

**HW Notes pg 362-378**

## The Succession Crisis

### I The Withdrawal of the South

A. "Southern Nationalism" demanded end of union

B. Confederacy established in Feb 1861

1. SC & lower south to start

2. Confused response from N: Buchanan dumb

### II The Failure of Compromise

A. Crittenden Compromise reestablish Miss. plan fail

1. N didn't want slavery extended

### III Fort Sumter

A. Confeds attack Fort Sumter to look strong Apr 12, 1861

B. War mobilization began in N

1. VA, AR, NC, TN joined confed

2. People thought they better separate

### IV The Opposing Sides

A. Union advantages in Pop, Rail, Farm, \$\$\$, factories

1. Southern rail collapsed by end of war

B. Southern united av/ North

1. Need to break N will

## The Mobilization of the North

### I Republican Economic Measures

A. Industrial policies enacted

1. Homestead act for cheap land + public education

2. High Tariffs + Transcont. Rail started

B. National Bank act created & greenback \$\$\$

1. Dollar value tied to US stability & Banks sim today

C. War financing through Bonds (2.6 Billion)

1. general public gave 100 mil!

## II Raising the Union Army (2 mil men)

- A. Draft Riots over 46k men drafted (July 1863) NYC
  - 1. Peaceful Dem + immigrant laborers didn't like
  - 2. Some also scared of Blacks taking jobs
  - 3. Not stopped till army - 100 dead/lynched

## III Wartime Politics

- A. Lincoln seizes power & powerful leader (despite others think weak)
  - 1. Suppressed Habeas Corpus for rebellious/disloyal
  - 2. Overreached exec power (can't lose whole w/o disregard part)
  - 3. Photos for propaganda

B. Victory in 1864 after Sherman took Atlanta

## IV The Politics of Emancipation

A. "Abolish slavery slowly or sudden?" - Repubs

B. Changing opinions w/ Confiscation acts

1. slaves used for rebellious purpose free

2. war goal shift to free slaves, (or else it not worth it)

C. Emancipation Proclamation

D. Slavery ended w/ 13th Amendment 1865

## V African Americans & Union Cause

A. Black enlistment after few months war

- 1. after Emancip. P. recruitment

B. Black soldiers mistreated

1. dangerous tasks, but low battle deaths

2. HUGE PRIDE in themselves

## VI The War & Economic development

A. Mostly boost w/ Repub policies

1. bad for cheap workers due to mechanization

## VII Women, Nursing & the War

A. US Sanitary Commission inspires clean

1. became dominated by women

B. Opposed by traditional role followers + some doctors

C. US Sanitary Commission helped prevent many deaths.

## Primary Source: The Civil War Begins

- A. Chaos due to Sumter battle
  - 1. maybe sent by telegram?
- B. Pres Lincoln calm under distress
  - 1 ready to blockade + war
- C. Rebels won battle of Fort Sumter
  - 1 on my b-day

## Primary Source: Bleeding Kansas - John Brown

- A. Kansas looking to be free state
- B. Violence ready to break out at any moment
  - 1 people in arms @ both sides
  - 2. Brown only here to stop slavery

Aditya Patel  
APUSH  
Period 4  
10/30/20

## Class Notes 10/30

### I Compromise of 1850

- A. Cali state, slavery in territory, fug slave law, no slave trade DC,
- B. Webster's believe that first obligation to support const.
- C. Fugitive Slave Law

1. Some Ns supported coz they didn't want Blacks

### II Kansas-Nebraska Act & Bleedin' Kansas

- A. act put pop sovereignty in Kansas + Neb

1. Broke Whigs + N Dems  $\Rightarrow$  Republican govt.

- B. election fraud led to pro-slavery gov, & anti-slavery gov in response

### III PERS IAA 3/5 compromise

- A. Lots of political power by 3/5

- B. North benefited from Southern slave labor (textiles)

1. fugitive slaves comp't w/ North broke people

### IV Rise of Republican Party

- A. opposed expansion of slavery

- B. tried to make huge tent (had conserv. + radicals)

