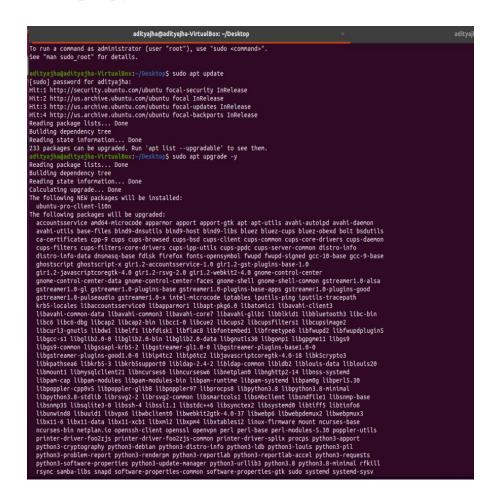
Project Task - Installation of Redmine, you have to setup it onprem with database:

Steps to install Redmine on ubuntu:

1. Update server: Open the terminal and run the below command to update the package lists and upgrade the installed packages.

Command:

sudo apt update sudo apt upgrade -y



2. Set hostname:

Set the hostname by running the below command:

sudo hostnamectl set-hostname ex.example.com

adityajha@adityajha-VirtualBox:-/Desktop\$ sudo hostnamectl set-hostname ex.example.com

sudo nano /etc/hosts

This command opens the '/etc/hosts' file for editing.

```
GNU nano 4.8

127.0.0.1 ex.example.com

127.0.1.1 adityajha-VirtualBox

# The following lines are desirable for IPv6 capable hosts

::1 ip6-localhost ip6-loopback
fe00::0 ip6-localnet
ff00::0 ip6-mcastprefix
ff02::1 ip6-allnodes
ff02::2 ip6-allrouters
```

3. Install Apache Webserver: Run the below command to install Apache Webserver and the Passenger module for Apache, which is used to serve Ruby applications like Redmine.

Command:

sudo apt install apache2 libapache2-mod-passenger -y

```
Running hooks in /etc/ca-certificates/pupdate.d...

done.

artivey/bajes(tysyha-virtualBos:-/Desktop$ sudo apt install apache2 llbapache2-mod-passenger -y
[sudo] passend for aditsyha:

sultion dependency tree

Reading state infornation... Done

He following additional packages will be installed:

apache2-bin apache2-data apache2-utils fonts-lato javascript-common llbapri llbaprutili

llbaprutili-dod-squiteal blapprutili-idge llbaprutili-idge-jupy llbluss.2-0 llbruby2.7 passenger rake

ruby ruby-initiest ruby-net-teiner ruby-poser-assert ruby-rack ruby-test-unit ruby-xnlpc ruby2.7

rubyens-integration

Suggested packages:

apache2-spack-2-bin apache2-data apache2-vuitis fonts-lato javascript-common llbapache2-mod-passenger

llbapri llbaprutili-idge-squites) llbaprutili-idge llbcuris llbjs-jopery llbluss2-0-

llbruby2.7 passenger rake ruby-pub-articlest ruby-poser-assert ruby-rack

ruby-test-unit ruby-xnlpc ruby2.7 rubypess-integration

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```

4. Install MariaDB Server: The below command will install MariaDB Server, enables it to start on boot, and runs the secure installation script to enhance the database security.

Command:

sudo apt install mariadb-server mariadb-client -y

```
roccessing triggers for systemd (245.4-dubuntu3.23) ...

**Citysphapedtypsha-Vtruileox-/BeakingS sudo apt install mariado-server mariado-cilent -y

**Seading package lists...Done

the following additional packages will be installed:

