

Components

- 1) Node server
- 2) Dynamo DB
- 3) SQS queue
- 4) Scheduler
- 5) Lambda function
- 6) Payment Webhook

Amazon Flash sale Architecture -!

Node.js app → User will place an order using "/order" API

→ Based on the inventory stock count it will place / reject the order and store the details in **DynamoDB**.

→ If payment successful the ~~the~~ order details will go to **SQS Queue**

→ Now for every successful order in the SQS queue a different application will fetch these orders from SQS queue and will process the post-order processing, which we should not bother at this point, as our main concern is to book as many order as possible, we should not worry about post-order process.

SO HAPPY CASE IS SORTED

Handling failed and Pending Cases

- 1) Failed case is straightforward, after payment request failed just mark the status 5 (Failed)
- 2) Pending Case: If payment request is pending
↓
A scheduler will run every 2 mins, to find pending orders
↓
if pending order created > 2 mins
 ↳ Mark status -4 (Rejected timeout)
 ↳ Restore inventory
- 3) Payment Gateway Webhook / Callback
! -- On payment Success:
 |-- If order status 1 (Pending) \Rightarrow Push to SAS
 |-- If order status 4 (timed-out) \Rightarrow initiate a refund
 |-- if already processed \Rightarrow ignore

--- On Payment Failed:
 -- Mark it failed and restore inventory