DATA PREPARATION PHASE

```
```{r pressure, echo=FALSE}
install.packages("arrow")
install.packages("tidyverse)
library(arrow)
library(tidyverse)
1. Static House Data
house_data_path <- "https://intro-datascience.s3.us-east-2.amazonaws.com/SC-
data/static_house_info.parquet"
static_house_data <- read_parquet(house_data_path)</pre>
view(static_house_data)
#2. Energy Usage Data
energy_data_path <- "https://intro-datascience.s3.us-east-2.amazonaws.com/SC-data/2023-
houseData/.parquet"
energy_usage_data <- read_parquet(energy_data_path)</pre>
view(energy_usage_data)
energy_data_path1 <- "https://intro-datascience.s3.us-east-2.amazonaws.com/SC-data/2023-
houseData/65.parquet"
energy_usage_data1 <- read_parquet(energy_data_path1)</pre>
view(energy_usage_data1)
#3. Meta Data File
Meta_data <- read_csv("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Downloads/data_dictionary.csv")
view(Meta_data)
```

#4. Weather Data

```
Weather_data <- read_csv("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Downloads/G4500010.csv")
view(Weather_data)
Unique Buildings
unique_building_id <- unique(static_house_data$bldg_id)</pre>
class(unique_building_id)
pasteO(length(unique_building_id))
```{r}
energy_path <- "https://intro-datascience.s3.us-east-2.amazonaws.com/SC-data/2023-houseData/"
list_of_dfs_final <- list()</pre>
# Define the iteration points
iteration_list <- c(1500, 3000, 4500, 5710)
for (iter in iteration_list) {
list_of_dfs <- list()
cat("-----> New Iter : ", iter)
 # Filter parent list for each iteration - This is the list of Buildings that we will load
 building_id_filtered_list <- unique_building_id[seq_len(iter)]</pre>
 # All elements in building_id_filtered_list
 for (i in seq_along(building_id_filtered_list)) {
  elem <- building_id_filtered_list[i]</pre>
  path <- pasteO(energy_path, as.character(elem), ".parquet")</pre>
  completition_status <- i * 100 / length(building_id_filtered_list)</pre>
```

```
print(path)
  cat(" Completion Status: ", completition_status, "%", " Iteration: ", iter, " where i = ", i)
  # Filter for July and add Building Number
  df <- read_parquet(path)</pre>
  df <- subset(df, grepl("2018-07", time))
  df$bldg_id <- elem
  cat(" Datatype of df: ", class(df))
  # Add DF to List
  list_of_dfs[[i]] <- df
  # Break Loop at 10% completion
  # if (completition_status > iter) {break}
 }
 # Concat Dataframes
 pre_final_df <- do.call(rbind, list_of_dfs)</pre>
 # Add DF to Master List
 list_of_dfs_final[[iter]] <- pre_final_df</pre>
 # Size of DF - Check
# Combine all dataframes into one
final_df <- do.call(rbind, list_of_dfs_final)</pre>
```

}

```
Note that the `echo = FALSE` parameter was added to the code chunk to prevent printing of the R code that generated the plot.
```

```
```{r}
library(tidyverse)
energy_merged_path <- read_csv("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny/energy_final.csv")</pre>
```{r}
dim(energy_merged_path)
df <- head(energy_merged_path, 1000)</pre>
view(df)
```{r}
#Merging Up the Weather based on the county ID
print(unique(static_house_data$in.county))
list_county <- c("G4500910", "G4500730", "G4500710", "G4500790", "G4500450", "G4500150",
"G4500350", "G4500190", "G4500830",
"G4500510", "G4500070", "G4500670", "G4500750", "G4500290", "G4500490", "G4500130",
"G4500630", "G4500870",
 "G4500550", "G4500010", "G4500430", "G4500890", "G4500850", "G4500770", "G4500030",
"G4500590", "G4500610",
"G4500250", "G4500530", "G4500210", "G4500410", "G4500570", "G4500690", "G4500310",
"G4500090", "G4500470",
```

```
"G4500050", "G4500330", "G4500650", "G4500230", "G4500270", "G4500370", "G4500110",
"G4500170", "G4500390",
"G4500810")
length(list county)
...
```{r}
# Create an empty data frame to store the merged data
merged_df <- data.frame()</pre>
# List of county codes
list_county <- c("G4500910", "G4500730", "G4500710", "G4500790", "G4500450", "G4500150",
"G4500350", "G4500190", "G4500830",
"G4500510", "G4500070", "G4500670", "G4500750", "G4500290", "G4500490", "G4500130",
"G4500630", "G4500870",
 "G4500550", "G4500010", "G4500430", "G4500890", "G4500850", "G4500770", "G4500030",
"G4500590", "G4500610",
"G4500250", "G4500530", "G4500210", "G4500410", "G4500570", "G4500690", "G4500310",
"G4500090", "G4500470",
 "G4500050", "G4500330", "G4500650", "G4500230", "G4500270", "G4500370", "G4500110",
"G4500170", "G4500390",
"G4500810")
# Iterate through each county code
for (county in list_county) {
url <- paste0('https://intro-datascience.s3.us-east-2.amazonaws.com/SC-data/weather/2023-weather-
data/', county, '.csv')
```

```
# Use tryCatch to handle errors
 tryCatch({
  df_county <- read.csv(url)</pre>
  merged_df <- rbind(merged_df, df_county)</pre>
}, error = function(e) {
  cat("Error reading file for county", county, ":", conditionMessage(e), "\n")
})
}
# Print the first few rows of the merged data frame
print(head(merged_df))
```{r}
Create an empty data frame to store the merged data
merged_df_new<- data.frame()
List of county codes
list county <- c("G4500910", "G4500730", "G4500710", "G4500790", "G4500450", "G4500150",
"G4500350", "G4500190", "G4500830",
 "G4500510", "G4500070", "G4500670", "G4500750", "G4500290", "G4500490", "G4500130",
"G4500630", "G4500870",
 "G4500550", "G4500010", "G4500430", "G4500890", "G4500850", "G4500770", "G4500030",
"G4500590", "G4500610",
 "G4500250", "G4500530", "G4500210", "G4500410", "G4500570", "G4500690", "G4500310",
"G4500090", "G4500470",
 "G4500050", "G4500330", "G4500650", "G4500230", "G4500270", "G4500370", "G4500110",
"G4500170", "G4500390",
```

```
"G4500810")
Iterate through each county code
for (county in list_county) {
 url <- paste0('https://intro-datascience.s3.us-east-2.amazonaws.com/SC-data/weather/2023-weather-
data/', county, '.csv')
 # Use tryCatch to handle errors
 tryCatch({
 df_county <- read.csv(url)</pre>
 # Add a new column 'county_id' with the current county code
 df_county$county_id <- county</pre>
 merged_df_new <- rbind(merged_df_new, df_county)</pre>
 }, error = function(e) {
 cat("Error reading file for county", county, ":", conditionMessage(e), "\n")
 })
}
Print the first few rows of the merged data frame
print(head(merged_df_new))
...
```{r}
view(merged_df_new)
```

```
```{r}
energy_merged_path<- na.omit(energy_merged_path)</pre>
```{r}
# Assuming merged_df has a column named date_time
# Load the dplyr package
library(dplyr)
# Filter merged_df for the month of July
merged_df_new<- merged_df_new %>%
 filter(format(as.Date(date_time), "%Y-%m") == "2018-07")
# Print the first few rows of the filtered data frame
print(head(merged_df_new))
nrow(merged_df_new)
...
```{r}
setwd("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny/")
write.csv(final_df, file ="energy_final.csv",row.names = FALSE)
```

\*\*\*

```
```{r}
weather_data_merged_with_county <- merged_df_new
• • • •
```{r}
setwd("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny/")
write.csv(weather_data_merged_with_county, file ="weather_final_county.csv",row.names = FALSE)

```{r}
#view(static_house_data)
print(unique(static_house_data$in.ahs_region))
setwd("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny/")
```{r}
print(unique(static_house_data$in.hvac_system_is_faulted
))
```

```
```{r}
meta_data_path <- "https://intro-datascience.s3.us-east-2.amazonaws.com/SC-
data/data dictionary.csv"
input_df_metadata <- read_csv(meta_data_path,show_col_types = FALSE)</pre>
meta_data_df=as.data.frame(input_df_metadata)
view(meta_data_df)
```{r}
view(weather_data_merged)
```{r}
str(weather_data_merged_with_county)
...
```{r}
#Grouping the time frame of Weather File
#str(weather_data_merged)
Assuming 'weather_data_merged' contains data for multiple counties
Assuming 'weather_data_merged' contains data for multiple counties
result_df <- weather_data_merged_with_county %>%
 mutate(hour = hour(strptime(date_time, format = "%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S")),
```

time\_split = case\_when(

hour %in% c(0, 1, 2, 3) ~ "Late Night",

hour %in% c(4, 5, 6, 7, 8) ~ "Early Morning",

```
hour %in% c(9, 10, 11, 12) ~ "Morning",
 hour %in% c(13, 14, 15) ~ "Noon",
 hour %in% c(16, 17, 18) ~ "Evening",
 hour %in% c(19, 20, 21, 22, 23) ~ "Night",
 TRUE ~ "Other"
)) %>%
group_by(county_id, time_split) %>%
summarise(
 Dry_Bulb_Temperature_C = mean(Dry.Bulb.Temperature...C.),
 Relative Humidity = mean(Relative.Humidity....),
 Wind Speed m s = mean(Wind.Speed..m.s.),
 Wind Direction Deg = mean(Wind.Direction..Deg.),
 Global_Horizontal_Radiation_W_m2 = mean(Global.Horizontal.Radiation..W.m2.),
 Direct_Normal_Radiation_W_m2 = mean(Direct.Normal.Radiation..W.m2.),
 Diffuse_Horizontal_Radiation_W_m2 = mean(Diffuse.Horizontal.Radiation..W.m2.)
) %>%
ungroup() %>%
mutate(
 time_range = case_when(
 time_split == "Late Night" ~ "00:00:00 to 03:00:00",
 time_split == "Early Morning" ~ "04:00:00 to 08:00:00", # Adjust as needed
 time_split == "Morning" ~ "09:00:00 to 12:00:00",
 # Adjust as needed
 time_split == "Noon" ~ "13:00:00 to 15:00:00",
 # Adjust as needed
 time_split == "Evening" ~ "16:00:00 to 18:00:00",
 # Adjust as needed
 time_split == "Night" ~ "19:00:00 to 23:00:00",
 # Adjust as needed
 TRUE ~ "Other"
)
) %>%
arrange(county_id, time_range)
```

```
Print the result
print(result_df)

```{r}
# Assuming 'result_df' is your existing dataframe
weather_july_timeframe <- result_df %>%
select(county_id, time_range, time_split, everything())
# Print the new dataframe
print(weather_july_timeframe)
***
```{r}
setwd("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny/")
write.csv(weather_july_timeframe, file ="weather_tf_july_276.csv",row.names = FALSE)
...
```{r}
```

```
energy_merged_july <- read_csv("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Downloads/energydataaa_idsProj.csv")</pre>
#subhiksha
...
```{r}
#energy_combined_features <- read_csv("C:/Users/Soundarya</pre>
Ravi/Downloads/combined_dependent_energy_data.csv") #subhiksha
head(energy_combined_features)
head(energy_merged_july)
str(energy_combined_features)
title: "Energy_new"
output: html_document
date: "2023-12-02"
```{r setup, include=FALSE}
knitr::opts_chunk$set(echo = TRUE)
...
## R Markdown
```

This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com.

When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this:

Note that the `echo = FALSE` parameter was added to the code chunk to prevent printing of the R code that generated the plot.

```
```{r}
library(tidyverse)
energy_merged_path <- read_csv("")</pre>
```{r}
weather_combined <- read_csv("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny/weather_tf_july_276.csv")</pre>
...
```{r}
#raw_energy_merged <- read_csv("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Downloads/rawenergymerge.csv")</pre>
raw_energy_merged <- na.omit(raw_energy_merged)</pre>
nrow(raw_energy_merged)
• • • •
```{r}
...
```{r}
```

```
raw_energy_merged\\ \\ \\ sout.electricity.pv.energy_consumption\\ \\ [raw_energy_merged\\ \\ \\ \\ sout.electricity.pv.energy_consumption\\ \\ [raw_energy_merged\\ \\ \\ \\ sout.electricity.pv.energy_consumption\\ \\ [raw_energy_merged\\ \\ \\ sout.electricity.pv.energy_merged\\ \\ \\ sout.electricity.pv.energy_consumption\\ \\ [raw_energy_merged\\ \\ sout.electricity.pv.energy_consumption\\ \\ sout.electricity.pv.energy_con
gy_consumption < 0] <- 0
...
```{r}
summary(raw_energy_merged)
```{r}
library(tidyverse)
#path <- "C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny/Raw Files/rawenergyfinal.csv"</pre>
data <- raw_energy_merged
#view(data111)
head(data,100)
colnames(data)
Kitchen
out.electricity.range_oven.energy_consumption
out.electricity.dishwasher.energy_consumption
out.electricity.refrigerator.energy_consumption
out.electricity.freezer.energy_consumption
out.natural_gas.range_oven.energy_consumption
out.natural_gas.grill.energy_consumption
out.propane.range_oven.energy_consumption
#
```

```
laundry
out.electricity.clothes_dryer.energy_consumption
out.natural_gas.clothes_dryer.energy_consumption
out.electricity.clothes_washer.energy_consumption
out.propane.clothes_dryer.energy_consumption
#
heating_cooling
out.electricity.heating_fans_pumps.energy_consumption
out.electricity.heating_hp_bkup.energy_consumption
out.electricity.heating.energy_consumption
out.electricity.cooling.energy_consumption
out.natural_gas.heating_hp_bkup.energy_consumption
out.natural_gas.heating.energy_consumption
out.propane.heating_hp_bkup.energy_consumption
out.propane.heating.energy_consumption
out.fuel_oil.heating_hp_bkup.energy_consumption
out.fuel_oil.heating.energy_consumption
out.natural_gas.fireplace.energy_consumption
out.electricity.cooling_fans_pumps.energy_consumption
water_heating
out.electricity.hot_water.energy_consumption
out.fuel_oil.hot_water.energy_consumption
out.natural_gas.hot_water.energy_consumption
out.propane.hot_water.energy_consumption
electrical_appliances
out.electricity.lighting_exterior.energy_consumption
out.electricity.lighting_garage.energy_consumption
```

```
out.electricity.lighting_interior.energy_consumption
out.electricity.plug_loads.energy_consumption
out.electricity.mech_vent.energy_consumption
out.natural_gas.lighting.energy_consumption
out.electricity.ceiling_fan.energy_consumption
#
outdoor_appliances
out.electricity.hot_tub_heater.energy_consumption
out.electricity.hot_tub_pump.energy_consumption
out.electricity.pool_heater.energy_consumption
out.electricity.pool_pump.energy_consumption
out.natural_gas.hot_tub_heater.energy_consumption
out.natural_gas.pool_heater.energy_consumption
out.electricity.well_pump.energy_consumption
renewable_energy
out.electricity.pv.energy_consumption
kitchen
data$out.kitchen.energy_consumption <- data$out.electricity.range_oven.energy_consumption +
data$out.electricity.dishwasher.energy_consumption +
 data$out.electricity.refrigerator.energy_consumption +
 data$out.electricity.freezer.energy_consumption +
 data$out.natural_gas.range_oven.energy_consumption +
 data$out.natural_gas.grill.energy_consumption +
 data$out.propane.range_oven.energy_consumption
laundry
data$out.laundry.energy_consumption <- data$out.electricity.clothes_dryer.energy_consumption +
```

```
data$out.natural_gas.clothes_dryer.energy_consumption +
 data$out.electricity.clothes_washer.energy_consumption +
 data$out.propane.clothes_dryer.energy_consumption
heating_cooling
data$out.heating_cooling.energy_consumption <-
data$out.electricity.heating_fans_pumps.energy_consumption +
 data$out.electricity.heating_hp_bkup.energy_consumption +
 data$out.electricity.heating.energy_consumption +
 data$out.electricity.cooling.energy_consumption +
 data$out.natural_gas.heating_hp_bkup.energy_consumption +
 data$out.natural_gas.heating.energy_consumption +
 data$out.propane.heating_hp_bkup.energy_consumption +
 data$out.propane.heating.energy_consumption +
 data$out.fuel_oil.heating_hp_bkup.energy_consumption +
 data$out.fuel_oil.heating.energy_consumption +
 data$out.natural_gas.fireplace.energy_consumption +
 data$out.electricity.cooling_fans_pumps.energy_consumption
water_heating
data$out.water_heating.energy_consumption <- data$out.electricity.hot_water.energy_consumption +
 data$out.fuel_oil.hot_water.energy_consumption +
 data$out.natural_gas.hot_water.energy_consumption +
 data$out.propane.hot_water.energy_consumption
electrical appliances
data$out.electrical_appliances.energy_consumption <-
data$out.electricity.lighting_exterior.energy_consumption +
 data$out.electricity.lighting_garage.energy_consumption +
```

```
data$out.electricity.lighting_interior.energy_consumption +
 data$out.electricity.plug_loads.energy_consumption +
 data$out.electricity.mech_vent.energy_consumption +
 data$out.natural_gas.lighting.energy_consumption +
 data$out.electricity.ceiling_fan.energy_consumption
outdoor_appliances
data$out.outdoor_appliances.energy_consumption <-
data$out.electricity.hot_tub_heater.energy_consumption +
data$out.electricity.hot_tub_pump.energy_consumption +
 data$out.electricity.pool_heater.energy_consumption +
 data$out.electricity.pool_pump.energy_consumption +
 data$out.natural_gas.hot_tub_heater.energy_consumption +
 data$out.natural_gas.pool_heater.energy_consumption +
 data$out.electricity.well_pump.energy_consumption
renewable_energy
data$out.renewable_energy_energy_consumption <- data$out.electricity.pv.energy_consumption
#total
data$out.total.energy_consumption <- data$out.electricity.range_oven.energy_consumption +
 data$out.electricity.dishwasher.energy_consumption +
 data$out.electricity.refrigerator.energy_consumption +
 data$out.electricity.freezer.energy_consumption +
 data$out.natural_gas.range_oven.energy_consumption +
 data$out.natural_gas.grill.energy_consumption +
 data$out.propane.range_oven.energy_consumption +
 data$out.electricity.clothes_dryer.energy_consumption +
```

data\$out.natural\_gas.clothes\_dryer.energy\_consumption +

```
data$out.electricity.clothes_washer.energy_consumption +
data$out.propane.clothes_dryer.energy_consumption +
data$out.electricity.heating_fans_pumps.energy_consumption +
data$out.electricity.heating_hp_bkup.energy_consumption +
data$out.electricity.heating.energy_consumption +
data$out.electricity.cooling.energy_consumption +
data$out.natural_gas.heating_hp_bkup.energy_consumption +
data$out.natural_gas.heating.energy_consumption +
data$out.propane.heating_hp_bkup.energy_consumption +
data$out.propane.heating.energy consumption +
data$out.fuel_oil.heating_hp_bkup.energy_consumption +
data$out.fuel oil.heating.energy consumption +
data$out.natural_gas.fireplace.energy_consumption +
data$out.electricity.cooling fans pumps.energy consumption +
data$out.electricity.hot_water.energy_consumption +
data$out.fuel_oil.hot_water.energy_consumption +
data$out.natural_gas.hot_water.energy_consumption +
data$out.propane.hot_water.energy_consumption +
data$out.electricity.lighting_exterior.energy_consumption +
data$out.electricity.lighting_garage.energy_consumption +
data$out.electricity.lighting_interior.energy_consumption +
data$out.electricity.plug_loads.energy_consumption +
data$out.electricity.mech_vent.energy_consumption +
data$out.natural_gas.lighting.energy_consumption +
data$out.electricity.ceiling_fan.energy_consumption +
data$out.electricity.hot_tub_heater.energy_consumption +
data$out.electricity.hot_tub_pump.energy_consumption +
data$out.electricity.pool_heater.energy_consumption +
data$out.electricity.pool_pump.energy_consumption +
```

```
data$out.natural_gas.pool_heater.energy_consumption +
 data$out.electricity.well_pump.energy_consumption +
data$out.electricity.pv.energy_consumption
colnames(data[,1:45])
colnames(data[,45:53])
data_dependent <- data[,44:53]</pre>
setwd("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny/")
write.csv(data_dependent, file ="energy_merged_column.csv",row.names = FALSE)
...
```{r}
head(data)
```{r}
#nrow(data_dependent)
head(data_dependent)
```

data\$out.natural\_gas.hot\_tub\_heater.energy\_consumption +

```
str(data_dependent)
...
```{r}
library(dplyr)
library(tibble)
process_energy_data <- function(energy_data) {</pre>
 result_df <- energy_data %>%
  mutate(hour = hour(time),
      time_split = case_when(
      hour %in% c(0, 1, 2, 3) ~ "Late Night",
       hour %in% c(4, 5, 6, 7, 8) ~ "Early Morning",
      hour %in% c(9, 10, 11, 12) ~ "Morning",
       hour %in% c(13, 14, 15) ~ "Noon",
      hour %in% c(16, 17, 18) ~ "Evening",
       hour %in% c(19, 20, 21, 22, 23) ~ "Night",
      TRUE ~ "Other"
     )) %>%
  group_by(bldg_id, time_split) %>%
  summarise(
   out.kitchen_energy_consumption = mean(out.kitchen.energy_consumption),
   out.laundry_energy_consumption = mean(out.laundry.energy_consumption),
   out.heating_cooling_energy_consumption = mean(out.heating_cooling.energy_consumption),
   out.water_heating_energy_consumption = mean(out.water_heating.energy_consumption),
   out.electrical_appliances_energy_consumption =
mean(out.electrical_appliances.energy_consumption),
```

```
out.outdoor_appliances_energy_consumption =
mean(out.outdoor_appliances.energy_consumption),
   out.renewable_energy_energy_consumption = mean(out.renewable_energy.energy_consumption),
   out.total_energy_consumption = mean(out.total.energy_consumption)
  ) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(
   time_range = case_when(
    time_split == "Late Night" ~ "00:00:00 to 03:00:00",
    time_split == "Early Morning" \sim "04:00:00 to 08:00:00",
    time_split == "Morning" ~ "09:00:00 to 12:00:00",
    time_split == "Noon" ~ "13:00:00 to 15:00:00",
    time_split == "Evening" ~ "16:00:00 to 18:00:00",
    time_split == "Night" ~ "19:00:00 to 23:00:00",
    TRUE ~ "Other"
   )
  ) %>%
  arrange(bldg_id, time_range)
 return(result_df)
}
# Example usage:
# Assuming your energy dataframe is named energy_data
energy_result_df <- process_energy_data(data_dependent)</pre>
# Print the result
print(energy_result_df)
```

```
...
```{r}
setwd("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny/")
write.csv(energy_result_df, file ="energy_aggregated_final.csv",row.names = FALSE)
```{r}
library(arrow)
house data path <- "https://intro-datascience.s3.us-east-2.amazonaws.com/SC-
data/static_house_info.parquet"
static house data <- read parquet(house data path)
Static Columns Filtered <- c('bldg id', 'in.county', 'in.county and puma', 'in.sqft',
'in.bedrooms', 'in.building america climate zone', 'in.ceiling fan', 'in.city', 'in.clothes dryer',
'in.clothes_washer', 'in.cooking_range', 'in.cooling_setpoint',
'in.cooling_setpoint_offset_magnitude','in.dishwasher','in.federal_poverty_level',
'in.geometry_attic_type', 'in.geometry_floor_area', 'in.geometry_floor_area_bin',
'in.geometry_garage','in.heating_fuel', 'in.heating_setpoint','in.heating_setpoint_offset_magnitude',
'in.hot water fixtures', 'in.hvac cooling efficiency',
'in.hvac_cooling_partial_space_conditioning','in.hvac_cooling_type', 'in.hvac_has_ducts',
'in.hvac_has_zonal_electric_heating', 'in.hvac_heating_efficiency', 'in.hvac_heating_type',
'in.hvac_heating_type_and_fuel','in.income','in.income_recs_2015', 'in.income_recs_2020',
'in.infiltration', 'in.insulation ceiling', 'in.insulation floor', 'in.insulation foundation wall',
'in.insulation_rim_joist', 'in.insulation_roof', 'in.insulation_slab', 'in.insulation_wall', 'in.lighting',
'in.misc_extra_refrigerator', 'in.misc_freezer', 'in.misc_gas_fireplace', 'in.misc_gas_grill',
'in.misc_gas_lighting', 'in.misc_hot_tub_spa', 'in.misc_pool', 'in.misc_pool_heater', 'in.misc_pool_pump',
'in.misc well pump', 'in.natural ventilation', 'in.occupants', 'in.orientation', 'in.plug load diversity',
'in.refrigerator', 'in.roof_material', 'in.tenure', 'in.usage_level', 'in.vacancy_status', 'in.vintage',
'in.vintage acs', 'in.water heater efficiency', 'in.water heater fuel',
'in.weather file city', 'in.weather file latitude', 'in.weather file longitude',
```

```
'in.window_areas','in.windows', 'upgrade.insulation_roof', 'upgrade.water_heater_efficiency',
'upgrade.hvac_cooling_efficiency', 'upgrade.infiltration_reduction',
'upgrade.geometry_foundation_type','upgrade.clothes_dryer', 'upgrade.insulation_ceiling',
'upgrade.hvac_heating_type', 'upgrade.insulation_wall', 'upgrade.insulation_foundation_wall',
'upgrade.hvac_heating_efficiency', 'upgrade.cooking_range')
static_house_filtered <- static_house_data %>% select(all_of(Static_Columns_Filtered))
```{r}
setwd("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny/")
write.csv(static_house_filtered, file ="statichousefirstcopy.csv",row.names = FALSE)
...
```{r}
unique_values <- sapply(static_house_filtered, unique)</pre>
print(unique_values)
copy_SHF <- static_house_filtered
...
```{r}
str(copy_SHF)
static_house_filtered <- copy_SHF
```

