

Quiz 2

ME2110: Solid Mechanics/ID 1160: Solid Mechanics-I

August-October-December, 2021

~~22nd~~ 24th September 2021

Time: ~~10:00-10:50 am~~ 12:00-12:50 pm

Maximum Marks: 15

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- All questions are compulsory; use notation employed in the class; state your assumptions clearly.
 - Upload a **single** pdf (no other format is allowed) with scanned/photographed solution in the Google Classroom at **12:50 pm**.
 - Write your name, roll number, and signature on every page.
 - If the solution(s) of a submission is(are) found to be copied, even partially, from other submission(s)/sources, **the answer sheet would not be returned. The student would also be not allowed to continue the course.**
 - You may refer to your own class notes while attempting this quiz.
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1. Consider two circular bars, Bar A and Bar B, with a distance of δ between them as shown in the Fig. 1. The coefficient for thermal expansion of the bars A and B are α_A and α_B

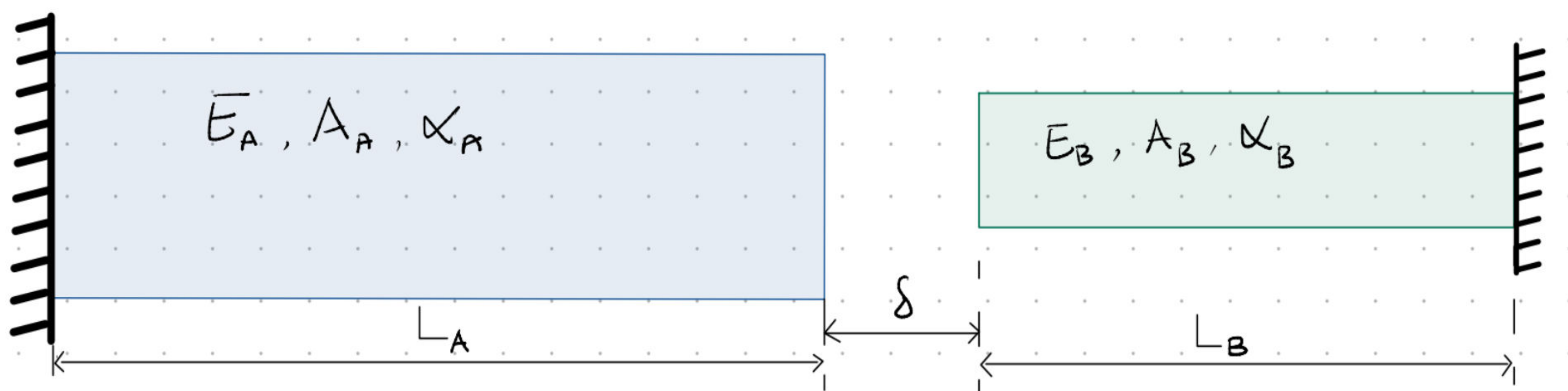


Figure 1

respectively. Their other mechanical parameters and properties are given in the figure. By assuming,

$$\Delta T > 0,$$

$$\alpha_A L_A + \alpha_B L_B \geq \frac{\delta}{\Delta T}, \quad (1.1)$$

find the normal stress developed in Bar A and change in length of Bar B for a change in temperature ΔT .

- State the importance of the assumption given by Eq. 1.1. (1 point)
- Identification of the unknowns (0.5 point)
- Equations required to solve the unknowns (1.5 points)
- Normal stress in the Bar B (1 point)
- Change in the length of the Bar B (1 point)

2. A uniform steel bar shown in Fig. 2 has a modulus of elasticity, $E = 180 \text{ GPa}$, and a coefficient of thermal expansion, $\alpha = 10 \times 10^{-6} / ^\circ \text{C}$.

