```
1 package Exercise;
 2
 3 import java.util.Arrays;
 4 import java.util.Objects;
 5
 6 class Address{
 7
       String line1;
 8
       String line2;
 9
       String line3;
       char[] city;
10
11
       char[] state;
12
       String pin;
13
14
       public Address(String parameter){
           String[] stringArray = parameter.split("\\$
15
   ");
16
17
           this.line1 = stringArray[0];
           this.line2 = stringArray[1];
18
19
           this.line3 = stringArray[2];
20
           this.city = stringArray[3].toCharArray();
           this.state = stringArray[4].toCharArray();
21
22
           this.pin = stringArray[5];
23
       }
24
25
       void print(){
26
           System.out.println(this.line1 + " " + this.
   line2+ " " + this.line3+ " " + Arrays.toString(this
   .city)
27
                    + " " + Arrays.toString(this.state
   ) + " " + this.pin);
28
       }
29 }
30
31 class AddressList{
32
       public static int countAddressWithCity(Address
   [] addressList, String city){
33
           int result = 0;
34
           for (int i = 0; i < addressList.length; i</pre>
   ++) {
               if (String.valueOf(addressList[i].city
35
```

```
35 ).equals(city)){
36
                    result++;
37
                }
38
           if (addressList.length == 0 || city.length
39
   () == 0){
40
                return -1;
41
42
           return result;
43
       }
44
45
       public static int countAddressWithPin(Address
   [] addressList, String strP){
46
           int result = 0;
47
           for (int i = 0; i < addressList.length; i</pre>
   ++) {
                if (Objects.equals(addressList[i].pin,
48
   strP)){
49
                    result++;
50
                }
51
52
           if (addressList.length == 0 || strP.length
   () == 0){}
53
                return -1;
54
55
           return result;
56
       }
57
58
       public static Address[] getAddressWithCity(
   Address[] addressList, String city){
59
           Address[] resultArray = new Address[
   addressList.length];
60
           int resultCount = 0;
61
                for (int i = 0; i < addressList.length</pre>
   ; i++) {
62
                    String city1 = new String(
   addressList[i].city);
63
                    if (city1.equals(city)){
                        resultArray[resultCount++] =
64
   addressList[i];
                    }
65
```

```
66
67
                if (resultCount == 0 || addressList.
   length == 0 \mid \mid \text{city.length}() == 0){
68
                    return null;
69
70
                return resultArray;
71
       }
72
73
       public static Address[] getAddressWithPin(
   Address[] addressList, String strP){
74
           Address[] resultArray = new Address[
   addressList.length];
           int resultCount = 0;
75
76
           for (int i = 0; i < addressList.length; i</pre>
   ++) {
77
                if (addressList[i].pin.equals(strP)){
                    resultArray[resultCount++] =
78
   addressList[i];
79
                }
80
           if (resultCount == 0 || addressList.length
81
    == 0 || strP.length() == 0){
82
                return null;
83
84
           return resultArray;
85
       }
86 }
87
88
89
90 public class Test {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
91
92
           Address x = new Address("
   line1$line2$line3$city$state$pin");
93
           Address y = new Address("
   line1$line2$line3$city$state$pin");
           Address[] addressList = \{x,y\};
94
95
           System.out.println(AddressList.
96
   countAddressWithCity(addressList, "city"));
97
           System.out.println(AddressList.
```

```
File - /Users/aditya/Desktop/OOP-Lab/Lab 6 - String Handling in Java/src/Exercise/Test.java
 97 countAddressWithPin(addressList,"pin"));
 98
              System.out.println("city");
 99
              Address[] getAddressByCity = AddressList.
100
     getAddressWithCity(addressList, "city");
              for (int i = 0; i < getAddressByCity.</pre>
101
     length; i++) {
                   getAddressByCity[i].print();
102
103
              }
104
              Address[] getAddressByPin = AddressList.
105
     qetAddressWithPin(addressList, "pin");
              for (int i = 0; i < getAddressByPin.length</pre>
106
     ; i++) {
                   getAddressByPin[i].print();
107
              }
108
109
         }
110
111 }
112
```

```
1 package Exercise;
 2
 3 //Exercie 3.1
 4 class RetailStore{
       private int[] itemId;
 5
       private double[] price;
 6
       private String itemName[];
 7
 8
       public RetailStore() {
           itemId = new int[] { 1001, 1002, 1003, 1004
 9
   , 1005 };
           price = new double[] { 950.00, 750.00, 450.
10
   00, 350.00, 250.00 }; itemName = new String[] {
                    "Yonex Tennis Racket-950", "Yonex
11
   Badminton Racket-750",
12
                    "Silvers Badminton Racket-450","
   Cosco Badminton shuttle-350",
                    "Cosco Tennis Racket-250" };
13
14
       }
15
16
       protected double computePrice(int value) {
17
           for (int i = 0; i<price.length; ++i){</pre>
18
               if (itemId[i] == value) {
19
                    return price[i];
20
               }
21
22
           return price[value];
23
       }
24
25
       protected String fetchDescription(int value) {
           for (int i = 0; i<price.length; ++i) {</pre>
26
               if (itemId[i] == value) {
27
28
                    return itemName[i];
29
               }
30
31
           return null;
32
       }
33 }
34
35 public class RetailStoreExample extends RetailStore
   {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
36
```

```
File - /Users/aditya/Desktop/OOP-Lab/Lab 6 - String Handling in Java/src/Exercise/RetailStoreExample.java
37
             int index;
38
             RetailStore retailOne = new RetailStore();
39
             String description = retailOne.
   fetchDescription(1004);
             String StringArray[];
40
             StringArray = description.split("\\s");
41
42
             String type = StringArray[2];
43
             index = type.indexOf('-');
             String stringFromSubstring = type.substring
44
    (index + 1);
             String stringFromDouble = Double.toString(
45
   new RetailStore().computePrice(1004));
46
47
             System.out.println(stringFromDouble ==
   stringFromDouble);
48
             System.out.println(stringFromDouble.equals(
   stringFromDouble));
49
50 }
```