Sales Predictions using Advertising Costs by using Machine Learning Model

Problem Statement – In the business world, advertising is a crucial element for any company looking to promote its products or services. However, advertising costs can be substantial, and businesses need to determine the effectiveness of their advertising campaigns. This is where sales prediction comes in – it's a critical aspect of advertising that helps companies understand how much revenue they can expect from their advertising campaigns. In this project I build a model which predicts sales based on the money spent on different advertising platforms for marketing.

Steps to be taken in the Project is sub-divided into the following sections. These are:

- Loading necessary libraries such as numpy, pandas, sklearn etc.
- Loading the dataset as CSV file and showing first 10 rows.
- Drop the unnecessary columns from dataset.
- Calculate statistical values and round them up to 3 decimal places.
- Checking for null values and return their sum of numbers of true values in
- each column.
- Handle the null by mean of all values fill into them.
- Extracting all information about data.
- Checking Shape of Data.
- Visualization of <u>Sales by different source of Advertisement cost</u> using Python data visualization.
- Data preprocessing or (Data cleaning) performed by the one hot encoding in this process we change categorical data into numerical data and the technique is called feature Engineering.
- Splitting the cleaned data into dependent and independent variables.
- Splitting the data into train and test sets with train_test_split using sklearn library.
- Import different kind of Regression Models and Train that model with the help of .fit().
- Predicting the trained models and then checking their accuracy of the model using accuracy score.
- Then recall the train_test_split and split the data into training and testing set with different models.

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- Then predicting the trained models and checking the accuracy of model and check the accuracy difference.
- > Step-1 Loading Necessary Libraries used in machine learning.

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Import Necessary Libraries.

[ ] import numpy as np import pandas as pd import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as snr from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder, PolynomialFeatures from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
```

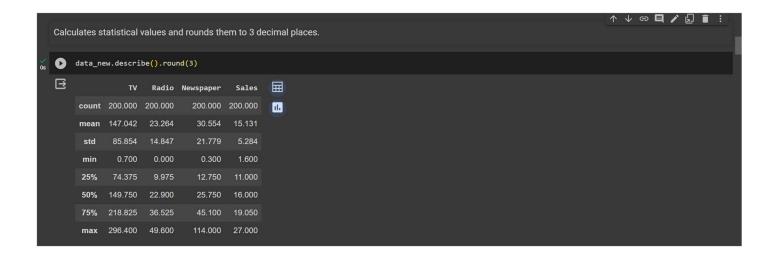
> Step-2 – Loading the dataset as csv file and showing first ten rows.



> <u>Step-3</u> – Drop the unnecessary columns from dataset.



> Step-4 – Calculate statistical values and round them up to 3 decimal places.



> <u>Step-5</u> — Checking for null values and return their sum of numbers of true values in each column.

```
Mark null values as True and returns sum of number of True values in each column

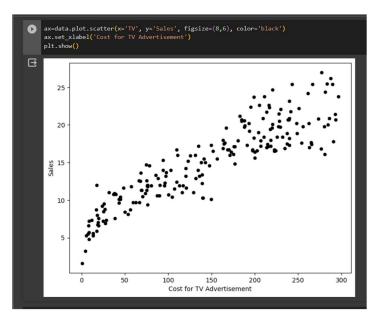
TV 0
Radio 0
Newspaper 0
Sales 0
dtype: int64
```

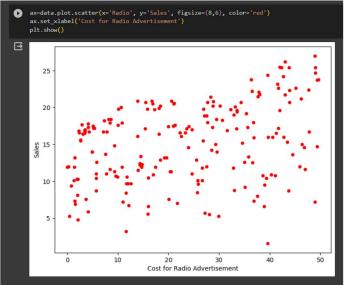
> <u>Step-6</u> – Extracting all information about data.

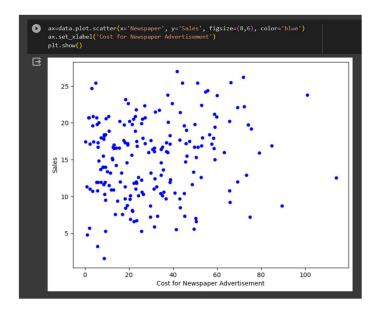
> Step-7 — Checking shape of data.



> <u>Step-8</u> — Visualization of <u>Sales by different source of Advertisement cost</u> using Python data visualization.







> Step-9 – Splitting the cleaned data into dependent and independent variables.



> <u>Step-10</u> – Splitting the data into train and test sets with train_test_split using sklearn library.

```
Deviding the cleaned data into training and testing sets.

[ ] from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,train_size=0.8)
```

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> <u>Step-11</u> – Import first regression model 'Linear Regression'.

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creating first Machine Learning Model 'Linear Regression'.

[ ] from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
linear=LinearRegression()
```

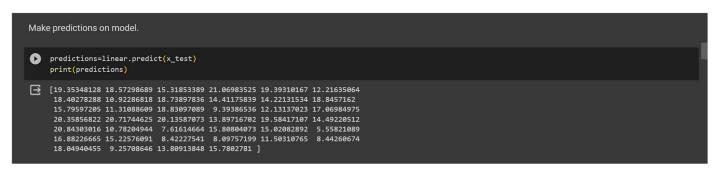
> Step-12 - Train the model using .fit() function.

```
Train the model.

[ ] linear.fit(x_train,y_train)

* LinearRegression
LinearRegression()
```

> <u>Step-13</u> – Make predictions on model.

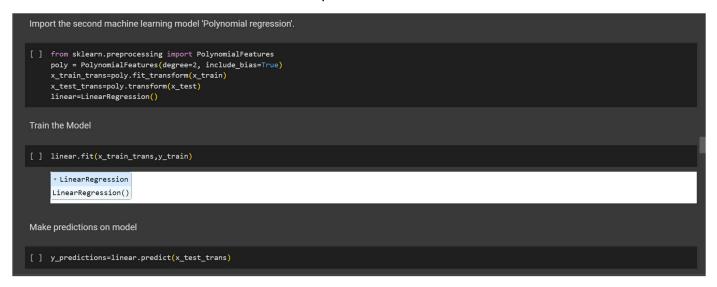


> Step-14 – Check the accuracy of model by r2 score.



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Step-15 – Import the Second Machine Learning Model Polynomial Regression and train model and then make prediction.



> Step-16 - Check the accuracy of model by r2 score.



➤ <u>Step-17</u> — Import the Third Machine Learning Model Support Vector Regressor and train model and then make prediction.



> Step-18 — Check the accuracy score.



Conclusion — In this project, we have demonstrated in detail how to apply linear regression, polynomial regression and support vector regressor model for predicting sales from data of spend cost for advertising. By carefully selecting the right variables, preparing and cleaning the data, and selecting an appropriate regression models, businesses can accurately predict sales from advertising cost ads.

project analysis resulted in a good R-squared value of 0.87100, 0.93144 and 0.89639 respectively, which indicates that the linear regression model has a decent fit for the data and gave 87%, 93% and 89% accuracy respectively. This level of accuracy can provide businesses with valuable insights into the effectiveness of their advertising campaigns and enable them to make informed decisions about how to allocate their resources.

