PHYSICAL LAYER

Introduction

- How to connect two or more devices?
- OSI Model
 - --> Open Systems Interconnect
- Set of protocols
- Introduced in first time in 1770s by ISO (International Standards Organization)
- Composed of 7 Layers

OSI Model Layers

7. Application Layer

6.Presentation Layer

5.Session Layer

4.Transport Layer

3.Network Layer

2.Data Link Layer

1.Physical Layer

Advice

Person

Sales

Trust

Not

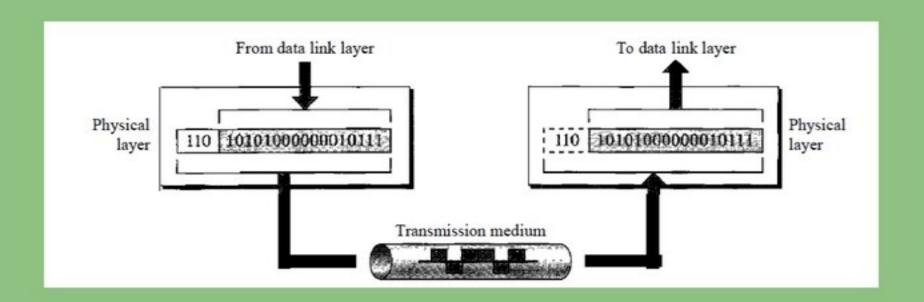
Do

Please

PHYSICAL LAYER

- It deals with the mechanical and electrical specifications (Devices)
- Physical characteristics of interfaces and medium.
- To move data in the form of electromagnetic signals across a transmission medium
- The physical layer data consists of a stream of bits (sequence of Os or 1s)
- Bits are encoded into signals

PHYSICAL LAYER

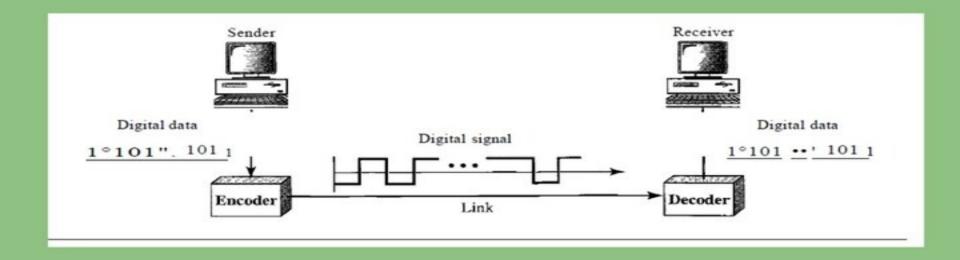


Signals

- ➤ A signal is an electric current or <u>electromagnetic field</u> used to convey data from one place to another.
- A **Transmitter** encodes a *message* into a signal, which is carried to a *receiver* by the communications *channel*.
- ➤ Signals can be interpreted as either <u>Analog</u> or <u>Digital</u>

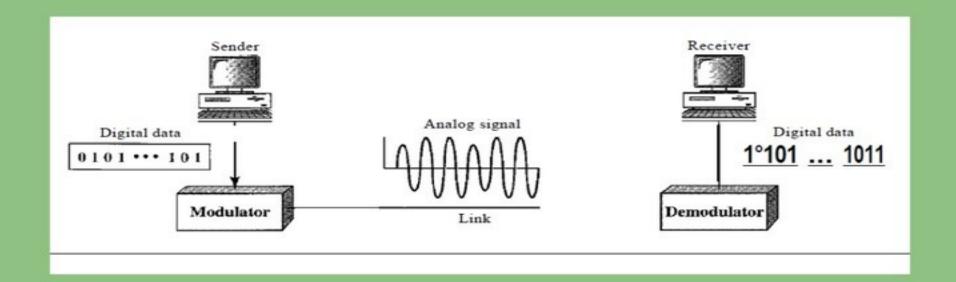
Digital Signals

Digital signals are non-continuous, discrete



Analog Signals

Analog signals are continuous, non-discrete



Devices

Some of the common devices are:

- > Hub
- > Switch
- Repeater
- ➤ Bridge
- > Modem

PC, Mobile phone, Telephone or Cables etc are also devices use for data communication.