1. Whigs, Anti-slave Dems, Free-soilers & Nativists

2. Just no more slavery extension

### V Know-nothings target immigrant, catholics, ~~blacks~~

- A. disappeared as immigration slowed late 1850s, better and Euro

- B. Many joined Repubs against slavery

### VI Bleedin' Kansas

- A. two constitutions led to wars

- B. John Brown killed major abolition (he later fought in deep South)

### VII 1856 Election of Buchanan, weak candidates

### VIII Fred Scott & Chief Justice Taney

- A. Rules that slaves property

- B. 5th Amendment says govt can't take away property

1. Missouri Comp. illegal & govt. can't ban slavery in territory

## IX Economy booms in Early 1850s $\Rightarrow$ 1857 Bust

- A. North cont. industrializes (USA econ even bigger)
- B. South remains deindustrialized & King Cotton
  - 1. unaffected by Boom-Bust
- C. Bust due to few things:
  - 1. Brit not holding gold
  - 2. Too much paper

## X Free labor ideology

- A. Free Labor + Society  $\neq$  Slavery
- B. NO more slavery

## XI Emergence of Lincoln through Douglass

- A. Called Doug hypocrit & didn't take pos on slavery
  - 1. lost senate election by super popular

## XII John Brown's attack & execution

- ~~A. Freedmen~~ visited by Rob Lee & John Booth
  - 1. solidified tensions
  - 2. Martyr, 2 terrorist to N+S

## XIII Lincoln's Election of 1860

- A. Southerners piss their pants (despite Lincoln said union more important)
  - 1. Lincoln wants Union first, yet slavery is evil
  - 2. "he slave prez" - south, End of South control
  - 3. Despite 3/5 comp, he won. & South super scared

- B. Southern Secession before inauguration, SC led 6 others
  - 1. Crittenden compromise (reinstat missouri) failed

## XIV Lincoln's inauguration

- A. "We must not be enemies" but we will be

I Bound to Union by oath

- B. Majority rule must be balanced by constitutional checks + balances

C. "Mystic chords of memory" & "better angels of our nature"

I Must not break, oath must be honored

## Class Notes (1/2)

300-325 words in → HW  
 Historical Think 3, 4, 6  
 DTP Q 3.

4 key develop.

- West migration
- Expansion + War
- Sectionalism grows

→ Causes of 1850

11	14	15	16
23	30	28	32
35	44	45	49
48	60	61	63
61	73	77	79
75	89	94	97
89	105	111	110
104	126	126	125
120	137	139	139
133	152	152	155
143	165	165	165
166	166	168	
189			

## HW Notes pg 378-388

### The Mobilization of the South

#### I The Confederate Government copied US+Slavery

A. J. Davis was boring 1st leader, only did good bureaucracy

1. Govt. dom. b/ West. Aristocrats

B. poorer "Backcountry" didn't support govt. war

#### II Money and Manpower Difficulties

A. Funding problem so naturally  $\rightarrow$  worthless bond

1. 15 billion in confusing currency by diff sources

B. Conscription Act of 1862

1. Enslaved 500k  $\rightarrow$  Total served 900k

2. Shortage of manpower 1864-65 after Kerr loss + fatigue

#### III States' Rights v. Centralisation

A. States try block conscription, martial law, taking Habeas Corpus, militia combine

B. Centralisation & big gov in S (than N)

1. Became like N, seized private rail, impressed slaves, BIG Gov

#### IV Economic & Social Effects of the War

A. Harsh on S Econ

1. rail + agri destroyed; doctors + blacksmith off to war (not in cities)

