Practical No: 03

VIII. Resources required (Additional)

- If any web reference is required.

X. Resources required (Actual)

- (1) https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/visual-basic/programming-guide/language-features/operators-and-expressions/arithmetic-operators
- (2) https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/api/system.windows.forms.messagebox?View=netframework-4.7.2

XI. Program Code:

Write a program using MessageBox and Arithmetic Expressions -

```
Module Module 1
     Dim i, j, r As Integer
     Sub Main()
       Console.WriteLine("Enter First Value=")
       i = Console.ReadLine()
       Console.WriteLine("Enter Second Value=")
       j = Console.ReadLine()
       Console.ReadLine()
       MsgBox("Addition =" & (i + j))
       MsgBox("Substraction =" & (i - j))
       MsgBox("Multiplication =" & (i * j))
       MsgBox("Division =" & (i / j))
     End Sub
   End Module
Results (Output of the Program)
Enter First Value=
10
Enter Second Value=
_____
MessageBoxPractical3
_____
Addition =15
-----
OK
```

XIII. Practical Related Questions

1. Write the difference between MessageBox() and ErrorProvider Control –

- Displays a message window, also known as a dialog box, which presents a message to the user. It is a modal window, blocking other actions in the application until the user closes it. A MessageBox can contain text, buttons, and symbols that inform and instruct the user.
- Sets the error description string for the specified control. When an error occurs for the value in associated control, then a small red color icon is displayed and when we hover the mouse on icon it displays an error message.

2. Describe any four types of MessageBox() Window –

In Visual Basic, MessageBox has Show() method and it is overloaded to create various types of MessgeBoxes and various programming situations –

It has prototype –

DialogResult Show(String text, String caption, MessageBoxButtons buttons, MessageBoxIcon icon, MessageBoxDefaultButton defaultButton)

This method is static and doesn't required and object reference. The parameters and return values are explained below –

Parameters

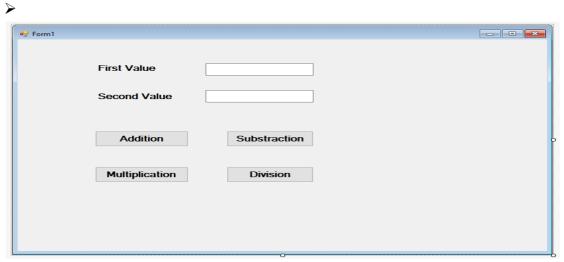
- 1. text As String The text to display in the message box.
- 2. caption As String The text to display in the title bar of the message box.
- 3. buttons As MessageBoxButtons One of the MessageBoxButtons values that specifies which buttons to display in the message box.
- 4. icon As MessageBoxIcon One of the MessageBoxIcon values that specifies which icon to display in the message box.
- 5. defaultButton As MessageBoxDefaultButton One of the MessageBoxDefaultButton values that specifies the default button for the message box.

Returns

DialogResult - One of the DialogResult values.

XIV. Exercise

1. Implement the program to generate result of any arithmetic operation using MessageBox().



Public Class Form1

Dim n As Integer

Private Sub Button1_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles Button1.Click n = Val(TextBox1.Text) + Val(TextBox2.Text)

MsgBox("Addition=" & n)

End Sub

Private Sub Button2_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles Button2.Click n = Val(TextBox1.Text) - Val(TextBox2.Text)

MsgBox("Substraction=" & n)

End Sub

Private Sub Button3_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles Button3.Click n = Val(TextBox1.Text) * Val(TextBox2.Text)

MsgBox("Multiplication=" & n)

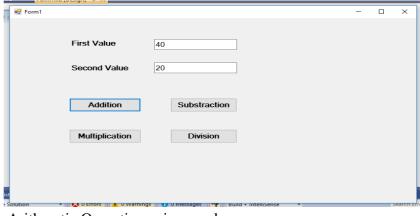
End Sub

Private Sub Button4_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles Button4.Click n = Val(TextBox1.Text) / Val(TextBox2.Text)

MsgBox("Division=" & n)

End Sub

End Class

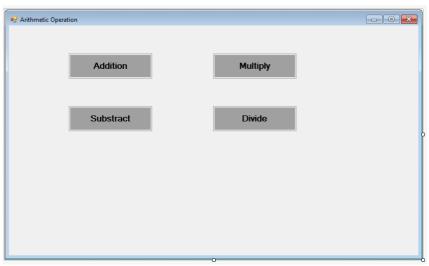


-Arithmetic Operation using msgbox

Addition=60

OK

2. Write a program using InputBox(), MessageBox() & perform various Arithmetic expressions.



Public Class Form1 Dim i, j, r As Integer

```
Private Sub Button2_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles Button2.Click
  i = InputBox("Enter First Value")
  j = InputBox("Enter Second Value")
  r = Val(i) - Val(j)
  MsgBox("Substract = " \& r)
End Sub
Private Sub Button4_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles Button4.Click
  i = InputBox("Enter First Value")
  i = InputBox("Enter Second Value")
  r = Val(i) / Val(j)
  MsgBox("Divide = " & r)
End Sub
Private Sub Button3_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles Button3.Click
  i = InputBox("Enter First Value")
  j = InputBox("Enter Second Value")
  r = Val(i) * Val(j)
  MsgBox("Multiply = " & r)
End Sub
Private Sub Button1_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles Button1.Click
  i = InputBox("Enter First Value")
  j = InputBox("Enter Second Value")
  r = Val(i) + Val(i)
  MsgBox("Addition = " & r)
End Sub
```

End Class

Output:

