Programming Assignment 3

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1 Sudoku Solver using CSP

1.1 Description

A Sudoku Solver was implemented using CSP. The base class SudokuSolver creates a Collection of unassigned variables while parsing the input lines. In case of BS the collection is made into LinkedList and every time a new Variable is taken from the front of the list and then if the solver backtracks, the variable is added back to front of the list. In case of BSI it is made into a HashSet for constant time removal after selection of a suitable Variable from the set compared according to MRV heuristic, i.e. the one with the least consistent values (tie broken with comparing degreess.). In case of BSII the legal/consistent values are first collected into a List and then sorted according to the one which allows most values for all unassigned neighbours (related variables). In case of BSMAC domains are also explicitly introduced in form of Set<Integer>>, after every Variable is assigned some value, arc-consistency is maintained and if some domain gets reduced to ϕ , the solver backtracks otherwise we now work with reduced domains.

1.2 Observations

After implementing the three heuristics; the time, number of backtracks and memory utilization were observed:

Metrics	BS	BSI	BSII	BSMAC
Time (seconds)	40.244	13.097	14.329	21.809
Backtracks	227,502,770	370,626	364,783	159,498

We can see that each heuristic makes the total backtracks quite less but in case of BSII and BSMAC, the added cost of calculating heuristic takes more time.

2 Sudoku Solver using MiniSAT

A Sudoku Solver was implemented which converts the constraints in the Sudoku to the following binary constraints.

2.1 Constraints

• Every cell cannot have two different values at the same time that is

$$\forall (i,j) \in \{0,1,\dots 9\}^2$$

$$[\neg(\operatorname{grid}(i,j)=k \land \operatorname{grid}(i,j)=k') \forall k,k' \in \{1,2,\dots 9\} \text{ and } k \neq k']$$

• Every cell must have at least one value out of 1 to 9 that is

$$\forall (i,j) \in \{0,1,\dots 9\}^2 \left[\bigvee_{k=1}^9 \operatorname{grid}(i,j) = k \right]$$

• Two cells in same row or column or box can't have same values

$$\forall (i,j) \in \{0,1,\dots 9\}^2 \ \forall (i',j') \in \{0,1,\dots 9\}^2$$

$$\left[(i,j) \neq (i',j') \land \left(i = i' \lor j = j' \lor \left(\left\lfloor \frac{i}{3} \right\rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{i'}{3} \right\rfloor \land \left\lfloor \frac{j}{3} \right\rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{j'}{3} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right]$$

$$\implies \left[\forall k \in \{1,2,\dots 9\} \neg \left(\operatorname{grid}(i,j) = k \land \operatorname{grid}(i',j') = k \right) \right]$$

2.2 Working

Now we can encode each constraint in this way:

$$grid(i, j) = k \longrightarrow X_{81i+9i+k}$$

The code encodes these from the input files and then decodes back the X_i 's that are true and fills the grid based on these and then gets a solution.