

Name - Rishabh Kadyan

Roll no. - 1121110 (29)

Class - BCA 6 B

Subject - Computer Graphics.

```
Ans 1. #include <stdio.h>
#include <graphics.h>
#include <dos.h>
#include <conio.h>
void floodfill (int x, int y, int old, int newcol)
{
    int current;
    current = getpixel(x, y);
    if (current == old)
    {
        delay(5);
        putpixel(x, y, newcol);
        floodfill(x+1, y, old, newcol);
        floodfill(x-1, y, old, newcol);
        floodfill(x, y+1, old, newcol);
        floodfill(x, y-1, old, newcol);
        floodfill(x+1, y+1, old, newcol);
        floodfill(x-1, y+1, old, newcol);
        floodfill(x+1, y-1, old, newcol);
        floodfill(x-1, y-1, old, newcol);
    }
}

void main()
{
```

Rishabh

```
int gd = DETECT, gm;  
initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");  
rectangle(50, 50, 150, 150);  
floodfill(70, 70, 0, 15);  
getch();  
closegraph();  
}
```

Algorithm

Algorithm

Step 1 - Initialize the value of seed point ($seedx$, $seedy$), $fcolor$ and $dcol$

Step 2 - Define the boundary values of polygon.

Step 3 - Check if the current seed point is of default color ~~ca~~ then repeat the steps 4 and 5 till the boundary pixels reached.

If get pixel $(x, y) = dcol$ then repeat step 4 and 5

Step 4 - Change the default color with the fill color at the seed point.

Set Pixel ($seedx$, $seedy$, $fcol$)

Step 5 - Recursively follow the procedure with four neighbourhood points.

Flood Fill ($seedx - 1$, $seedy$, $fcol$, $dcol$)

Flood Fill ($seedx + 1$, $seedy$, $fcol$, $dcol$)

Flood Fill ($seedx$, $seedy - 1$, $fcol$, $dcol$)

Flood Fill ($seedx$, $seedy + 1$, $fcol$, $dcol$)

Rishabh

Algorithm

Flood Fill (seed $x-1$, seed $y+1$, fcol, dcol)
Flood Fill (seed $x+1$, seed $y+1$, fcol, dcol)
Flood Fill (seed $x+1$, seed $y-1$, fcol, dcol)
Flood Fill (seed $x-1$, seed $y-1$, fcol, dcol)

Step 6 - Exit.

