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Subject: Computer Graphics.

① Algorithm for DDA line drawing.

Step 1: Start

Step 2: Declare $x_1, y_1, x_0, y_0, dx, dy, x, y, steps$ as integers. ~~dx, dy, x, y~~ as float.

Step 3: Enter ~~x_1, y_1, x_0, y_0~~ values.

Step 4: Calculate $dx = x_1 - x_0$

Step 5: Calculate $dy = y_1 - y_0$

Step 6: If $ABS(dx) > ABS(dy)$, then
 $step = abs(dx)$

Else

Step 7:
 $x_{inc} = dx / step$
 $y_{inc} = dy / step$
assign $x = x_0$
" $y = y_0$

Step 8: set pixels (x, y)

Step 9: $x = x + x_{inc}$

$y = y + y_{inc}$

set pixels $(\text{Round}(x), \text{Round}(y))$

Step 10: Repeat Step 9 until $x = x_1$

Step 11: End

Program:

```
#include <graphic.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>

void main()
{
    int gd = DETECT, gm, i;
    float int x0, x1, y0, y1;
    float dx, dy, x, y, steps;
    initgraph (&gd, &gm, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
    setbkcolor(WHITE);
    x0 = 100, y0 = 200;
    x1 = 500, y1 = 300;
    dx = (float)(x1 -
    dx = x1 - x0;
    dy = y1 - y0;
    if (dx >= dy)
    {
        steps = dx;
    }
    else
    {
```

steps = dy

}

dx = dx / steps;

dy = dy / steps;

x = x0

y = y0

i = 1;

while (i <= steps)

{ putpixels (x, y, RED)

x + = dx

y + = dy

i = i + 1

}

getch ();

closegraph ();

}