**galera 3 gawk libato: libecj-fast.perl libcql-pn-perl libconfig-intfiles-perl libdbd-mysql-perl

**libdbt-perl libfrq-perl libtht1-template-perl libcq-lon-perl libconfig-intfiles-perl libdbd-mysql-perl

**libdbt-perl libfrq-perl libtht1-template-perl libcq-lon-perl libcq-lon-perl libcq-same-perl

**libdbt-perl libfrq-perl libtht1-perl libnet-daenon-perl libsql-statement-perl libtpc-sharedcache-perl

**nariado-server-core-10.3 socat

**sugpested packages:

**gawk-doc libclone-perl libneth-perl libnet-daenon-perl libsql-statement-perl libtpc-sharedcache-perl

**mariato-server-libtifq-perl libtht1-template-perl librog-lon-perl libsql-statement-perl libtpc-sharedcache-perl

**paler-3 gawk libnoil librgi-fast.perl librg-lon-perl librog-lon-perl libsql-spale-perl

**libdbi-perl librg-iperl librog-lon-perl librog-lon-perl librog-perl librog-perl

**libdbi-perl librg-iperl librog-lon-perl librog-lon-perl librog-lon-perl

**paler-3 gawk libnoil story-fast-perl librog-lon-perl librog-lon-perl

**paler-3 gawk librog-perl librog-lon-perl librog-lon-perl

**paler-3 gawk librog-perl librog-lon-perl librog-lon-perl

**paler-3 gawk librog-perl

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**paler-3 gawk-perl

**paler-3 gawk-perl

**paler-3 gawk-perl

**paler-3 gawk-perl
```

systemctl enable mariadb mysql_secure_installation

```
Processing triggers for libc-bin (2.31-0ubuntu9.14) ...

dityajhagadityajha-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ systemctl enable mariadb

idityajhagadityajha-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ mysql_secure_installation
 IOTE: RUNNING ALL PARTS OF THIS SCRIPT IS RECOMMENDED FOR ALL MariaDB
            SERVERS IN PRODUCTION USE! PLEASE READ EACH STEP CAREFULLY!
In order to log into MariaDB to secure it, we'll need the current
password for the root user. If you've just installed MariaDB, and
you haven't set the root password yet, the password will be blank,
so you should just press enter here.
Enter current password for root (enter for none):
  adityajha@adityajha-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ sudo mysql_secure_installation
  NOTE: RUNNING ALL PARTS OF THIS SCRIPT IS RECOMMENDED FOR ALL Mariable SERVERS IN PRODUCTION USE! PLEASE READ EACH STEP CAREFULLY!
 In order to log into MariaDB to secure it, we'll need the current password for the root user. If you've just installed MariaDB, and you haven't set the root password yet, the password will be blank, so you should just press enter here.
  Enter current password for root (enter for none):
  OK, successfully used password, moving on...
  Setting the root password ensures that nobody can log into the MariaDB root user without the proper authorisation.
  Set root password? [Y/n] Y
  New password:
Re-enter new password:
Password updated successfully!
  Reloading privilege tables..
... Success!
 By default, a MariaDB installation has an anonymous user, allowing anyone to log into MariaDB without having to have a user account created for them. This is intended only for testing, and to make the installation go a bit smoother. You should remove them before moving into a production environment.
  Remove anonymous users? [Y/n] y
    ... Success!
```

5. Create a Database for Redmine:

The following command will connect to the MySQL server, create a database named 'redminedb', grant privileges to a user named 'redmine' with a specified password, and then flush privileges.

Command:

sudo mysql -u root -p CREATE DATABASE redminedb CHARACTER SET utf8mb4; GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON redminedb.* TO 'redmine'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'secure-password'; FLUSH PRIVILEGES; exit;

```
adityajhagadityajha-VirtualBox:-/Desktop$ sudo mysql -u root -p
Enter password:
Welcome to the MariaDB monitor. Commands end with; or \g.
Your MariaDB connection id is 53
Server version: 10.3.39-MariaDB-Oubuntu0.20.04.2 Ubuntu 20.04
Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