B. Women take on farming roles & Nursing/Teach/gov work

1. Widows after war found employment & expanded acceptable roles

### Strategy & Diplomacy

#### I The Commanders

A. Lincoln was commander-in-chief, but couldn't find any good help

1. Grant shared opinion w/ Linc about Union adv

2. Committee of War conduct said not enough ruthlessness

B. Robert E Lee's independence from Davis

#### II The Role of Northern Sea Power

A. The Union Blockades & Seizes ports

1. Super helpful to land troops & supply lines

B. Monitor v. Virginia Ironclad battle

### III Europe & The Disunited States

A. Europe neutral in war (US mad)

1. South hoped King cotton diplomacy would help

B. Trent Affair when US arrested confed diplo → Engls.

1. US-Brit tensions rose

### IV American West & War

A. Conflict & Geronilla War in West

1. Both sides' unofficial killed civilians

B. Natives conflicted & divided over support (Evil vs. or slavery)

## The Course of Battle

### I The Technology of Battle

A. Repeating weapons → High Casualties

1. cannon, artillery, + repeating rifle (1860)

2. Close fights → chaotic & trenches

B. Railroads allowed raising BIG armies (250k) + supplies

C. Telegraphs communicated by US mil Telegraph corps

### II The Opening Clashes, 1861

A. Jul 21, McClellan Battle of Bull Run (runs away)

1. Morale changed; War would be long

B. Missouri taken after Battle Wilson's Creek V. rebel + government

### III The Western Theater starting 1862

A. Apr 1862, Capture New Orleans & Mississippi R closed

B. Apr 1862, US Grant pushes into Tennessee, Shilo

1. heavy casualties but victory

2. disrupted river commus & scared using ironclad

### Primary Source: A Union soldier describes His attitudes toward race

A. During Lee's offensives into Florida, talks to fam

B. Slaves get too much attention from US Gov

1. "Take better care of blacks than poor whites"

2. Calls them stinky, worn out.

## Class Notes 11/4

Things speeding up in AP Classes

I Crittenden Compromise to reinstate Missouri Compromise

A. failed as Repubs didn't want Slavery cont west

II Lincoln calls for "Union older than Constitution"

A. can't break what so many died for

III Lincoln The Man (1809-65)

A. well photographed

B. athletic, poor, humor, emphatic, GREAT STORYTELLER

(feather mom, lot loss)

1. nine step-mom

D. IN → KY → IN → IL → Pres.

E. All four died except Robert (2 died in 70s 80s)

1. Mary Todd (love) + Thomas (1 of 4)

F. Kept losing (Political, Economic, Health) 17 times before prez

IV Lincoln's Cabinet (Very good one) of Rivals

A. Gov. Seward (NY) → Sec of State

B. Sen. Salmon Chase (OH) → Sec of Treasury

C. US Rep. Bates (MO) → AG

D. Many democrats in Cab.

1. Andrew Johnson VP

2. Stanton (Sec of War)

3. Gideon Wells (Sec of War)

4. Blaine C. Postmaster General

V Sectional Issues

A. Way of life (land connection, dependent + independent land)

B. Persuua Slavery

C. Surf, turf, sovereign & allegiance

D.

## II Response to Secession

1. Past is not dead, it's not past
2. Naming of civil war: War of Rebellion, War of Aggression

## III Start of War

1. Habeas Corpus suspended (right to know crime)
2. Southern motivated very well; N. generals useless
3. Money system & tendency for spending began
  - a. anti USRE & self-govern ideology

Primary Source: The Civil War as an opportunity to  
Abolish Slavery & destroy the Slave  
Power - John Jay III