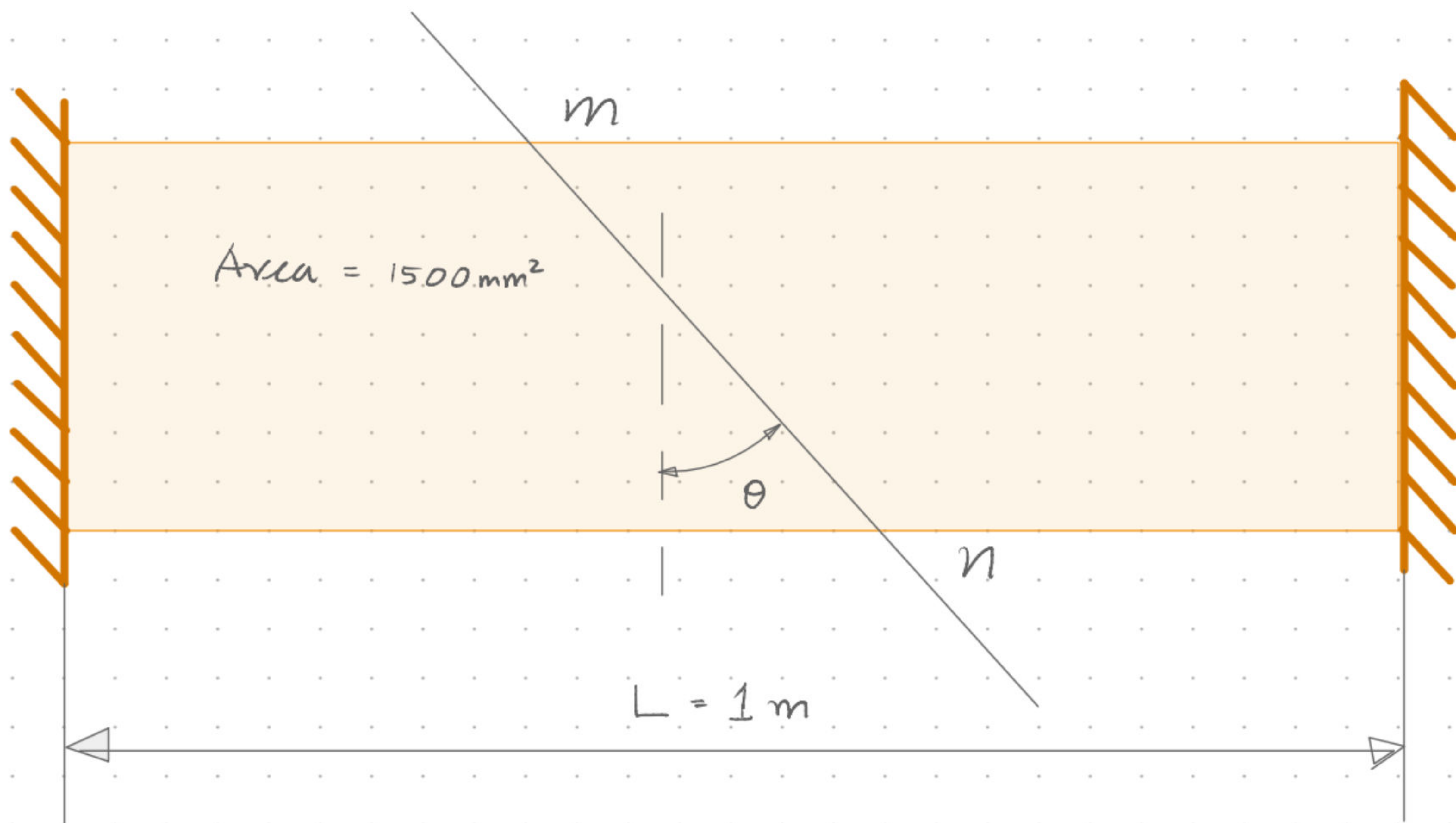


Figure 2

- a) It goes through a temperature rise of 40°C . If the shear stress, τ_θ on the plane mn is -20 MPa , find the compressive stress, σ_θ on the plane and the inclination, θ , of the plane.

- Relevant equations - 1 point, θ - 1 point, σ_θ - 0.5 point

- b) If

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{allowable}} &= 70 \text{ MPa}, \\ \tau_{\text{allowable}} &= 32 \text{ MPa},\end{aligned}\tag{1.2}$$

find the permissible temperature change for this bar.

- Relevant calculations - 2 points, ΔT - 0.5 point

3. Do you agree with the following? Justify your answer in a sentence or two.

- The work done by a gradually applied (quasi-static) load reaching a maximum value of P on a prismatic bar resulting in a maximum elongation δ , is $P\delta$. (1 point)
- The relation for the maximum strain in a circular shaft, $\gamma_{\text{max}} = r \frac{d\phi}{dx}$, is valid for nonlinear materials too. (1 point)
- A bar of length 1.5 times its width and area (A) is subjected to a concentrated load (P) at its end. Then the normal stress developed at a cross-section is uniform and has a magnitude of $\sigma = \frac{P}{A}$. (1 point)
- A bar in a uniaxial loading cannot fail in shear. (1 point)
- A bar can develop strain while having zero normal stress due to thermal expansion. (1 point)

- No points to be awarded without justification