MariaDB [(none)]> CREATE DATABASE redminedb CHARACTER SET utf8mb4;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.015 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON redminedb.* TO 'redmine'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'secure-password';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.003 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> exit;
Bye
```

6. Install and Configure Redmine:

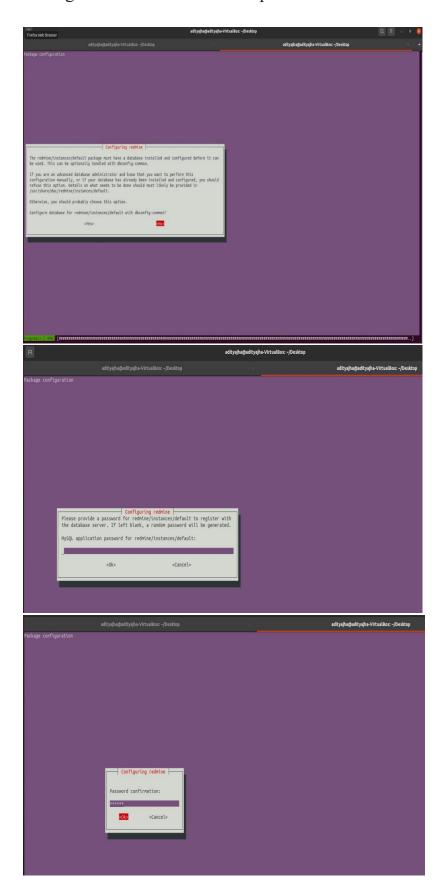
The below command will install Redmine, the MySQL adapter for Redmine, and Bundler (a Ruby gem manager).

Command:

sudo apt install redmine redmine-mysql

```
adityajha@adityajha=VirtualBox:=/Desktop$ sudo apt install redmine redmine-mysql
Reading package lists... Done
Bullding dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
dbconfig-common dbconfig-mysql gsfonts inagemagick-6-common libfftw3-double3 libjs-chart.js
libjs-jquery-ui libjs-raphael liblqr-1-0 libmagickoore-6.qi6-6 ruby-actionable ruby-actionmatler
ruby-actionpack ruby-actionpacks-tub-quiton-eaching ruby-actives-xwn-parser ruby-activement
ruby-actives-yob ruby-activemodel ruby-activer-ecord ruby-activestorage ruby-activesupport
ruby-actives-sable ruby-arel ruby-atonic ruby-bullder ruby-buller ruby-concervary ruby-concurrent
ruby-crass ruby-css-parser ruby-erubi ruby-eventmachine ruby-globalid ruby-hike ruby-hitolatities
ruby-liBm ruby-jquery-rails ruby-loofah bruby-mail-mine ruby-molinilor ruby-molinilor ruby-multi-json ruby-mysql2
ruby-net-http-persistent ruby-net-ldap ruby-rails-ruby-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-dependent-pub-rails-
```

Configure Redmine and set the password:



sudo apt install bundler

```
Setting up ruby-ralls (2:5.2.3+dfsg-3) ...

adityajhagadityajha-VirtvalBox:-/Desktop$ sudo apt install bundler

h[sudo] password for adityajha:
Reading package lists... Done

Building dependency tree

Reading state information... Done

The following additional packages will be installed:
binutils binutils-common binutils-x86-64-linux-gnu build-essential dpkg-dev fakeroot g++ g++-9 gcc
gcc-9 libalgorithm-diff-perl libalgorithm-diff-xs-perl libalgorithm-merge-perl libasan5 libbinutils
libc-dev-bin libc6-dev libcrypt-dev libctf-nobfd0 libctf0 libfakeroot libgcc-9-dev libgmp-dev
libgmpxx4ldbl libitm1 liblsan0 libquadmath0 libstdc++-9-dev libtsan0 libubsan1 linux-libc-dev make
manpages-dev ruby-dev ruby2.7-dev ruby2.7-doc

Suggested packages:
binutils-doc debian-keyring g++-multilib g++-9-multilib gcc-9-doc gcc-multilib autoconf automake
libtool flex bison gcc-doc gcc-9-multilib gcc-9-locales glibc-doc gmp-doc libgmp10-doc libmpfr-dev
libstdc++-9-doc make-doc

The following NEW packages will be installed:
binutils binutils-common binutils-x86-64-linux-gnu build-essential bundler dpkg-dev fakeroot g++
g++-9 gcc gcc-9 libalgorithm-diff-perl libalgorithm-diff-xs-perl libalgorithm-merge-perl libasan5
libbinutils libc-dev-bin libc6-dev libcrypt-dev libctf-nobfd0 libctf0 libfakeroot libgcc-9-dev
libgmp-dev libgmpxx4ldbl libitm1 liblsan0 libquadmath0 libstdc++-9-dev libtsan0 libubsan1
linux-libc-dev make manpages-dev ruby-dev ruby2.7-dev ruby2.7-doc
0 upgraded, 37 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
Need to get 39.5 MB of archives.