```
```{r}
# Coding it ordinally for the model to understand
# Ordinal coding for in.sqft
in_sqft_mapping <- c("885"=3, "1220"=4, "1690"=5, "2176"=6, "2663"=7, "3301"=8, "8194"=9, "328"=1,
"633"=2)
static_house_filtered$in.sqft <- as.numeric(in_sqft_mapping[as.character(static_house_filtered$in.sqft)])
# Ordinal coding for in.bedrooms
in_bedrooms_mapping <- c("3"=3, "2"=2, "4"=4, "1"=1, "5"=5)
static_house_filtered$in.bedrooms <-
as.numeric(in_bedrooms_mapping[as.character(static_house_filtered$in.bedrooms)])
# Ordinal coding for in.building_america_climate_zone
in building america climate zone mapping <- c("Mixed-Humid"=1, "Hot-Humid"=2)
static house filtered$in.building america climate zone <-
as.numeric(in_building_america_climate_zone_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.building_america_clim
ate_zone])
# Ordinal coding for in.ceiling_fan
in_ceiling_fan_mapping <- c("Standard Efficiency"=2, "None"=0, "Standard Efficiency, No usage"=1)
static_house_filtered$in.ceiling_fan <-
as.numeric(in_ceiling_fan_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.ceiling_fan])
# # Ordinal coding for in.city (assuming the given order)
# in_city_mapping <- c(
```

```
# "SC, Rock Hill"=1, "Not in a census Place"=2, "In another census Place"=3, "SC, Goose Creek"=4,
# "SC, Mount Pleasant"=5, "SC, Sumter"=6, "SC, Charleston"=7, "SC, Hilton Head Island"=8,
## "SC, North Charleston"=9, "SC, Greenville"=10, "SC, Myrtle Beach"=11, "SC, Columbia"=12,
## "SC, Florence"=13, "SC, North Myrtle Beach"=14, "SC, Spartanburg"=15, "SC, Summerville"=16
##)
# static_house_filtered$in.city <- as.numeric(in_city_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.city])
# Ordinal coding for in.clothes_dryer
in_clothes_dryer_mapping <- c(</pre>
 "Gas, 100% Usage"= 5, "Electric, 100% Usage"=2, "Electric, 80% Usage"=1,
 "Electric, 120% Usage"=3, "None"=0, "Propane, 100% Usage"=8,
 "Gas, 120% Usage"=6, "Propane, 80% Usage"=7, "Gas, 80% Usage"=4,
 "Propane, 120% Usage"=9
)
static_house_filtered$in.clothes_dryer <-
as.numeric(in_clothes_dryer_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.clothes_dryer])
# Ordinal coding for in.clothes_washer
in_clothes_washer_mapping <- c(</pre>
 "Standard, 100% Usage"=5, "EnergyStar, 100% Usage"=2, "Standard, 80% Usage"=4,
"EnergyStar, 80% Usage"=1, "Standard, 120% Usage"=6, "EnergyStar, 120% Usage"=3,
 "None"=0
static_house_filtered$in.clothes_washer <-
as.numeric(in_clothes_washer_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.clothes_washer])
# Ordinal coding for in.cooking_range
in_cooking_range_mapping <- c(</pre>
 "Electric, 100% Usage"=2, "Gas, 80% Usage"=4, "Electric, 80% Usage"=1,
```

```
"Gas, 120% Usage"=6, "Electric, 120% Usage"=3, "Gas, 100% Usage"=5,
 "Propane, 80% Usage"=7, "Propane, 100% Usage"=8, "Propane, 120% Usage"=9,
"None"=0
static_house_filtered$in.cooking_range <-
as.numeric(in_cooking_range_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.cooking_range])
# Ordinal coding for in.cooling_setpoint (assuming the given order)
in_cooling_setpoint_mapping <- c(</pre>
"72F"=7, "76F"=9, "70F"=6, "60F"=1, "78F"=10, "75F"=8, "68F"=5, "62F"=2, "65F"=3,
"80F"=11, "67F"=4
)
static_house_filtered$in.cooling_setpoint <-
as.numeric(in cooling setpoint mapping[static house filtered$in.cooling setpoint])
# Ordinal coding for in.cooling setpoint offset magnitude (assuming the given order)
in_cooling_setpoint_offset_magnitude_mapping <- c("0F"=0, "2F"=1, "5F"=2, "9F"=3)
static_house_filtered$in.cooling_setpoint_offset_magnitude <-
as.numeric(in_cooling_setpoint_offset_magnitude_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.cooling_setpoint_
offset magnitude])
# Ordinal coding for in.dishwasher
in_dishwasher_mapping <- c(</pre>
 "None"=0, "290 Rated kWh, 100% Usage"=1, "318 Rated kWh, 80% Usage"=2,
 "318 Rated kWh, 120% Usage"=3, "290 Rated kWh, 80% Usage"=4,
"290 Rated kWh, 120% Usage"=5, "318 Rated kWh, 100% Usage"=6
static_house_filtered$in.dishwasher <-
as.numeric (in\_dishwasher\_mapping[static\_house\_filtered \$ in.dishwasher])
```

```
# Ordinal coding for in.federal_poverty_level
in_federal_poverty_level_mapping <- c(</pre>
  "0-100%"=1, "150-200%"=2, "100-150%"=3, "400%+"=6, "200-300%"=4, "300-400%"=5
static_house_filtered$in.federal_poverty_level <-
as.numeric(in_federal_poverty_level_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.federal_poverty_level])
# Ordinal coding for in.geometry_attic_type
in_geometry_attic_type_mapping <- c("Vented Attic"=1, "Finished Attic or Cathedral Ceilings"=2)
static_house_filtered$in.geometry_attic_type <-
as.numeric(in_geometry_attic_type_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.geometry_attic_type])
# Ordinal coding for in.geometry floor area
in_geometry_floor_area_mapping <- c(</pre>
  "0-499"=0\ , "500-749"=1,"750-999"=2,"1000-1499"=3,"1500-1999"=4,"2000-2499"=5,"2500-1999"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000-1499"=1,"1000
2999"=6,"3000-3999"=7,"4000+"=8
static_house_filtered$in.geometry_floor_area <-
as.numeric(in_geometry_floor_area_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.geometry_floor_area])
# Ordinal coding for in.geometry_floor_area_bin
in_geometry_floor_area_bin_mapping <- c("0-1499"=1, "1500-2499"=2, "2500-3999"=3, "4000+"=4)
static_house_filtered$in.geometry_floor_area_bin <-
as.numeric(in geometry floor area bin mapping[static house filtered$in.geometry floor area bin])
# Ordinal coding for in.geometry garage
in geometry garage mapping <- c("1 Car"=1, "None"=0, "2 Car"=2, "3 Car"=3)
static house filtered$in.geometry garage <-
as.numeric(in_geometry_garage_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.geometry_garage])
# Ordinal coding for in.heating fuel
```

```
in_heating_fuel_mapping <- c(</pre>
"Natural Gas"=1, "Electricity"=2, "Propane"=3, "Other Fuel"=4,
"Fuel Oil"=5, "None"=0
static_house_filtered$in.heating_fuel <-
as.numeric(in_heating_fuel_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.heating_fuel])
# Ordinal coding for in.heating_setpoint
in_heating_setpoint_mapping <- c(</pre>
"70F"=6, "65F"=3, "68F"=5, "72F"=7, "75F"=8, "76F"=9,
"78F"=10, "67F"=4, "55F"=0, "60F"=1, "80F"=11, "62F"=2
)
static_house_filtered$in.heating_setpoint <-
as.numeric(in heating setpoint mapping[static house filtered$in.heating setpoint])
# Ordinal coding for in.heating setpoint offset magnitude
in_heating_setpoint_offset_magnitude_mapping <- c("0F"=0, "3F"=1, "12F"=3, "6F"=2)
static_house_filtered$in.heating_setpoint_offset_magnitude <-
as.numeric(in_heating_setpoint_offset_magnitude_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.heating_setpoint_
offset magnitude])
# Ordinal coding for in.hot water fixtures
in_hot_water_fixtures_mapping <- c("100% Usage"=2, "50% Usage"=1, "200% Usage"=3)
static house filtered$in.hot water fixtures <-
as.numeric(in_hot_water_fixtures_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.hot_water_fixtures])
# Ordinal coding for in.hvac cooling efficiency
in hvac cooling efficiency mapping <- c(
 "AC, SEER 15"=1, "AC, SEER 13"=2, "None"=0, "AC, SEER 10"=4,
 "Heat Pump"=5, "Room AC, EER 10.7"=6, "Room AC, EER 8.5"=7,
```

```
"AC, SEER 8"=8, "Room AC, EER 9.8"=9, "Room AC, EER 12.0"=10
static_house_filtered$in.hvac_cooling_efficiency <-
as.numeric(in hvac cooling efficiency mapping[static house filtered$in.hvac cooling efficiency])
# Ordinal coding for in.hvac_cooling_partial_space_conditioning
in_hvac_cooling_partial_space_conditioning_mapping <- c(</pre>
"100% Conditioned"=5, "None"=0, "80% Conditioned"=4,
"60% Conditioned"=3, "20% Conditioned"=1, "40% Conditioned"=2
static_house_filtered$in.hvac_cooling_partial_space_conditioning <-
as.numeric(in hvac cooling partial space conditioning mapping[static house filtered$in.hvac cooling
_partial_space_conditioning])
# Ordinal coding for in.hvac cooling type
in hvac cooling type mapping <- c("Central AC"=1, "None"=0, "Heat Pump"=2, "Room AC"=3)
static_house_filtered$in.hvac_cooling_type <-
as.numeric(in_hvac_cooling_type_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.hvac_cooling_type])
# Ordinal coding for in.hvac has ducts
in_hvac_has_ducts_mapping <- c("Yes"=1, "No"=0)
static house filtered$in.hvac has ducts <-
as.numeric(in hvac has ducts mapping[static house filtered$in.hvac has ducts])
# Ordinal coding for in.hvac has zonal electric heating
in hvac has zonal electric heating mapping <- c("No"=0, "Yes"=1)
static house filtered$in.hvac has zonal electric heating <-
as.numeric(in_hvac_has_zonal_electric_heating_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.hvac_has_zonal_elec
tric_heating])
# Ordinal coding for in.hvac_heating_efficiency
```

```
# Ordinal coding for in.hvac_heating_type
in_hvac_heating_type_mapping <- c("Ducted Heating"=1, "Non-Ducted Heating"=2, "Ducted Heat
Pump"=3, "None"=0)
static house filtered$in.hvac heating type <-
as.numeric(in hvac heating type mapping[static house filtered$in.hvac heating type])
# Ordinal coding for in.hvac heating type and fuel
in hvac heating type and fuel mapping <- c(
 "Natural Gas Fuel Furnace"=1, "Natural Gas Fuel Boiler"=2, "Electricity Electric Furnace"=3,
 "Electricity ASHP"=4, "Electricity Baseboard"=5, "Propane Fuel Furnace"=6,
 "None"=7, "Propane Fuel Boiler"=8, "Natural Gas Fuel Wall/Floor Furnace"=9,
 "Fuel Oil Fuel Furnace"=10, "Propane Fuel Wall/Floor Furnace"=11, "Electricity Electric Boiler"=12,
"Fuel Oil Fuel Boiler"=13, "Electricity Electric Wall Furnace"=14, "Fuel Oil Fuel Wall/Floor Furnace"=15
)
static house filtered$in.hvac heating type and fuel <-
as.numeric(in hvac heating type and fuel mapping[as.character(static house filtered$in.hvac heatin
g_type_and_fuel)])
# Ordinal coding for in.income
# Updated Ordinal coding for in.income using maximum value of the range
income_mapping <- c(</pre>
"<10000"=9999, "10000-14999"=14999, "15000-19999"=19999, "20000-24999"=24999,
"25000-29999"=29999, "30000-34999"=34999, "35000-39999"=39999, "40000-44999"=44999,
 "45000-49999"=49999, "50000-59999"=59999, "60000-69999"=69999, "70000-79999"=79999,
 "80000-99999"=99999, "100000-119999"=119999, "120000-139999"=139999,
```

```
"140000-159999"=159999, "160000-179999"=179999, "180000-199999"=199999, "200000+"=200000
)
static_house_filtered$in.income <- as.numeric(income_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.income])
# Ordinal coding for in.insulation_ceiling
in_insulation_ceiling_mapping <- c(</pre>
  "R-30"=4, "R-13"=2, "R-38"=5, "R-19"=3, "R-7"=1, "Uninsulated"=7, "None"=0, "R-49"=6
static house filtered$in.insulation ceiling <-
as.numeric(in_insulation_ceiling_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.insulation_ceiling])
# Ordinal coding for in.insulation_floor
in_insulation_floor_mapping <- c("None"=0, "Uninsulated"=1, "Ceiling R-13"=2, "Ceiling R-19"=3)
static house filtered$in.insulation floor <-
as.numeric(in insulation floor mapping[static house filtered$in.insulation floor])
# Ordinal coding for in.insulation_foundation_wall
in insulation foundation wall mapping <- c(
  "None"=0, "Uninsulated"=1, "Wall R-10, Exterior"=3, "Wall R-15, Exterior"=4, "Wall R-5, Exterior"=2
)
static house filtered$in.insulation foundation wall <-
as.numeric (in\_insulation\_foundation\_wall\_mapping [static\_house\_filtered \$ in.insulation\_foundation\_wall\_mapping [static\_house\_filtered \$ in.insulation\_foundation\_foundation\_wall\_mapping [static\_house\_filtered \$ in.insulation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundation\_foundati
I])
# Ordinal coding for in.insulation_rim_joist
in_insulation_rim_joist_mapping <- c("None"=0, "Uninsulated"=1, "R-10, Exterior"=3, "R-15, Exterior"=4,
"R-5, Exterior"=2)
static house filtered$in.insulation rim joist <-
as.numeric(in insulation rim joist mapping[static house filtered$in.insulation rim joist])
```

```
# Ordinal coding for in.insulation roof
in_insulation_roof_mapping <- c(</pre>
 "Unfinished, Uninsulated"=1, "Finished, R-30"=2, "Finished, R-38"=3,
 "Finished, R-19"=4, "Finished, R-13"=5, "Finished, R-49"=6, "Finished, R-7"=7, "Finished, Uninsulated"=8
static_house_filtered$in.insulation_roof <-
as.numeric(in_insulation_roof_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.insulation_roof])
# Ordinal coding for in.insulation_slab
in_insulation_slab_mapping <- c(
 "Uninsulated"=1, "None"=2, "2ft R10 Under, Horizontal"=3,
 "2ft R5 Under, Horizontal"=4, "2ft R5 Perimeter, Vertical"=5, "2ft R10 Perimeter, Vertical"=6
)
static_house_filtered$in.insulation_slab <-
as.numeric(in_insulation_slab_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.insulation_slab])
## Ordinal coding for in.insulation_wall
# in_insulation_wall_mapping <- c(
# "Wood Stud, Uninsulated"=1, "Wood Stud, R-11"=2, "Brick, 12-in, 3-wythe, R-11"=3,
# "CMU, 6-in Hollow, R-7"=4, "Wood Stud, R-15"=5, "Wood Stud, R-7"=6,
# "CMU, 6-in Hollow, R-11"=7, "CMU, 6-in Hollow, Uninsulated"=8,
# "Brick, 12-in, 3-wythe, Uninsulated"=9, "Brick, 12-in, 3-wythe, R-7"=10,
# "Wood Stud, R-19"=11, "Brick, 12-in, 3-wythe, R-15"=12, "CMU, 6-in Hollow, R-15"=13,
# "Brick, 12-in, 3-wythe, R-19"=14, "CMU, 6-in Hollow, R-19"=15
#)
# static house filtered$in.insulation wall <-
as.numeric(in_insulation_wall_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.insulation_wall])
# Ordinal coding for in.lighting
in lighting mapping <- c("100% Incandescent"=1, "100% LED"=2, "100% CFL"=3)
```

```
static_house_filtered$in.lighting <- as.numeric(in_lighting_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.lighting])
# Ordinal coding for in.misc_extra_refrigerator
in_misc_extra_refrigerator_mapping <- c("EF 17.6"=5, "None"=0, "EF 15.9"=4, "EF 19.9"=6, "EF 6.7"=1,
"EF 10.5"=2, "EF 10.2"=3)
static_house_filtered$in.misc_extra_refrigerator <-
as.numeric(in_misc_extra_refrigerator_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.misc_extra_refrigerator])
# Ordinal coding for in.misc freezer
in misc freezer mapping <- c("EF 12, National Average"=1, "None"=0)
static house filtered$in.misc freezer <-
as.numeric(in_misc_freezer_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.misc_freezer])
# Ordinal coding for in.misc gas fireplace
in_misc_gas_fireplace_mapping <- c("None"=0, "Gas Fireplace"=2)
static house filtered$in.misc gas fireplace <-
as.numeric(in_misc_gas_fireplace_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.misc_gas_fireplace])
# Ordinal coding for in.misc gas grill
in misc gas grill mapping <- c("None"=0, "Gas Grill"=2)
static_house_filtered$in.misc_gas_grill <-
as.numeric(in_misc_gas_grill_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.misc_gas_grill])
# Ordinal coding for in.misc gas lighting
in misc gas lighting mapping <- c("None"=0, "Gas Lighting"=2)
static house filtered$in.misc gas lighting <-
as.numeric(in_misc_gas_lighting_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.misc_gas_lighting])
# Ordinal coding for in.misc hot tub spa
in misc hot tub spa mapping <- c("None"=0, "Gas"=2, "Electric"=1)
```

```
static_house_filtered$in.misc_hot_tub_spa <-
as.numeric(in_misc_hot_tub_spa_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.misc_hot_tub_spa])
# Ordinal coding for in.misc pool
in_misc_pool_mapping <- c("None"=0, "Has Pool"=1)</pre>
static house filtered$in.misc pool <-
as.numeric(in_misc_pool_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.misc_pool])
# Ordinal coding for in.misc pool heater
in misc pool heater mapping <- c("None"=0, "Electric"=1, "Solar"=3, "Gas"=2)
static house filtered$in.misc pool heater <-
as.numeric(in_misc_pool_heater_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.misc_pool_heater])
# Ordinal coding for in.misc pool pump
in_misc_pool_pump_mapping <- c("None"=0, "1.0 HP Pump"=1)</pre>
static house filtered$in.misc pool pump <-
as.numeric(in_misc_pool_pump_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.misc_pool_pump])
# Ordinal coding for in.misc_well_pump
in_misc_well_pump_mapping <- c("None"=0, "Typical Efficiency"=1)
static house filtered$in.misc well pump <-
as.numeric(in_misc_well_pump_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.misc_well_pump])
# Ordinal coding for in.natural ventilation
in natural ventilation mapping <- c("Cooling Season, 7 days/wk"=1)
static house filtered$in.natural ventilation <-
as.numeric(in_natural_ventilation_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.natural_ventilation])
# Ordinal coding for in.occupants
in occupants mapping <- c("3"=3, "1"=1, "2"=2, "4"=4, "5"=5, "8"=8, "6"=6, "7"=7, "10+"=10, "9"=9)
```

```
static house filtered$in.occupants <-
as.numeric(in_occupants_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.occupants])
# Ordinal coding for in.orientation
in orientation mapping <- c("North"=1, "West"=2, "South"=3, "Northeast"=4, "Northwest"=5,
"Southeast"=6, "East"=7, "Southwest"=8)
static_house_filtered$in.orientation <-
as.numeric(in_orientation_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.orientation])
# Ordinal coding for in.plug_load_diversity
in_plug_load_diversity_mapping <- c("100%"=1, "50%"=0, "200%"=2)
static_house_filtered$in.plug_load_diversity <-
as.numeric(in_plug_load_diversity_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.plug_load_diversity])
# Ordinal coding for in.refrigerator
in_refrigerator_mapping <- c("EF 6.7, 100% Usage"=1, "EF 17.6, 100% Usage"=2, "EF 19.9, 100%
Usage"=3, "EF 10.5, 100% Usage"=4, "EF 15.9, 100% Usage"=5, "EF 10.2, 100% Usage"=6, "None"=0)
static house filtered$in.refrigerator <-
as.numeric(in_refrigerator_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.refrigerator])
# Ordinal coding for in.roof material
in_roof_material_mapping <- c("Composition Shingles"=1, "Metal, Dark"=2, "Tile, Concrete"=3, "Wood
Shingles"=4, "Tile, Clay or Ceramic"=5, "Slate"=6, "Asphalt Shingles, Medium"=7)
static house filtered$in.roof material <-
as.numeric(in_roof_material_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.roof_material])
# Ordinal coding for in.tenure
in tenure mapping <- c("Renter"=1, "Owner"=2)
static house filtered$in.tenure <- as.numeric(in tenure mapping[static house filtered$in.tenure])
# Ordinal coding for in.usage level
in usage level mapping <- c("Medium"=2, "Low"=1, "High"=3)
```

```
static house filtered$in.usage level <-
as.numeric(in usage level mapping[static house filtered$in.usage level])
# Ordinal coding for in.vacancy status
in vacancy status mapping <- c("Occupied"=1, "Vacant"=2)
static house filtered$in.vacancy status <-
as.numeric(in_vacancy_status_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.vacancy_status])
# Ordinal coding for in.vintage
in vintage mapping <- c("1950s"=1, "2000s"=2, "<1940"=3, "1980s"=4, "1990s"=5, "1970s"=6,
"1960s"=7, "2010s"=8, "1940s"=9)
static_house_filtered$in.vintage <- as.numeric(in_vintage_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.vintage])
# Ordinal coding for in.vintage acs
in_vintage_acs_mapping <- c("1940-59"=1, "2000-09"=2, "<1940"=3, "1980-99"=4, "1960-79"=5,
"2010s"=6)
static_house_filtered$in.vintage_acs <-
as.numeric(in vintage acs mapping[static house filtered$in.vintage acs])
# Ordinal coding for in.water heater efficiency
in_water_heater_efficiency_mapping <- c("Natural Gas Standard"=1, "Electric Standard"=2, "Natural Gas
Premium"=3, "Propane Tankless"=4, "Propane Standard"=5, "Electric Premium"=6, "Other Fuel"=7,
"Propane Premium"=8, "Electric Tankless"=9, "Electric Heat Pump, 80 gal"=10, "Natural Gas
Tankless"=11, "Fuel Oil Standard"=12)
static_house_filtered$in.water_heater_efficiency <-
as.numeric(in_water_heater_efficiency_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.water_heater_efficiency])
# Ordinal coding for in.water heater fuel
in_water_heater_fuel_mapping <- c("Natural Gas"=1, "Electricity"=2, "Propane"=3, "Other Fuel"=4, "Fuel
Oil"=5)
static_house_filtered$in.water_heater_fuel <-
as.numeric(in water heater fuel mapping[static house filtered$in.water heater fuel])
```

```
# Ordinal coding for in.weather file city
in_weather_file_city_mapping <- c("Rock Hill York Co"=1, "Oconee Co Rgnl"=2, "Columbia Metro"=3,
"Columbia Owens Apt"=4, "Greenville Greenvil"=5, "Charleston Muni"=6, "Myrtle Beach Civ"=7,
"Anderson Rgnl"=8, "Florence Rgnl"=9, "Orangeburg Muni"=10, "Beaufort Mcas"=11, "Shaw Afb
Sumter"=12, "Greenwood Co"=13, "Augusta Bush Field"=14, "Monroe Airport"=15, "Rutherfordton"=16,
"Maxton"=17, "Daniel Field"=18)
static_house_filtered$in.weather_file_city <-
as.numeric(in_weather_file_city_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.weather_file_city])
# Ordinal coding for in.weather_file_latitude
static house filtered$in.weather file latitude <-
as.numeric(static_house_filtered$in.weather_file_latitude)
# Ordinal coding for in.weather_file_longitude
static_house_filtered$in.weather_file_longitude <-
as.numeric(static_house_filtered$in.weather_file_longitude)
# Ordinal coding for in.window_areas
in_window_areas_mapping <- c("F12 B12 L12 R12"=1, "F18 B18 L18 R18"=2, "F9 B9 L9 R9"=3, "F15 B15"
L15 R15"=4, "F30 B30 L30 R30"=5, "F6 B6 L6 R6"=6)
static house filtered$in.window areas <-
as.numeric(in window areas mapping[static house filtered$in.window areas])
# Ordinal coding for in.windows
in windows mapping <- c("Double, Low-E, Non-metal, Air, M-Gain"=1, "Single, Clear, Non-metal"=2,
"Double, Clear, Metal, Air"=3, "Single, Clear, Non-metal, Exterior Clear Storm"=4, "Double, Clear, Non-
metal, Air"=5, "Single, Clear, Metal"=6, "Double, Clear, Metal, Air, Exterior Clear Storm"=7, "Double,
Clear, Non-metal, Air, Exterior Clear Storm"=8, "Triple, Low-E, Non-metal, Air, L-Gain"=9, "Single, Clear,
Metal, Exterior Clear Storm"=10)
```