Hub

- Centralize device that connects many devices to share data
- Less secure



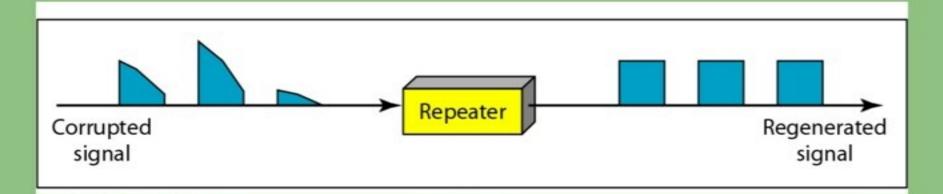
Switch

- Device that connects many other devices together to make a network
- More intelligent then Hub
- More secure



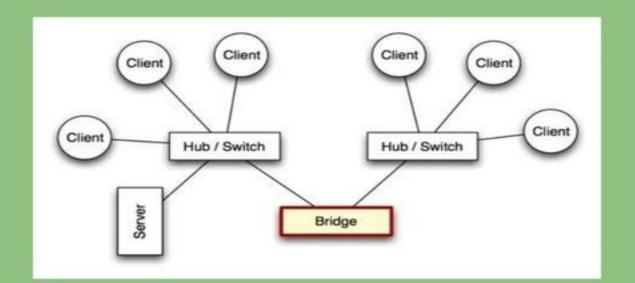
Repeater

- Regenerates the signal (Electrical, Wireless or Optical) which are corrupted due to long distance
- Overcome the distance limitations of the transmission media.



Bridge

 Creates a single aggregate network from multiple communication networks



Modem

- The word Modem comes from Modulator-Demodulator
- Modulation: Digital signals to analog
- Demodulation: Analog signals back to Digital

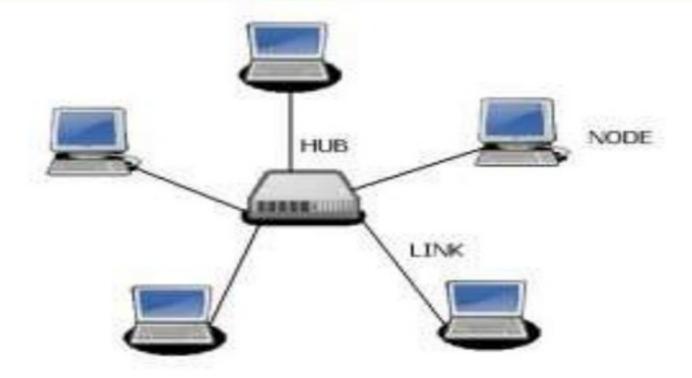


Physical Topologies.

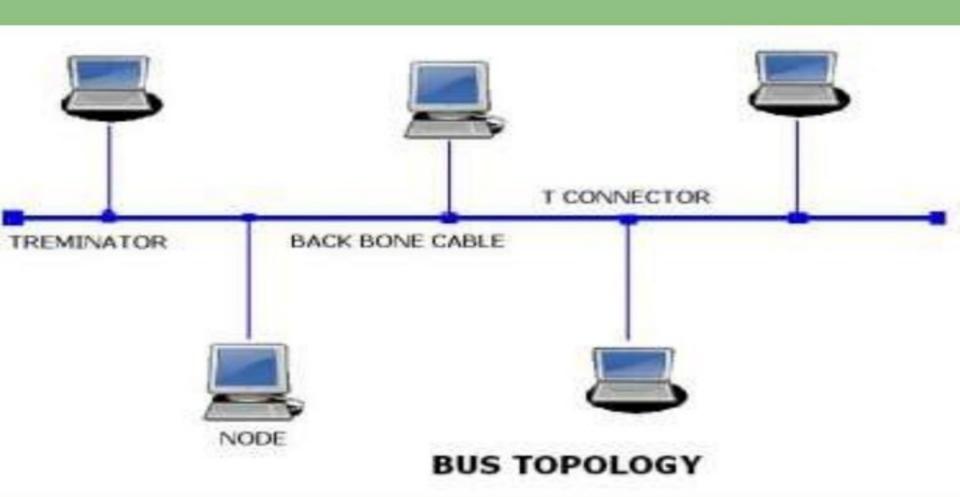
How the devices are connected to make a network?

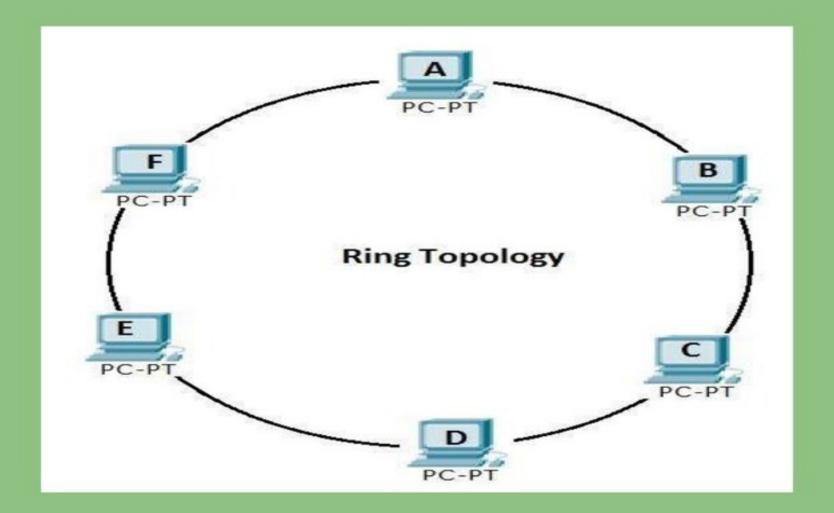
- ➤ Mesh topology
- ➤ Star topology
- ➤ Bus topology
- ➤ Ring topology
- ➤ Hybrid topology

