Assignment 1 Report

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1 Line Count

Figure 1 shows the line count result when the code is run on the local system. The count is **58,483**.

```
Line Count — bash — 151×47

[(gbif_species_trainer) Adityas-MacBook-Air:Line Count adityajain$ cat shakespeare.txt | python mapper.py | sort | python reducer.py

line 58483
[(gbif_species_trainer) Adityas-MacBook-Air:Line Count adityajain$ ||
```

Figure 1: Result on local machine

Figure 2 shows the launch of DFS and YARN daemons.

```
|(base) Adityas-MacBook-Air:sbin adityajain$ ./start-dfs.sh && ./start-yarn.sh

Starting namenodes on [localhost]

Starting datanodes

Starting secondary namenodes [Adityas-MacBook-Air.local]

2023-01-26 11:35:51,106 WARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applicable

Starting resourcemanager

Starting resourcemanager
```

Figure 2: Start DFS and YARN daemon

Figure 3 shows the screenshot of MapReduce task running on the Hadoop platform.

```
pomentificiacioum/mapper.py - sapper 'system mapper.py' -file / Uners/aditysis/Orophos/NorT_Studies/MIES/EAS/Assignmentification mapper.py' - injust inputrax - output outlines 222-22-2-22 inide.job Municular Studies of the process of the process
```

Figure 3: MapReduce task on Hadoop

Figure 4 shows the result of MapReduce task, which is again **58,483**.

```
(base) Adityas-MacBook-Air:hadoop-3.3.0 adityajain$ bin/hdfs dfs -cat outLines/part-00000
2023-01-26 11:46:40,751 WARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applicable
line 58483
```

Figure 4: MapReduce task result

2 K-means clustering

Figure 5 shows the launch of DFS and YARN daemons. Figure 6 and figure 7 shows Hadoop running k-means for 3 and 6 clusters respectively.

```
[qbif_species_trainer) Adityas-Air:sbin adityajain$ ./start-dfs.sh && ./start-yarn.sh
Starting namenodes on [localhost]
Starting datanodes
Starting sacondary namenodes [Adityas-Air.ht.home]
2022-091-31 [21:35:46,092 WARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native—hadoop library for your platform... using builtin—java classes where applicable
Starting resourcemanager
Starting neodemanagers
Starting neodemanagers
Starting neodemanagers
(qbif_species_trainer) Adityas-Air:sbin adityajain$ jps
5790 Jps
2790 Jps
4790 Jps
47
```

Figure 5: Start DFS and YARN daemon

```
Total megabyte-milliseconds taken by all map tasks=83367936

Total megabyte-milliseconds taken by all reduce tasks=6739768

Map-Reduce Framework

Map output records=000000

Map output precords=0000000

Map output materialized bytes=15392011

Input split bytes=13392083

Amp output precords=0

Combine output records=0

Reduce input group=3

Reduce input group=3

Reduce input group=3

Reduce input group=3

Reduce output records=0

Solield Records=1090906

Shuffled Maps =2

Failed Shuffles=0

Merged Map outputs=2

GC time elapsed (ms)=69

CPU time spent (ms)=6

Physical memory (bytes) snapshot=0

Physic
```

Figure 6: Running of k-means with MapReduce for k=3

The final cluster centroids for k=3 are:

• Centroid 1: 9.95, 15.10

• Centroid 2: 50.00, 30.10

• Centroid 3: 35.00, 1.78

The final cluster centroids for k=6 are:

• Centroid 1: 49.22, 38.41

• Centroid 2: 9.80, 12.86

• Centroid 3: 10.54, 21.73

• Centroid 4: 34.83, 1.42

• Centroid 5: 46.79, 18.97

• Centroid 6: 50.44, 29.55

```
Total megabyte-milliseconds taken by all reduce tasks=6391696

Map-Reduce Framework

Map input records=1808080

Map output records=1808080

Map output bytes=13392083

Map output bytes=13392083

Map output materialized bytes=15392011

Input split bytes=23

Combine input records=1808080

Map output records=1808080

Combine input records=1808080

Reduce shuffle bytes=15392011

Reduce shuffle bytes=15392011

Reduce shuffle bytes=15392011

Reduce input records=0999998

Reduce output records=0999998

Reduce output records=0999996

Shuffled Maps =2

Failed Shuffles=0

Marged Map output=2

Co time elapsed (ms)=88

Ophytes bytes by
```

Figure 7: Running of k-means with MapReduce for k=6

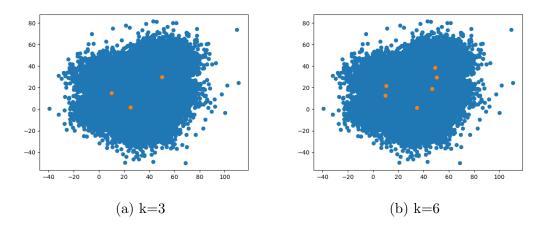


Figure 8: Cluster centroids superimposed over raw data points.

Number of clusters (k)	Standard k-means	k-means with MapReduce
3	171 sec, 4 iterations	15 sec, 5 iterations
6	500 sec, 7 iterations	40 sec, 7 iterations

Table 1: Time and iteration comparison between the two methods.

Figure 8 shows the clustering result using k-means with MapReduce. Table 1 shows the time and iteration comparison for the two methods of implementing k-means.

As seen in table 1, the advantage of implementing k-means clustering with MapReduce is of significant reduction in computation time. However, MapReduce stores all intermediate results on the disk which takes up a lot of disk space and can be expensive for large datasets.

3 Canopy Selection Questions

- 1. Yes, we can reduce the comparisons by using the canopy selection method. For the given clustering problem of 2D data points, we can form canopies of points that lie in a given patch on the 2D plane. For example, we will form a canopy for all points lying in the range [0, 5] on the x-axis and [0, 5] on the y-axis. Now, for a centroid in this canopy, only points lying in this patch will be tested for the euclidean distance instead of all the points.
- 2. Yes, we can use canopy selection on MapReduce. The mapper function will be used to create the canopies and the reducer will do the remainder clustering through K-means, Greedy Agglomerative Clustering (GAC), or Expectation-Maximization (EM).
- 3. Yes, we can combine canopy selection with K-means on MapReduce. The mapper function will form the canopies, an intermediate combiner/function will do the cluster assignment within the canopies, and the reducer will perform the averaging to calculate new cluster centroids.