static_house_filtered\$in.windows <-

as.numeric(in_windows_mapping[static_house_filtered\$in.windows])

```
# Ordinal coding for upgrade.hvac_cooling_efficiency
upgrade_hvac_cooling_efficiency_mapping <- c("Heat Pump"=1)</pre>
static_house_filtered$upgrade.hvac_cooling_efficiency <-
as.numeric(upgrade hvac cooling efficiency mapping[static house filtered$upgrade.hvac cooling effi
ciency])
# Convert to character if necessary
static house filtered$in.occupants <- as.character(static house filtered$in.occupants)
# Ordinal coding for in.occupants
in occupants mapping <- c("3"=1, "1"=2, "2"=3, "4"=4, "5"=5, "8"=6, "6"=7, "7"=8, "10+"=9, "9"=10)
static house filtered$in.occupants <-
as.numeric(in occupants mapping[static house filtered$in.occupants])
# Ordinal coding for upgrade.clothes_dryer
upgrade_clothes_dryer_mapping <- c("Electric, Premium, Heat Pump, Ventless, 100% Usage"=1,
"Electric, Premium, Heat Pump, Ventless, 80% Usage"=2, "Electric, Premium, Heat Pump, Ventless, 120%
Usage"=3)
static house filtered$upgrade.clothes dryer <-
as.numeric(upgrade_clothes_dryer_mapping[static_house_filtered$upgrade.clothes_dryer])
# Ordinal coding for upgrade.insulation_ceiling
upgrade insulation ceiling mapping <- c("R-49"=1)
static house filtered$upgrade.insulation ceiling <-
as.numeric(upgrade_insulation_ceiling_mapping[static_house_filtered$upgrade.insulation_ceiling])
```

```
# Ordinal coding for upgrade.hvac_heating_type
upgrade_hvac_heating_type_mapping <- c("Ducted Heat Pump"=1)</pre>
static_house_filtered$upgrade.hvac_heating_type <-
as.numeric(upgrade hvac heating type mapping[static house filtered$upgrade.hvac heating type])
# Ordinal coding for upgrade.insulation wall
upgrade_insulation_wall_mapping <- c("Wood Stud, R-13"=1)
static house filtered$upgrade.insulation wall <-
as.numeric(upgrade insulation wall mapping[static house filtered$upgrade.insulation wall])
# Ordinal coding for upgrade.insulation foundation wall
upgrade insulation foundation wall mapping <- c("Wall R-10, Interior"=2)
static house filtered$upgrade.insulation foundation wall <-
as.numeric (upgrade\_insulation\_foundation\_wall\_mapping [static\_house\_filtered \$ upgrade.insulation\_foundation\_wall\_mapping [static\_house\_filtered \$ upgrade.insulation\_wall\_mapping [static\_house\_filtered \$ upgrade.insulation\_wall\_wall\_wall\_wallow.insulation\_wallow.insulation\_wallow.insulation\_wallow.insulation\_wallow.insulation\_wallow.insulation\_wallow.insulation\_wallow.insulation\_wallow.insulation\_wallow.insulation\_wallow.insu
undation_wall])
# Ordinal coding for upgrade.hvac_heating_efficiency
upgrade_hvac_heating_efficiency_mapping <- c("MSHP, SEER 24, 13 HSPF"=1, "MSHP, SEER 29.3, 14
HSPF, Max Load"=2)
static_house_filtered$upgrade.hvac_heating_efficiency <-
as.numeric(upgrade hvac heating efficiency mapping[static house filtered$upgrade.hvac heating eff
iciency])
# Ordinal coding for upgrade.cooking range
upgrade cooking range mapping 2 <- c("Electric, Induction, 100% Usage"=1, "Electric, Induction, 80%
Usage"=2, "Electric, Induction, 120% Usage"=3)
static house filtered$upgrade.cooking range <-
as.numeric(upgrade_cooking_range_mapping_2[static_house_filtered$upgrade.cooking_range])
```

```
# Ordinal coding for in.orientation
in_orientation_mapping <- c("North"=1, "West"=2, "South"=3, "Northeast"=4, "Northwest"=5,
"Southeast"=6, "East"=7, "Southwest"=8)
static house filtered$in.orientation <-
as.numeric(in_orientation_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.orientation])
# Ordinal coding for in.tenure
in tenure mapping <- c("Renter"=1, "Owner"=2)
static house filtered$in.tenure <- as.numeric(in tenure mapping[static house filtered$in.tenure])
# Ordinal coding for in.usage level
in_usage_level_mapping <- c("Medium"=1, "Low"=2, "High"=3)</pre>
static house filtered$in.usage level <-
as.numeric(in_usage_level_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.usage_level])
# Ordinal coding for in.vacancy_status
in_vacancy_status_mapping <- c("Occupied"=1, "Vacant"=2)</pre>
static_house_filtered$in.vacancy_status <-
as.numeric(in_vacancy_status_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.vacancy_status])
# Ordinal coding for in.vintage
in_vintage_mapping <- c("1950s"=1, "2000s"=2, "<1940"=3, "1980s"=4, "1990s"=5, "1970s"=6,
"1960s"=7, "2010s"=8, "1940s"=9)
static_house_filtered$in.vintage <- as.numeric(in_vintage_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.vintage])
# Ordinal coding for in.vintage acs
in vintage acs mapping <- c("1940-59"=1, "2000-09"=2, "<1940"=3, "1980-99"=4, "1960-79"=5,
"2010s"=6)
```

```
static house filtered$in.vintage acs <-
as.numeric(in_vintage_acs_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.vintage_acs])
# Ordinal coding for in.water heater efficiency
in water heater efficiency mapping <- c("Natural Gas Standard"=1, "Electric Standard"=2, "Natural Gas
Premium"=3, "Propane Tankless"=4, "Propane Standard"=5, "Electric Premium"=6, "Other Fuel"=7,
"Propane Premium"=8, "Electric Tankless"=9, "Electric Heat Pump, 80 gal"=10, "Natural Gas
Tankless"=11, "Fuel Oil Standard"=12)
static house filtered$in.water heater efficiency <-
as.numeric(in_water_heater_efficiency_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.water_heater_efficiency])
# Ordinal coding for in.water heater fuel
in water heater fuel mapping <- c("Natural Gas"=1, "Electricity"=2, "Propane"=3, "Other Fuel"=4, "Fuel
Oil"=5)
static_house_filtered$in.water_heater_fuel <-
as.numeric(in_water_heater_fuel_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.water_heater_fuel])
# Ordinal coding for in.weather_file_city
in_weather_file_city_mapping <- c("Rock Hill York Co"=1, "Oconee Co Rgnl"=2, "Columbia Metro"=3,
"Columbia Owens Apt"=4, "Greenville Greenvil"=5, "Charleston Muni"=6, "Myrtle Beach Civ"=7,
"Anderson Rgnl"=8, "Florence Rgnl"=9, "Orangeburg Muni"=10, "Beaufort Mcas"=11, "Shaw Afb
Sumter"=12, "Greenwood Co"=13, "Augusta Bush Field"=14, "Monroe Airport"=15, "Rutherfordton"=16,
"Maxton"=17, "Daniel Field"=18)
static house filtered$in.weather file city <-
as.numeric(in_weather_file_city_mapping[static_house_filtered$in.weather_file_city])
# Ordinal coding for in.weather file latitude
static house filtered$in.weather file latitude <-
as.numeric(static_house_filtered$in.weather_file_latitude)
# Ordinal coding for in.weather_file_longitude
static house filtered$in.weather file longitude <-
as.numeric(static_house_filtered$in.weather_file_longitude)
```

```
# Ordinal coding for in.window areas
in_window_areas_mapping <- c("F12 B12 L12 R12"=1, "F18 B18 L18 R18"=2, "F9 B9 L9 R9"=3, "F15 B15"
L15 R15"=4, "F30 B30 L30 R30"=5, "F6 B6 L6 R6"=6)
static house filtered$in.window areas <-
as.numeric(in window areas mapping[static house filtered$in.window areas])
# Ordinal coding for upgrade.insulation roof
upgrade insulation roof mapping <- c("Finished, R-30"=1)
static house filtered$upgrade.insulation roof <-
as.numeric(upgrade_insulation_roof_mapping[static_house_filtered$upgrade.insulation_roof])
# Ordinal coding for upgrade.water_heater_efficiency
upgrade water heater efficiency mapping <- c("Electric Heat Pump, 50 gal, 3.45 UEF"=1, "Electric Heat
Pump, 66 gal, 3.35 UEF"=2, "Electric Heat Pump, 80 gal, 3.45 UEF"=3)
static_house_filtered$upgrade.water_heater_efficiency <-
as.numeric (upgrade\_water\_heater\_efficiency\_mapping [static\_house\_filtered \$ upgrade.water\_heater\_efficiency\_mapping [static\_house\_filtered \$ upgrade.water\_heater\_effiltered \$ upgrade.water\_heater\_heater\_effiltered \$ upgrade.water\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater\_heater
iciency])
# Ordinal coding for upgrade.hvac cooling efficiency
upgrade hvac cooling efficiency mapping <- c("Heat Pump"=1)
static house filtered$upgrade.hvac cooling efficiency <-
as.numeric(upgrade hvac cooling efficiency mapping[static house filtered$upgrade.hvac cooling effi
ciency])
# Ordinal coding for upgrade.infiltration reduction
upgrade infiltration reduction mapping <- c("30%"=1)
static house filtered$upgrade.infiltration reduction <-
as.numeric(upgrade infiltration reduction mapping[static house filtered$upgrade.infiltration reductio
n])
# Ordinal coding for upgrade.geometry_foundation_type
```

```
upgrade_geometry_foundation_type_mapping <- c("Unvented Crawlspace"=1)</pre>
static_house_filtered$upgrade.geometry_foundation_type <-
as.numeric(upgrade_geometry_foundation_type_mapping[static_house_filtered$upgrade.geometry_fo
undation_type])
...
```{r}
static_house_ordinal <- static_house_filtered
static_house_ordinal_copy <- static_house_ordinal
static_house_ordinal_copy_2 <- static_house_ordinal
```{r}
setwd("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny/")
write.csv(static house ordinal, file ="raw uncleaned static ordinal",row.names=FALSE)
...
```{r}
#Remove NA Rows or Replace NA rows
handle_missing_values <- function(df) {
for (col in names(df)) {
 if (any(is.na(df[[col]]))) {
 # Check if column has missing values
 if (is.numeric(df[[col]])) {
 # For numeric columns, replace missing values with mean
```

```
df[[col]][is.na(df[[col]])] <- mean(df[[col]], na.rm = TRUE)
 } else {
 # For non-numeric columns, replace missing values with mode
 mode_val <- as.character(which.max(table(df[[col]])))</pre>
 df[[col]][is.na(df[[col]])] <- mode_val
 }
 }
 }
 return(df)
}
Applying the function to your dataframe
static_house_ordinal_copy <- handle_missing_values(static_house_ordinal_copy)</pre>
• • • •
```{r}
unique_values <- sapply(static_house_ordinal_copy, unique)</pre>
print(unique_values)
```{r}
fill_mode_non_numeric <- function(x) {
 if (is.character(x) || is.factor(x)) {
 mode_val <- as.character(which.max(table(x)))</pre>
 x[is.na(x)] <- mode_val
 }
 return(x)
}
```

```
Applying the function to your dataframe
static_house_ordinal_copy <- lapply(static_house_ordinal_copy, fill_mode_non_numeric)
...
```{r}
static_house_ordinal_copy <- static_house_ordinal_copy_2
```{r}
str(static_house_ordinal_copy)
• • • •
```{r}
selected_columns <- static_house_ordinal_copy[, !(names(static_house_ordinal_copy) %in% c(
 "upgrade.insulation_wall",
 "upgrade.insulation_foundation_wall",
 "upgrade.hvac_heating_type",
 "upgrade.insulation_ceiling",
 "upgrade.hvac_cooling_efficiency",
"upgrade.infiltration_reduction",
 "upgrade.geometry_foundation_type",
 "upgrade.insulation_roof"
))]
```

```
...
```{r}
new_dataframe <- data.frame(selected_columns)</pre>
static_house_ordinal_clear <- new_dataframe
...
```{r}
static_house_ordinal_clear$upgrade.cooking_range <-
ifelse(static_house_ordinal_clear$upgrade.cooking_range == "", 0,
static_house_ordinal_clear$upgrade.cooking_range)
static_house_ordinal_clear$upgrade.clothes_dryer <-
ifelse(static_house_ordinal_clear$upgrade.clothes_dryer == "", 0,
static_house_ordinal_clear$upgrade.clothes_dryer)
static_house_ordinal_clear$upgrade.water_heater_efficiency <-
ifelse(static_house_ordinal_clear$upgrade.water_heater_efficiency == "", 0,
static_house_ordinal_clear$upgrade.water_heater_efficiency)
• • • •
```{r}
unique_values <- sapply(static_house_ordinal_clear, unique)</pre>
```

```
print(unique_values)
```{r}
setwd("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny/")
write.csv(static_house_ordinal_clear, file ="SHOrdinalFinalModelFIle.csv",row.names=FALSE)
```{r}
#Model_Merge_SH <- static_house_ordinal_clear
Assuming Model_Merge_SH and energy_result_df are your data frames
and both have a column named 'bldg_id'
Merge the data frames on the 'bldg_id' column
SH_Energy_Model_Ordinal <- merge(Model_Merge_SH, energy_result_df, by='bldg_id')
Print or view the merged data frame
print(SH_Energy_Model_Ordinal)
...
```{r}
# Assuming SH_Energy_Model_Ordinal and weather_combined are your data frames
# and they have columns 'in.county' and 'county_id' respectively
# Merge the data frames on the specified columns
```

```
Final_Merged_Ordinal_Model<- merge(SH_Energy_Model_Ordinal, weather_combined,
by.x=c('in.county', 'time_split'), by.y=c('county_id', 'time_split'))
# Print or view the merged data frame
print(Final_Merged_Ordinal_Model)
...
```{r}
Assuming Final_Merged_Ordinal_Model is your merged data frame
Sort the data frame based on 'bldg_id' and 'time_range.x'
Final_team2_Modelling_SEW<-
Final_Merged_Ordinal_Model[order(Final_Merged_Ordinal_Model$bldg_id,
Final_Merged_Ordinal_Model$time_range.x),]
Print or view the sorted data frame
print(Final_team2_Modelling_SEW)
...
```{r}
setwd("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny/")
```

```
write.csv(Final_team2_Modelling_SEW, file
="Team2_Final_SEW_Ordinal_Modelling1.csv",row.names=FALSE)
...
```{r}
Assuming your dataframe is named Final_team2_Modelling_SEW
Select numeric columns only
numeric_columns <- Final_team2_Modelling_SEW[sapply(Final_team2_Modelling_SEW, is.numeric)]</pre>
Calculate correlation matrix
correlation_matrix <- cor(numeric_columns)</pre>
Print the correlation matrix
print(correlation_matrix)
...
```{r}
# Install corrplot package if not installed
# install.packages("corrplot")
# Load the corrplot package
library(corrplot)
# Assuming your dataframe is named Final_team2_Modelling_SEW
```

```
# Select numeric columns only
numeric_columns <- Final_team2_Modelling_SEW[sapply(Final_team2_Modelling_SEW, is.numeric)]</pre>
# Remove rows with missing values
numeric_columns <- na.omit(numeric_columns)</pre>
# Calculate correlation matrix
correlation_matrix <- cor(numeric_columns)</pre>
# Set a threshold for correlation values
threshold <- 0.4
# Filter correlation matrix for values above the threshold
filtered_correlation_matrix <- correlation_matrix * (abs(correlation_matrix) > threshold)
# Plot the correlation matrix using corrplot without hierarchical clustering
corrplot(
filtered_correlation_matrix,
method = "color", # Color-coded plot
type = "upper", # Show only upper triangle to avoid redundancy
tl.cex = 0.7, # Text label size
tl.col = "black",
                 # Text label color
col = colorRampPalette(c("#FFFFFF", "#009688", "#004D40"))(100), # Green color palette
addCoef.col = "black", # Coefficient color
number.cex = 0.6
                   # Correlation coefficient text size
```

```
...
```{r}
Visualize a subset of the correlation matrix
sub_cor_matrix <- correlation_matrix[1:10, 1:10] # Adjust the range as needed
Plot the subset
corrplot(sub_cor_matrix, method = "color")
```{r}
# Save correlation matrix to a CSV file
setwd("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny")
write.csv(correlation_matrix, file = "correlation_matrix1.csv", row.names=FALSE)
...
```{r}
Assuming your dataframe is named Final_team2_Modelling_SEW
Select specific columns for correlation
selected_columns <- Final_team2_Modelling_SEW[, c(
 "time_split_numeric",
 "in.sqft",
 "in.bedrooms",
 "in.clothes_dryer",
 "in.clothes_washer",
```

```
"in.cooling_setpoint",
"in.federal_poverty_level",
"in.geometry_floor_area",
"in.geometry_floor_area_bin",
"in.geometry_garage",
"in.heating_setpoint",
"in.hot_water_fixtures",
"in.income",
"in.misc_hot_tub_spa",
"in.misc_pool",
"in.misc_hot_tub_spa",
"in.misc_pool",
"in.misc_pool_heater",
"in.misc_pool_pump",
"in.occupants",
"in.plug_load_diversity",
"in.usage_level",
"upgrade.water_heater_efficiency",
"upgrade.clothes_dryer",
"upgrade.cooking_range",
"out.kitchen_energy_consumption",
"out.laundry_energy_consumption",
"out.heating_cooling_energy_consumption",
"out.water_heating_energy_consumption",
"out.electrical_appliances_energy_consumption",
"out.outdoor_appliances_energy_consumption",
"Dry_Bulb_Temperature_C",
"Wind_Speed_m_s",
"Wind_Direction_Deg",
```

```
"Diffuse_Horizontal_Radiation_W_m2"
)]
Impute missing values with the mean of each column
selected_columns <- apply(selected_columns, 2, function(x) ifelse(is.na(x), mean(x, na.rm = TRUE), x))
Calculate correlation matrix for the selected columns
correlation_matrix <- cor(selected_columns)</pre>
Create heatmap
heatmap(correlation_matrix)
...
```{r}
# Assuming your dataframe is named Final_team2_Modelling_SEW
# Create a numeric mapping for time_split
time_split_mapping <- c(
"Late Night" = 1,
 "Early Morning" = 2,
 "Morning" = 3,
 "Noon" = 4,
 "Evening" = 5,
 "Night" = 6
)
# Convert time_split to numeric using the mapping
```

```
Final_team2_Modelling_SEW$time_split_numeric <-
as.numeric(factor(Final_team2_Modelling_SEW$time_split, levels = names(time_split_mapping), labels
= time_split_mapping))
# Display the updated dataframe
head(Final_team2_Modelling_SEW)
***
```{r}
threshold <- 0.5
Filter correlation matrix for values above the threshold
filtered_correlation_matrix <- correlation_matrix * (abs(correlation_matrix) > threshold)
Plot the correlation matrix using corrplot without hierarchical clustering
corrplot(
filtered_correlation_matrix,
method = "color", # Color-coded plot
type = "upper", # Show only upper triangle to avoid redundancy
tl.cex = 0.7,
 # Text label size
tl.col = "black",
 # Text label color
col = colorRampPalette(c("#FFFFFF", "#009688", "#004D40"))(100), # Green color palette
 addCoef.col = "black", # Coefficient color
 number.cex = 0.6
 # Correlation coefficient text size
)
```{r}
```

```
# Install network package if not installed
# install.packages("network")

# Load the network package
library(network)

# Create a network object
net <- as.network(filtered_correlation_matrix)

# Plot the network
plot(net, displaylabels = TRUE, boxed.labels = TRUE, label.cex = 0.7)</pre>
```



R Notebook

Code ▼

This is an R Markdown (http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com) Notebook. When you execute code within the notebook, the results appear beneath the code.

Try executing this chunk by clicking the Run button within the chunk or by placing your cursor inside it and pressing Ctrl+Shift+Enter.

Hide

install.packages("corrplot")

WARNING: Rtools is required to build R packages but is not currently installed. Please downlo ad and install the appropriate version of Rtools before proceeding:

https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/Rtools/ Installing package into 'C:/Users/hp/AppData/Local/R/win-library/4.3' (as 'lib' is unspecified) trying URL 'https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/contrib/4.3/corrplot_0.92.zip'

Content type 'application/zip' length 3844830 bytes (3.7 MB)

downloaded 3.7 MB

package 'corrplot' successfully unpacked and MD5 sums checked

The downloaded binary packages are in

C:\Users\hp\AppData\Local\Temp\Rtmps1sZLe\downloaded_packages

Hide

install.packages("tidyverse")

WARNING: Rtools is required to build R packages but is not currently installed. Please downlo ad and install the appropriate version of Rtools before proceeding:

https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/Rtools/ Installing package into 'C:/Users/hp/AppData/Local/R/win-library/4.3'

(as 'lib' is unspecified)

trying URL 'https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/contrib/4.3/tidyverse_2.0.0.zip'

Content type 'application/zip' length 430853 bytes (420 KB)

downloaded 420 KB

package 'tidyverse' successfully unpacked and MD5 sums checked

The downloaded binary packages are in

C:\Users\hp\AppData\Local\Temp\Rtmps1sZLe\downloaded_packages

Hide

install.packages("arrow")

WARNING: Rtools is required to build R packages but is not currently installed. Please downlo ad and install the appropriate version of Rtools before proceeding:

https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/Rtools/
Installing package into 'C:/Users/hp/AppData/Local/R/win-library/4.3'
(as 'lib' is unspecified)
trying URL 'https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/contrib/4.3/arrow_14.0.0.2.zip'
Content type 'application/zip' length 17774853 bytes (17.0 MB)
downloaded 17.0 MB

package 'arrow' successfully unpacked and MD5 sums checked
Warning in install.packages :
 cannot remove prior installation of package 'arrow'
Warning in install.packages :
 problem copying C:\Users\hp\AppData\Local\R\win-library\4.3\00LOCK\arrow\libs\x64\arrow.dll
to C:\Users\hp\AppData\Local\R\win-library\4.3\arrow\libs\x64\arrow.dll: Permission denied
Warning in install.packages :
 restored 'arrow'
The downloaded binary packages are in
 C:\Users\hp\AppData\Local\Temp\Rtmps1sZLe\downloaded_packages

Hide

install.packages("maps")

WARNING: Rtools is required to build R packages but is not currently installed. Please downlo ad and install the appropriate version of Rtools before proceeding:

https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/Rtools/
Installing package into 'C:/Users/hp/AppData/Local/R/win-library/4.3'
(as 'lib' is unspecified)
trying URL 'https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/contrib/4.3/maps_3.4.1.1.zip'
Content type 'application/zip' length 3098701 bytes (3.0 MB)

content type application, zip length 3030701 bytes (3.0 Mb)

downloaded 3.0 MB

package 'maps' successfully unpacked and MD5 sums checked

The downloaded binary packages are in C:\Users\hp\AppData\Local\Temp\Rtmps1sZLe\downloaded_packages

Hide

install.packages("reshape")

WARNING: Rtools is required to build R packages but is not currently installed. Please downlo ad and install the appropriate version of Rtools before proceeding: https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/Rtools/ Installing package into 'C:/Users/hp/AppData/Local/R/win-library/4.3' (as 'lib' is unspecified) trying URL 'https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/contrib/4.3/reshape_0.8.9.zip' Content type 'application/zip' length 170260 bytes (166 KB) downloaded 166 KB package 'reshape' successfully unpacked and MD5 sums checked

The downloaded binary packages are in

C:\Users\hp\AppData\Local\Temp\Rtmps1sZLe\downloaded_packages

Hide

install.packages("reshape2")

WARNING: Rtools is required to build R packages but is not currently installed. Please downlo ad and install the appropriate version of Rtools before proceeding:

https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/Rtools/

Installing package into 'C:/Users/hp/AppData/Local/R/win-library/4.3'

(as 'lib' is unspecified)

trying URL 'https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/contrib/4.3/reshape2_1.4.4.zip'

Content type 'application/zip' length 455913 bytes (445 KB)

downloaded 445 KB

package 'reshape2' successfully unpacked and MD5 sums checked

The downloaded binary packages are in

C:\Users\hp\AppData\Local\Temp\Rtmps1sZLe\downloaded_packages

Hide

install.packages("ggplot2")