After this operation, 197 MB of additional disk space will be used.
```

nano/etc/apache2/mods-available/passenger.conf

Add the following line to the passenger.conf file:

"PassengerDefaultUser www-data"

It will set the default user for the Passenger module to 'www-data'.



In -s /usr/share/redmine/public /var/www/html/redmine
touch /usr/share/redmine/Gemfile.lock
chown www-data:www-data /usr/share/redmine/Gemfile.lock
chown -R www-data:www-data /var/www/html/redmine
this will create a symbolic link, creates a 'Gemfile.lock' file, and sets
ownership for Redmine

```
adityajha@adityajha-VirtualBox:-/Desktop$ sudo nano /etc/apache2/mods-available/passenger.conf
adityajha@adityajha-VirtualBox:-/Desktop$ sudo nano /etc/apache2/mods-available/passenger.conf
notlfier ajha@adityajha-VirtualBox:-/Desktop$ ln -s /usr/share/redmine/public /var/www/html/redmine
.... atled to create symbotic link '/var/www/html/redmine': Permission denied
adityajha@adityajha-VirtualBox:-/Desktop$ sudo ln -s /usr/share/redmine/public /var/www/html/redmine
adityajha@adityajha-VirtualBox:-/Desktop$ sudo chown www-data:www-data/usr/share/redmine/Genfile.lock
adityajha@adityajha-VirtualBox:-/Desktop$ sudo chown -R www-data:www-data /usr/share/redmine
adityajha@adityajha-VirtualBox:-/Desktop$ sudo chown -R www-data:www-data /usr/share/redmine
adityajha@adityajha-VirtualBox:-/Desktop$ sudo chown -R www-data:www-data /usr/www/html/redmine
adityajha@adityajha-VirtualBox:-/Desktop$ sudo chown -R www-data:www-data /usr/www/html/redmine
```

7. Configure Apache for Redmine:

The following command will open the Apache configuration file for Redmine.

Command:

sudo nano /etc/apache2/sites-available/redmine.conf

adityajha@adityajha-VirtualBox:-/Desktop\$ sudo nano /etc/apache2/sites-available/redmine.conf

Add the below text to the file, this will configure Apache to serve Redmine at the specified server and URL path.

<VirtualHost *:80>

ServerAdmin admin@example.com

DocumentRoot /var/www/html/redmine

ServerName ex.example.com

<Directory /var/www/html/redmine>

RailsBaseURI /redmine

PassengerResolveSymlinksInDocumentRoot on

</Directory>

ErrorLog \${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/error.log

CustomLog \${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/access.log combined

</VirtualHost>



8. Enable Redmine site in Apache:

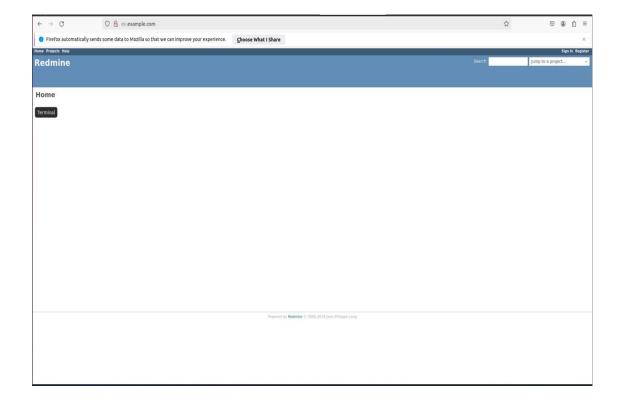
The below command will enable the Redmine site in Apache and restarts Apache to apply the changes.

Command:

sudo a2ensite redmine.conf systemctl restart apache2

