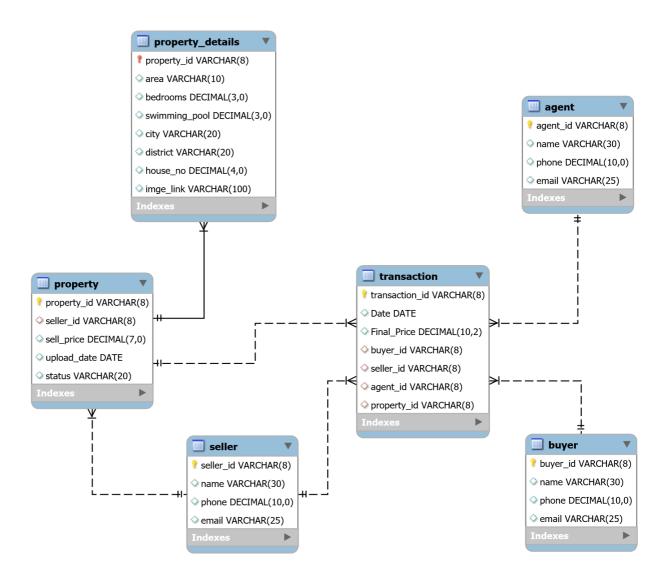
NORMALIZATION APPROACH



NORMALIZATION APPROACH:

1. Property Table:

FD: property id \rightarrow {seller id, sell price, upload date, status}

Candidate Key (& PK also): property_id

1NF: All the attributes are **atomic**, therefore the table is in **1NF**.

2NF: 1NF and **no partial dependency**, therefore it is in **2NF**.

3NF: Since, no non primary attribute determines any other non primary attribute,

therefore it is in 3NF.

BCNF: Since , in FD (like $X \rightarrow Y$), X is a Superkey, therefore it is in BCNF.

2. Property_Details Table:

FD: property_id → {area, bedrooms, swimming_pool, city, district, house_no, image link}

Candidate Key (& PK also): property_id

1NF: All the attributes are **atomic**, therefore the table is in **1NF**.

2NF: 1NF and **no partial dependency**, therefore it is in **2NF**.

3NF: Since, no non primary attribute determines any other non primary attribute,

therefore it is in 3NF.

BCNF: Since , in FD (like $X \rightarrow Y$), X is a Superkey, therefore it is in BCNF.

3. Agent Table:

FD: agent_id → {name, phone, email}

Candidate Key (& PK also): agent id

1NF: None of the attributes are multivalued, therefore the table is in 1NF.

2NF: 1NF and **no partial dependency**, therefore it is in **2NF**.

3NF: Since, no non primary attribute determines any other non primary attribute,

therefore it is in 3NF.

BCNF: Since , in FD (like $X \rightarrow Y$), X is a Superkey, therefore it is in BCNF.

4. Buyer Table:

FD: buyer_id → {name, phone, email}

Candidate Key (& PK also): buyer_id

1NF: All the attributes are atomic, therefore the table is in 1NF.

2NF: 1NF and **no partial dependency**, therefore it is in **2NF**.

3NF: Since, **no non primary attribute determines any other non primary attribute,** therefore it is in **3NF.**

BCNF: Since , in FD (like $X \rightarrow Y$), X is a Superkey, therefore it is in BCNF.

5. Seller Table:

FD: seller_id → {name, phone, email}
Candidate Key (& PK also): seller_id

1NF: None of the attributes are multivalued, therefore the table is in 1NF.

2NF: 1NF and **no partial dependency**, therefore it is in **2NF**.

3NF: Since, **no non primary attribute determines any other non primary attribute,** therefore it is in **3NF.**

BCNF: Since , in FD (like $X \rightarrow Y$), X is a Superkey, therefore it is in BCNF.

6. Transactions Table:

FD: transaction_id → {date, final_price, seller_id, buyer_id, agent_id, property_id } Candidate Key (& PK also): transaction_id

1NF: All the attributes are atomic, therefore the table is in 1NF.

2NF: 1NF and **no partial dependency**, therefore it is in **2NF**.

3NF: Since, **no non primary attribute determines any other non primary attribute,** therefore it is in **3NF.**

BCNF: Since , in FD (like $X \rightarrow Y$), X is a Superkey, therefore it is in BCNF.