Error in install.packages : Updating loaded packages

Hide

install.packages("factoextra")

```
WARNING: Rtools is required to build R packages but is not currently installed. Please downlo
ad and install the appropriate version of Rtools before proceeding:
https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/Rtools/
Installing package into 'C:/Users/hp/AppData/Local/R/win-library/4.3'
(as 'lib' is unspecified)
trying URL 'https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/contrib/4.3/factoextra_1.0.7.zip'
Content type 'application/zip' length 415631 bytes (405 KB)
Restarting R session...
                                                                                            Hide
library(tidyverse)
library(arrow)
data <- read_csv("C:/Users/hp/Desktop/IDS Project/Final_Merged_For_Shiny_Geo.csv")</pre>
Rows: 34260 Columns: 96— Column specification
Delimiter: ","
chr (70): in.county, time_split, in.county_and_puma...
dbl (26): bldg_id, time_split_numeric, in.sqft, in....
i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
                                                                                            Hide
install.packages("GGally")
WARNING: Rtools is required to build R packages but is not currently installed. Please downlo
ad and install the appropriate version of Rtools before proceeding:
https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/Rtools/
Warning in install.packages :
  package 'GGally' is in use and will not be installed
                                                                                            Hide
install.packages("reshape2")
Error in install.packages : Updating loaded packages
                                                                                            Hide
summary(data)
```

bldg_id time_split_numeric in.county
Min. : 65 Min. :1.0 Length:34260

1st Qu.:137588 1st Qu.:2.0 Class :character
Median :277502 Median :3.5 Mode :character
Mean :276418 Mean :3.5

3rd Qu.:411188 3rd Qu.:5.0 Max. :549916 Max. :6.0

> Mean :2114 3rd Qu.:2176 Max. :8194

in.bedrooms in.building_america_climate_zone

Min. :1.00 Length:34260 1st Qu.:3.00 Class :character Median :3.00 Mode :character

Mean :3.26 3rd Qu::4.00 Max. :5.00

in.ceiling_fan in.city in.clothes_dryer
Length:34260 Length:34260 Length:34260
Class :character Class :character
Mode :character Mode :character Mode :character

in.clothes_washer in.cooking_range in.cooling_setpoint

Length: 34260 Length: 34260 Min. :60 Class: character Class: character 1st Qu.:70 Mode: character Mode: character Median: 72

Mean :73 3rd Qu::76 Max: :80

in.federal_poverty_level in.geometry_attic_type

Length:34260 Length:34260
Class :character Class :character
Mode :character Mode :character

in.geometry_floor_area in.geometry_floor_area_bin

Length:34260 Length:34260
Class :character
Mode :character Mode :character

Length:34260 Length:34260 Min. :55.0 Class :character Class :character 1st Qu.:68.0 Mode :character Mode :character Median :70.0

Mean :68.9 3rd Qu.:72.0 Max. :80.0

in.heating_setpoint_offset_magnitude in.hot_water_fixtures

Length: 34260 Length: 34260 Class : character Class : character

Class :character Class :character Mode :character Mode :character

in.hvac_cooling_efficiency

Length:34260 Class :character Mode :character

 $\verb"in.hvac_cooling_partial_space_conditioning in.hvac_cooling_type"$

Length: 34260 Length: 34260
Class : character
Mode : character
Mode : character

in.hvac_has_ducts in.hvac_has_zonal_electric_heating

Length:34260 Length:34260 Class :character Class :character Mode :character Mode :character

in.hvac_heating_efficiency in.hvac_heating_type

Length:34260 Length:34260
Class :character Class :character
Mode :character Mode :character

 $\verb"in.hvac_heating_type_and_fuel in.income"$

Length: 34260 Min. : 14999 Class : character 1st Qu.: 39999 Mode : character Median : 69999

> Mean : 77849 3rd Qu.: 99999 Max. :199999 NA's :3996

 $\hbox{in.insulation_ceiling in.insulation_floor}$

Length:34260 Length:34260
Class :character Class :character
Mode :character Mode :character

in.insulation_foundation_wall in.insulation_rim_joist

Length:34260 Length:34260 Class :character Class :character Mode :character Mode :character

in.lighting in.misc_extra_refrigerator

Length:34260 Length:34260
Class :character Class :character
Mode :character Mode :character

in.misc_freezer in.misc_gas_fireplace in.misc_gas_grill
Length:34260 Length:34260 Length:34260
Class :character Class :character
Mode :character Mode :character Mode :character

in.natural_ventilation in.occupants in.orientation
Length:34260 Length:34260 Length:34260
Class :character Class :character
Mode :character Mode :character Mode :character

in.tenure in.usage_level in.vacancy_status
Length:34260 Length:34260 Length:34260
Class :character Class :character Class :character
Mode :character Mode :character Mode :character

in.water_heater_efficiency in.water_heater_fuel

Length:34260 Length:34260
Class:character Class:character
Mode:character Mode:character

in.weather_file_city in.weather_file_latitude

Length:34260 Min. :32.5 Class :character 1st Qu.:33.5 Mode :character Median :34.0

Mean :34.0 3rd Qu.:34.9 Max. :35.4

Mean :-81.0 3rd Qu::-80.0 Max. :-78.9

upgrade.insulation_roof upgrade.water_heater_efficiency

Length: 34260 Length: 34260 Class : character Class : character Mode : character Mode : character

upgrade.clothes_dryer upgrade.hvac_heating_efficiency

Length:34260 Length:34260
Class :character Class :character
Mode :character Mode :character

upgrade.cooking_range out.kitchen_energy_consumption

Length:34260 Min. :0.000 Class :character 1st Qu.:0.095 Mode :character Median :0.134 Mean :0.147

3rd Qu.:0.184 Max. :0.817

out.laundry_energy_consumption

Min. :0.000 1st Qu.:0.000 Median :0.021 Mean :0.033 3rd Qu.:0.050 Max. :0.397

out.heating_cooling_energy_consumption

Min. :0.00 1st Qu.:0.33 Median :0.50 Mean :0.60 3rd Qu.:0.77 Max. :8.18

```
out.water_heating_energy_consumption
     :0.000
Min.
1st Ou.:0.025
Median :0.041
Mean :0.052
3rd Qu.:0.066
Max. :1.017
out.electrical appliances energy consumption
      :0.000
1st Qu.:0.241
Median :0.374
Mean :0.410
3rd Qu.:0.559
Max. :2.565
out.outdoor_appliances_energy_consumption
Min.
      :0.00
1st Qu.:0.00
Median:0.00
Mean
     :0.06
3rd Qu.:0.02
Max.
     :4.50
out.renewable_energy_energy_consumption
Min.
      :0
1st Qu.:0
Median :0
Mean :0
3rd Qu.:0
Max. :0
out.total_energy_consumption time_range.x
      :0.06
                           Length: 34260
1st Ou.:0.83
                            Class :character
Median :1.18
                           Mode :character
Mean
     :1.31
3rd Qu.:1.63
      :8.33
Max.
Dry_Bulb_Temperature_C Relative_Humidity Wind_Speed_m_s
     :21.1
                     Min.
                            :51.4
                                       Min. :0.43
Min.
1st Qu.:24.5
                      1st Qu.:64.4
                                       1st Qu.:1.60
Median :26.9
                     Median :72.5
                                       Median :2.48
Mean :26.9
                     Mean :75.2
                                       Mean :2.41
3rd Qu.:29.4
                      3rd Qu.:87.3
                                       3rd Qu.:2.96
Max. :31.8
                      Max.
                            :96.1
                                       Max. :5.27
Wind_Direction_Deg Global_Horizontal_Radiation_W_m2
                       : 0
Min.
     : 30.2
                Min.
1st Qu.:114.6
                  1st Qu.: 28
                Median :210
Median :139.3
Mean
     :134.4
                  Mean
                       :291
3rd Qu.:156.8
                  3rd Qu.:565
Max.
      :211.2
                  Max.
                         :788
```

Direct_Normal_Radiation_W_m2 Diffuse_Horizontal_Radiation_W_m2

Min.: 0

1st Qu:: 52

Median: 206

Median: 233

Mean: 121

3rd Qu:: 428

Max.: 545

Min.: 0

Min.: 0

Median: 91

Median: 91

Mean: 121

Mean: 121

Next_year_Pred Change_in_energy

Min. :0.09 Min. :-4.41
1st Qu.:0.95 1st Qu.: 0.05
Median :1.32 Median : 0.11
Mean :1.46 Mean : 0.15
3rd Qu.:1.80 3rd Qu.: 0.21
Max. :6.90 Max. : 1.68

Hide

head(data)

| bldg_id <dbl></dbl> | time_split_numeric <dbl></dbl> | in.county <chr></chr> | time_split <chr></chr> | in.county_and_puma <chr></chr> | in.sqft <dbl></dbl> | in |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|----|
| 65 | 1 | G4500910 | Late Night | G4500910, G45000502 | 885 | |
| 65 | 2 | G4500910 | Early Morning | G4500910, G45000502 | 885 | |
| 65 | 3 | G4500910 | Morning | G4500910, G45000502 | 885 | |
| 65 | 4 | G4500910 | Noon | G4500910, G45000502 | 885 | |
| 65 | 5 | G4500910 | Evening | G4500910, G45000502 | 885 | |
| 65 | 6 | G4500910 | Night | G4500910, G45000502 | 885 | |
| 6 rows 1-7 | of 96 columns | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Hide

#The data was in 24hours timeline, we have divided the data into 5 parts. Namely: #Early Morning, Morning, Noon, Night and Late Night.

#Further we will be analyzing the electricity consumption of each section.

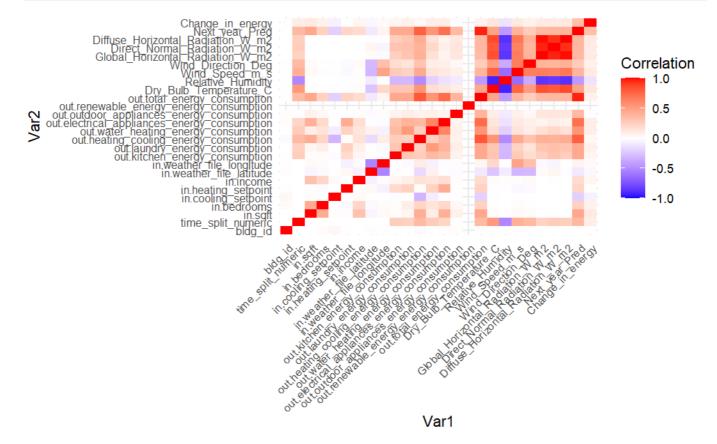
Hide

#First we output the correlation matrix of only the numeric values.
#Then we calculate the correlation matrix followed by the melt correlation matrix.
#The melted correlation matrix is created using the melt function,
#which transforms the correlation matrix into a long format.
#Then we display the heatmap plot.
#If we observer the image after saving it on our device we can see that the red zones are hig
hly correlated.
#We can nitpick the columns from the heat map but it is not the most efficient way of going a
bout when performing EDA.

library(reshape2)
library(ggplot2)
numeric_data <- data[sapply(data, is.numeric)]
cor_matrix <- cor(numeric_data, use = "complete.obs")</pre>

Warning: the standard deviation is zero

Hide



12/7/23, 4:13 AM

R Notebook Hide #Check dimensions of the melted correlation matrix. #The melted correlation matrix has more rows because it represents #each unique pair of variables and their correlations separately, #whereas the correlation matrix is a square matrix #showing all pairwise correlations between variables. numeric_data_dimensions <- dim(numeric_data)</pre> print("Dimensions of numeric_data:") [1] "Dimensions of numeric_data:" Hide print(numeric_data_dimensions) [1] 34260 26 Hide cor_matrix_dimensions <- dim(cor_matrix)</pre> melted_cor_matrix_dimensions <- dim(melted_cor_matrix)</pre> print("Dimensions of Correlation Matrix:") [1] "Dimensions of Correlation Matrix:" Hide print(cor_matrix_dimensions) [1] 26 26 Hide print("Dimensions of Melted Correlation Matrix:") [1] "Dimensions of Melted Correlation Matrix:" Hide print(melted_cor_matrix_dimensions)

[1] 626

3

Hide

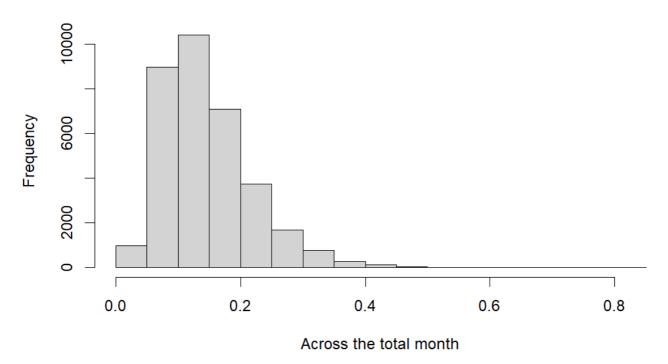
#Visualize the distribution of a few particular numeric variable like to get a better underst anding of the column values.

#In this case we are looking at the #toal_energy_consumption.It is left skewed as most of the phenomenons in the world.

hist(data\$out.kitchen_energy_consumption, main="Distribution of Kitchen Energy Consumption",
xlab="Across the total month")

4

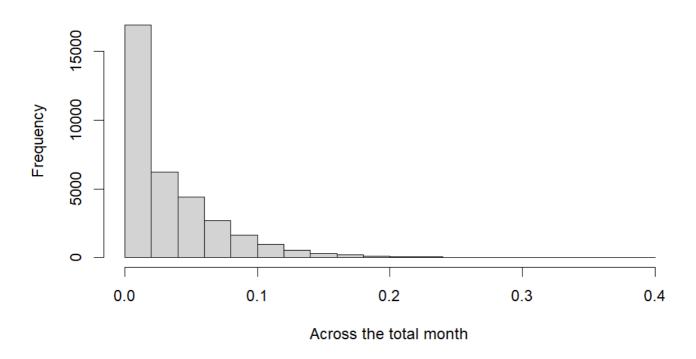
Distribution of Kitchen Energy Consumption



Hide

hist(data\$out.laundry_energy_consumption, main="Distribution of Laundry Energy Consumption",
xlab="Across the total month")

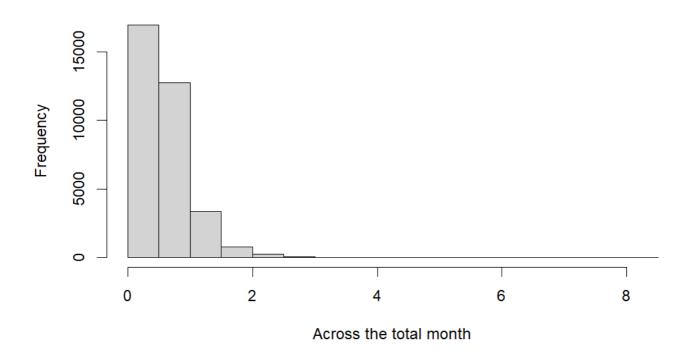
Distribution of Laundry Energy Consumption



Hide

hist(data\$out.heating_cooling_energy_consumption, main="Distribution of Heating Cooling Energ
y Consumption", xlab="Across the total month")

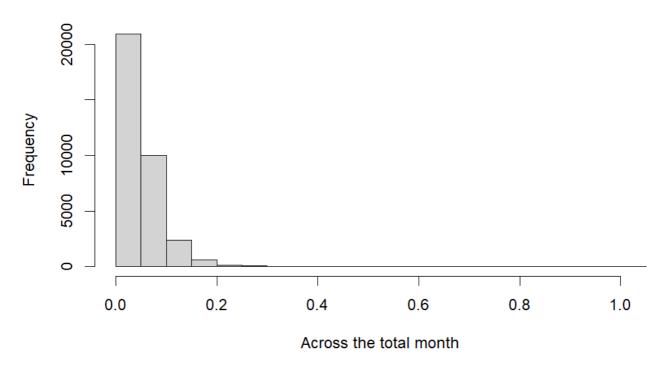
Distribution of Heating Cooling Energy Consumption



Hide

hist(data\$out.water_heating_energy_consumption, main="Distribution of Water Heater Energy Con sumption", xlab="Across the total month")

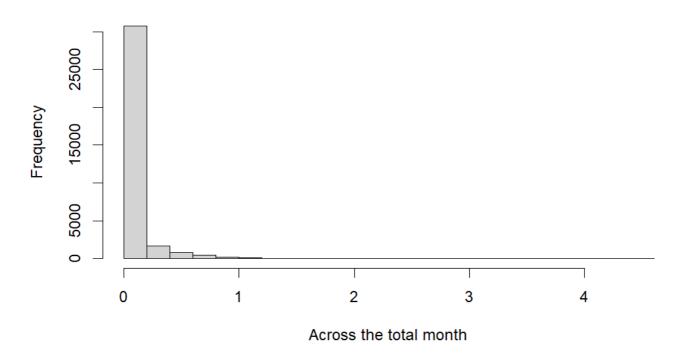
Distribution of Water Heater Energy Consumption



Hide

hist(data\$out.outdoor_appliances_energy_consumption, main="Distribution of Outdoor Appliances Energy Consumption", xlab="Across the total month")

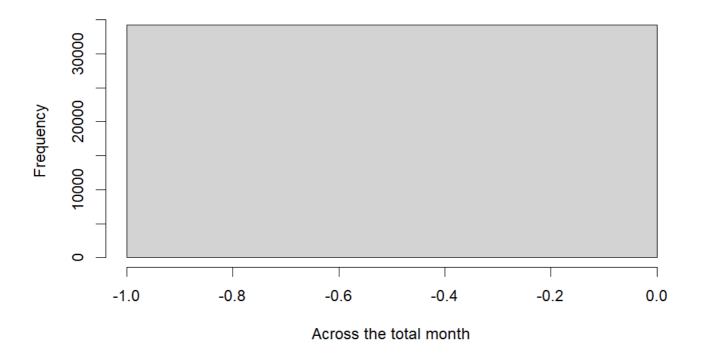
Distribution of Outdoor Appliances Energy Consumption



Hide

hist(data\$out.renewable_energy_energy_consumption, main="Distribution of Renewable Energy Consumption", xlab="Across the total month")

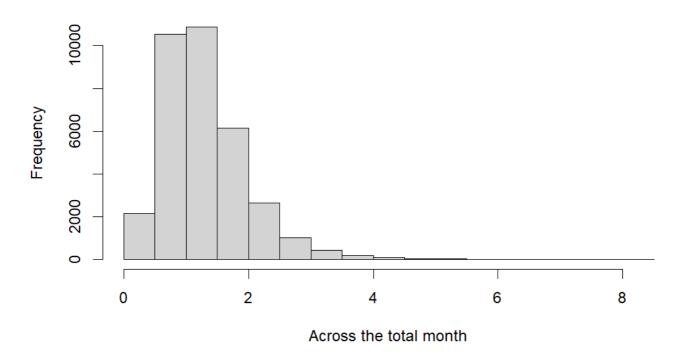
Distribution of Renewable Energy Consumption



Hide

hist(data\$out.total_energy_consumption, main="Distribution of Total Energy Consumption", xlab
="Across the total month")

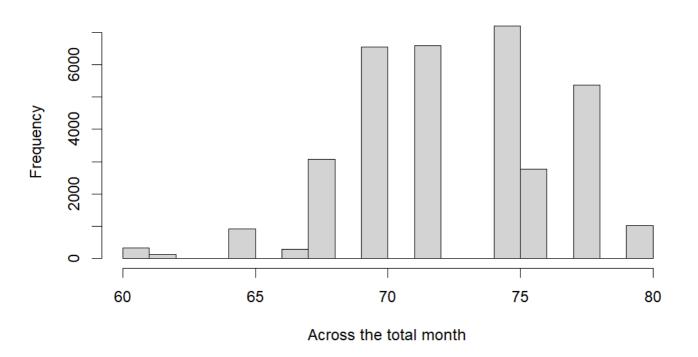
Distribution of Total Energy Consumption



Hide

hist(data\$in.cooling_setpoint, main="Distribution of Cooling set point", xlab="Across the tot
al month")

Distribution of Cooling set point



Hide

#Compare the energy consumption across different times of the day or #climate zones #The boxplot you've provided visualizes the total energy consumption by time of day. #The times of day are categorized as Early Morning, Late Night, Morning, Night, and Noon. #From the boxplot, we can observe the following:

#The median energy consumption is highest in the Early Morning and Morning times.

#The distribution of energy consumption during the Early Morning and Night times has more out liers on the higher side,

#indicating sporadic increases in energy consumption during these times.

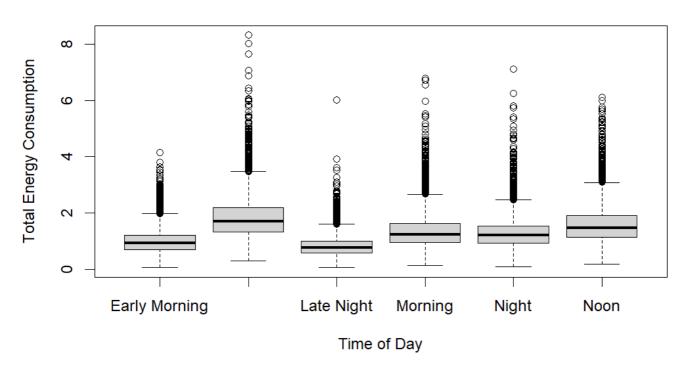
#The Noon time has the lowest median energy consumption among the times of day displayed.

#The box for the Morning time is slightly skewed upwards, suggesting a higher variability wit h more data points on the higher end of consumption.

#The spread of data in terms of IQR seems to be relatively similar across all times of day, #except for Noon, which appears to have a slightly tighter IQR, indicating less variability in energy consumption during this time.

boxplot(data\$out.total_energy_consumption ~ data\$time_split, main="Energy Consumption by Time
of Day", xlab="Time of Day", ylab="Total Energy Consumption")

Energy Consumption by Time of Day



Hide

#We'll examine the relationship between energy consumption and weather variables such as temp erature and humidity.

#Assuming your dataset has weather variables named 'temperature' and 'humidity'.

#Calculate the correlation matrix for the energy consumption and weather variables.

Visualize the correlation matrix.

#There is a strong positive correlation between out.total_energy_consumption and Dry_Bulb_Tem perature_C.

#This indicates that as the dry bulb temperature increases, the total energy consumption tend s to increase as well, which is expected in climates

#where higher temperatures lead to increased use of air conditioning.

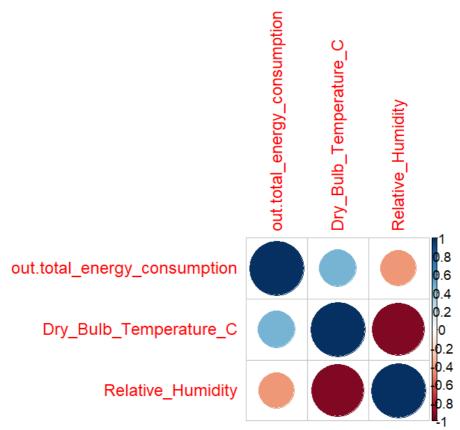
#There is a smaller, possibly negative correlation between out.total_energy_consumption and R elative Humidity.

#This could suggest that as relative humidity increases, the total energy consumption slightly decreases or doesn't change much. However, the correlation seems weak.

