

Question 3 :

A) if $a = b = c$

① $f(x) \rightarrow$ positive / non negative

\therefore for $0 \leq x \leq 1$
& as $a \geq 0$
therefore it is non negative.

As well as, $b \geq 0$ and $c \geq 0$
both are non-negative

- After satisfying given conditions
it is PDF of X and Value of $a = 1/3 = 0.333$

② Area Under curve is must be 1.

- The integral of $f(x)$ over the entire real line must be equal to 1.

- For $f(x)$ to be PDF, it must satisfy both conditions

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) \cdot dx = \int_0^1 a \cdot dx + \int_1^2 a \cdot dx + \int_2^3 a \cdot dx = 1$$

Solving of a , we get

$$a + a + a = 1$$

$$3a = 1$$

$$a = 1/3 = 0.333$$

B) if $a = 0.7$ and $b > c$

total Area:

$$\int_0^1 0.7 \, dx + \int_1^2 b \, dx + \int_2^3 c \, dx = 1$$

$$\therefore 0.7 + b + c = 1$$

$$\therefore b + c = 0.3$$

as $c < b$,

$$\text{as well as } c < \frac{0.3}{2}$$

$$\therefore c < 0.15$$

calculations after these

$$c = 0.1$$

$$b = 0.2$$

c. Given in question

$$a = \frac{1}{6} \quad | \quad b = \frac{1}{3} \quad | \quad c = \frac{1}{2}$$

Area =

$$= \int_0^1 a \, dx + \int_1^2 b \, dx + \int_2^3 c \, dx$$

$$= [ax]_0^1 + [bx]_1^2 + [cx]_2^3$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{6}{6} = \boxed{1}$$

here a, b, c all are positive values
and Above 2 properties true for this to
be PDF

∴ " Yes, f be the PDF of X

D. I) $P(1.5 < X < 2.5)$

$$= \int_{1.5}^2 b \cdot dx + \int_2^{2.5} c \cdot dx$$

$$= [bx]_{1.5}^2 + [cx]_2^{2.5}$$

$$= [2b - 1.5b] + [2.5c - 2c]$$

$$= 0.5b + 0.5c$$

$$= \frac{0.5}{3} + \frac{0.5}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2.5}{6}$$

$$= 0.4167$$

II) $P(X=2)$

$$\begin{aligned} f(2) &= c \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$f(2) = \frac{1}{2}$$

III > IQR of X

quartiles 1 and quartile 3

$$q_1 (\text{quartile 1}) = \frac{0.25}{a} = 1.5$$

$$q_3 (\text{quartiles 3}) = \frac{0.75}{c} = 3.5$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \text{IQR} &= q_3 - q_1 \\ &= 3.5 - 1.5 \\ &= 2\end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\text{IQR} = 2}$$

IV > EX

$$EX = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x \cdot f(x) \cdot dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 ax \cdot dx + \int_1^2 bx \cdot dx + \int_2^3 cx \cdot dx$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{2} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{3}{2} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{5}{2} \right)$$

$$EX = \frac{11}{6}$$

$$\boxed{EX = 1.833}$$

E>

Values — a, b, c

$x \rightarrow$ random variable

— smallest Expected Value

— smallest Variance

condition ①

Var X

$$a = b = c = \frac{1}{3}$$

by condition ①

$$EX = \int_0^3 x \cdot f(x) \cdot dx$$

$$= \int_0^3 \frac{1}{3} \cdot x \cdot dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{x^2}{6} \right]_0^3$$

$$= \frac{9}{6}$$

$$EX = 1.5$$