

Name - Sumit Singh Rawat

Course - BCA 6C

University roll no - 1121150

Subject name - Computer Graphics
Lab

Paper code - PBC 602

Q2

Source code

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <graphics.h>
```

```
void drawCircle (int x0, int y0, int radius)  
{
```

```
    int x = radius
```

```
    int y = 0;
```

```
    int err = 0;
```

```
    while (x >= y)
```

```
    {
```

```
        putpixel (x0 + x, y0 + y, 7);
```

```
        putpixel (x0 + y, y0 + x, 7);
```

```
        putpixel (x0 - y, y0 + x, 7);
```

```
        putpixel (x0 - x, y0 + y, 7);
```

```
        putpixel (x0 - x, y0 - y, 7);
```

Sumit

```
put_pixel (x0 - y, y0 - x, z);
```

```
put_pixel (x0 + y, y0 - x, z);
```

```
put_pixel (x0 + x, y0 - y, z);
```

```
if (err <= 0)
```

```
{
```

```
    y + = 1;
```

```
    err + = 2 * y + 1
```

```
}
```

```
if (err > 0)
```

```
{
```

```
    x - = 1;
```

```
    err - = 2 * x + 1;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
int main ()
```

```
{
```

```
    int gdriver = DETECT, gmode, error, x, y, r;
```

```
    printf ("Enter radius of circle: "); scanf ("%d", &r);
```

Sumit

```
printf ("Enter co-ordinates of center (x and y):")  
scanf ("%f %f", &x, &y);  
initgraph (&gdriver, &gmode, "");  
drawcircle (x, y, r);  
delay (9999999);  
return 0;  
}
```

Submit

Algorithm

Procedure

Centre of circle = (x_0, y_0)

Radius of circle = R

Step 1 - Assign the starting point co-ordinates (x_0, y_0)

$$x_0 = 0$$

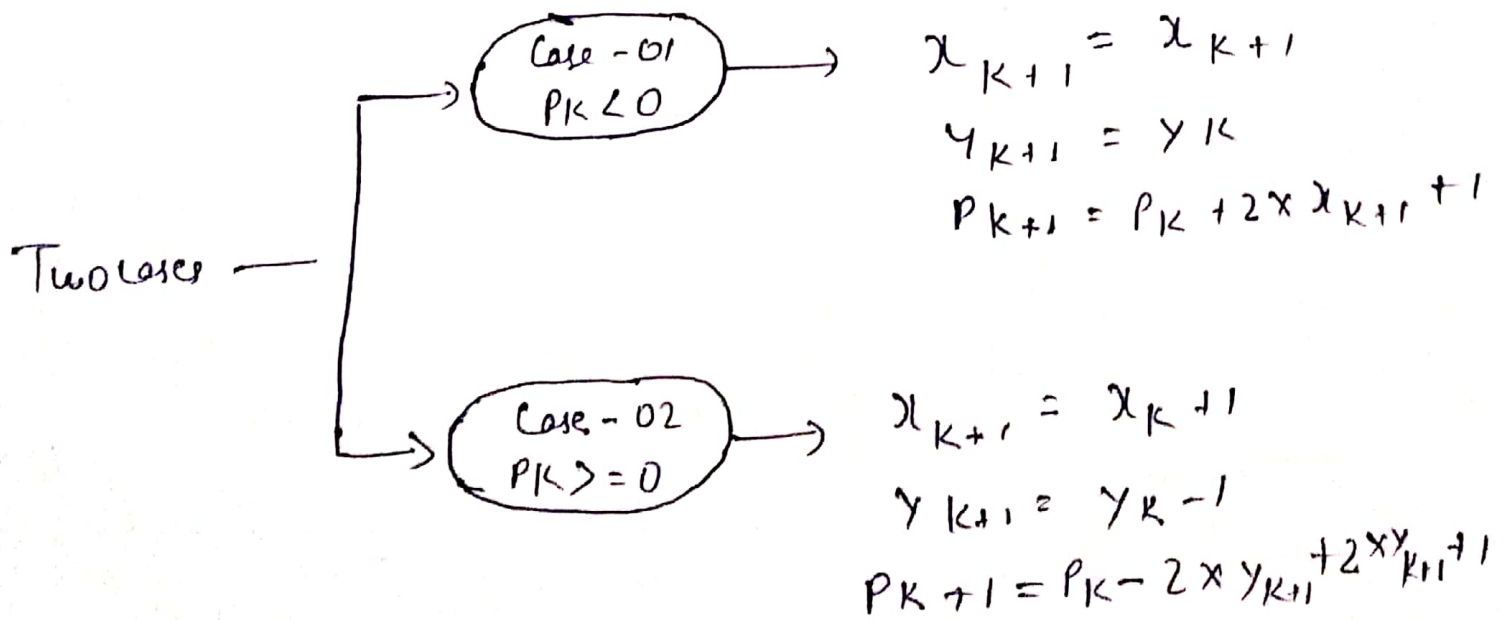
$$y_0 = R$$

Step 2 ÷ Calculate the value of initial decision P_0 as

$$P_0 = 1 - R$$

Step 3 ÷ Suppose the current point is (x_k, y_k) and the next point as (x_{k+1}, y_{k+1})

Find the next ~~points~~ point the first octant depending on the value of decision parameter P_k follow the below two cases



Step 4 -

If the given centre point (x_0, y_0) is not $(0, 0)$
then do the following and plot the point -

$$x_{\text{plot}} = x_0 + y_0$$

$$y_{\text{plot}} = y_0 + y_0$$

Step 5 - Keep repeating step - 3 and step 4 until

$$x_{\text{plot}} \geq y_{\text{plot}}$$

Step 6 - Step 5 generates all the points for one
Octant

Sumit