#The correlation between Dry_Bulb_Temperature_C and Relative_Humidity appears to be negative and moderate,

#indicating that typically, as the temperature increases, the relative humidity tends to decrease, which is a common atmospheric behavior.

weather_correlation <- data %>%
 select(out.total_energy_consumption, Dry_Bulb_Temperature_C, Relative_Humidity) %>%
 cor(use = "complete.obs")
library(corrplot)
corrplot(weather correlation, method = "circle")



Hide

png("C:/Users/hp/Desktop/IDS Project/weather_correlation_plot.png", width = 800, height = 60
0)

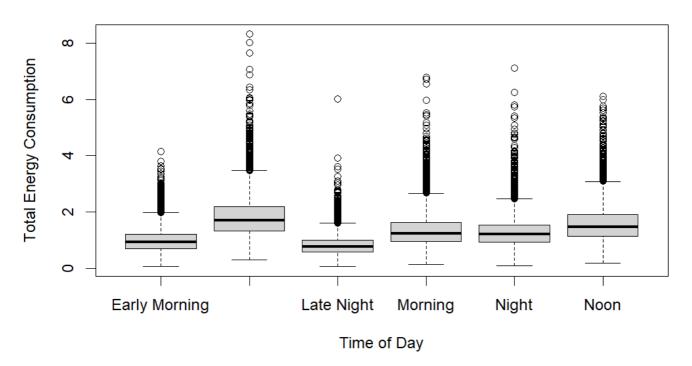
Hide

#Compare the energy consumption across different times of the day or #climate zones

boxplot(data\$out.total_energy_consumption ~ data\$time_split, main="Energy Consumption by Time
of Day", xlab="Time of Day", ylab="Total Energy Consumption")

4

Energy Consumption by Time of Day



Hide

#This helps us under that in the morning during the busy hours the #energy consumption is more

Hide

```
#Geographical Analysis: If location data is available, plot the data points on a map.
library(ggplot2)
library(maps)
ggmap <- map_data("state")
ggplot() + geom_polygon(data = ggmap, aes(x = long, y = lat, group = group)) + geom_point(dat a = data, aes(x = longitude, y = latitude), color = "red", size = 1)</pre>
```

```
Error in `geom_point()`:
! Problem while computing aesthetics.
i Error occurred in the 2nd layer.

Caused by error:
! object 'longitude' not found

Backtrace:
    1. base (local) `<fn>`(x)
    2. ggplot2:::print.ggplot(x)
    4. ggplot2:::ggplot_build.ggplot(x)
    5. ggplot2:::by_layer(...)

12. ggplot2 (local) f(l = layers[[i]], d = data[[i]])

13. l$compute_aesthetics(d, plot)

14. ggplot2 (local) compute_aesthetics(..., self = self)

15. base::lapply(aesthetics, eval_tidy, data = data, env = env)

16. rlang (local) FUN(X[[i]], ...)
```

Hide

install.packages("factoextra")

WARNING: Rtools is required to build R packages but is not currently installed. Please downlo ad and install the appropriate version of Rtools before proceeding:

https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/Rtools/

Installing package into 'C:/Users/hp/AppData/Local/R/win-library/4.3'

(as 'lib' is unspecified)

trying URL 'https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/contrib/4.3/factoextra_1.0.7.zip'

Content type 'application/zip' length 415631 bytes (405 KB)

downloaded 405 KB

package 'factoextra' successfully unpacked and MD5 sums checked

The downloaded binary packages are in

 ${\tt C:\backslash Users \land hp \land AppData \land Local \land Temp \land RtmpiC313G \land downloaded_packages}$

Hide

#Principal Component Analysis (PCA): Use PCA for dimensionality reduction, especially if the dataset has many numeric variables.

library(factoextra)

Warning: package 'factoextra' was built under R version 4.3.2Loading required package: ggplot 2

Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.3.2Welcome! Want to learn more? See tw o factoextra-related books at https://goo.gl/ve3WBa

Hide

```
library(caret)
```

Warning: package 'caret' was built under R version 4.3.2Loading required package: lattice

Hide

```
# Select numeric columns
num_data <- data[, sapply(data, is.numeric)]</pre>
# Identify columns with near zero or zero variance
nzv <- nearZeroVar(num_data)</pre>
# Exclude columns with near zero or zero variance
num_data_clean <- num_data[, -nzv]</pre>
# Perform PCA on the cleaned data
pca_result <- prcomp(num_data_clean, scale = TRUE)</pre>
```

Error in svd(x, nu = 0, nv = k): infinite or missing values in 'x'

Hide

install.packages("GGally")

Error in install.packages : Updating loaded packages

Hide

#Pairwise Plot: Visualize relationships between all pairs of numeric variables. library(GGally)

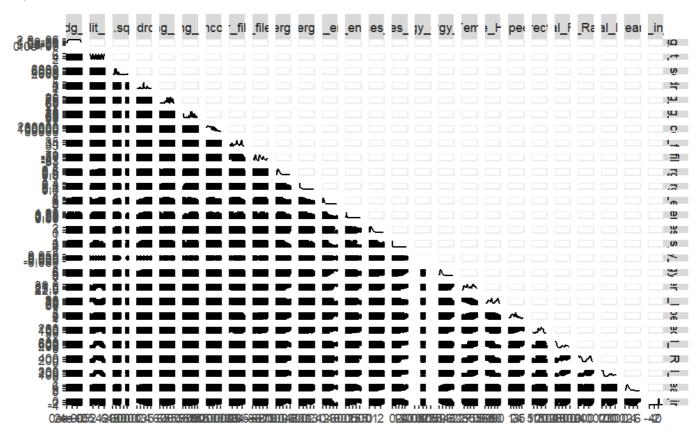
Warning: package 'GGally' was built under R version 4.3.2Registered S3 method overwritten by 'GGally':

method from

ggplot2 +.gg

Hide

num_data <- data[, sapply(data, is.numeric)]</pre> ggpairs(num_data)





Hide

NA

NA NA

Hide

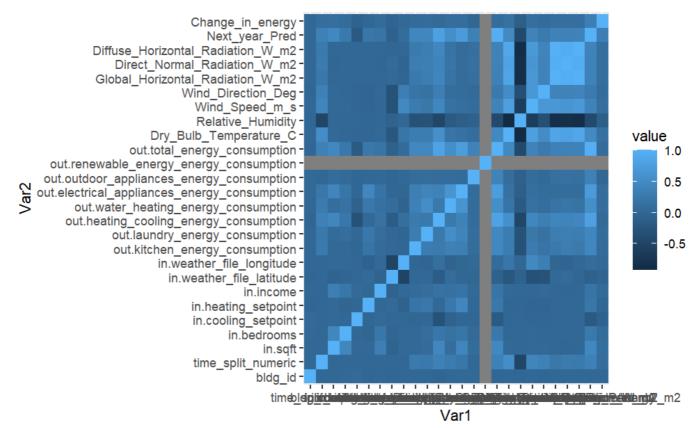
#Heatmap: Visualize the correlation matrix or any large matrix data.

library(ggplot2)
library(reshape2)

Warning: package 'reshape2' was built under R version 4.3.2

Hide

cor_melted <- melt(cor_matrix)
ggplot(cor_melted, aes(Var1, Var2, fill=value)) + geom_tile()</pre>



Hide

```
#Cluster Analysis: Perform cluster analysis to identify groups or patterns in the data.
```

```
library(cluster)
```

num_data <- data[, sapply(data, is.numeric)]</pre>

clusters <- kmeans(num_data, 3)</pre>

Error in do_one(nmeth) : NA/NaN/Inf in foreign function call (arg 1)

Hide

#Time Series Decomposition: If you have time series data, decompose it to analyze trends and seasonality.

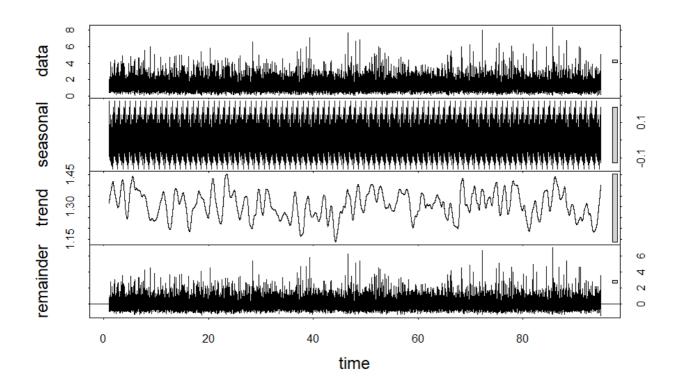
library(forecast)

```
Registered S3 method overwritten by 'quantmod':
```

method from as.zoo.data.frame zoo

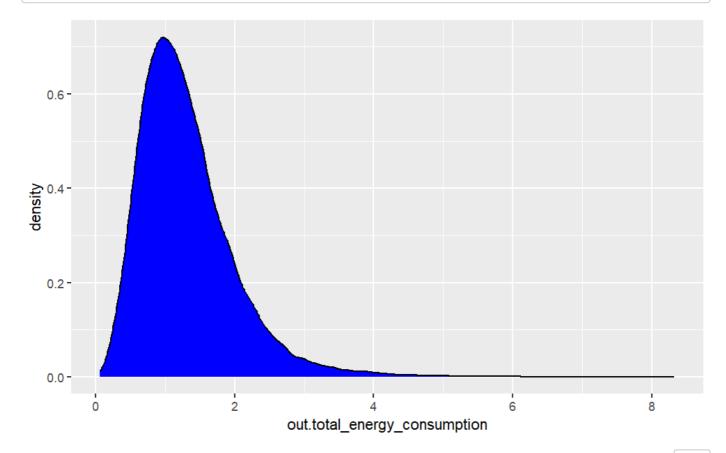
Hide

```
ts_data <- ts(data$out.total_energy_consumption, frequency=365)
decomposed_ts <- stl(ts_data, s.window="periodic")
plot(decomposed ts)</pre>
```



Hide

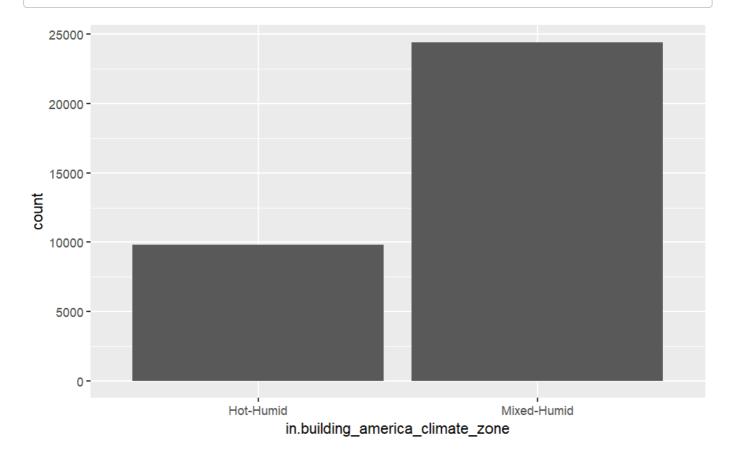
#Density Plot: To see the distribution of a variable.
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(data, aes(x=out.total_energy_consumption)) + geom_density(fill="blue")



Hide

#Bar Plot for Categorical Data: Analyze the frequency of different categories in a categorica l variable.

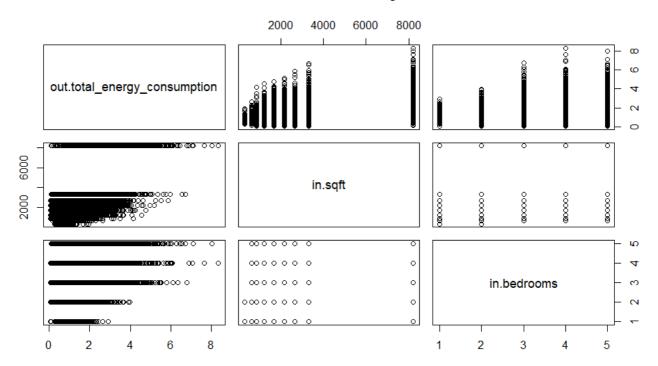
ggplot(data, aes(x=in.building_america_climate_zone)) + geom_bar()



Hide

#Multivariate Analysis: Analyze relationships between multiple variables.
pairs(~out.total_energy_consumption + in.sqft + in.bedrooms, data=data, main="Multivariate Analysis")

Multivariate Analysis



Hide

NA NA

Hide

#Interactive Plots with Plotly: Create interactive plots for more detailed exploration. library(plotly)

Attaching package: 'plotly'

The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':

last_plot

The following object is masked from 'package:stats':

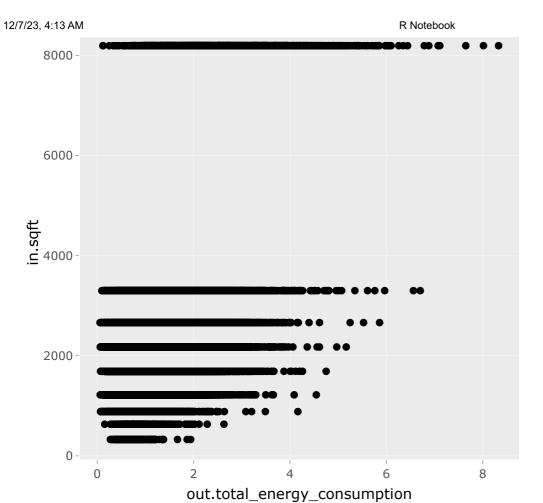
filter

The following object is masked from 'package:graphics':

layout

Hide

p <- ggplot(data, aes(x=out.total_energy_consumption, y=in.sqft)) + geom_point()
ggplotly(p)</pre>



Add a new chunk by clicking the *Insert Chunk* button on the toolbar or by pressing *Ctrl+Alt+I*.

When you save the notebook, an HTML file containing the code and output will be saved alongside it (click the *Preview* button or press *Ctrl+Shift+K* to preview the HTML file).

The preview shows you a rendered HTML copy of the contents of the editor. Consequently, unlike *Knit*, *Preview* does not run any R code chunks. Instead, the output of the chunk when it was last run in the editor is displayed.

R Markdown

```
file <- '/Users/subhiksha/Downloads/abs_final_data.csv'
library(tidyverse)</pre>
```

```
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages —
                                                           ——— tidyverse 2.0.0 —
## ✓ dplyr
           1.1.3
                        ✓ readr
                                    2.1.4
## ✓ forcats 1.0.0

✓ stringr

                                    1.5.0
## ✓ ggplot2 3.4.4

✓ tibble

                                    3.2.1

✓ tidyr

## ✓ lubridate 1.9.3
                                    1.3.0
## ✓ purrr
              1.0.2
## — Conflicts ——
                                                  ——— tidyverse_conflicts() —
## * dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts
to become errors
```

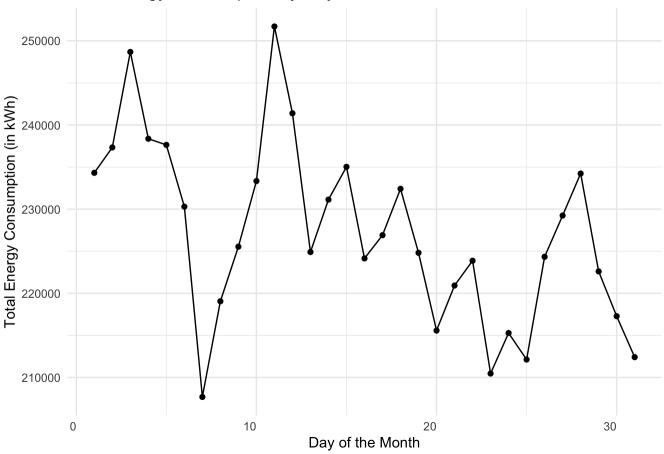
```
final_data <- read_csv(file)</pre>
```

```
## Rows: 4248240 Columns: 27
## — Column specification —
## Delimiter: ","
## dbl (26): fireplace, grill, lighting.energy_model, pool_heater, pool_pump, ...
## dttm (1): time
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

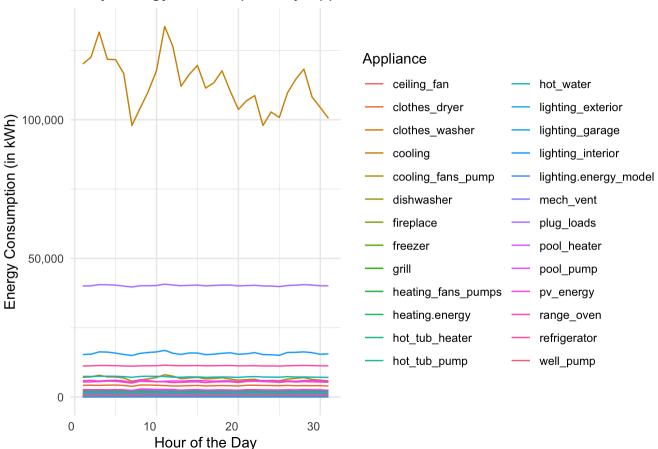
```
final_data$Day <- as.POSIXlt(final_data$time)$mday # Extract day</pre>
final data$Hour <- as.POSIXlt(final data$time)$hour # Extract hour</pre>
final_data <- final_data[,-27]</pre>
daily_aggregated_data <- final_data %>%
  group_by(Day) %>%
  summarise_all(sum)
daily_aggregated_data <- daily_aggregated_data[,-28]</pre>
library(ggplot2)
library(tidyr)
day_long_data <- daily_aggregated_data %>%
  gather(key = "Appliance", value = "EnergyConsumption", -Day)
day_long_aggregated_data <- day_long_data %>%
  group by(Appliance) %>%
  summarise(TotalEnergy = sum(EnergyConsumption)) %>%
  arrange(desc(TotalEnergy))
colnames(day long data)
```

```
## [1] "Day" "Appliance" "EnergyConsumption"
```

Total Energy Consumption by Day of the Month



Daily Energy Consumption by Appliance



```
energy_file <- '/Users/subhiksha/Documents/IDS/ids/Final_energy_data.csv'
energy_data <- read_csv(energy_file)</pre>
```

```
## New names:
## Rows: 4248240 Columns: 11
## — Column specification
##

## (10): ...1, bldg_id, out.kitchen.energy_consumption, out.laundry.energy... dttm
## (1): time
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data. i
## Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
## • `` -> `...1`
```

```
colnames(energy_data)
```

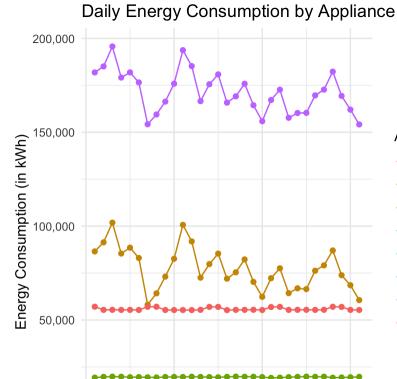
```
[1] "...1"
##
   [2] "time"
##
   [3] "bldg id"
##
   [4] "out.kitchen.energy consumption"
##
   [5] "out.laundry.energy consumption"
##
   [6] "out.heating cooling.energy consumption"
##
##
   [7] "out.water_heating.energy_consumption"
   [8] "out.electrical appliances.energy consumption"
##
##
   [9] "out.outdoor_appliances.energy_consumption"
## [10] "out.renewable energy.energy consumption"
## [11] "out.total.energy_consumption"
```

```
energy_data<- energy_data[,-c(1)]</pre>
```

```
energy_data$Day <- as.POSIXlt(energy_data$time)$mday # Extract day
energy_data$Hour <- as.POSIXlt(energy_data$time)$hour # Extract hour
energy_data2<- energy_data[,-1]
energy_data3<- energy_data2[,-1]
daily_aggregated_data1 <- energy_data3 %>%
    group_by(Day) %>%
    summarise_all(sum)

daily_aggregated_data1 <- daily_aggregated_data1[,-10]

day_long_data1 <- daily_aggregated_data1 %>%
    gather(key = "Appliance_Category", value = "EnergyConsumption", -Day)
```



Day of the month

Appliance_Category

- out.electrical_appliances.energy_consumption
- out.heating_cooling.energy_consumption
- out.kitchen.energy_consumption
- out.laundry.energy_consumption
- out.outdoor_appliances.energy_consumption
- out.renewable_energy.energy_consumption
- out.total.energy_consumption

30

out.water_heating.energy_consumption

0

0

```
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
##
library(tidyverse)
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages —
                                                                  – tidyverse 2.0.0 —
## ✓ forcats 1.0.0
                          ✓ readr
                                      2.1.4
## ✓ ggplot2
               3.4.4

✓ stringr

                                      1.5.0
## ✓ lubridate 1.9.3

✓ tibble

                                      3.2.1
## ✓ purrr 1.0.2
                                      1.3.0

✓ tidyr

## — Conflicts —
                                                          —— tidyverse_conflicts() —
## * dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## * dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts
to become errors
file path <- '/Users/subhiksha/Downloads/Team2 Final SEW Ordinal Modelling1.csv'
model <- read_csv(file_path)</pre>
## Rows: 34260 Columns: 94
## — Column specification -
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (11): in.county, time_split, in.county_and_puma, in.city, in.hvac_heatin...
## dbl (83): bldg_id, in.sqft, in.bedrooms, in.building_america_climate_zone, i...
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
low_income_threshold <- 39999
middle_income_threshold <- 99999

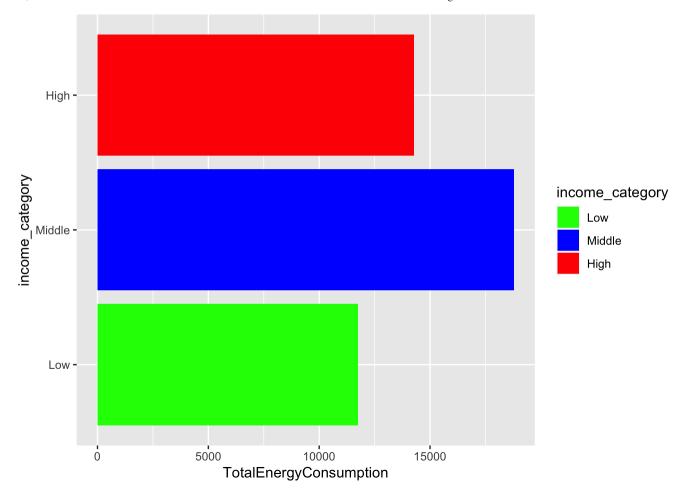
# Categorize the 'in.income' into three groups
model <- model %>%
    mutate(income_category = case_when(
        in.income <= low_income_threshold ~ "Low",
        in.income > low_income_threshold & in.income <= middle_income_threshold ~ "Middle",
        in.income > middle_income_threshold ~ "High"
    ))

# Summing the total energy consumption for each income category
total_energy_consumption <- model %>%
    group_by(income_category) %>%
    summarize(TotalEnergyConsumption = sum(out.total_energy_consumption, na.rm = TRUE))

# Print the result
print(total_energy_consumption)
```

```
# Reorder the income categories
total_energy_consumption$income_category <- factor(total_energy_consumption$income_categ
ory, levels = c("Low", "Middle", "High"))

# Plot the bar graph with customized color and ordered y-axis
ggplot(total_energy_consumption, aes(x = TotalEnergyConsumption, y = income_category,fi
ll=income_category)) +
geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
scale_fill_manual(values = c("green", "blue", "red"))</pre>
```



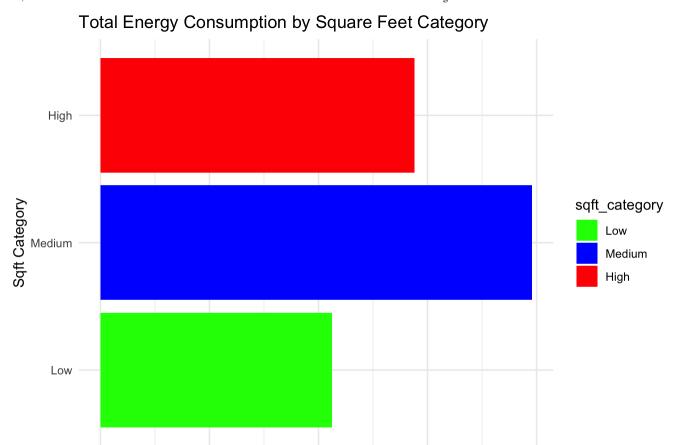
NULL

```
## Rows: 34260 Columns: 96
## — Column specification
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (70): in.county, time_split, in.county_and_puma, in.building_america_cli...
## dbl (26): bldg_id, time_split_numeric, in.sqft, in.bedrooms, in.cooling_setp...
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
quantiles \leftarrow quantile(peak_energy_file$in.sqft, probs = c(0, 0.25, 0.75, 1), na.rm = TRU
E)
# Create the sqft category column
peak_energy_file$sqft_category <- cut(peak_energy_file$in.sqft,</pre>
                           breaks = quantiles,
                           labels = c("Low", "Medium", "High"),
                           include.lowest = TRUE)
total_energy_by_sqft <- peak_energy_file %>%
  group by(sqft category) %>%
  summarize(TotalEnergy = sum(out.total_energy_consumption, na.rm = TRUE)) %>%
  ungroup()
  ggplot(total_energy_by_sqft, aes(x = TotalEnergy, y = sqft_category,fill = sqft_catego
ry)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
  scale fill manual(values = c("green", "blue", "red")) +
  labs(title = "Total Energy Consumption by Square Feet Category",
  x = "Total Energy Consumption",
  y = "Sqft Category") +
  theme minimal()
```

15000

20000

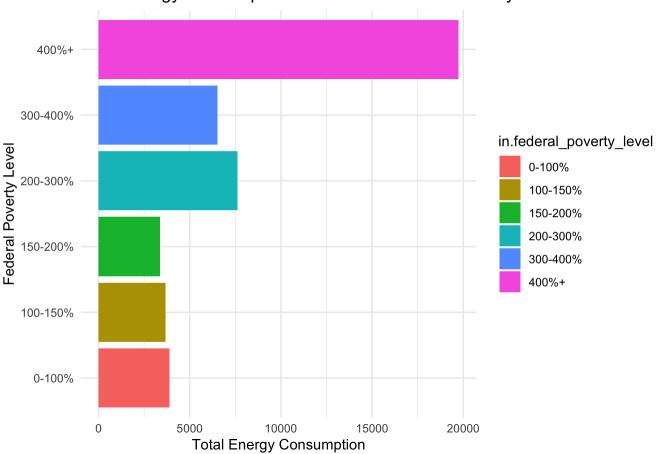


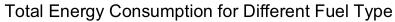
10000

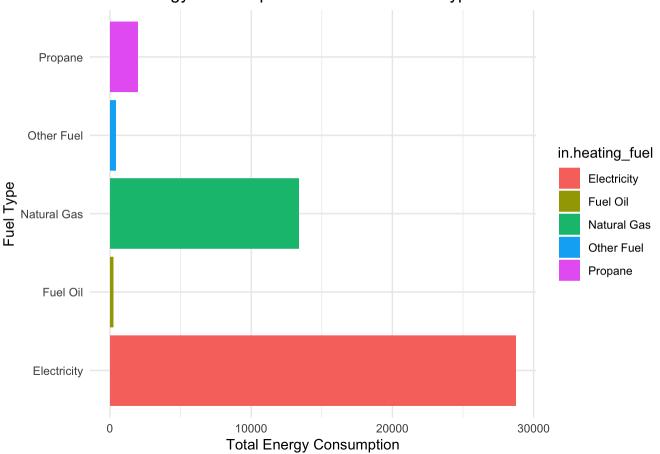
Total Energy Consumption

5000

Total Energy Consumption for Different Federal Poverty Level







Untitled

2023-12-06

```
file <- '/Users/subhiksha/Downloads/Final_Merged_For_Shiny_Geo.csv'
library(tidyverse)</pre>
```

```
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages —
                                                              — tidyverse 2.0.0 —
## ✓ dplvr
          1.1.3
                        ✓ readr
                                    2.1.4
## ✓ forcats 1.0.0
                                    1.5.0

✓ stringr

## ✓ ggplot2 3.4.4
                                    3.2.1

✓ tibble

## ✓ lubridate 1.9.3

✓ tidyr

                                    1.3.0
## ✓ purrr
              1.0.2
## — Conflicts —
                                                       — tidyverse_conflicts() —
## * dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## * dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts
to become errors
```

```
peak_energy_file <- read_csv(file)</pre>
```

```
## Rows: 34260 Columns: 96
## — Column specification —
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (70): in.county, time_split, in.county_and_puma, in.building_america_cli...
## dbl (26): bldg_id, time_split_numeric, in.sqft, in.bedrooms, in.cooling_setp...
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

R Markdown

This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com (http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com).