```
adityajha@adityajha-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ sudo a2ensite redmine.conf
Enabling site redmine.
To activate the new configuration, you need to run:
    systemctl reload apache2
adityajha@adityajha-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ systemctl restart apache2
```

Now, access the Redmine web interface with "ex.example.com"

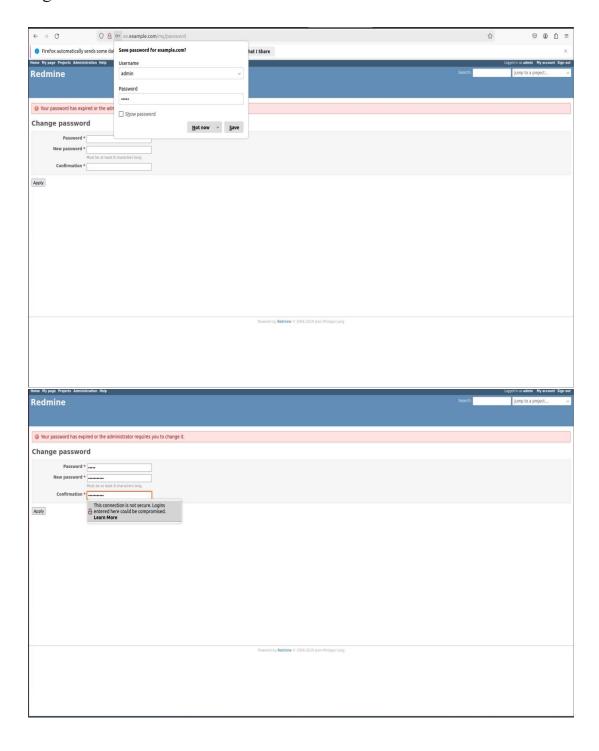


Login details:

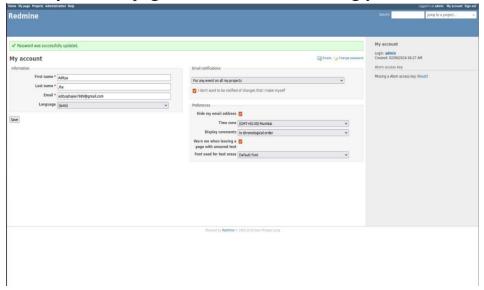
Login:- admin

Password:- admin

This is temporary set the password after it. This will expire after one time login



The My account page: Set the details accordingly and save.

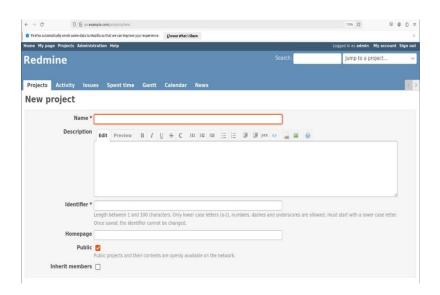


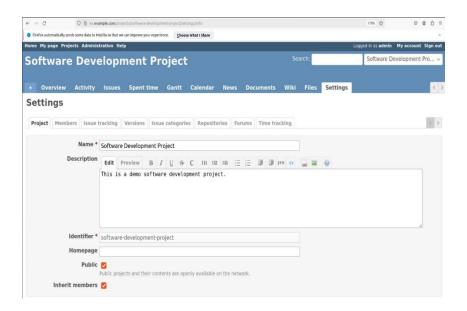
Now, to setup a demo project with users and some demo data:

Step 1: Create Project

- Go to the "Projects" tab.
- Click on "New project."
- Fill in the project details:
 - > Name: Software Development Project
 - > Identifier: software-development
 - ➤ Description: This is a demo software development project.
 - > Status: Active

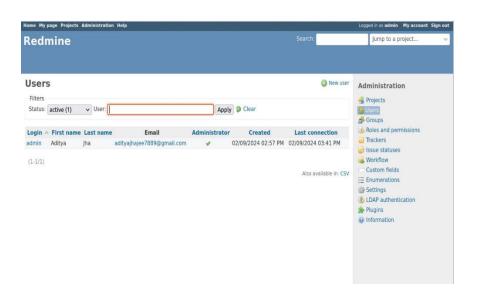
