

### ASSIGNMENT - 4

1. 
$$\iint_S (x+z) dy dz + (y+z) dx dz + (x+y) dx dy$$

$$= \int_S ((x+z)\hat{i} + (y+z)\hat{j} + (x+y)\hat{k}) \cdot (dy dz \hat{i} + dx dz \hat{j} + dx dy \hat{k})$$

$$= \boxed{\iint_S \vec{A} \cdot d\vec{S}}$$

By GDT,

$$\iint_S \vec{A} \cdot d\vec{S} = \iiint_V \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A} dV$$

$$= \iiint_V \vec{\nabla} \cdot ((x+z)\hat{i} + (y+z)\hat{j} + (x+y)\hat{k}) dx dy dz$$

$$= \iiint_V (2) dx dy dz$$

$$= \boxed{2V}$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3 = \frac{4}{3} \pi \times 2^3 = \frac{32}{3} \pi$$

$$\therefore \boxed{2V = \frac{64\pi}{3}}$$



2.

$$\oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{a} = \iint_S (\nabla \times \vec{F}) \cdot d\vec{S}$$

$$d\vec{S} = dx dy \hat{k}$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{F} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ 2y^2 & 3x^2 & -(2xz) \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore (\nabla \times \vec{F}) \cdot d\vec{S} &= \left( \frac{\partial (3x^2)}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial (2xz)}{\partial y} \right) dx dy \\ &= (6x - 4y) dx dy \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \iint_S (6x - 4y) dx dy = \iint_S$$

$$\therefore \int_0^2 \int_0^2 (6x - 4y) dx dy = \int_0^2 [(12 - 8y) + (y^2)] dy$$

$$= \int_0^2 (3x^2 - 4yx) dy$$

$$= \int_0^2 (3y^2 - 4y^2) dy$$

$$= \int_0^2 -y^2 dy$$

$$= -\frac{y^3}{3} \Big|_0^2 = -\frac{8}{3}$$

$$= \frac{y^3}{3} - 4y^2 + 12y \Big|_0^2$$

$$= \frac{8}{3} - 16 + 24$$

$$= \frac{8}{3} + 8 = \frac{32}{3}$$

$$3x^2 - 4yz$$



$$3. \quad \vec{F} = xy\hat{i} + (4x-yz)\hat{j} + (xy-\sqrt{z})\hat{k}$$

$$\oint \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{a} = \iint_S (\nabla \times \vec{F}) \cdot d\vec{s}$$

$$\hat{n} \cdot d\vec{s} = \frac{\nabla \cdot (x+y+z)}{|\nabla (x+y+z)|}$$

$$= \frac{i+j+k}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$d\vec{s} = \frac{dx dy}{|\hat{n} \cdot \hat{k}|} \hat{n}$$

$$= \frac{dx dy}{1/\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{(i+j+k)}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{F} = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ \partial/\partial x & \partial/\partial y & \partial/\partial z \\ xy & 4x-yz & xy-\sqrt{z} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \hat{i}(x-y) - \hat{j}(y) + \hat{k}(z)$$

$$\therefore (\nabla \times \vec{F}) \cdot d\vec{s} = (x-y) - y + x$$

$$= \hat{i}(x-y) - \hat{j}(y) + \hat{k}(4-x)$$

$$\therefore (\nabla \times \vec{F}) \cdot d\vec{s} = (x-y-y+4-x) dx dy = 4 dx dy = \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times \text{Area}$$

$$\therefore \iint_S (\nabla \times \vec{F}) \cdot d\vec{s} = 4 \times A = \frac{4 \times \pi a^2}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{4\pi a^2}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\boxed{a = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}$$



$$4. \quad \vec{F} = x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} + z^2\hat{k}$$

$$\oint \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{z} = \iiint_V (\nabla \cdot \vec{F}) dV$$

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla \cdot \vec{F} &= 1 + 1 + 2z \\ &= 2(1+z) \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \iiint_V 2(1+z) dV$$

$$I = 2 \left[ \underbrace{\iiint_V dV}_{I_1} + \underbrace{\iiint_V z dV}_{I_2} \right]$$

$$I_1 = V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3 = \frac{4}{3} \pi$$

$$I_2 = \iiint_V z dV = \int_0^\pi \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 (r \cos \theta) (r^2 \sin \theta dr d\phi d\theta)$$

$$= \pi \int_0^\pi \int_0^{2\pi} r^3 \sin 2\theta dr d\theta$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{4} \int_0^\pi \sin 2\theta d\theta$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{4} \left[ -\frac{\cos 2\theta}{2} \right]_0^\pi$$

$$= \boxed{0}$$

$$\therefore I = 2 \left[ \frac{4}{3} \pi + 0 \right] = \boxed{\frac{8\pi}{3}}$$



$$5. \oint_C (-y dx + x dy) : \rightarrow$$

$$M = -y$$

$$N = x$$

$$\oint (M dx + N dy) = \iint \left( \frac{\partial N}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial M}{\partial y} \right) dy dx$$

$$= \iint (1 - (-1)) dy dx$$

$$= 2 \iint dy dx$$

$$= 2 \times \text{Area} = 2 \times 1$$

$$= \cancel{2 \times 1} = \boxed{2}$$

(~~l & b are length & breadth of rectangle~~)