When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this:

```
nrow(peak_energy_file)
## [1] 34260
```

```
colnames(peak_energy_file)
```

```
##
    [1] "bldg_id"
##
    [2] "time split numeric"
   [3] "in.county"
##
   [4] "time split"
##
   [5] "in.county and puma"
##
   [6] "in.sqft"
##
   [7] "in.bedrooms"
##
   [8] "in.building america climate zone"
##
   [9] "in.ceiling_fan"
##
## [10] "in.city"
## [11] "in.clothes_dryer"
## [12] "in.clothes washer"
## [13] "in.cooking_range"
## [14] "in.cooling setpoint"
## [15] "in.cooling_setpoint_offset_magnitude"
## [16] "in.dishwasher"
## [17] "in.federal poverty level"
## [18] "in.geometry_attic_type"
## [19] "in geometry floor area"
## [20] "in.geometry_floor_area_bin"
## [21] "in.geometry garage"
## [22] "in.heating_fuel"
## [23] "in.heating setpoint"
## [24] "in.heating_setpoint_offset_magnitude"
## [25] "in.hot water fixtures"
## [26] "in.hvac cooling efficiency"
## [27] "in.hvac_cooling_partial_space_conditioning"
## [28] "in.hvac_cooling_type"
## [29] "in.hvac_has_ducts"
## [30] "in.hvac_has_zonal_electric_heating"
## [31] "in.hvac_heating_efficiency"
## [32] "in.hvac_heating_type"
## [33] "in.hvac heating type and fuel"
## [34] "in.income"
## [35] "in.income recs 2015"
## [36] "in.income recs 2020"
## [37] "in.infiltration"
## [38] "in.insulation ceiling"
## [39] "in.insulation_floor"
## [40] "in.insulation foundation wall"
## [41] "in.insulation_rim_joist"
## [42] "in.insulation roof"
## [43] "in.insulation_slab"
## [44] "in.insulation wall"
## [45] "in.lighting"
## [46] "in.misc_extra_refrigerator"
## [47] "in.misc_freezer"
## [48] "in.misc gas fireplace"
## [49] "in.misc gas grill"
## [50] "in.misc_gas_lighting"
## [51] "in.misc hot tub spa"
## [52] "in.misc pool"
```

```
## [53] "in.misc_pool_heater"
## [54] "in.misc_pool_pump"
## [55] "in.misc well pump"
## [56] "in.natural ventilation"
## [57] "in.occupants"
## [58] "in.orientation"
## [59] "in.plug load diversity"
## [60] "in.refrigerator"
## [61] "in.roof material"
## [62] "in.tenure"
## [63] "in.usage level"
## [64] "in.vacancy_status"
## [65] "in.vintage"
## [66] "in.vintage_acs"
## [67] "in.water heater efficiency"
## [68] "in.water_heater_fuel"
## [69] "in.weather_file_city"
## [70] "in.weather file latitude"
## [71] "in.weather_file_longitude"
## [72] "in window areas"
## [73] "in.windows"
## [74] "upgrade.insulation roof"
## [75] "upgrade.water_heater_efficiency"
## [76] "upgrade.clothes dryer"
## [77] "upgrade.hvac_heating_efficiency"
## [78] "upgrade.cooking range"
## [79] "out.kitchen_energy_consumption"
## [80] "out.laundry_energy_consumption"
## [81] "out.heating cooling energy consumption"
## [82] "out.water_heating_energy_consumption"
## [83] "out.electrical appliances energy consumption"
## [84] "out.outdoor_appliances_energy_consumption"
## [85] "out.renewable energy energy consumption"
## [86] "out.total energy consumption"
## [87] "time_range.x"
## [88] "Dry_Bulb_Temperature_C"
## [89] "Relative Humidity"
## [90] "Wind_Speed_m_s"
## [91] "Wind_Direction_Deg"
## [92] "Global_Horizontal_Radiation_W_m2"
## [93] "Direct Normal Radiation W m2"
## [94] "Diffuse_Horizontal_Radiation_W_m2"
## [95] "Next year Pred"
## [96] "Change_in_energy"
```

```
summary(peak_energy_file$out.total_energy_consumption)
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 0.05835 0.83173 1.18313 1.30814 1.63109 8.32710
```

```
summary(peak_energy_file$Next_year_Pred)
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 0.08724 0.94739 1.32063 1.45717 1.80063 6.90360
```

```
#unique(peak_energy_file$in.county)
```

Including Plots

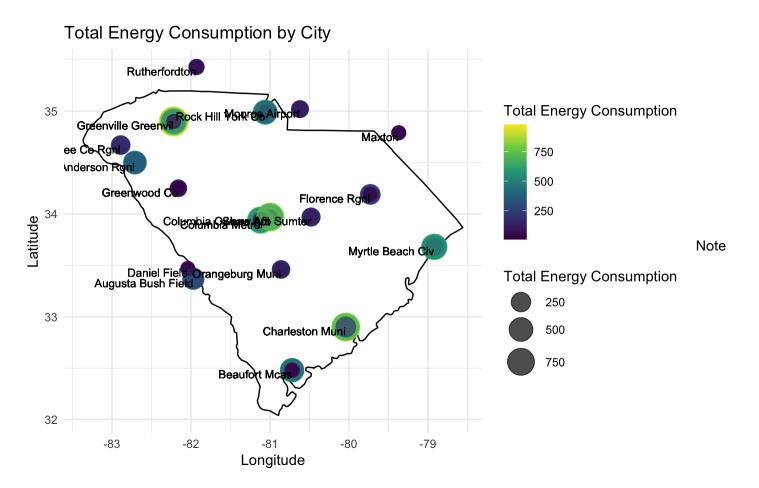
You can also embed plots, for example:

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'time_split'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
```

```
sc_map <- map_data("state", region = "south carolina")</pre>
```

```
#install.packages("ggrepel")
library(ggrepel)
 qqplot() +
 geom\ polygon(data = sc\ map,\ aes(x = long,\ y = lat,\ group = group),\ fill = "white",\ col
  geom_point(data = grouped_data, aes(x = Avg_Longitude, y = Avg_Latitude, size = Total_
Energy_Consumption, color = Total_Energy_Consumption), alpha = 0.7) +
 scale size continuous(range = c(1, 4))+
  geom_text(data = city_labels, aes(label = label, x = lon, y = lat), size = 3, hjust =
1, vjust = 1) +
 scale_color_viridis_c() +
 scale size(range = c(3, 10)) +
 labs(title = "Total Energy Consumption by City",
       x = "Longitude",
       y = "Latitude",
       size = "Total Energy Consumption",
       color = "Total Energy Consumption") +
 theme_minimal() +
 coord fixed(1.3) # Hides the legend for size
```

Scale for size is already present.
Adding another scale for size, which will replace the existing scale.



that the echo = FALSE parameter was added to the code chunk to prevent printing of the R code that generated the plot.

Correlation

2023-12-03

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
– tidyverse 2.0.0 —
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages —
## √ dplyr
               1.1.3
                        ✓ readr
                                    2.1.4
## √ forcats 1.0.0

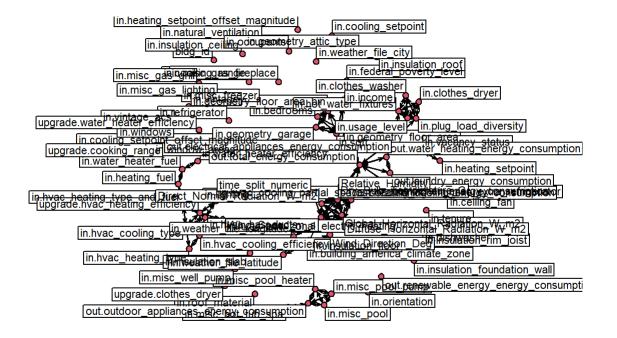
√ stringr

                                   1.5.0
## √ ggplot2 3.4.4
                      √ tibble
                                    3.2.1
## ✓ lubridate 1.9.3
                        √ tidyr
                                    1.3.0
## √ purrr
              1.0.2
## — Conflicts —
                                                      — tidyverse conflicts() —
## X dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## X dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors
```

Final_team2_Modelling_SEW <- read_csv("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Team2_Final_SEW_Ordinal_Modelling1_cleaned.csv")</pre>

```
## Rows: 34260 Columns: 94
## — Column specification
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (11): in.county, time_split, in.county_and_puma, in.city, in.hvac_heatin...
## dbl (83): bldg_id, in.sqft, in.bedrooms, in.building_america_climate_zone, i...
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

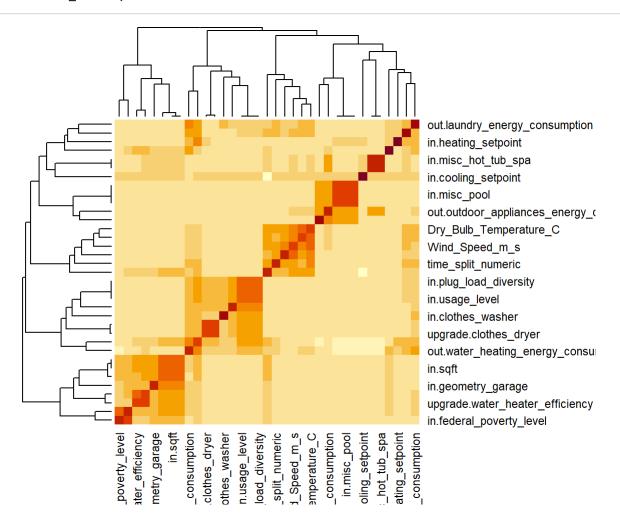
```
# Assuming your dataframe is named Final team2 Modelling SEW
# Select numeric columns only
numeric columns <- Final team2 Modelling SEW[sapply(Final team2 Modelling SEW, is.numeric)]</pre>
# Calculate correlation matrix
correlation matrix <- cor(numeric columns)</pre>
## Warning in cor(numeric columns): the standard deviation is zero
# Print the correlation matrix
#print(correlation matrix)
threshold <- 0.4
# Filter correlation matrix for values above the threshold
filtered correlation matrix <- correlation matrix * (abs(correlation matrix) > threshold)
# Install network package if not installed
# install.packages("network")
# Load the network package
library(network)
## 'network' 1.18.1 (2023-01-24), part of the Statnet Project
## * 'news(package="network")' for changes since last version
## * 'citation("network")' for citation information
## * 'https://statnet.org' for help, support, and other information
# Create a network object
net <- as.network(filtered correlation matrix)</pre>
# Plot the network
plot(net, displaylabels = TRUE, boxed.labels = TRUE, label.cex = 0.7)
```



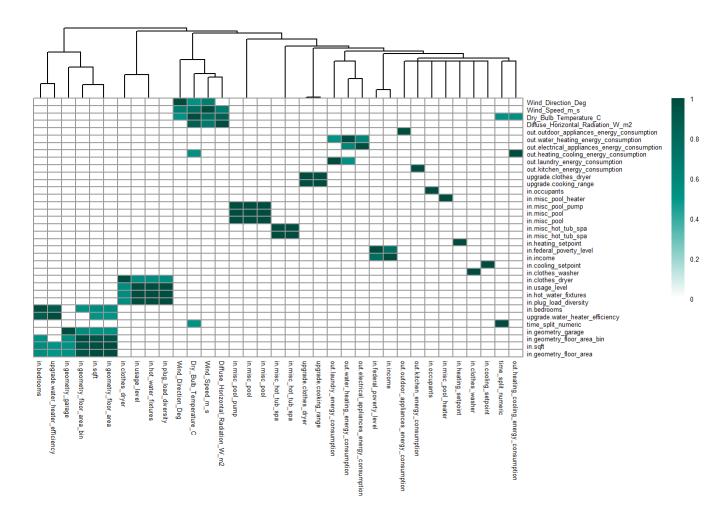
```
# Select specific columns for correlation
selected_columns <- Final_team2_Modelling_SEW[, c(</pre>
  "time split numeric",
  "in.sqft",
  "in.bedrooms",
  "in.clothes dryer",
  "in.clothes washer",
  "in.cooling_setpoint",
  "in.federal_poverty_level",
  "in.geometry floor area",
  "in.geometry_floor_area_bin",
  "in.geometry garage",
 "in.heating_setpoint",
  "in.hot_water_fixtures",
  "in.income",
  "in.misc_hot_tub_spa",
  "in.misc pool",
  "in.misc_hot_tub_spa",
  "in.misc pool",
  "in.misc_pool_heater",
  "in.misc pool pump",
  "in.occupants",
  "in.plug load diversity",
  "in.usage_level",
  "upgrade.water heater efficiency",
  "upgrade.clothes dryer",
  "upgrade.cooking_range",
  "out.kitchen_energy_consumption",
  "out.laundry_energy_consumption",
  "out.heating cooling energy consumption",
  "out.water_heating_energy_consumption",
  "out.electrical appliances energy consumption",
  "out.outdoor appliances energy consumption",
  "Dry Bulb Temperature C",
  "Wind Speed m s",
  "Wind Direction Deg",
  "Diffuse Horizontal Radiation W m2"
)]
```

Impute missing values with the mean of each column
selected_columns <- apply(selected_columns, 2, function(x) ifelse(is.na(x), mean(x, na.rm = TRUE), x))
Calculate correlation matrix for the selected columns
correlation_matrix <- cor(selected_columns)</pre>

Create heatmap
heatmap(correlation matrix)



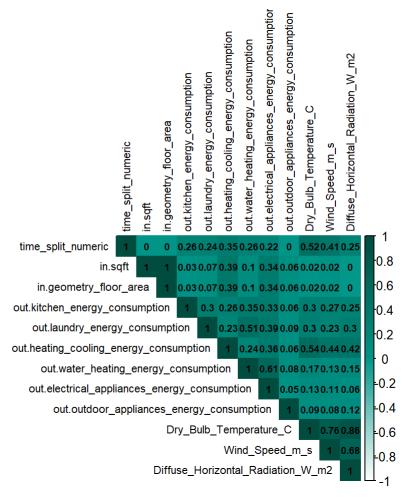
```
# Install pheatmap package if not installed
# install.packages("pheatmap")
# Load the pheatmap package
library(pheatmap)
# Set the threshold
threshold <- 0.5
# Filter correlation matrix for values above the threshold
filtered correlation matrix <- correlation matrix * (abs(correlation matrix) > threshold)
# Perform hierarchical clustering on rows
row order <- hclust(as.dist(1 - filtered correlation matrix))$order</pre>
# Set the size of the heatmap
heatmap width <- 30 # Set the desired width
heatmap height <- 100 # Set the desired height
# Create a dendrogram-based heatmap with custom row order and expanded size
pheatmap(
  filtered correlation matrix[row order, ],
 cluster rows = FALSE, # Use custom row order
 cluster_cols = TRUE,
 color = colorRampPalette(c("#FFFFFF", "#009688", "#004D40"))(100),
  fontsize = 5,
 width = heatmap_width,
 height = heatmap height
```



```
# Assuming your dataframe is named Final team2 Modelling SEW
# Select the specified fields
selected_fields <- c(</pre>
  "time_split_numeric",
  "in.sqft",
  "in.geometry floor area",
  "out.kitchen_energy_consumption",
  "out.laundry_energy_consumption",
  "out.heating cooling energy consumption",
  "out.water_heating_energy_consumption",
  "out.electrical appliances energy consumption",
  "out.outdoor_appliances_energy_consumption",
  "Dry Bulb Temperature C",
  "Wind_Speed_m_s",
  "Diffuse Horizontal Radiation W m2"
# Create a subset of the dataframe with selected fields
selected_dataframe <- Final_team2_Modelling_SEW[selected_fields]</pre>
# Calculate the correlation matrix
correlation matrix <- cor(selected dataframe)</pre>
# Plot the correlation matrix using corrplot
library(corrplot)
```

corrplot 0.92 loaded

```
corrplot(
  correlation_matrix,
  method = "color",  # Color-coded plot
  type = "upper",  # Show only upper triangle to avoid redundancy
  tl.cex = 0.7,  # Text label size
  tl.col = "black",  # Text label color
  col = colorRampPalette(c("#FFFFFFF", "#009688", "#004D40"))(100), # Green color palette
  addCoef.col = "black",  # Coefficient color
  number.cex = 0.6  # Correlation coefficient text size
)
```



BUILDING THE MODELS

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages ——
                                                               —— tidyverse 2.0.0 —
## √ dplyr 1.1.3
                        √ readr
                                       2.1.4
## \checkmark forcats 1.0.0 \checkmark stringr 1.5.0 ## \checkmark ggplot2 3.4.4 \checkmark tibble 3.2.1
## ✓ lubridate 1.9.3
                         √ tidyr
                                       1.3.0
## √ purrr
               1.0.2
## — Conflicts ——
                                                      ——— tidyverse conflicts() —
## X dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## X dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
### i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to becom
e errors
# Modeling df without ordinal <- read csv("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Merged data.csv")
Model new <- read csv("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny/final modeling df.csv")
## Rows: 34260 Columns: 73
## — Column specification
## Delimiter: ","
## dbl (73): bldg_id, in.sqft, in.bedrooms, in.building_america_climate_zone, i...
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
Modeling_ordinality <- Model_new
# Assuming 'processed data' is your data frame
Modeling_ordinality <- Modeling_ordinality[, colSums(is.na(Modeling_ordinality)) == 0]</pre>
# Now 'processed_data' contains only columns without any missing values
# setwd("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny/")
# write.csv(Modeling_ordinality, file ="Ordinality_Final_Merge.csv",row.names=FALSE)
# Install and load necessary packages
# install.packages(c("dplyr", "caret"))
# Load packages
library(dplyr)
library(caret)
## Loading required package: lattice
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'caret'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
## lift
```

```
index <- createDataPartition(Modeling_ordinality$out.total_energy_consumption, p = 0.8, list = F</pre>
ALSE)
train_data <- Modeling_ordinality[index, ]</pre>
test_data <- Modeling_ordinality[-index, ]</pre>
# Function to handle character columns and build the linear regression model
build_lm_model <- function(data) {</pre>
  # Identify numeric and character columns
  numeric cols <- sapply(data, is.numeric)</pre>
  char_cols <- sapply(data, is.character)</pre>
 # Convert character columns to factors
  data[, char_cols] <- lapply(data[, char_cols], as.factor)</pre>
 # Build linear regression model
  lm_model <- lm(out.total_energy_consumption ~ ., data = data[, numeric_cols | char_cols])</pre>
  return(lm_model)
}
# Build the linear regression model on the training set
lm_model <- build_lm_model(train_data)</pre>
# Make predictions on the test set
predictions <- predict(lm_model, newdata = test_data)</pre>
#print(predictions)
# Evaluate the model, e.g., calculate RMSE (Root Mean Squared Error) or other metrics
# ...
# View summary of the linear regression model
summary(lm_model)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = out.total energy consumption ~ ., data = data[,
##
      numeric cols | char cols])
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -1.4894 -0.2244 -0.0340 0.1670 6.0305
##
## Coefficients: (6 not defined because of singularities)
##
                                               Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)
                                             -2.696e+00 5.925e-01 -4.549
## bldg id
                                             -2.636e-08 1.482e-08 -1.779
## in.sqft
                                              1.022e-01 4.625e-03 22.100
## in.bedrooms
                                              2.654e-02 3.385e-03
                                                                     7.839
                                             -2.443e-02 1.224e-02 -1.997
## in.building_america_climate_zone
## in.ceiling fan
                                              4.219e-03 2.736e-03
                                                                    1.542
## in.clothes dryer
                                              -4.149e-03 2.378e-03 -1.745
## in.clothes washer
                                              7.209e-03 1.581e-03
                                                                     4.558
## in.cooking_range
                                              1.269e-03 1.360e-03
                                                                     0.933
## in.cooling setpoint
                                             -7.203e-02 1.200e-03 -60.030
## in.cooling_setpoint_offset_magnitude
                                              1.262e-02 2.726e-03
                                                                     4.628
## in.dishwasher
                                              4.971e-03 1.112e-03
                                                                     4,472
## in.federal_poverty_level
                                             -4.380e-02 2.176e-03 -20.131
## in.geometry_attic_type
                                             -2.107e-01 3.800e-02 -5.544
## in.geometry_floor_area
                                                     NA
                                                                NA
                                                                        NA
## in.geometry_floor_area_bin
                                              1.540e-01 8.845e-03 17.412
## in.geometry garage
                                             -3.212e-02 2.831e-03 -11.346
## in.heating_fuel
                                             -2.446e-03 6.400e-03 -0.382
## in.heating setpoint
                                             -1.578e-02 1.278e-03 -12.347
## in.heating_setpoint_offset_magnitude
                                              9.653e-03 2.281e-03
                                                                     4.232
## in.hot water fixtures
                                              2.494e-01 4.421e-03 56.417
## in.hvac_cooling_efficiency
                                              3.783e-03 1.947e-03
                                                                    1.943
## in.hvac_cooling_partial_space_conditioning 3.896e-03 2.974e-03
                                                                     1.310
                                             -2.245e-02 7.287e-03 -3.081
## in.hvac_cooling_type
                                              1.496e-01 1.680e-02
## in.hvac has ducts
                                                                     8.902
## in.hvac_has_zonal_electric_heating
                                              1.769e-02 1.201e-02
                                                                     1.473
## in.hvac_heating_type
                                              1.039e-02 4.064e-03
                                                                     2.556
## in.hvac_heating_type_and_fuel
                                              3.201e-04 2.102e-03
                                                                     0.152
## in.income
                                              1.473e-06 6.964e-08 21.144
## in.insulation_ceiling
                                             -2.497e-03 1.845e-03 -1.353
## in.insulation floor
                                             -3.649e-02 3.669e-03 -9.945
## in.insulation_foundation_wall
                                              1.055e-02 5.717e-03
                                                                     1.845
## in.insulation rim joist
                                                     NA
                                                                NA
                                                                        NA
## in.insulation_roof
                                              2.534e-02 1.245e-02
                                                                     2.034
## in.insulation slab
                                             -2.607e-03 2.474e-03 -1.054
## in.lighting
                                             -8.671e-02 2.724e-03 -31.836
## in.misc_extra_refrigerator
                                              1.475e-02 1.132e-03 13.033
## in.misc freezer
                                              4.435e-02 4.818e-03
                                                                    9.206
## in.misc_gas_fireplace
                                              7.350e-02 6.496e-03 11.316
## in.misc gas grill
                                              1.491e-02 6.872e-03
                                                                     2.170
                                              2.167e-02 9.821e-03
## in.misc_gas_lighting
                                                                     2.207
```

```
## in.misc_hot_tub_spa
                                               2.575e-01 6.780e-03 37.985
## in.misc pool
                                               2.447e-01 8.118e-03 30.137
## in.misc pool heater
                                               2.393e-01 9.727e-03 24.604
## in.misc_pool_pump
                                                      NA
                                                                 NA
                                                                         NA
## in.misc_well_pump
                                               4.274e-02 6.965e-03
                                                                      6.137
## in.orientation
                                               5.344e-03 9.929e-04
                                                                      5.382
## in.plug load diversity
                                                      NA
                                                                 NA
                                                                         NA
## in.refrigerator
                                              -3.253e-03 1.932e-03
                                                                     -1.684
## in.roof material
                                               5.763e-04 1.105e-03
                                                                      0.521
## in.tenure
                                              -5.194e-02 6.769e-03 -7.672
## in.usage level
                                                      NA
                                                                 NA
                                                                         NA
## in.vacancy_status
                                              -7.599e-01 1.099e-02 -69.163
## in.vintage
                                               1.216e-03 1.472e-03
                                                                      0.826
## in.vintage acs
                                              -5.370e-03 2.227e-03 -2.411
                                               7.018e-03 1.621e-03
## in.water_heater_efficiency
                                                                     4.330
## in.water_heater_fuel
                                              -1.295e-02 6.129e-03 -2.113
## in.weather_file_city
                                               5.858e-04 6.799e-04
                                                                     0.862
## in.weather file latitude
                                              -1.383e-02 8.439e-03 -1.638
## in.weather_file_longitude
                                              -3.886e-02 3.334e-03 -11.657
## in.window areas
                                              -1.516e-03 1.537e-03 -0.987
## in.windows
                                               5.168e-03 1.137e-03
                                                                      4.547
## upgrade.hvac heating efficiency
                                                      NA
                                                                 NA
                                                                         NA
## Dry_Bulb_Temperature_C
                                               6.492e-02 5.900e-03 11.002
## Relative_Humidity
                                              -5.725e-03 1.266e-03 -4.521
## Wind Speed m s
                                               8.150e-02 5.116e-03 15.930
## Wind_Direction_Deg
                                               2.184e-04 1.181e-04
                                                                     1.849
## Diffuse Horizontal Radiation W m2
                                              -4.933e-04 6.751e-05 -7.308
## time_split_numeric
                                               5.281e-02 2.224e-03 23.748
##
                                              Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                              5.41e-06 ***
## bldg id
                                               0.07527 .
## in.sqft
                                               < 2e-16 ***
## in.bedrooms
                                              4.69e-15 ***
## in.building_america_climate_zone
                                               0.04589 *
## in.ceiling fan
                                               0.12310
## in.clothes dryer
                                               0.08098 .
## in.clothes_washer
                                              5.18e-06 ***
## in.cooking_range
                                               0.35075
                                               < 2e-16 ***
## in.cooling_setpoint
## in.cooling_setpoint_offset_magnitude
                                              3.71e-06 ***
## in.dishwasher
                                              7.79e-06 ***
                                               < 2e-16 ***
## in.federal_poverty_level
                                              2.98e-08 ***
## in.geometry attic type
## in.geometry_floor_area
                                                    NA
                                               < 2e-16 ***
## in.geometry_floor_area_bin
                                               < 2e-16 ***
## in.geometry_garage
## in.heating fuel
                                               0.70231
                                               < 2e-16 ***
## in.heating setpoint
## in.heating_setpoint_offset_magnitude
                                              2.33e-05 ***
                                               < 2e-16 ***
## in.hot water fixtures
## in.hvac_cooling_efficiency
                                               0.05203 .
## in.hvac_cooling_partial_space_conditioning 0.19026
```

```
0.00206 **
## in.hvac_cooling_type
## in.hvac_has_ducts
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## in.hvac_has_zonal_electric_heating
                                                0.14089
                                                0.01061 *
## in.hvac_heating_type
## in.hvac_heating_type_and_fuel
                                                0.87896
## in.income
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## in.insulation ceiling
                                                0.17601
## in.insulation_floor
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## in.insulation foundation wall
                                                0.06511 .
## in.insulation_rim_joist
                                                     NA
## in.insulation roof
                                                0.04192 *
                                                0.29192
## in.insulation slab
## in.lighting
                                                < 2e-16 ***
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## in.misc extra refrigerator
## in.misc_freezer
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## in.misc_gas_fireplace
                                                < 2e-16 ***
                                                0.03001 *
## in.misc_gas_grill
## in.misc_gas_lighting
                                                0.02733 *
## in.misc_hot_tub_spa
                                                < 2e-16 ***
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## in.misc pool
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## in.misc_pool_heater
## in.misc pool pump
                                                     NA
## in.misc_well_pump
                                               8.52e-10 ***
                                               7.41e-08 ***
## in.orientation
## in.plug load diversity
                                                     NA
## in.refrigerator
                                                0.09224 .
## in.roof material
                                                0.60209
## in.tenure
                                               1.75e-14 ***
## in.usage level
                                                     NΑ
## in.vacancy_status
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## in.vintage
                                                0.40884
## in.vintage_acs
                                                0.01590 *
## in.water_heater_efficiency
                                               1.50e-05 ***
## in.water_heater_fuel
                                                0.03458 *
## in.weather_file_city
                                                0.38890
## in.weather_file_latitude
                                                0.10137
## in.weather_file_longitude
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## in.window_areas
                                                0.32378
                                               5.46e-06 ***
## in.windows
## upgrade.hvac_heating_efficiency
                                                     NA
## Dry_Bulb_Temperature_C
                                                < 2e-16 ***
                                               6.19e-06 ***
## Relative_Humidity
## Wind Speed m s
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## Wind Direction Deg
                                                0.06441 .
                                               2.79e-13 ***
## Diffuse_Horizontal_Radiation_W_m2
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## time split numeric
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.3857 on 27346 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.6924, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6917
## F-statistic:
                  993 on 62 and 27346 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
#test_data$predictions <- predictions
mape <- mean(abs((test_data$out.total_energy_consumption - predictions) / test_data$out.total_en
ergy_consumption )) * 100

# Print the result
print(paste("MAPE:", mape))</pre>
```

```
## [1] "MAPE: 24.9013271848076"
```

```
# # Install and load necessary packages
# install.packages(c("e1071", "caret"))
library(e1071)
library(caret)
#
# # Set a seed for reproducibility
# set.seed(123)
#
# # Build SVM regression model
svm_reg_model <- svm(out.total_energy_consumption ~ ., data = train_data, kernel = "radial")
#
# Display the summary of the model
summary(svm_reg_model)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## svm(formula = out.total_energy_consumption ~ ., data = train_data,
      kernel = "radial")
##
##
## Parameters:
##
     SVM-Type: eps-regression
##
   SVM-Kernel: radial
         cost: 1
##
         gamma: 0.01470588
##
##
      epsilon: 0.1
##
##
## Number of Support Vectors: 17158
```

```
#
predictions <- predict(svm_reg_model, newdata = test_data)
# #print(predictions)
# # Evaluate the model, e.g., calculate RMSE (Root Mean Squared Error) or other metrics
# # ...
#
# # View summary of the linear regression model
# summary(svm_reg_model)
#test_data$predictions <- predictions
mape <- mean(abs((test_data$out.total_energy_consumption - predictions) / test_data$out.total_energy_consumption )) * 100
#Print the result
print(paste("MAPE:", mape))</pre>
```

```
## [1] "MAPE: 12.8670372041066"
```