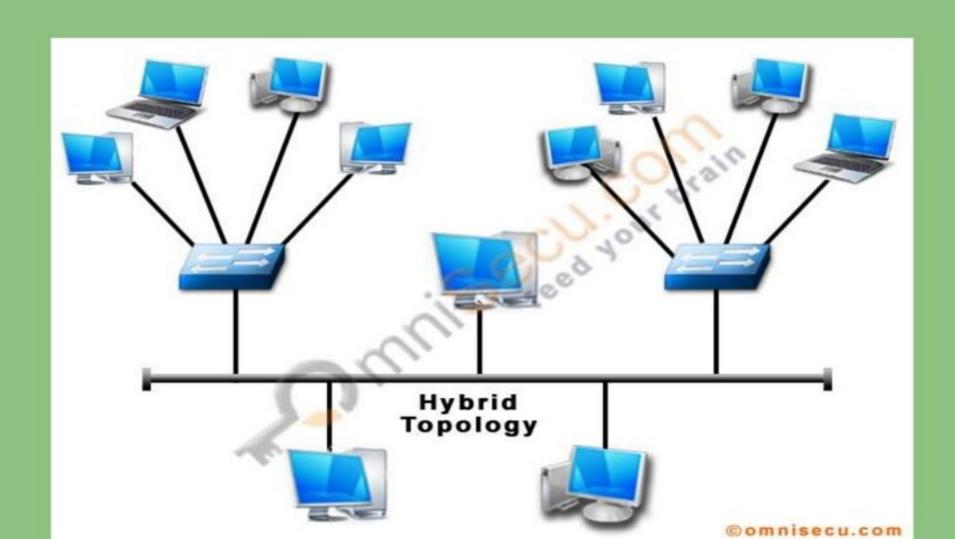
Mesh Topology



STAR TOPOLOGY





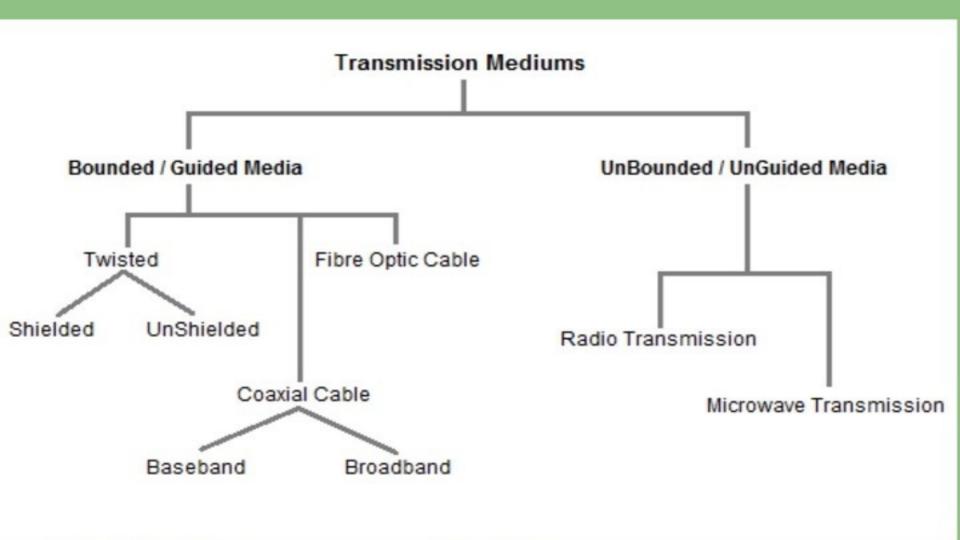


Transmission Medium

- Anything that can carry information from a source to a destination.
- Uses cables or electromagnetic signals to transmit data.

Types of Transmission Media

- 1. Wired or Guided Media or Bound Transmission Media
- 2. Wireless or Unguided Media or Unbound Transmission Media



THANKS