A. Can convince world that slavery brutalized south  
1. "It must not confound"

B. Beginning of End

1. despite many only for economic ben of abolition

Aditya Patel  
APUSH  
Period 4  
11/5/20

## HW Notes pg 388-397

### IV The Virginia front, 1862

A. George McClellan indecisive & ignores opportunity

1. "Need more supplies... training..." "But u can kill" - Lincoln

2. Leader of Army of Potomac (AOP) → 100k

B. McClellan pushes up from Potomac

1. Overwhelmed Stonewall J in Battle of Seven Pines

C. McClellan left delay, so lead → aggressive J Rose → back McClellan

D. Battle of Antietam, McClellan left Virginia despite V near

1. result in replace → Burnside (battle fail) → Hooker

### V The Progress of the War

A. North blames bad military generals

1. actually not strategy war ⇒ War of Attrition

B. Fed Blockade ⇒ Bread riots in S

### VI 1863: Year of Decision

A. Hooker's push @ Battle of Chancellorsville failed by Stonewall Lee

B. US Grant takes Mississippi Port of Vicksburg

1. Lee pushes Pennsylvania as distract

C. Meade pushes w/ Lee & battles @ Gettysburg

1. destroyed confed forces; but let them retreat

D. US Grant saves besieged general Rosecrans @ Battle of Chattanooga

1. Tennessee taken by Union (Mississippi cut in half) 4 states

### VII The Last Stage, 1864-1865

A. Grant commander w/ 2 plans (VA + Atlanta pushes)

B. Grant deflected by Lee ⇒ Petersburg siege 9 months

1. would cut Richmond from comm + supplies

C. Sherman pushes Atlanta w/ 40k skirmishes w/ 60k Johnson

1. leads → Lincoln reelection + morale boost

2. Burns Atlanta & continues on March to Sea

3. "War shall be hell" destroy south morale + supplies

## Dipper for the

1.0 km just S of L. La Motte  
2 km from L. La Motte  
3.0 km south of L. La Motte April 2, 1965  
4.0 km W. L. La Motte - 700 m.

## Primary forest The last time I saw it

- A. typical mixed forest along  $\frac{1}{2}$  of all way
- B. Acacia & Peltier well mixed
- C. Shrub layer very dense
- D. Soil watered by rain

## Class Notes 11/6

I The Anaconda plan hoped to divide the South ~~into~~ by (strangle S) seizing control of Mississippi & blockading the south.

II Trent affair was N trying to block S info  
A. Solved by Lincoln Diplomacy

A. Bull Run on July 21, 61 by sloth McClellan

1. Failed to get quick victory

B. Navy captures New Orleans w/ Anaconda Plan cont.

C. Battle of Shiloh, Tennessee by US Grant

1. 22k casualty

D. Siege of Vicksburg by US Grant

1. led to Lee + Battle Gettysburg

2. Ended July 4 after 6 weeks

E. Battle of Bull Run (2nd)

1. McClellan found Lee battle plan & waited 18 hours

2. led to Antietam

F. Emancipation Proclamation frees South slaves

1. Change to make war about slavery

2. Econ + Military benefits of black + slave enlistment

3. Moral motivation of war

G. War is Hell

H. US Generals bad

1. McClellan → Pope → McClellan → Burnside → Hooker → US Grant

Blueprint for Modern America

A. Homestead Act: land grant go west

B. Morrill Land-Grant: 1862 gave land → school

C. Pacific Railroad Act: went ~~to~~ to companies

D. Women roles change

1. nurse + sanitation changes

2. Women rights grew.

E. Modern America - "Land of Opportunity" + "Given Education" + "Catch Train"

### Battles Cont.

#### A. Battle of Gettysburg

Followed Vicksburg & Lee invited PA to distract

a. followed by Hooker + Meade's Army of Potomac

2. 10k died in Pickett's Charge

#### B. Gettysburg Address by Lincoln

1. one most amazing speech US History

2. Nation will have new birth of freedom

3. Unite Nation, would not perish

#### C. America Reborn

1. US are → US is

2. American History + Literature influence increased

3. National Holidays + Currency

4. "It's ok to crit Constitution + ourselves"

#### D. African American Troops

1. did worse jobs (still whites racist to them)

2. led by white men

#### E. 1864 & change of War

1. Atlanta burns + March to the Sea

2. Appomattox Court House & Lee's gracious surrender

3. Respect from both sides

#### F. Lincoln died 6 days later

1. Democrat Johnson in command

2. Become Mythic

Aditya Patel  
APUSH  
Period 4  
11/06/20

## Primary Source: Ex parte Milligan

- A. Trials of civilians by pres created courts unconstitutional
  - 1. Military commissions can't try unless court.
- B. Milligan, sentenced → Death by Lincoln, set free.