import Base


class Rating(Base):
    __tablename__ = 'book_ratings'
    id = Column(Integer, primary_key=True)
    userId = Column(Numeric)
    ISBN = Column(String(15))
    rating = Column(Numeric)

    def __init__(self, userId, ISBN, rating):
        self.userId = userId
        self.ISBN = ISBN
        self.rating = rating
```

In [23]:

```
# Model for final - Combination of books with ratings

from sqlalchemy import Column, String, Date, Integer, Numeric
from DBLayer.DBConnection import Base


class BookFinal(Base):
    __tablename__ = 'book_details_final'

    id = Column(Integer, primary_key=True)
    ISBN = Column(String(15))
    bookTitle = Column(String(300))
    bookAuthor = Column(String(150))
    yearOfPublication = Column(Numeric)
    publisher = Column(String(150))
    imageURLS = Column(String(250))
    imageURLM = Column(String(250))
    imageURLL = Column(String(250))
    numOfUsers = Column(Numeric)
    countOfrating_0 = Column(Numeric)
    countOfrating_1 = Column(Numeric)
    countOfrating_2 = Column(Numeric)
    countOfrating_4 = Column(Numeric)
    countOfrating_5 = Column(Numeric)
    countOfrating_6 = Column(Numeric)
    countOfrating_7 = Column(Numeric)
    countOfrating_8 = Column(Numeric)
    countOfrating_9 = Column(Numeric)
    countOfrating_10 = Column(Numeric)


    def __init__(self, ISBN, bookTitle , bookAuthor , yearOfPublication, publish
er, imageURLS , imageURLM, imageURLL,
                 numOfUsers, countOfrating_0 ,countOfrating_1 ,countOfrating_2 ,
countOfrating_3 ,countOfrating_4 ,
                 countOfrating_5,countOfrating_6 ,countOfrating_7 ,countOfrating
_8 ,countOfrating_9 ,countOfrating_10):
        self.ISBN = ISBN
        self.bookTitle = bookTitle
        self.bookAuthor = bookAuthor
        self.yearOfPublication = yearOfPublication
        self.publisher = publisher
        self.imageURLS = imageURLS
        self.imageURLM = imageURLM
        self.imageURLL = imageURLL
        self.numOfUsers = numOfUsers
        self.countOfrating_0 = countOfrating_0
        self.countOfrating_1 = countOfrating_1
        self.countOfrating_2 = countOfrating_2
        self.countOfrating_3 = countOfrating_3
        self.countOfrating_4 = countOfrating_4
        self.countOfrating_5 = countOfrating_5
        self.countOfrating_6 = countOfrating_6
        self.countOfrating_7 = countOfrating_7
        self.countOfrating_8 = countOfrating_8
        self.countOfrating_9 = countOfrating_9
        self.countOfrating_10 = countOfrating_10
```

3. Main Class:

In [ ]:

```
# this one is main class

from sqlalchemy import func, case

from DBLayer.DBConnection import Base, session_factory
from model.book import Book
from model.rating import Rating
from model.book_final import BookFinal


# Below function load book data to postgres
def create_books(db_type, input_file, bad_data_file):
    session = session_factory(db_type)
    print(session)
    loop_var = 0
    if input_file.mode == 'r':
        for book_data in input_file:
            print(loop_var)
            # ignore header row
            if loop_var == 0:
                loop_var = 1
                continue
            book_data_list = book_data.rstrip().replace('\n', '').replace('"','' ).split(";")

            if len(book_data_list) == 8:
                try:
                    ISBN = book_data_list[0]
                    bookTitle = book_data_list[1]
                    bookAuthor = book_data_list[2]
                    yearOfPublication = int(book_data_list[3].replace('"',''))
                    publisher = book_data_list[4]
                    imageURLS = book_data_list[5]
                    imageURLM = book_data_list[6]
                    imageURLL = book_data_list[7]
                    bookObj = Book(ISBN, bookTitle, bookAuthor, yearOfPublicatio n, publisher, imageURLS, imageURLM,
                                   imageURLL)
                    session.add(bookObj)
                    session.commit()
                except:
                    # put data into bad_data_file
                    bad_data_file.write(book_data)
            else:
                bad_data_file.write(book_data)
            loop_var = loop_var + 1 # used for checking the execution
        loop_var = 0
    session.commit()
    session.close()


# load rating csv file to mysql
def create_ratings(db_type, input_file, bad_data_file):
    session = session_factory(db_type)
    loop_var = 0
    if input_file.mode == 'r':
        for book_rating in input_file:
            print(loop_var)
            # ignoring header row
```