Modeling_XGBoost

2023-12-04

```
library(tidyverse)
                                                             — tidyverse 2.0.0 —
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages —
## √ dplyr
              1.1.3
                        ✓ readr
                                    2.1.4
## √ forcats 1.0.0 √ stringr 1.5.0
## √ ggplot2 3.4.4 √ tibble
                                  3.2.1
## √ lubridate 1.9.3
                      √ tidyr
                                  1.3.0
## √ purrr
              1.0.2
## -- Conflicts ----
                                                   ---- tidyverse conflicts() —
## X dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## X dplyr::lag()
                  masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors
#Source<- "https://www.projectpro.io/recipes/apply-xgboost-r-for-regression"
Modeling df <- read csv("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny/final modeling df.csv")
## Rows: 34260 Columns: 73
## — Column specification
## Delimiter: ","
## dbl (73): bldg id, in.sqft, in.bedrooms, in.building america climate zone, i...
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
### i Specify the column types or set `show col types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
#install.packages('xqboost')
                               # for fitting the xgboost model
#install.packages('caret')
                               # for general data preparation and model fitting
library(xgboost)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'xgboost'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       slice
library(caret)
## Loading required package: lattice
##
## Attaching package: 'caret'
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
       lift
##
#Clear NA before Modeling
Modeling_df <- Modeling_df[, colSums(is.na(Modeling_df)) == 0]</pre>
```

```
# Test and Train Data
set.seed(0) # Set seed for generating random data.
# CreateDataPartition() function from the caret package to split the original dataset into a training and testing set
# Split data into training (80%) and testing set (20%)
parts <- createDataPartition(Modeling df$out.total energy consumption, p = 0.8, list = FALSE)
train <- Modeling df[parts,]</pre>
test <- Modeling df[-parts,]</pre>
# Define predictor and response variables in the training set
train_x <- data.matrix(train[, -which(names(train) == "out.total_energy_consumption")])</pre>
train y <- train[["out.total energy consumption"]]</pre>
# Define predictor and response variables in the testing set
test x <- data.matrix(test[, -which(names(train) == "out.total energy consumption")])</pre>
test y <- test[["out.total energy consumption"]]</pre>
print(c("Length of train y:", length(train y)))
## [1] "Length of train y:" "27409"
print(c("Number of rows in train x:", nrow(train x)))
## [1] "Number of rows in train x:" "27409"
# Check if lengths match before creating xqb.DMatrix
stopifnot(length(train y) == nrow(train x))
# Continue with the rest of your code...
```

#define final training and testing sets

xgb_train = xgb.DMatrix(data = train_x, label = train_y)
xgb test = xgb.DMatrix(data = test x, label = test y)

```
#defining a watchlist
watchlist = list(train=xgb_train, test=xgb_test)

#fit XGBoost model and display training and testing data at each iteartion
model = xgb.train(data = xgb_train, max.depth = 3, watchlist=watchlist, nrounds = 100)
```

```
## [1] train-rmse:0.833092 test-rmse:0.842933
## [2] train-rmse:0.680978 test-rmse:0.691427
## [3] train-rmse:0.586000 test-rmse:0.596543
## [4] train-rmse:0.518287 test-rmse:0.530318
## [5] train-rmse:0.477151 test-rmse:0.489412
## [6] train-rmse:0.447918 test-rmse:0.458376
## [7] train-rmse:0.425127 test-rmse:0.435131
## [8] train-rmse:0.407650 test-rmse:0.416784
## [9] train-rmse:0.392178 test-rmse:0.401232
## [10] train-rmse:0.379628 test-rmse:0.388338
## [11] train-rmse:0.369379 test-rmse:0.377432
## [12] train-rmse:0.360975 test-rmse:0.369086
## [13] train-rmse:0.353762 test-rmse:0.362518
## [14] train-rmse:0.347192 test-rmse:0.355965
## [15] train-rmse:0.340942 test-rmse:0.349648
## [16] train-rmse:0.335566 test-rmse:0.343911
## [17] train-rmse:0.330976 test-rmse:0.339372
## [18] train-rmse:0.327137 test-rmse:0.335789
## [19] train-rmse:0.322582 test-rmse:0.331109
## [20] train-rmse:0.319670 test-rmse:0.327832
## [21] train-rmse:0.317091 test-rmse:0.325705
## [22] train-rmse:0.313950 test-rmse:0.323611
## [23] train-rmse:0.309055 test-rmse:0.318640
## [24] train-rmse:0.306845 test-rmse:0.316983
## [25] train-rmse:0.304193 test-rmse:0.314759
## [26] train-rmse:0.301700 test-rmse:0.312069
## [27] train-rmse:0.299897 test-rmse:0.310662
## [28] train-rmse:0.298331 test-rmse:0.309268
## [29] train-rmse:0.296533 test-rmse:0.307407
## [30] train-rmse:0.293200 test-rmse:0.304569
## [31] train-rmse:0.289907 test-rmse:0.301507
## [32] train-rmse:0.288075 test-rmse:0.299842
## [33] train-rmse:0.286951 test-rmse:0.298710
## [34] train-rmse:0.285763 test-rmse:0.297489
## [35] train-rmse:0.284018 test-rmse:0.295518
## [36] train-rmse:0.282335 test-rmse:0.294119
## [37] train-rmse:0.281168 test-rmse:0.293203
## [38] train-rmse:0.279014 test-rmse:0.290957
## [39] train-rmse:0.278217 test-rmse:0.290225
```

```
## [40] train-rmse:0.277397 test-rmse:0.289531
## [41] train-rmse:0.274468 test-rmse:0.286811
## [42] train-rmse:0.273445 test-rmse:0.285857
## [43] train-rmse:0.272454 test-rmse:0.284376
## [44] train-rmse:0.271554 test-rmse:0.283870
## [45] train-rmse:0.270862 test-rmse:0.283310
## [46] train-rmse:0.270149 test-rmse:0.282812
## [47] train-rmse:0.269439 test-rmse:0.282276
## [48] train-rmse:0.268156 test-rmse:0.281158
## [49] train-rmse:0.267257 test-rmse:0.280304
## [50] train-rmse:0.266526 test-rmse:0.279945
## [51] train-rmse:0.265881 test-rmse:0.279587
## [52] train-rmse:0.265222 test-rmse:0.278789
## [53] train-rmse:0.264693 test-rmse:0.278403
## [54] train-rmse:0.264010 test-rmse:0.277836
## [55] train-rmse:0.262741 test-rmse:0.276695
## [56] train-rmse:0.262250 test-rmse:0.276278
## [57] train-rmse:0.261673 test-rmse:0.275714
## [58] train-rmse:0.261167 test-rmse:0.275380
## [59] train-rmse:0.260322 test-rmse:0.274680
## [60] train-rmse:0.259840 test-rmse:0.274297
## [61] train-rmse:0.259049 test-rmse:0.273700
## [62] train-rmse:0.258032 test-rmse:0.272812
## [63] train-rmse:0.257819 test-rmse:0.272464
## [64] train-rmse:0.257292 test-rmse:0.272120
## [65] train-rmse:0.256900 test-rmse:0.271779
## [66] train-rmse:0.256443 test-rmse:0.271550
## [67] train-rmse:0.254974 test-rmse:0.270241
## [68] train-rmse:0.254566 test-rmse:0.270064
## [69] train-rmse:0.254139 test-rmse:0.269642
## [70] train-rmse:0.253650 test-rmse:0.269195
## [71] train-rmse:0.253061 test-rmse:0.268766
## [72] train-rmse:0.252678 test-rmse:0.268408
## [73] train-rmse:0.251480 test-rmse:0.266984
## [74] train-rmse:0.251229 test-rmse:0.266711
## [75] train-rmse:0.250596 test-rmse:0.266132
## [76] train-rmse:0.250227 test-rmse:0.265872
## [77] train-rmse:0.249578 test-rmse:0.265742
## [78] train-rmse:0.249349 test-rmse:0.265561
```

```
## [79] train-rmse:0.248832 test-rmse:0.265305
## [80] train-rmse:0.248425 test-rmse:0.265024
## [81] train-rmse:0.248045 test-rmse:0.264714
## [82] train-rmse:0.247659 test-rmse:0.264269
## [83] train-rmse:0.247200 test-rmse:0.264104
## [84] train-rmse:0.246898 test-rmse:0.264055
## [85] train-rmse:0.246571 test-rmse:0.263863
## [86] train-rmse:0.246460 test-rmse:0.263738
## [87] train-rmse:0.245856 test-rmse:0.263249
## [88] train-rmse:0.245477 test-rmse:0.262999
## [89] train-rmse:0.245288 test-rmse:0.262790
## [90] train-rmse:0.245048 test-rmse:0.262488
## [91] train-rmse:0.244465 test-rmse:0.261917
## [92] train-rmse:0.244248 test-rmse:0.261813
## [93] train-rmse:0.243802 test-rmse:0.261522
## [94] train-rmse:0.243557 test-rmse:0.261342
## [95] train-rmse:0.243350 test-rmse:0.261143
## [96] train-rmse:0.243002 test-rmse:0.260893
## [97] train-rmse:0.242623 test-rmse:0.260372
## [98] train-rmse:0.242452 test-rmse:0.260229
## [99] train-rmse:0.242108 test-rmse:0.260090
## [100]
           train-rmse:0.241917 test-rmse:0.259881
```

```
#define final model
model_xgboost = xgboost(data = xgb_train, max.depth = 3, nrounds = 86, verbose = 0)
summary(model_xgboost)
```

```
##
                  Length Class
                                             Mode
## handle
                       1 xgb.Booster.handle externalptr
                  104154 -none-
## raw
                                             raw
## niter
                       1 -none-
                                             numeric
## evaluation log
                       2 data.table
                                             list
## call
                                             call
                      14 -none-
## params
                       2 -none-
                                             list
## callbacks
                       1 -none-
                                             list
## feature names
                      68 -none-
                                             character
## nfeatures
                       1 -none-
                                             numeric
```

```
#use model to make predictions on test data
pred y = predict(model xgboost, xgb test)
# Assuming pred y is your predicted values
# Calculate Mean Squared Error (MSE)
mse <- mean((test y - pred y)^2)</pre>
cat('Mean Squared Error (MSE): ', round(mse, 3), '\n')
## Mean Squared Error (MSE): 0.07
# Calculate Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) using caret package
rmse <- caret::RMSE(test y, pred y)</pre>
cat('Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): ', round(rmse, 3), '\n')
## Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): 0.264
# Calculate R-squared
y test mean <- mean(test y)</pre>
tss <- sum((test_y - y_test_mean)^2)</pre>
rss <- sum((test y - pred y)^2) # Using predicted values to calculate residuals
rsq <- 1 - (rss/tss)
cat('The R-squared of the test data is ', round(rsq, 3), '\n')
## The R-squared of the test data is 0.857
predictions_xgb <- predict(model_xgboost, newdata = xgb_test)</pre>
mape <- mean(abs((test$out.total energy consumption - predictions xgb) / test$out.total energy consumption )) * 100</pre>
# Print the result
print(paste("MAPE:", mape))
```

[1] "MAPE: 15.2211081956591"

PREDICTIVE MODEL FOR THE NEXT YEAR WITH WEATHER INCREASE BY 5

Future Energy Prediction

2023-12-04

```
library(tidyverse)
## - Attaching core tidyverse packages -
                                                               — tidyverse 2.0.0 —
## √ dplyr 1.1.3 √ readr
                                       2.1.4
## √ forcats 1.0.0 √ stringr 1.5.0 ## √ ggplot2 3.4.4 √ tibble 3.2.1
## ✓ lubridate 1.9.3
                      √ tidyr
                                       1.3.0
## √ purrr
               1.0.2
## — Conflicts —
                                                 ----- tidyverse conflicts() --
## X dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## X dplyr::lag()
                     masks stats::lag()
### i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to becom
e errors
# Modeling df without ordinal <- read csv("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Merged data.csv")
ModelingDf for d <- read csv("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny/final modeling df.csv")
## Rows: 34260 Columns: 73
## — Column specification
## Delimiter: ","
## dbl (73): bldg_id, in.sqft, in.bedrooms, in.building_america_climate_zone, i...
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
New Dataset Weather 5 <- ModelingDf for d
New_Dataset_Weather_5$Dry_Bulb_Temperature_C <- New_Dataset_Weather_5$Dry_Bulb_Temperature_C + 5
#install.packages('xgboost')
                                # for fitting the xgboost model
#install.packages('caret') # for general data preparation and model fitting
library(xgboost)
##
## Attaching package: 'xgboost'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       slice
library(caret)
## Loading required package: lattice
##
## Attaching package: 'caret'
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
       lift
#Clear NA before Modeling
New_Dataset_Weather_5 <- New_Dataset_Weather_5[, colSums(is.na(New_Dataset_Weather_5)) == 0]</pre>
# Test and Train Data
set.seed(0) # Set seed for generating random data.
# CreateDataPartition() function from the caret package to split the original dataset into a tra
ining and testing set
# Split data into training (80%) and testing set (20%)
parts <- createDataPartition(New_Dataset_Weather_5$out.total_energy_consumption, p = 0.8, list =</pre>
FALSE)
train <- New_Dataset_Weather_5[parts,]</pre>
test <- New_Dataset_Weather_5[-parts,]</pre>
# Define predictor and response variables in the training set
train_x <- data.matrix(train[, -which(names(train) == "out.total_energy_consumption")])</pre>
train_y <- train[["out.total_energy_consumption"]]</pre>
# Define predictor and response variables in the testing set
```

[1] "Length of train_y:" "27409"

print(c("Number of rows in train_x:", nrow(train_x)))

test_x <- data.matrix(test[, -which(names(train) == "out.total_energy_consumption")])</pre>

test_y <- test[["out.total_energy_consumption"]]</pre>

print(c("Length of train_y:", length(train_y)))

[1] "Number of rows in train_x:" "27409"

```
# Check if lengths match before creating xgb.DMatrix
stopifnot(length(train_y) == nrow(train_x))

# Continue with the rest of your code...
#define final training and testing sets
xgb_train = xgb.DMatrix(data = train_x, label = train_y)
xgb_test = xgb.DMatrix(data = test_x, label = test_y)
```

```
#defining a watchlist
watchlist = list(train=xgb_train, test=xgb_test)

#fit XGBoost model and display training and testing data at each iteartion
model = xgb_train(data = xgb_train, max.depth = 3, watchlist=watchlist, nrounds = 100)
```

```
## [1]
       train-rmse:0.833092 test-rmse:0.842933
## [2]
       train-rmse:0.680978 test-rmse:0.691427
## [3]
       train-rmse:0.586000 test-rmse:0.596543
## [4]
       train-rmse:0.518287 test-rmse:0.530318
## [5]
       train-rmse:0.477151 test-rmse:0.489412
## [6]
       train-rmse:0.447918 test-rmse:0.458376
## [7]
       train-rmse:0.425127 test-rmse:0.435131
## [8]
       train-rmse:0.407650 test-rmse:0.416784
## [9]
       train-rmse:0.392178 test-rmse:0.401232
## [10] train-rmse:0.379628 test-rmse:0.388338
## [11] train-rmse:0.369379 test-rmse:0.377432
## [12] train-rmse:0.360975 test-rmse:0.369086
## [13] train-rmse:0.353762 test-rmse:0.362518
## [14] train-rmse:0.347192 test-rmse:0.355965
## [15] train-rmse:0.340942 test-rmse:0.349648
## [16] train-rmse:0.335566 test-rmse:0.343911
## [17] train-rmse:0.330976 test-rmse:0.339372
## [18] train-rmse:0.327137 test-rmse:0.335789
## [19] train-rmse:0.322582 test-rmse:0.331109
## [20] train-rmse:0.319670 test-rmse:0.327832
## [21] train-rmse:0.317091 test-rmse:0.325705
## [22] train-rmse:0.313950 test-rmse:0.323611
## [23] train-rmse:0.309055 test-rmse:0.318640
## [24] train-rmse:0.306845 test-rmse:0.316983
## [25] train-rmse:0.304193 test-rmse:0.314759
## [26] train-rmse:0.301700 test-rmse:0.312069
## [27] train-rmse:0.299897 test-rmse:0.310662
## [28] train-rmse:0.298331 test-rmse:0.309268
## [29] train-rmse:0.296533 test-rmse:0.307407
## [30] train-rmse:0.293200 test-rmse:0.304569
## [31] train-rmse:0.289907 test-rmse:0.301507
## [32] train-rmse:0.288075 test-rmse:0.299842
## [33] train-rmse:0.286951 test-rmse:0.298710
## [34] train-rmse:0.285763 test-rmse:0.297489
## [35] train-rmse:0.284018 test-rmse:0.295518
## [36] train-rmse:0.282335 test-rmse:0.294119
## [37] train-rmse:0.281168 test-rmse:0.293203
## [38] train-rmse:0.279014 test-rmse:0.290957
## [39] train-rmse:0.278217 test-rmse:0.290225
## [40] train-rmse:0.277397 test-rmse:0.289531
## [41] train-rmse:0.274468 test-rmse:0.286811
## [42] train-rmse:0.273445 test-rmse:0.285857
## [43] train-rmse:0.272454 test-rmse:0.284376
## [44] train-rmse:0.271554 test-rmse:0.283870
## [45] train-rmse:0.270862 test-rmse:0.283310
## [46] train-rmse:0.270149 test-rmse:0.282812
## [47] train-rmse:0.269439 test-rmse:0.282276
## [48] train-rmse:0.268156 test-rmse:0.281158
## [49] train-rmse:0.267257 test-rmse:0.280304
## [50] train-rmse:0.266526 test-rmse:0.279945
## [51] train-rmse:0.265881 test-rmse:0.279587
## [52] train-rmse:0.265222 test-rmse:0.278789
```

```
## [53] train-rmse:0.264693 test-rmse:0.278403
## [54] train-rmse:0.264010 test-rmse:0.277836
## [55] train-rmse:0.262741 test-rmse:0.276695
## [56] train-rmse:0.262250 test-rmse:0.276278
## [57] train-rmse:0.261673 test-rmse:0.275714
## [58] train-rmse:0.261167 test-rmse:0.275380
## [59] train-rmse:0.260322 test-rmse:0.274680
## [60] train-rmse:0.259840 test-rmse:0.274297
## [61] train-rmse:0.259049 test-rmse:0.273700
## [62] train-rmse:0.258032 test-rmse:0.272812
## [63] train-rmse:0.257819 test-rmse:0.272464
## [64] train-rmse:0.257292 test-rmse:0.272120
## [65] train-rmse:0.256900 test-rmse:0.271779
## [66] train-rmse:0.256443 test-rmse:0.271550
## [67] train-rmse:0.254974 test-rmse:0.270241
## [68] train-rmse:0.254566 test-rmse:0.270064
## [69] train-rmse:0.254139 test-rmse:0.269642
## [70] train-rmse:0.253650 test-rmse:0.269195
## [71] train-rmse:0.253061 test-rmse:0.268766
## [72] train-rmse:0.252678 test-rmse:0.268408
## [73] train-rmse:0.251480 test-rmse:0.266984
## [74] train-rmse:0.251229 test-rmse:0.266711
## [75] train-rmse:0.250596 test-rmse:0.266132
## [76] train-rmse:0.250227 test-rmse:0.265872
## [77] train-rmse:0.249578 test-rmse:0.265742
## [78] train-rmse:0.249349 test-rmse:0.265561
## [79] train-rmse:0.248832 test-rmse:0.265305
## [80] train-rmse:0.248425 test-rmse:0.265024
## [81] train-rmse:0.248045 test-rmse:0.264714
## [82] train-rmse:0.247659 test-rmse:0.264269
## [83] train-rmse:0.247200 test-rmse:0.264104
## [84] train-rmse:0.246898 test-rmse:0.264055
## [85] train-rmse:0.246571 test-rmse:0.263863
## [86] train-rmse:0.246460 test-rmse:0.263738
## [87] train-rmse:0.245856 test-rmse:0.263249
## [88] train-rmse:0.245477 test-rmse:0.262999
## [89] train-rmse:0.245288 test-rmse:0.262790
## [90] train-rmse:0.245048 test-rmse:0.262488
## [91] train-rmse:0.244465 test-rmse:0.261917
## [92] train-rmse:0.244248 test-rmse:0.261813
## [93] train-rmse:0.243802 test-rmse:0.261522
## [94] train-rmse:0.243557 test-rmse:0.261342
## [95] train-rmse:0.243350 test-rmse:0.261143
## [96] train-rmse:0.243002 test-rmse:0.260893
## [97] train-rmse:0.242623 test-rmse:0.260372
## [98] train-rmse:0.242452 test-rmse:0.260229
## [99] train-rmse:0.242108 test-rmse:0.260090
## [100]
            train-rmse:0.241917 test-rmse:0.259881
```

```
#define final model
model_xgboost = xgboost(data = xgb_train, max.depth = 3, nrounds = 86, verbose = 0)
summary(model xgboost)
##
                  Length Class
                                             Mode
## handle
                       1 xgb.Booster.handle externalptr
                  104154 -none-
## raw
                                             raw
## niter
                       1 -none-
                                             numeric
## evaluation_log
                      2 data.table
                                             list
## call
                      14 -none-
                                             call
## params
                      2 -none-
                                             list
## callbacks
                      1 -none-
                                             list
## feature names
                      68 -none-
                                             character
## nfeatures
                       1 -none-
                                             numeric
#use model to make predictions on test data
pred y = predict(model xgboost, xgb test)
# Assuming pred_y is your predicted values
# Calculate Mean Squared Error (MSE)
mse <- mean((test_y - pred_y)^2)</pre>
cat('Mean Squared Error (MSE): ', round(mse, 3), '\n')
## Mean Squared Error (MSE): 0.07
# Calculate Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) using caret package
rmse <- caret::RMSE(test_y, pred_y)</pre>
cat('Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): ', round(rmse, 3), '\n')
## Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): 0.264
# Calculate R-squared
y_test_mean <- mean(test_y)</pre>
tss <- sum((test_y - y_test_mean)^2)</pre>
rss <- sum((test_y - pred_y)^2) # Using predicted values to calculate residuals
rsq <- 1 - (rss/tss)
cat('The R-squared of the test data is ', round(rsq, 3), '\n')
```

```
## The R-squared of the test data is 0.857
```

```
predictions_xgb <- predict(model_xgboost, newdata = xgb_test)

mape <- mean(abs((test$out.total_energy_consumption - predictions_xgb) / test$out.total_energy_c
onsumption )) * 100

# Print the result
print(paste("MAPE:", mape))</pre>
```

```
## [1] "MAPE: 15.2211081956591"
```