Then, click on "Create





Step 2: Create Users

- Go to the "Administration" tab.
- Click on "Users."
- Click on "New user".



- Add two users:
 - -User 1:

o Login: user1

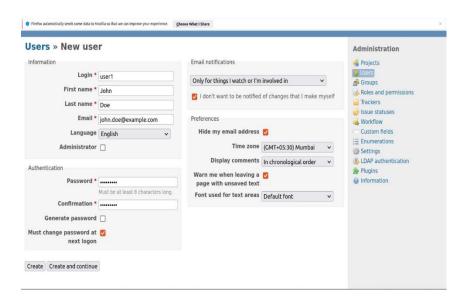
o Password: password1

o First Name: John

o Last Name: Doe

o Mail: john.doe@example.com

Click on "Create and continue"



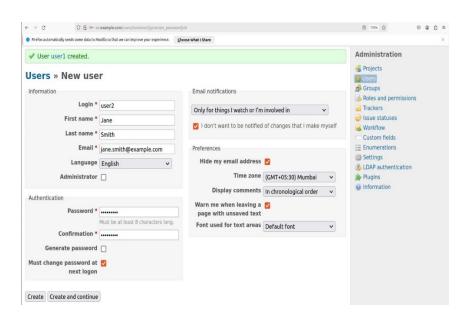
-User 2:

o Login: user2

o Password: password2

First Name: Jane Last Name: Smith

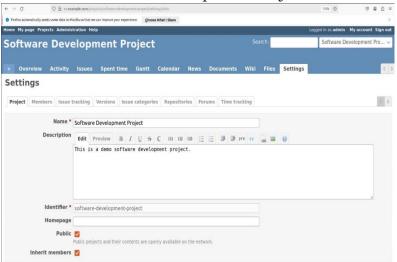
o Mail: jane.smith@example.com



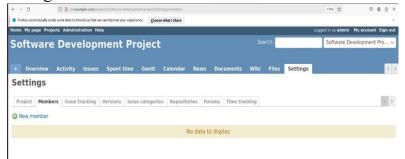
Make sure to check "Must change password" for both users.

Step 3: Assign users to the project:

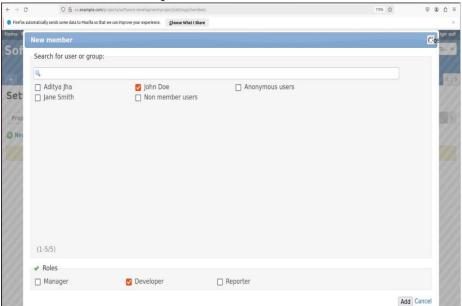
- Go back to the "Projects" tab.
- Click on "Software Development Project."

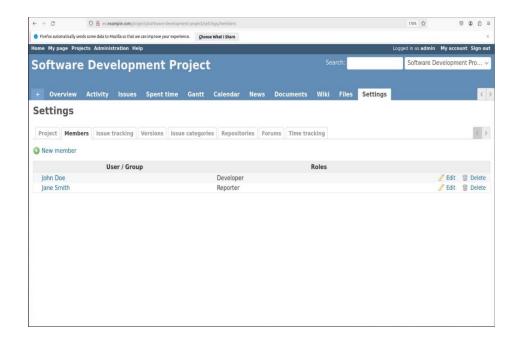


Navigate to the "Members" tab. Click on "New member"



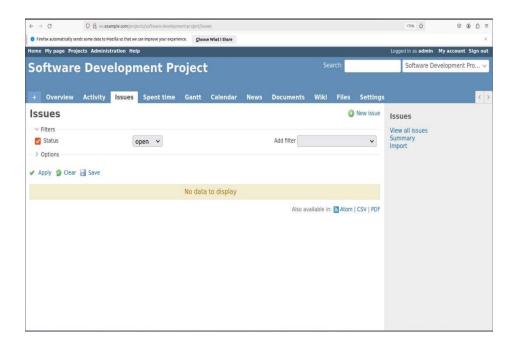
- Add both users to the project:
 - -User 1 with role "Developer."
 - -User 2 with role "Reporter."





Step 4: Create issues:

- Go to the "Issues" tab within the project.
