- 1. Use Hamilton's equations to find the differential equations for planetary motion and prove that the areal velocity is constant.
- 2. A particle of mass m moves under the action of central force whose potential is $V(r) = Kmr^3$ (K>0), then (1) for what Kinetic energy and angular momentum will the orbit be a circle of radius R about the origin?

 (ii) Calculate the period of circular motion.
 - 3. The eccentricity of the earth's orbit is 0.0167. Calculate the ratio of known and maximum and minimum speeds of the earth in its orbit.
 - 4. The maximum and minimum velocities of a satellite are Vmax and Vmin respectively. Prove that the eccentricity of the orbit of the satellite is,

$$e = \frac{V_{max} - V_{min}}{V_{max} + V_{min}}$$

- 5. A particle of manimi is observed to move in a spiral orbit given by the eq. 8=0 where 0 is a constant. Is it moving in a central frace field? If it is so, find the force law. [Hunt: 0 orbit: 0 orbit: 0 orbit: 0 orbit: 0 orbit: 0 orbit: 0
- 6. A particle describes a circular motion under the influence of an attractive central force directed towards a point on the circle. Show that the force varies as the inverse fifth power of the distance.