# AUP - LAB 8

Write a program to implement the following:

1. Catch the SIGTERM signal, ignore SIGINT and accept the default action for SIGSEGV. Later let the program be suspended until it is interrupted by a signal. Implement using signal and sigaction

```
aditya : lab9 $ gcc 1.c
aditya : lab9 $ ./a.out
^c/c^c/c^c
Signal SIGTERM received.
aditya : lab9 $
aditya : l
```

#### CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <signal.h>

void err_sys(const char* x){
    perror(x);
    exit(1);
}

void signal_handler(int SIGNAL){
    if(SIGNAL == SIGTERM){
        printf("Signal SIGTERM received.\n");
    }
    else {
        printf("received signal %d\n", SIGNAL);
    }
}
```

```
int main(){
    if(signal(SIGTERM, signal_handler) == SIG_ERR){
        err_sys("Can't catch SIGTERM");
    }
    if(signal(SIGINT, SIG_IGN) == SIG_ERR){
        err_sys("Can't catch SIGINT");
    }
    if(signal(SIGSEGV, SIG_DFL) == SIG_ERR){
        err_sys("Can't catch SIGSEGV");
    }
    sleep(50);
    pause();
}
```

2. Create a child process. Let the parent sleeps of 5 seconds and exits. Can the child send *SIGINT* to its parent if exists and kill it? Verify with a sample program.

```
aditya : lab9 $ gcc 2.c
aditya : lab9 $ ./a.out
Signal SIGINT received in Parent.
Parent exiting with 5 seconds left
aditya : lab9 $ _
```

## CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <signal.h>

void err_sys(const char* x){
    perror(x);
    exit(1);
}

void signal_handler(int SIGNAL){
    if(SIGNAL == SIGINT){
        printf("Signal SIGINT received in Parent.\n");
    }
}
```

```
else {
          printf("received signal %d\n", SIGNAL);
     }
}
int main(){
     pid t pid;
     if((pid = fork()) == -1){
          err sys("Fork Error");
     if(pid){
          if(signal(SIGINT, signal handler) == SIG ERR){
               err sys("Can't catch SIGINT");
          }
          int time remained = sleep(5);
          printf("Parent exiting with %d seconds left\n",
time remained);
     }
     else {
          pid t parent pid = getppid();
          if(kill(parent pid, SIGINT) == -1){
               err sys("Error sending Signal");
               exit(1);
          }
     }
     exit(0);
}
```

3. Implement sleep using signal function which takes care of the following:

If the caller has already an alarm set, that alarm is not erased by the call to alarm inside sleep implementation.

If sleep modifies the current disposition of SIGALRM, restore it Avoid race condition between first call to alarm and pause inside sleep implementation using setjmp.

Test the implementation of sleep by invoking it in various situations.

```
aditya@Horcrux:~/SEM_7/AUP/lab9$ gcc 3.c
aditya@Horcrux:~/SEM_7/AUP/lab9$ ./a.out
remaining time is 3
Alarm clock
aditya@Horcrux:~/SEM_7/AUP/lab9$ _
```

#### CODE

```
#include<setjmp.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<signal.h>
static jmp buf env;
int sig alrm(int signo){
     longjmp(env, 1);
}
unsigned int mysleep(unsigned int secs){
     int time left;
     time left = alarm(0); /* checking if any previously set alarm
function has some unslept seconds left */
     printf("remaining time is %d\n", time left);
     if(setjmp(env) == 0){
          alarm(secs - time left); /* adding that time for user
set value */
          pause();
     }
}
int main(){
     alarm(3);
     mysleep(4);
}
```

4. "Child inherit parent's signal mask when it is created, but pending signals for the parent process are not passed on". Write appropriate program and test with suitable inputs to verify this

```
aditya : lab9 $ gcc 4.c
aditya : lab9 $ ./a.out
Send SIGQUIT signals
^\^\\IN PARENT:
SIGNAL 0 present
SIGNAL 3 present
IN PARENT: SIGQUIT pending
IN CHILD:
SIGNAL 0 present
SIGNAL 3 present
SIGNAL 0 present
SIGNAL 3 present
AGNAL 3 present
SIGNAL 3 present
SIGNAL 3 present
IN CHILD: SIGQUIT not pending in CHILD
aditya : lab9 $ _
```

### CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <signal.h>
void err sys(const char* x){
     perror(x);
     exit(1);
}
static void sig quit(int signo){
     printf("caught SIGQUIT\n");
     if (signal(SIGQUIT, SIG DFL) == SIG ERR)
          err sys("can't reset SIGQUIT");
}
void check sigset(sigset t sigset){
     int i;
     for(i = 0; i < 31; i++){
          if(sigismember(&sigset, i)){
               printf("SIGNAL %d present\n", i);
          }
     }
}
int main(void){
     sigset t newmask, oldmask, pendmask, sigset;
     pid t pid;
     if (signal(SIGQUIT, sig quit) == SIG ERR)
          err_sys("can't catch SIGQUIT");
     sigemptyset(&newmask);
     sigaddset(&newmask, SIGQUIT); // adding SIGQUIT to newmask
```

```
if (sigprocmask(SIG BLOCK, &newmask, &oldmask) < 0) // added
SIGQUIT to BLOCK
          err sys("SIG BLOCK error");
     printf("Send SIGQUIT signals\n");
     sleep(5);
     /* SIGQUIT here will remain pending */
     if((pid = fork()) == -1){
          err sys("Fork Error");
     }
     if(pid){
          printf("IN PARENT:\n");
          if (sigprocmask(0, NULL, &sigset) < 0) {</pre>
               err sys("Error getting signal mask");
          }
          else {
               check sigset(sigset);
          }
          if (sigpending(&pendmask) < 0)</pre>
               err sys("sigpending error");
          if (sigismember(&pendmask, SIGQUIT))
               printf("IN PARENT: SIGQUIT pending\n");
          wait();
     }
     else {
          sigset t childsigset;
          printf("IN CHILD:\n");
          if (sigprocmask(0, NULL, &childsigset) < 0) {</pre>
               err sys("Error getting signal mask");
          }
          else {
               check sigset(childsigset);
          }
          if (sigpending(&pendmask) < 0){</pre>
               err sys("sigpending error");
          }
          if (sigismember(&pendmask, SIGQUIT)){
               printf("IN CHILD: SIGQUIT pending\n");
          }
          else {
               printf("IN CHILD: SIGQUIT not pending in CHILD\n");
          }
     }
}
```