# BY Aditya Kundu

SID: 21107003

Subject: Python

Assignment\_6

#### Que 1.

```
1  # Takiong integer input from
2  n = int(input("Enter any number: "))
3  sum1 = 0  # this will be used to add divisble numbers
4
5  # checking if it is perfect number
6  if n > 0:  # Makeing sure number is positive
7  for i in range(1, n):
8    if(n % i == 0):
9        sum1 = sum1 + i
10  if (sum1 == n):
11    print("The number is a Perfect number!")
12  else:
13    print("The number is not a Perfect number!")
14  else:
15    print("Only positve integers can be perfect number.")
```

```
PS D:\Python\Assignment 6> python .\21107003_Assignment_6_Q1.py
Enter any number: 5
The number is not a Perfect number!
PS D:\Python\Assignment 6> python .\21107003_Assignment_6_Q1.py
Enter any number: 28
The number is a Perfect number!
PS D:\Python\Assignment 6> python .\21107003_Assignment_6_Q1.py
Enter any number: 0
Only positve integers can be perfect number.
PS D:\Python\Assignment 6>
```

### Que\_2.

```
# function which return reverse of a string

def isPalindrome(s):
    return s == s[::-1]

# taking input

print("Kindly enter alphabets only.")

s = input("Enter word/sentence to be checked: ").replace(" ","").lower()

ans = isPalindrome(s) # calling function

# checking palindrom
if ans:
    print("Yes")
else:
    print("No")
```

```
PS D:\Python\Assignment 6> python .\21107003_Assignment_6_Q2.py
Kindly enter alphabets only.
Enter word/sentence to be checked: Nun
Yes
PS D:\Python\Assignment 6> python .\21107003_Assignment_6_Q2.py
Kindly enter alphabets only.
Enter word/sentence to be checked: nurses run
Yes
PS D:\Python\Assignment 6>
PS D:\Python\Assignment 6>
```

### Que\_3.

```
# Print Pascal's Triangle in Python
from math import factorial

r = int(input("Enter the number of rows: "))  # r for rows
for i in range(r):
    for j in range(r-i+1):

    # for left spacing
    print(end=" ")

for j in range(i+1):

# nCr = n!/((n-r)!*r!)
    print(factorial(i)//(factorial(j)*factorial(i-j)), end=" ")

# for new line
print()
```

### Que\_4.

```
2 v def pangram(str):

All_alphabets = "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz"

4 v for i in All_alphabets:

v if i not in str.lower(): # As python is case sensitive, so we have to check its small letters too

return False

return True

# Example:

string = input("Enter the sentence: ")

v if(pangram(string) == True):

print("Yes, The given string is pangram.")

v else:

print("No, the given string is not a pangram.")

PS D:\python\Assignment 6> python .\21107003_Assignment_6_Q4.py

Enter the sentence: The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog

Yes, The given string is pangram.

PS D:\python\Assignment 6> python .\21107003 Assignment 6 O4.py
```

```
PS D:\python\Assignment 6> python .\21107003_Assignment_6_Q4.py
Enter the sentence: The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog
Yes, The given string is pangram.
PS D:\python\Assignment 6> python .\21107003_Assignment_6_Q4.py
Enter the sentence: abcd
No, the given string is not a pangram.
PS D:\python\Assignment 6>
```

#### Que 5.

```
# Creating list and input words separated by '-' as elements.
items=[n for n in input("Enter sentence here: ").split('-')]

items.sort() # arranging alphabetically

print('-'.join(items))
```

```
PS D:\python\Assignment 6> python .\21107003_Assignment_6_Q5.py
Enter sentence here: green-red-yellow-black-white
black-green-red-white-yellow
PS D:\python\Assignment 6>
```

#### Que\_6.

```
# using dictionary argument to print out student detail according to data given.
vdef student_data(student_id, **kwargs):
print(f'\nStudent ID: {student_id}')

if 'student_name' in kwargs:
print(f"Student Name: {kwargs['student_name']}")

if 'student_name' and 'student_class' in kwargs:
print(f"\nStudent Name: {kwargs['student_name']}")
print(f"Student Class: {kwargs['student_class']}")

# Calling function and giving only student name
student_data(student_id='21107003', student_name='Aditya Kundu')

# Calling function and giving both student name and class
student_data(student_id='21107005', student_name='Harshvardhan', student_class ='21-25')
```

```
PS D:\python\Assignment 6> python .\21107003_Assignment_6_Q6.py

Student ID: 21107003

Student Name: Aditya Kundu

Student ID: 21107005

Student Name: Harshvardhan

Student Name: Harshvardhan

Student Class: 21-25

PS D:\python\Assignment 6>
```

Que 7.

```
# creating class
2 v class Student:
3    pass
4 v class Marks:
5    pass
6  # instance
7    student1 = Student()
8    marks1 = Marks()
9    #Checking whether the instance or not.
print(isinstance(student1, Student))
10    print(isinstance(marks1, Student))
11    print(isinstance(marks1, Marks))
12    print(isinstance(student1, Marks))
13    print('\nChecking whether the said classes are subclasses of the built-in object class or not...")
15    print(issubclass(Student, object))
16    print(issubclass(Marks, object))
```

```
PS D:\python\Assignment 6> python .\21107003_Assignment_6_Q7.py
True
False
True
False
Checking whether the said classes are subclasses of the built-in object class or not...
True
True
PS D:\python\Assignment 6>
```

## Que\_8.

```
def three_Sum(num):
        if len(num)<3: return []</pre>
        num.sort()
        result=[]
        for i in range(len(num)-2):
            left=i+1
            right=len(num)-1
            if i!=0 and num[i]==num[i-1]:continue
            while left<right:
                if num[left]+num[right]==-num[i]:
                    result.append([num[i],num[left],num[right]])
                    left=left+1
                    right=right-1
                    while num[left]==num[left-1] and left<right:left=left+1
                    while num[right]==num[right+1] and left<right: right=right-1
                elif num[left]+num[right]<-num[i]:</pre>
                    left=left+1
                    right=right-1
    nums1=[-25, -10, -7, -3, 2, 4, 8, 10]
    print(three_Sum(nums1))
PS D:\python\Assignment 6> python .\21107003_Assignment_6_Q8.py
```

```
PS D:\python\Assignment 6> python .\21107003_Assignment_6_Q8.py
[[-10, 2, 8], [-7, -3, 10]]
PS D:\python\Assignment 6>
```

## Que\_9.

```
class validation:

def is_valid_parenthese(self, str1):

##ere two datatypes are used such as list and dictionary providing a key value pairs.

stack, pchar = [], {"(": ")", "{": "}", "[": "]"}

#Using for loop we will check the desired keys and add them in stack.

for parenthese in str1:

if parenthese in pchar:

stack.append(parenthese)

#If not in pchar, we will pop that parantheses!!!

elif len(stack) == 0 or pchar[stack.pop()] != parenthese:

return False

return len(stack) == 0

# we call the function here!

print(validation().is_valid_parenthese("(){}[]"))

print(validation().is_valid_parenthese("()"))

print(validation().is_valid_parenthese("({}[]")))

print(validation().is_valid_parenthese("({}[]")))

print(validation().is_valid_parenthese("({}[]")))

print(validation().is_valid_parenthese("({}[]")))

print(validation().is_valid_parenthese("{}[""))
```

```
PS D:\python\Assignment 6> python .\21107003_Assignment_6_Q9.py
True
True
False
False
False
PS D:\python\Assignment 6>
```