```
            if loop_var == 0:
                loop_var = 1
                continue
            book_rating_list = book_rating.rstrip().replace('\n', '').replace(
'"','').split(";")
            #print(len(book_rating_list))
            if len(book_rating_list) == 3:
                try:
                    #print("inside try")
                    userId = int(book_rating_list[0])
                    ISBN = book_rating_list[1]
                    rating = int(book_rating_list[2])
                    if len(ISBN) > 15:
                        raise ValueError('ISBN length is not 10')
                    ratingObj = Rating(userId, ISBN, rating)
                    session.add(ratingObj)
                    session.commit()
                except:
                    # put data into bad_data_file
                    bad_data_file.write(book_rating)
            else:
                bad_data_file.write(book_rating)
            loop_var = loop_var + 1
        loop_var = 0
    session.commit()
    session.close()


# get all books
def get_books(db_type):
    session = session_factory(db_type)
    books_query = session.query(Book)
    session.close()
    return books_query.all()


# get ratings of the book by isbn
def get_ratings_by_isbn(req_isbn, session):
    xpr0 = func.sum(case([(Rating.rating == 0, 1), ], else_=0)).label("countOfra
ting_0")
    xpr1 = func.sum(case([(Rating.rating == 1, 1), ], else_=0)).label("countOfra
ting_1")
    xpr2 = func.sum(case([(Rating.rating == 2, 1), ], else_=0)).label("countOfra
ting_2")
    xpr3 = func.sum(case([(Rating.rating == 3, 1), ], else_=0)).label("countOfra
ting_3")
    xpr4 = func.sum(case([(Rating.rating == 4, 1), ], else_=0)).label("countOfra
ting_4")
    xpr5 = func.sum(case([(Rating.rating == 5, 1), ], else_=0)).label("countOfra
ting_5")
    xpr6 = func.sum(case([(Rating.rating == 6, 1), ], else_=0)).label("countOfra
ting_6")
    xpr7 = func.sum(case([(Rating.rating == 7, 1), ], else_=0)).label("countOfra
ting_7")
    xpr8 = func.sum(case([(Rating.rating == 8, 1), ], else_=0)).label("countOfra
ting_8")
    xpr9 = func.sum(case([(Rating.rating == 9, 1), ], else_=0)).label("countOfra
ting_9")
    xpr10 = func.sum(case([(Rating.rating == 10, 1), ], else_=0)).label("countOf
rating_10")
```

```
    books_query = session.query(Rating.ISBN, xpr0, xpr1, xpr2, xpr3, xpr4, xpr5,
xpr6, xpr7, xpr8, xpr9, xpr10,
                                func.count(Rating.userId)).filter(Rating.ISBN ==
req_isbn).group_by(Rating.ISBN)
    return books_query.all()


# business logic to combine both the data
def combineBookAndRating(book, rating):
    ISBN = book.ISBN
    bookTitle = book.bookTitle
    bookAuthor = book.bookAuthor
    yearOfPublication = book.yearOfPublication
    publisher = book.publisher
    imageURLS = book.imageURLS
    imageURLM = book.imageURLM
    imageURLL = book.imageURLL
    numOfUsers = rating[12]
    countOfrating_0 = rating[1]
    countOfrating_1 = rating[2]
    countOfrating_2 = rating[3]
    countOfrating_3 = rating[4]
    countOfrating_4 = rating[5]
    countOfrating_5 = rating[6]
    countOfrating_6 = rating[7]
    countOfrating_7 = rating[8]
    countOfrating_8 = rating[9]
    countOfrating_9 = rating[10]
    countOfrating_10 = rating[11]
    book_final_obj = BookFinal(ISBN, bookTitle, bookAuthor, yearOfPublication, p
ublisher, imageURLS, imageURLM,
                               imageURLL,
                               numOfUsers, countOfrating_0, countOfrating_1, cou
ntOfrating_2, countOfrating_3,
                               countOfrating_4,
                               countOfrating_5, countOfrating_6, countOfrating_7
, countOfrating_8, countOfrating_9,
                               countOfrating_10)

    return book_final_obj


if __name__ == "__main__":

    db_type_for_book = 'postgres'
    book_file = open('input_files/BX-Books.csv', 'r', encoding='latin-1')
    bad_book_data_file = open('bad_data/bad_books_file.csv', 'w')
    create_books(db_type_for_book, book_file, bad_book_data_file)
    book_file.close();
    bad_book_data_file.close()


    db_type_for_rating = 'mysql'
    ratings_file = open('input_files/BX-Book-Ratings.csv', 'r', encoding='latin-
1')
    bad_ratings_data_file = open('bad_data/bad_rating_file.csv', 'w')
    create_ratings(db_type_for_rating, ratings_file, bad_ratings_data_file)
    ratings_file.close();
    bad_ratings_data_file.close()

    books = get_books('postgres')
```

```
    session_postgres = session_factory('postgres')
    session_mysql = session_factory('mysql')
    loop_var = 0
    for book in books:
        print(loop_var)
        ratings = get_ratings_by_isbn(book.ISBN, session_mysql)
        for rating in ratings:
            final_book_obj = combineBookAndRating(book, rating)
            session_postgres.add(final_book_obj)
            session_postgres.commit()
        loop_var = loop_var+1
    session_mysql.close()
    session_postgres.close()
```

----------End of file----------