

#### **BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN'S**

## SARDAR PATEL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

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DEPARTMENT OF MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATION

CLASS: F.Y. MCA SEM: I

COURSE CODE: MC504 SUBJECT NAME: DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM LAB

ROLL NO. : <u>2022510034</u> BATCH: <u>B</u>

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**EXPERIMENT NO: 07** 

**EXPERIMENT TITLE:** To examine integrity of database using Triggers

## **MYSQL Triggers**

A trigger in MySQL is a set of SQL statements that reside in a system catalog. It is a special type of stored procedure that is invoked automatically in response to an event. Each trigger is associated with a table, which is activated on any DML statement such as INSERT, UPDATE, or DELETE.

# Types of Triggers in MySQL

We can define the maximum six types of actions or events in the form of triggers:

**Before Insert:** It is activated before the insertion of data into the table. **After Insert:** It is activated after the insertion of data into the table. **Before Update:** It is activated before the update of data in the table. **After Update:** It is activated after the update of the data in the table. **Before Delete:** It is activated before the data is removed from the table. **After Delete:** It is activated after the deletion of data from the table.

## Syntax:

```
CREATE TRIGGER trigger_name

(AFTER | BEFORE) (INSERT | UPDATE | DELETE)

ON table_name FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

--variable declarations

--trigger code

END;
```

## **Outputs:-**

# 1. After trigger with Insert

```
mysql> -- After trigger with insert
mysql> delimiter $
mysql>
mysql>
mysql> CREATE TRIGGER calculate_perc
-> AFTER INSERT ON marks
-> AFTER INSERT ON marks
-> FOR EACH ROW
-> BEGIN
-> DECLARE total INT;
-> DECLARE perc INT;
-> SELECT SUM(English)+SUM(Maths)+SUM(Geography)+SUM(History) into total FROM marks WHERE student_name = NEW.student_name;
-> SET perc = (total / 400) * 100;
-> INSERT INTO student_percentage(name,percentage) VALUES (NEW.student_name, perc);
-> END $
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> select * from marks:
   70 I
                                                          60 I
                                                                        50 |
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
 mysql> select * from student_percentage;
   name | percentage |
  Rishi |
                        55 I
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

## 2. After Trigger with Update

```
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
mysql> use fymca;
Database changed
mysql>
mysql> -- After trigger with Update
 mysql>
 mysql> delimiter $
mysql> CREATE TRIGGER update_perc
-> AFTER UPDATE ON marks
-> AFTER UPDATE ON marks
-> FOR EACH ROW
-> BEGIN
-> DECLARE total INT;
-> DECLARE perc INT;
-> SELECT SUM(NEW.English)+SUM(NEW.Maths)+SUM(NEW.Geography)+SUM(NEW.History) into total FROM marks WHERE student_name = OLD.student_name;
-> SET perc = (total / 400) * 100;
-> UPDATE student_percentage SET percentage = perc WHERE name = OLD.student_name;
-> END $
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> delimiter ;
mysql> detailect ,
mysql>
mysql> update marks set Maths = 94 where student_name = "Rishi";
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
 mysql> select * from marks;
    student_name | English | Maths | Geography | History |
                                      70 |
   Rishi
                                                                        60
                                                                                          50 |
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
 mysql> select * from student_percentage;
   name | percentage |
   Rishi |
                               69 I
```

#### 3. After Trigger with Delete

```
| Section | Sect
```

# 4. Before Trigger with Insert

```
### STREET FOR STREET STREET FOR STREET STREET FOR STRE
```

```
-> IF perc < 35 THEN
-> SET resultV = 'Fail';
-> ELSEIF perc > 35 THEN
-> SET resultV = 'Pass';
-> END IF;
-> INSERT INTO student_result(name, result) VALUES(NEW.student_name, resultV);
-> END $
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
mysql>
mysql> delimiter ;
mysql>
mysql> insert into marks values ('Rishi',70,40,30,60);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> select * from marks;
  student_name | English | Maths | Geography | History |
                               70 I
                                          40
  Rishi
                                                           30 I
                                                                         60
  row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from student_percentage;
  name | percentage |
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from student_result;
  name | result |
  Rishi | Pass
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>|
```

## 5. Before trigger with Update

```
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with; or \g.

Vour MySQL connection id is 35

Server version: 8.8.31 MySQL Community Server - GPL

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Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> uss fymca;

Database changed
mysql> mysql> delimiter $

mysql> addimiter $

mysql> delimiter;
mysql> mysql> delimiter;
mysql> delimiter;
mysql> delimiter;
mysql> delimiter;
mysql> delimiter;
mysql> mys
```

```
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (c) 2000, 2022, Oracle and/or its affiliates.
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
mysql> use fymca;
Database changed
mysql>
mysql> update marks set English = 20, History = 20 where student_name = 'Rishi';
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> select * from marks;
  student_name | English | Maths | Geography | History |
                              40
  Rishi
                       20 I
                                            30 I
                                                       20
 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from student_percentage;
 name | percentage |
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from student_result;
| name | result |
 Rishi | Fail |
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>|
```

## 6. Before trigger with Delete