- Click on "New issue."



• Create a few sample issues with various details, such as:

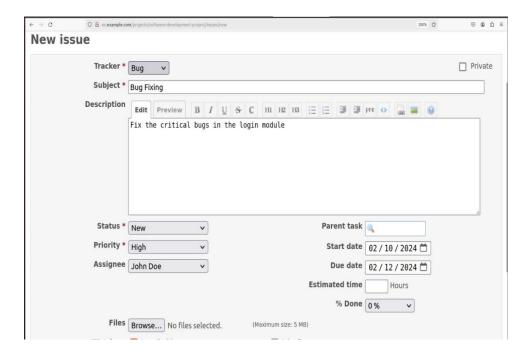
-Subject: Bug Fixing

-Description: Fix the critical bugs in the login module.

-Assignee: User 1(John Doe)

-Priority: High

Click on "Click and continue"



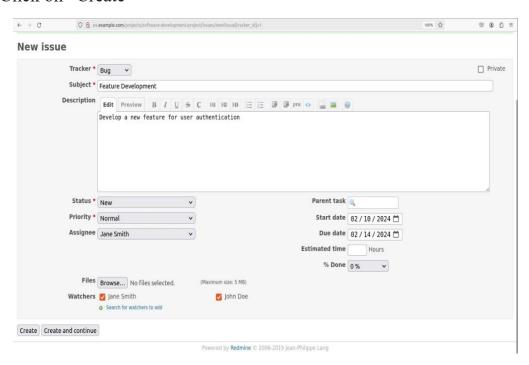
-Subject: Feature Development

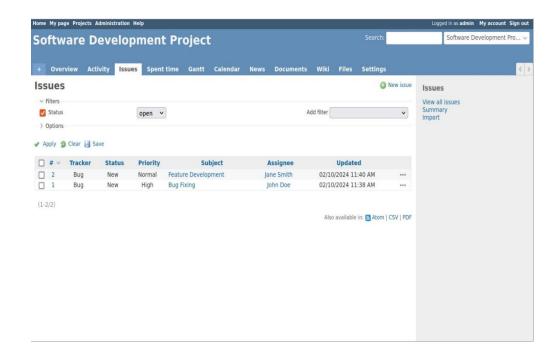
-Description: Develop a new feature for user authentication.

-Assignee: User 2(Jane Smith)

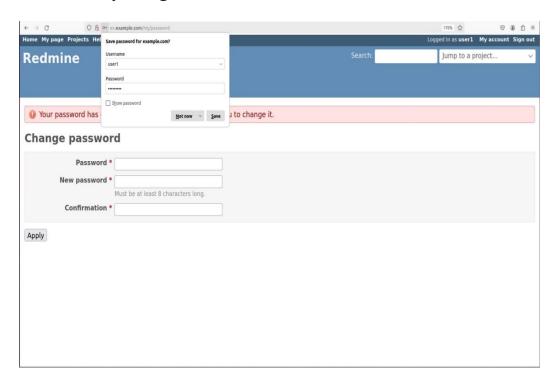
-Priority: Normal

Click on "Create"

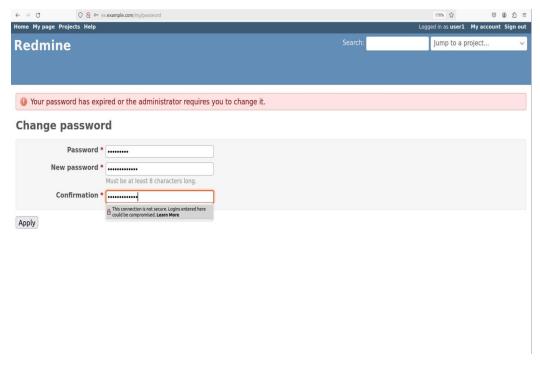


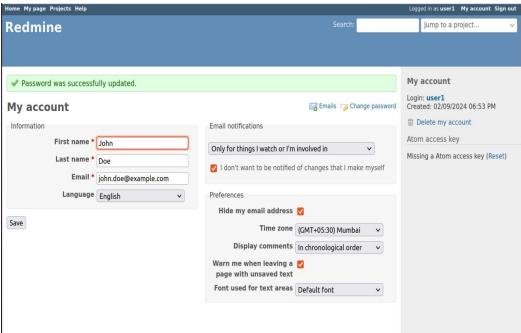


Now, let's try to login as user1.

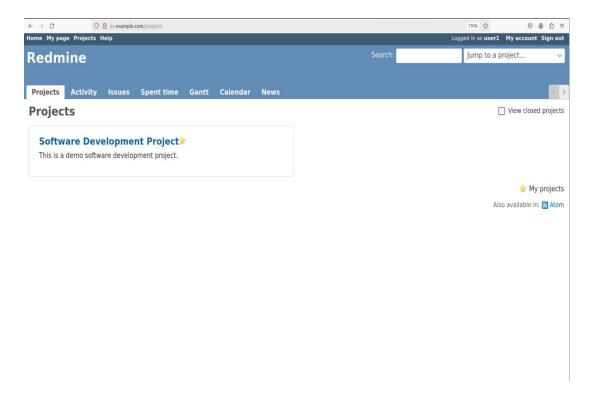


As the password was temporary. So, set the password.



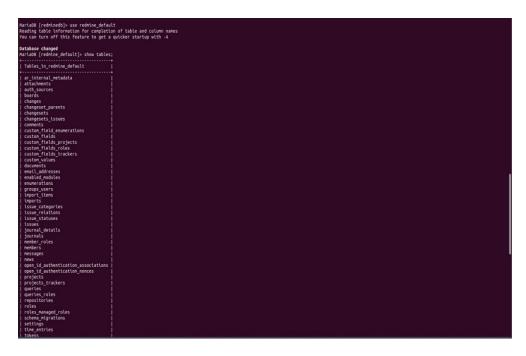


Check for the project that was assigned to user1.



Now, let's connect to the MySQL server, switch to the Redmine database and run some queries.

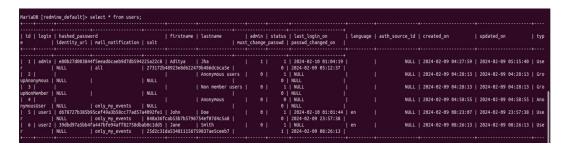
1. Run "show tables;" to list the tables.



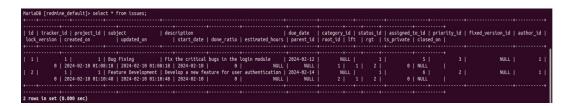
