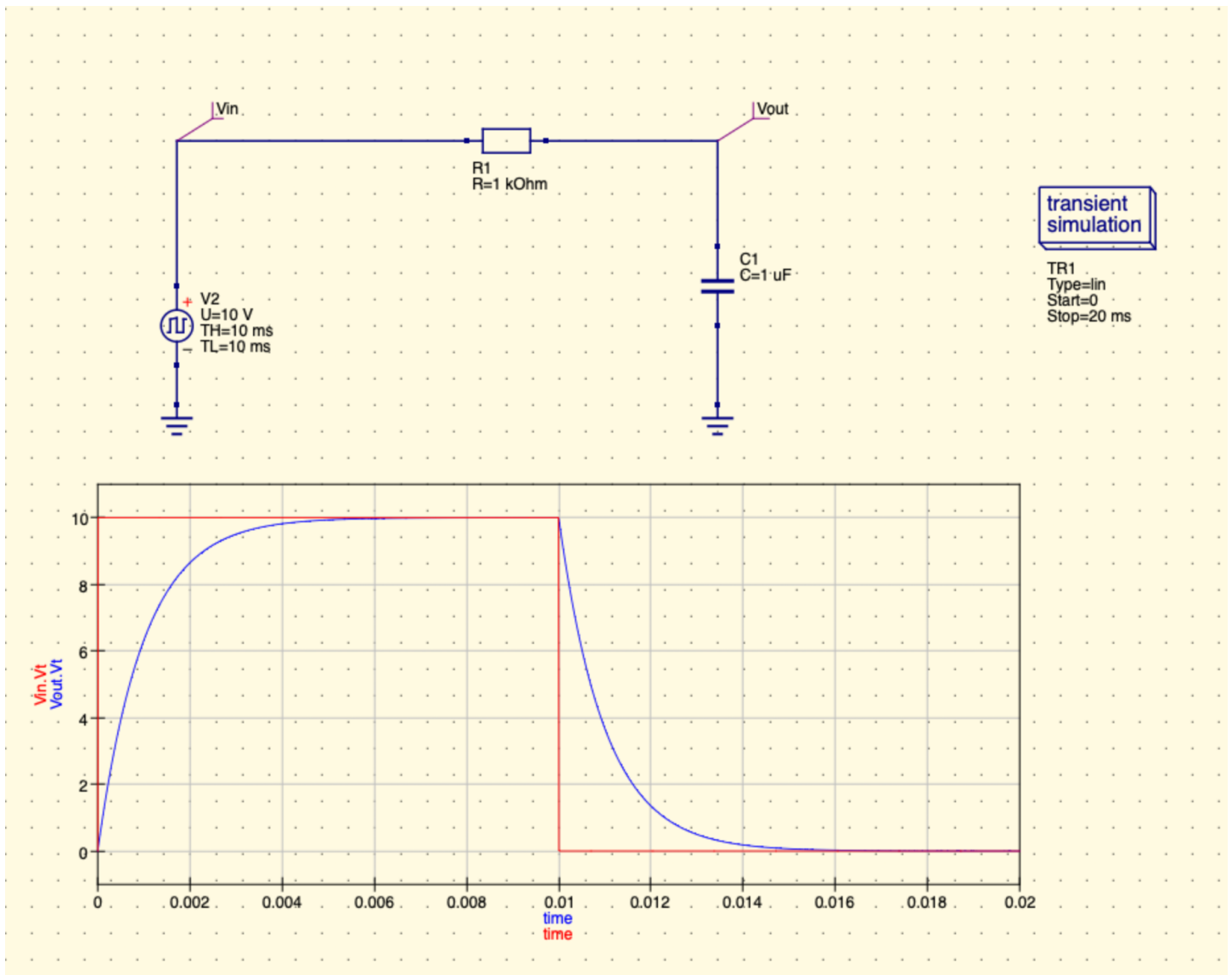
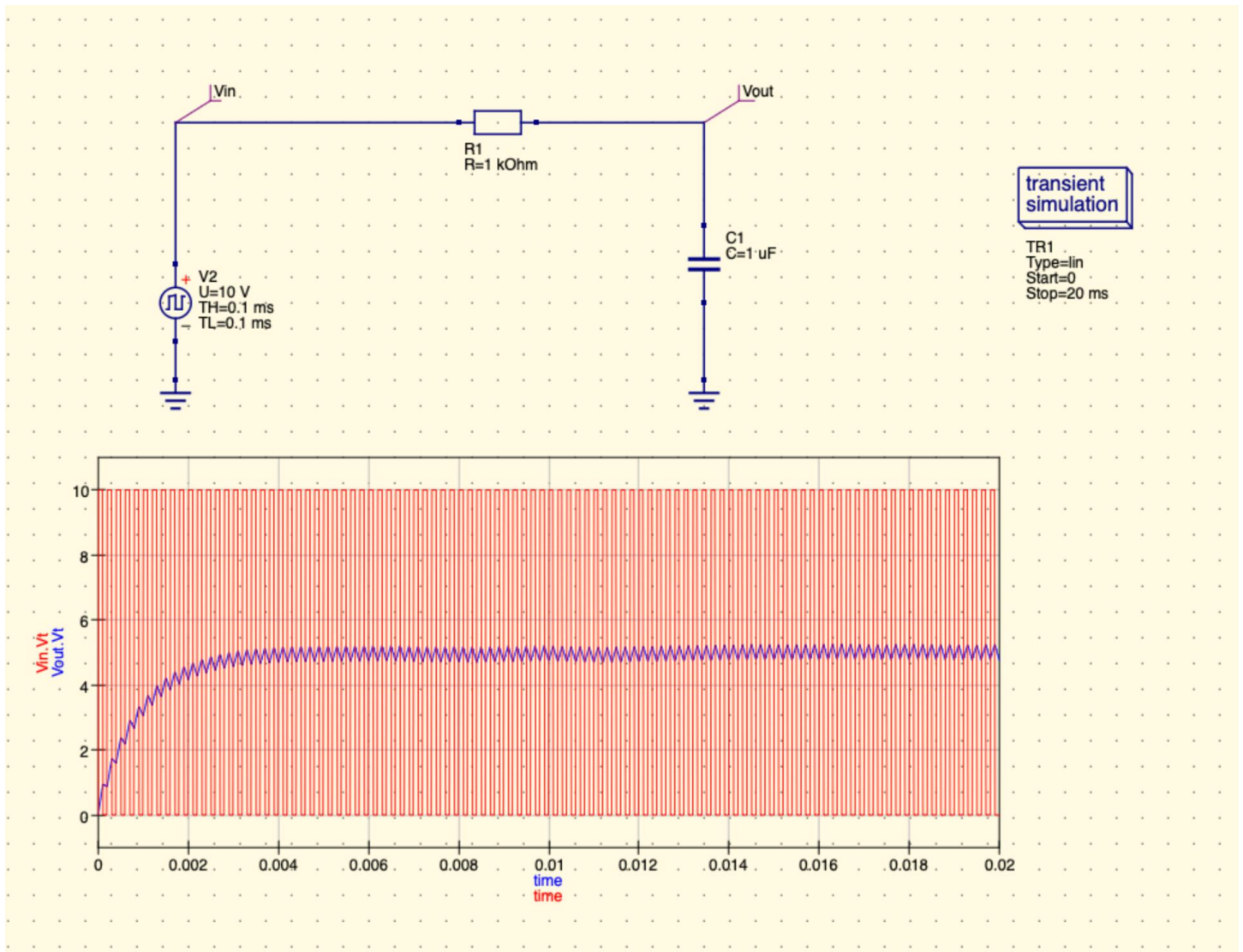


