

Ans 2 →

Mid Point Circle Drawing Algorithm :

Step 1 → Start

Step 2 → Assign the starting point coordinates (x_0, y_0) as →

- $x_0 = 0$
- $y_0 = R$

● Step 3 → Calculate the value of initial decision parameter P_0 as →

$$P_0 = 1 - R$$

Step 4 → Suppose the current point is (x_k, y_k) and the next point is (x_{k+1}, y_{k+1})

Case 1 → $x_{k+1} = x_k + 1$
($P_k < 0$)

$$y_{k+1} = y_k$$

$$P_{k+1} = P_k + 2 * x_{k+1} + 1$$

Case 2 → $x_{k+1} = x_k + 1$
($P_k \geq 0$)

$$y_{k+1} = y_k - 1$$

$$P_{k+1} = P_k - 2 * y_{k+1} + 2 * x_{k+1} + 1$$

Step 5 \rightarrow If the given centre point (x_c, y_c) is not $(0, 0)$ then do the following & plot the point \rightarrow

- $x_{plot} = x_c + x_0$

- $y_{plot} = y_c + y_0$

Step 6 \rightarrow keep repeating step 4 and step 5 until $x_{plot} \geq y_{plot}$

Step 7 \rightarrow Step 6 generates all the points for one octant.

To find the points for other seven octants follow the eight symmetry property of circle.

Step 8 \rightarrow End

Program \Rightarrow

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <graphics.h>
```

```
void drawcircle ( int x0, int y0, int radius )
```

```
{  
    int x = radius ;
```

```
    int y = 0 ;
```

```
    int err = 0 ;
```

```
    while ( x >= y )
```

```
    {
```

```
        putpixel ( x0 + x, y0 + y, 7) ;
```

```
        putpixel ( x0 + y, y0 + x, 7) ;
```

```
        putpixel ( x0 - y, y0 + x, 7) ;
```

```
        putpixel ( x0 - x, y0 + y, 7) ;
```

```
        putpixel ( x0 - x, y0 - y, 7) ;
```

```
        putpixel ( x0 - y, y0 - x, 7) ;
```

```
        putpixel ( x0 + y, y0 - x, 7) ;
```

```
        putpixel ( x0 + x, y0 - y, 7) ;
```

```
    if ( err <= 0 )
```

```
    {  
        y + = 1 ;
```

```
        err + = 2 * y + 1 ;
```

```
    }
```

```
if (err > 0)
```

```
{  
    x-- = 1;
```

```
    err -= 2 * x + 1;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
int main ()
```

```
{  
    int gd = DETECT, gm, err, x, y, r;
```

```
    initgraph (&gd, &gm, " ");
```

```
    printf ("Enter radius of circle : ");
```

```
    scanf ("%d", &r);
```

```
    printf ("Enter coordinates of center (x, y) : ");
```

```
    scanf ("%d %d", &x, &y);
```

```
    drawcircle (x, y, r);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```


NeuTroN DOS-C++ 0.77, Cpu speed: max 100% cycles, Frameskip 0, Program:

Enter radius of circle: 100

Enter co-ordinates of center(x and y): 150
150