2. Run "desc users;" to get the structure of the "users" table.

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
id	int(11)	NO:	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
login	varchar(255)	NO			
hashed_password	varchar(40)	NO	İ	i	
firstname	varchar(30)	NO.	i	i	i
lastname	varchar(255)	NO	İ	į .	i e
admin	tinyint(1)	NO NO	i	0	i
status	int(11)	NO NO	İ	1	l .
last_login_on	datetime	YES	İ	NULL	į.
language	varchar(5)	YES	i		i
auth_source_id	int(11)	YES	MUL	NULL	
created_on	timestamp	YES	ĺ	NULL	i
updated_on	timestamp	YES	1	NULL	1
type	varchar(255)	YES	MUL	NULL	1
identity_url	varchar(255)	YES	ĺ	NULL	ľ
mail_notification	varchar(255)	NO NO	i i		i.
salt	varchar(64)	YES	Ì	NULL	i
must_change_passwd	tinyint(1)	NO	i i	0	l .
passwd_changed_on	datetime	YES	1	NULL	l .

3. Run "select * from users;" to see the "users" table.



4. Run "**select * from issues;**" to check the issues that were created.



5. Run "select * from projects;" to fetch the project data.



6. Run "select * from watchers;".

7. Run "select * from wikis;".

The wiki that, I have created for the project "Software Development Project".