QUESTION 1

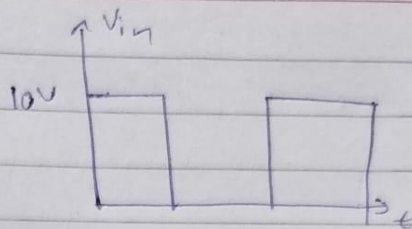
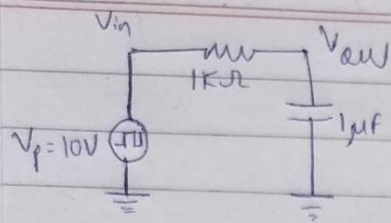


Function of the circuit: This circuit acts as a voltage follower as $V_{in} = V_{out}$ for pulse frequency greater than or equal to 10 times the Time Constant (1ms)



Function of the circuit: This circuit acts as an integrator for pulse frequency lesser than the Time Constant (1ms).

PROOF:



(a) $\therefore Z \ll T$, where $Z = 1\text{ms}$

\therefore for the half cycle:

$$V_{out} = 10(1 - e^{-t/Z})$$

$$V_{out} \approx 10\text{V}$$

for -ve half cycle

$$V_{out} = 10 e^{-t/Z}$$

$$V_{out} = 0\text{V}$$

(b) for $T \ll Z$

1st half cycle:-

$$V_c = 10(1 - e^{-t/2RC})$$

$$V_c = [10(1 - e^{-t/2RC})] e^{-t/2RC} \text{ (1st cycle)}$$

$V_c =$ 1st half cycle + 1st cycle

$$= [10(1 - e^{-t/2RC})] e^{-t/2RC} + 10(1 - e^{-t/2RC}) \text{ (for 1.5 cycle)}$$

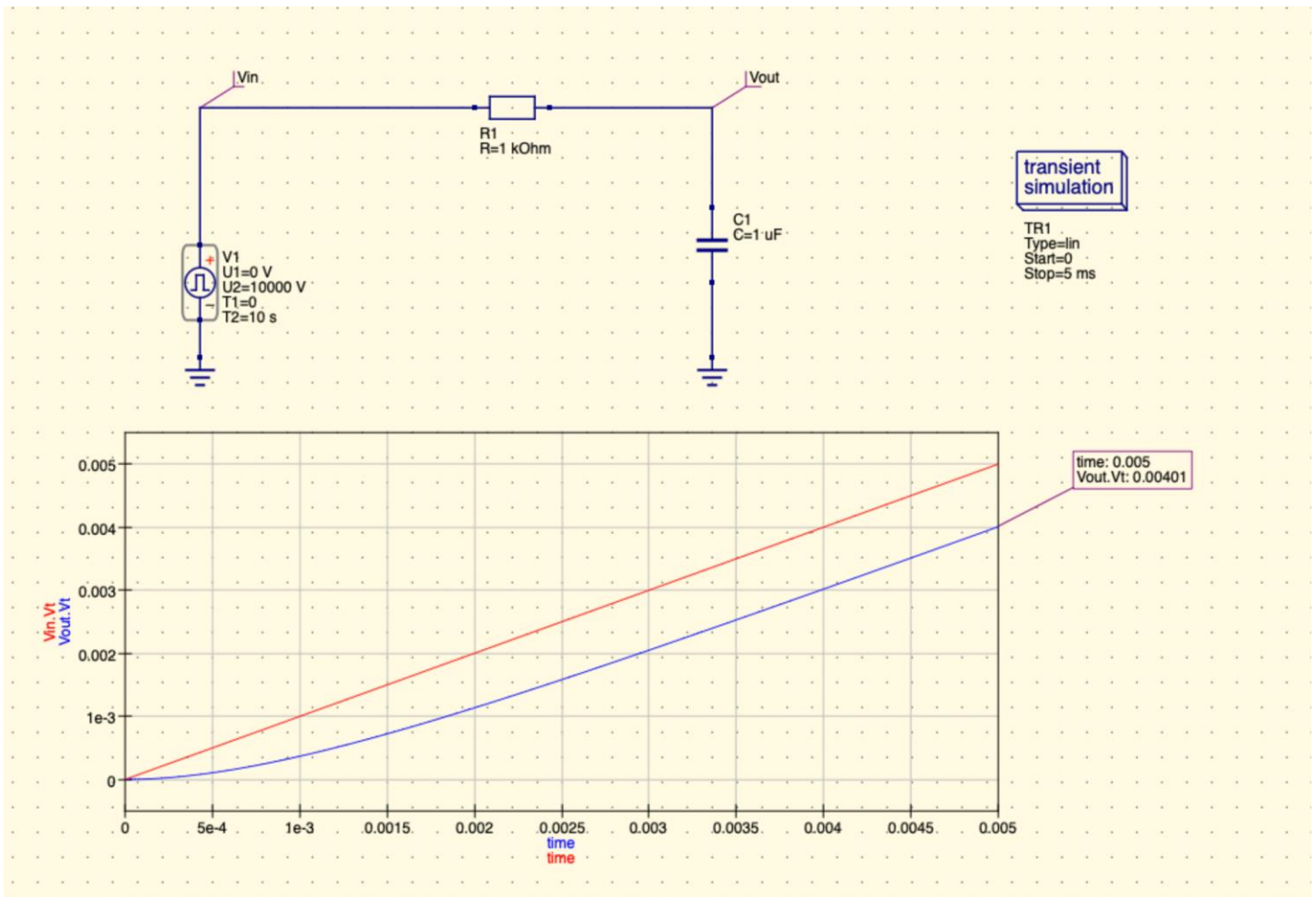
$$\text{let } e^{-t/2RC} = n$$

$$V_c = 10(1 - n + n^2 - n^3 \dots) \text{ (for } \infty \text{ cycles)}$$

$$V_c = \frac{10(1)}{1+n} = \frac{10}{1+e^{-t/2RC}}$$

$$\therefore V_c = \frac{10}{1+1} = 5\text{V} \quad (t \ll 2RC)$$

QUESTION 2:



What happens in the circuit:

The capacitor delays (offsets) the input ramp voltage by 1mV.

Expected Output at V_{out} node:

$V_{out}(t) = V_{in}(t) - V_{in}(T)$, where T = Time Constant = 1ms

At $t = 5\text{ms}$, $t \gg T$:

$V_{out}(5\text{ms}) = V_{in}(5\text{ms}) - 1\text{mV} = 5\text{mV} - 1\text{mV} = 4\text{mV}$

Simulation Output at V_{out} : $V_{out}(5\text{ms}) = 4\text{mV}$