Add Predicted Values to the test and train

```
#use model to make predictions on test data
pred_y <- predict(model_xgboost, xgb_test)
pred_x <- predict(model_xgboost, xgb_train)</pre>
```

```
train$Next_year_Pred <- pred_x
test$Next_year_Pred <- pred_y</pre>
```

```
# Combine train and test dataframes
New_Weather_Increase_Prediction <- rbind(train, test)
# Check the structure of the new dataframe
str(New_Weather_Increase_Prediction)</pre>
```

```
## tibble [34,260 × 70] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
                                               : num [1:34260] 65 65 65 121 121 121 121 121 121
##
   $ bldg id
500 ...
## $ in.sqft
                                               : num [1:34260] 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 ...
## $ in.bedrooms
                                               : num [1:34260] 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 ...
   $ in.building america climate zone
                                               : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##
                                               : num [1:34260] 2 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 ...
##
   $ in.ceiling fan
   $ in.clothes_dryer
                                               : num [1:34260] 5 5 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 ...
##
   $ in.clothes_washer
                                               : num [1:34260] 5 5 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 ...
##
   $ in.cooking range
                                                 num [1:34260] 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 ...
##
##
   $ in.cooling_setpoint
                                               : num [1:34260] 7 7 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 6 ...
##
   $ in.cooling_setpoint_offset_magnitude
                                               : num [1:34260] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
##
   $ in.dishwasher
                                               : num [1:34260] 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 ...
   $ in.federal poverty level
                                               : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 ...
   $ in.geometry_attic_type
                                               : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##
##
   $ in.geometry_floor_area
                                               : num [1:34260] 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
   $ in.geometry floor area bin
                                               : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##
##
   $ in.geometry_garage
                                               : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 ...
##
   $ in.heating_fuel
                                               : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##
   $ in.heating_setpoint
                                               : num [1:34260] 6 6 6 3 3 3 3 3 3 6 ...
##
   $ in.heating setpoint offset magnitude
                                               : num [1:34260] 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 ...
   $ in.hot_water_fixtures
                                               : num [1:34260] 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 ...
##
   $ in.hvac cooling efficiency
                                               : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
   ##
   $ in.hvac cooling type
                                               : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                               : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
   $ in.hvac_has_ducts
##
##
   $ in.hvac_has_zonal_electric_heating
                                               : num [1:34260] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
##
   $ in.hvac heating type
                                               : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
   $ in.hvac_heating_type_and_fuel
                                               : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                               : num [1:34260] 14999 14999 14999 19999
##
   $ in.income
   $ in.insulation ceiling
                                               : num [1:34260] 4 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 ...
##
   $ in.insulation floor
                                               : num [1:34260] 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 ...
##
##
   $ in.insulation_foundation_wall
                                               : num [1:34260] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
   $ in.insulation_rim_joist
                                               : num [1:34260] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
##
   $ in.insulation roof
                                               : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
   $ in.insulation slab
                                               : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 ...
##
##
   $ in.lighting
                                               : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
                                               : num [1:34260] 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 0 ...
   $ in.misc_extra_refrigerator
##
   $ in.misc freezer
                                               : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
##
##
   $ in.misc_gas_fireplace
                                               : num [1:34260] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
##
   $ in.misc_gas_grill
                                               : num [1:34260] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
   $ in.misc_gas_lighting
                                               : num [1:34260] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
##
##
   $ in.misc_hot_tub_spa
                                               : num [1:34260] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 ...
##
   $ in.misc_pool
                                               : num [1:34260] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
##
   $ in.misc_pool_heater
                                               : num [1:34260] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
                                               : num [1:34260] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
##
   $ in.misc pool pump
##
   $ in.misc_well_pump
                                               : num [1:34260] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
                                               : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
##
   $ in.orientation
##
   $ in.plug_load_diversity
                                               : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 ...
   $ in.refrigerator
                                               : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 ...
##
   $ in.roof_material
                                               : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##
```

```
: num [1:34260] 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
##
   $ in.tenure
   $ in.usage_level
                                                 : num [1:34260] 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 ...
##
##
   $ in.vacancy status
                                                 : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
   $ in.vintage
                                                 : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 ...
##
##
   $ in.vintage_acs
                                                 : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 ...
##
   $ in.water_heater_efficiency
                                                 : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
   $ in.water heater fuel
                                                 : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
   $ in.weather_file_city
                                                 : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 ...
##
   $ in.weather file latitude
                                                 : num [1:34260] 35 35 35 34.7 34.7 ...
##
   $ in.weather_file_longitude
                                                 : num [1:34260] -81.1 -81.1 -81.1 -82.9 -82.9
##
. . .
                                                 : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
##
   $ in.window areas
##
   $ in.windows
                                                 : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 ...
    $ upgrade.hvac heating efficiency
                                                 : num [1:34260] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##
   $ out.total_energy_consumption
                                                 : num [1:34260] 1.265 1.803 1.293 0.385 0.492
##
. . .
## $ Dry_Bulb_Temperature_C
                                                 : num [1:34260] 32.6 34.8 29.9 27.7 27.4 ...
  $ Relative Humidity
                                                 : num [1:34260] 70.1 60.3 82.1 89.7 89.7 ...
##
## $ Wind_Speed_m_s
                                                 : num [1:34260] 2.15 2.44 1.08 1.17 1.43 ...
   $ Wind Direction Deg
                                                 : num [1:34260] 120.9 144 99.8 120 112.1 ...
##
   $ Diffuse_Horizontal_Radiation_W_m2
##
                                                 : num [1:34260] 207.6 164 18.1 0 25.1 ...
   $ time split numeric
                                                 : num [1:34260] 3 5 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 ...
##
                                                 · num [1.2/26] 1 2/2 1 02/ 1 2EQ & E21 & 62
   4 Nov+ yoan Dood
```

```
# Assuming New_Weather_Increase_Prediction is your dataframe
New_Weather_Increase_Prediction <- New_Weather_Increase_Prediction[order(New_Weather_Increase_Prediction$bldg_id, New_Weather_Increase_Prediction$time_split_numeric), ]
# Check the sorted dataframe
head(New_Weather_Increase_Prediction)</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 70
##
     bldg id in.sqft in.bedrooms in.building america climate zone in.ceiling fan
       <dbl>
               <dbl>
                            <dbl>
                                                               <dbl>
                                                                              <dbl>
##
## 1
                                                                                  2
          65
                   3
                                3
                                                                   1
                                                                                  2
## 2
          65
                   3
                                3
                                                                   1
## 3
          65
                   3
                                3
                                                                   1
                                                                                  2
                                3
                                                                   1
                                                                                  2
## 4
          65
                   3
## 5
          65
                                3
                                                                   1
                                                                                  2
                   3
## 6
          65
                   3
## # i 65 more variables: in.clothes_dryer <dbl>, in.clothes_washer <dbl>,
       in.cooking range <dbl>, in.cooling setpoint <dbl>,
## #
       in.cooling setpoint offset magnitude <dbl>, in.dishwasher <dbl>,
## #
## #
       in.federal_poverty_level <dbl>, in.geometry_attic_type <dbl>,
       in.geometry floor area <dbl>, in.geometry floor area bin <dbl>,
## #
       in.geometry_garage <dbl>, in.heating_fuel <dbl>, in.heating_setpoint <dbl>,
## #
       in.heating setpoint offset magnitude <dbl>, in.hot water fixtures <dbl>, ...
## #
```

```
#Difference In Energy Between Both Years
New_Weather_Increase_Prediction$Change_in_energy <- New_Weather_Increase_Prediction$Next_year_Pr
ed - New Weather Increase Prediction$out.total energy consumption
# setwd("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny")
# write.csv(New Weather Increase Prediction, "Predicted final weatherplus5.csv", row.names=FALSE)
Weather_Increase_Predcited_Final <- read_csv("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny/Predicted_fi
nal weatherplus5.csv")
## Rows: 34260 Columns: 71
## — Column specification
## Delimiter: ","
## dbl (71): bldg_id, in.sqft, in.bedrooms, in.building_america_climate_zone, i...
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
#Percentage Calculation For Increase In Temperature For Overall Data
# Percentage = (Total Change / Current Year ) * 100
Total_Change = sum(Weather_Increase_Predcited_Final$Change_in_energy)
Current Year = sum(Weather Increase Predcited Final$out.total energy consumption)
Percentage = (Total_Change/Current_Year)*100
Total_Change
## [1] 5105.762
Current Year
## [1] 44816.9
# Example usage with cat
message <- "Total Energy Percentage Increase after Increasing the temperature by 5 is:"
variable_value <- Percentage # Replace this with your actual variable
cat(message, variable_value, "\n")
## Total Energy Percentage Increase after Increasing the temperature by 5 is: 11.39249
```

PEAK ENERGY DEMAND IN FUTURE BY TIME, GEOGRAPHY AND ATTRIBUTES

```
file <- '/Users/subhiksha/Downloads/Final_Merged_For_Shiny_Geo.csv'
library(tidyverse)</pre>
```

```
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages —
                                                               – tidyverse 2.0.0 —
              1.1.3
                        ✓ readr
                                     2.1.4
## ✓ dplyr
## ✓ forcats
               1.0.0
                                     1.5.0

✓ stringr

## ✓ ggplot2 3.4.4

✓ tibble

                                     3.2.1
## ✓ lubridate 1.9.3

✓ tidyr

                                     1.3.0
## ✓ purrr
              1.0.2
## — Conflicts —
                                                       — tidyverse_conflicts() —
## * dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts
to become errors
```

```
peak_energy_file <- read_csv(file)</pre>
```

```
## Rows: 34260 Columns: 96
## — Column specification
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (70): in.county, time_split, in.county_and_puma, in.building_america_cli...
## dbl (26): bldg_id, time_split_numeric, in.sqft, in.bedrooms, in.cooling_setp...
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
table(peak_energy_file$in.occupants)
```

```
##
##
       1
           10+
                          3
                                      5
                                            6
                                                        8
                                                               9
                   2
    7668
            48 13134 5610 4566 2016
                                          690
                                                348
                                                      138
                                                              42
##
```

```
nrow(peak_energy_file)
```

```
## [1] 34260
```

```
#colnames(peak_energy_file)
summary(peak_energy_file$out.total_energy_consumption)
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 0.05835 0.83173 1.18313 1.30814 1.63109 8.32710
```

```
summary(peak_energy_file$Next_year_Pred)
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 0.08724 0.94739 1.32063 1.45717 1.80063 6.90360
```

`summarise()` has grouped output by 'time_split'. You can override using the
`.groups` argument.

grouped_data1 <- grouped_data[grouped_data\$City_Name == 'Anderson Rgnl',]
class(grouped_data\$Total_Energy_Demand)</pre>

[1] "numeric"

#grouped_data\$Total_Energy_Demand <round(grouped_data\$Total_Energy_Demand)
min(grouped_data\$Total_Energy_Demand)</pre>

[1] 8.707579

max(grouped_data\$Total_Energy_Demand)

[1] 1081.414

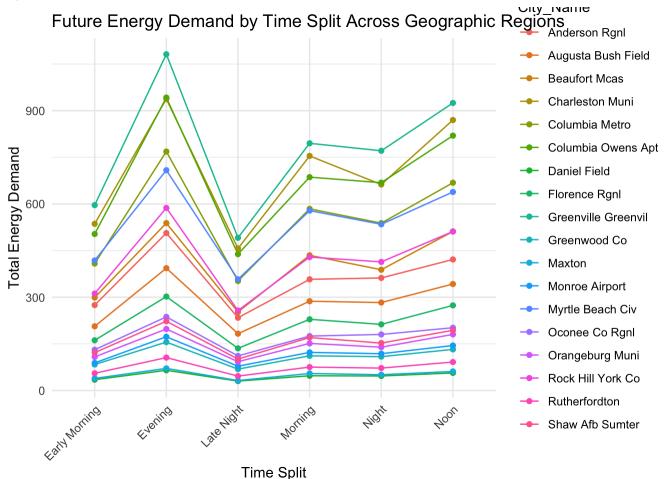
summary(grouped_data\$Total_Energy_Demand)

Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. ## 8.708 38.883 83.537 180.879 230.213 1081.414

unique(grouped_data\$City_Name)

```
[1] "Greenwood Co"
                              "Augusta Bush Field"
                                                     "Orangeburg Muni"
##
   [4] "Anderson Rgnl"
                              "Beaufort Mcas"
                                                     "Charleston Muni"
##
                              "Rock Hill York Co"
   [7] "Rutherfordton"
                                                     "Monroe Airport"
##
## [10] "Shaw Afb Sumter"
                              "Florence Rgnl"
                                                     "Maxton"
## [13] "Daniel Field"
                              "Columbia Owens Apt"
                                                     "Myrtle Beach Civ"
## [16] "Greenville Greenvil" "Columbia Metro"
                                                     "Oconee Co Rgnl"
region_time_summaries <- grouped_data %>%
  group_by(City_Name, time_split) %>%
  summarise(Total Energy Demand = max(Total Energy Demand))
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'City_Name'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
# Checking the result
print(region_time_summaries)
## # A tibble: 108 × 3
               City Name [18]
## # Groups:
      City_Name
                                       Total Energy Demand
##
                         time_split
##
      <chr>
                         <chr>
                                                      <dbl>
## 1 Anderson Rgnl
                         Early Morning
                                                       275.
## 2 Anderson Rgnl
                         Evening
                                                       506.
## 3 Anderson Rgnl
                         Late Night
                                                       234.
## 4 Anderson Rgnl
                         Morning
                                                       358.
## 5 Anderson Rgnl
                         Night
                                                       362.
## 6 Anderson Rgnl
                         Noon
                                                       421.
## 7 Augusta Bush Field Early Morning
                                                       206.
## 8 Augusta Bush Field Evening
                                                       393.
## 9 Augusta Bush Field Late Night
                                                       183.
## 10 Augusta Bush Field Morning
                                                       287.
## # i 98 more rows
# Create the line plot a)
  qqplot(region time summaries, aes(x = time split, y = Total Energy Demand, group = Cit
y_Name, color = City_Name)) +
  geom line() +
  geom point() +
  gqtitle("Future Energy Demand by Time Split Across Geographic Regions") +
  xlab("Time Split") +
  ylab("Total Energy Demand") +
```

theme_minimal() + theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1))

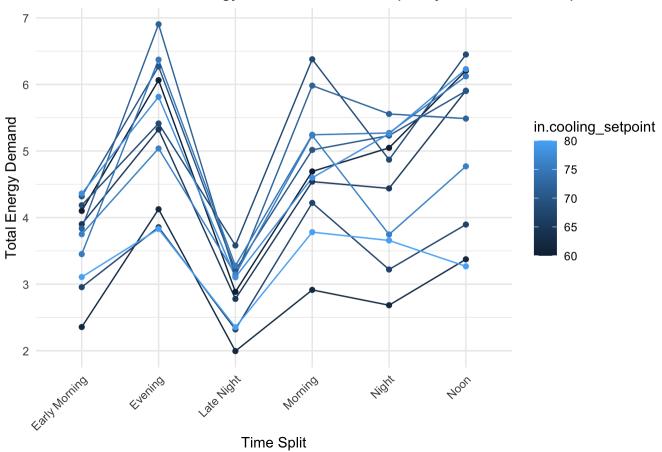


```
# Data aggregation
grouped_data1 <- peak_energy_file %>%
  group_by(time_split,in.cooling_setpoint ) %>%
  summarize(Total_Energy_Demand = max(Next_year_Pred, na.rm = TRUE),) %>%
  ungroup()
```

`summarise()` has grouped output by 'time_split'. You can override using the
`.groups` argument.

```
# Create the line plot b)
ggplot(grouped_data1, aes(x = time_split, y = Total_Energy_Demand, group = in.cooling_
setpoint, color = in.cooling_setpoint)) +
geom_line() +
geom_point() +
ggtitle("Cumulative Future Energy Demand Vs Time Split by number of occupants") +
xlab("Time Split") +
ylab("Total Energy Demand") +
theme_minimal() + theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1))
```

Cumulative Future Energy Demand Vs Time Split by number of occupants



SHINY APPLICATION DASHBOARD

```
# Load necessary libraries
library(shiny)
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
library(leaflet)
library(jsonlite)
library(sf)
library(viridis)
library(plotly)
# Read your data
sorted_data <- read.csv("Final_Merged_For_Shiny_Geo.csv")</pre>
file_path <- "Team2_Final_SEW_Ordinal_Modelling1.csv"
model <- read.csv(file_path)</pre>
total_energy_data <- sorted_data %>%
 summarise(Current_Year = sum(out.total_energy_consumption),
      Next_Year = sum(Next_year_Pred))
# Calculate percentage increase for total energy
total_energy_data$Percentage_Increase <- ((total_energy_data$Next_Year -
total_energy_data$Current_Year) / total_energy_data$Current_Year) * 100
# Reshape the data for ggplot
reshaped_data <- reshape2::melt(total_energy_data, id.vars = NULL,</pre>
                  measure.vars = c("Current_Year", "Next_Year", "Percentage_Increase"),
```

```
variable.name = "Energy_Type", value.name = "Value")
# Define UI for the Shiny app
ui <- fluidPage(
navbarPage("eSC ~ Energy Consumption Comparison",
       # First tab for the comparison of current and future energy consumption
       tabPanel("Current vs. Future Energy",
            sidebarLayout(
            sidebarPanel(
              selectInput("in_county", "Select County", unique(sorted_data$in.county)),
              selectInput("time_split", "Select Time of Day", unique(sorted_data$time_split))
            ),
            mainPanel(
              plotOutput("energyComparisonPlot")
            )
            )
       ),
       # Second tab for the comparison of total energy consumption
       tabPanel("Total Energy Comparison",
            sidebarLayout(
            sidebarPanel(
```

HTML("Explore the comparison of current and future energy consumption for the month of July in South Carolina. This section provides insights into the key drivers of energy usage, aiming to help an energy company (eSC) understand potential challenges in meeting electricity demand during hot summers. By analyzing historical and predicted energy data, users can gain valuable information to encourage energy-saving practices and contribute to both efficient energy usage and environmental sustainability.")

```
),
             mainPanel(
              plotOutput("totalEnergyPlot")
            )
       ),
       tabPanel("Energy Categories Distribution",
            sidebarLayout(
             sidebarPanel(
              selectInput("in_county_pie", "Select County", unique(sorted_data$in.county)),
              selectInput("time_split_pie", "Select Time of Day", unique(sorted_data$time_split),
selected = unique(sorted_data$time_split)[1])
             ),
             mainPanel(
              plotOutput("energyCategoryPieChart")
            )
            )
       ),
       tabPanel("Aggregated Panel",
            sidebarLayout(
             sidebarPanel(
              HTML("Explore the analysis of sorted energy consumption data. This section provides
insights into the aggregated energy demand based on the selected time and city."),
              selectInput("new_in_city", "Select City", unique(sorted_data$in.weather_file_city)),
              sliderInput("new_time_slider_city", "Select Time Range",
                    min = min(sorted_data$time_split_numeric),
                    max = max(sorted_data$time_split_numeric),
```

```
value = c(min(sorted_data$time_split_numeric),
max(sorted_data$time_split_numeric)),
                    step = 1)
            ),
             mainPanel(
             plotOutput("new_energyPlot")
            )
            )
       ),
       tabPanel("Leaflet Maps",
           fluidRow(
            tags$style(HTML(".leaflet-container { border: 2px solid black; margin-bottom: 10px; }")),
            leafletOutput("map_current_leaflet"),
            leafletOutput("map_future_leaflet")
           )
       ),
       tabPanel("Energy Consumption Analysis",
            plotOutput("plot_a"),
            plotOutput("plot_b"),
           plotOutput("plot_c"),
           plotOutput("plot_d"))
)
)
```

```
# Define server logic
server <- function(input, output) {</pre>
output$energyComparisonPlot <- renderPlot({</pre>
  # Filter data based on user input
  filtered_data <- subset(sorted_data, in.county == input$in_county & time_split == input$time_split)
  # Check if the filtered data is not empty
  if (nrow(filtered_data) > 0) {
   # Summarize data for current year
   current_year_data <- filtered_data %>%
    group_by(time_split) %>%
    summarise(Current_Year = sum(out.total_energy_consumption))
   # Summarize data for the next year
   next_year_data <- filtered_data %>%
    group_by(time_split) %>%
    summarise(Next_Year = sum(Next_year_Pred))
   # Combine the two datasets
   combined_data <- merge(current_year_data, next_year_data, by = "time_split", all = TRUE)</pre>
   # Calculate percentage increase
   combined_data$Percentage_Increase <- ((combined_data$Next_Year -
combined_data$Current_Year) / combined_data$Current_Year) * 100
   # Reshape the data for ggplot
   reshaped_data <- reshape2::melt(combined_data, id.vars = "time_split",
                    measure.vars = c("Current_Year", "Next_Year", "Percentage_Increase"),
```

```
variable.name = "Energy_Type", value.name = "Value")
```

```
# Create a bar plot for current and future energy consumption
   ggplot(reshaped_data, aes(x = time_split, y = Value, fill = Energy_Type, label = ifelse(Energy_Type ==
"Percentage_Increase", paste(round(Value, 2), "%"), ""))) +
    geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge", width = 0.7) +
    geom_text(position = position_dodge(width = 0.7), vjust = -0.5) +
    labs(title = "Comparison of Current and Future Energy Consumption",
       x = "Time of Day",
       y = "Energy Consumption",
       fill = "Energy Type") +
    theme_minimal() +
    theme(legend.position = "top") +
    scale_fill_manual(values = c("Current_Year" = "#66c2a5", "Next_Year" = "#fc8d62",
"Percentage Increase" = "#8da0cb"))
  } else {
   # If filtered data is empty, display a message or a default plot
   ggplot() + theme_void() +
    annotate("text", x = 0.5, y = 0.5, label = "No data available for the selected filters.",
         color = "red", size = 5, hjust = 0.5, vjust = 0.5)
  }
})
 output$totalEnergyPlot <- renderPlot({
  # Filter data based on user input
  filtered_data <- subset(sorted_data)</pre>
  # Check if the filtered data is not empty
  if (nrow(filtered_data) > 0) {
```

```
# Reshape the data for ggplot
   reshaped_data <- reshape2::melt(total_energy_data, id.vars = NULL,
                     measure.vars = c("Current_Year", "Next_Year", "Percentage_Increase"),
                     variable.name = "Energy_Type", value.name = "Value")
   # Create a line plot for total energy consumption
   p <- ggplot(reshaped_data, aes(x = Energy_Type, y = Value, color = Energy_Type, linetype =
Energy_Type)) +
    geom_line() +
    geom_point() +
    labs(title = "Total Energy Consumption",
       x = NULL,
       y = "Total Energy Consumption") +
    theme_minimal() +
    theme(legend.position = "top") +
    scale_color_manual(values = c("Current_Year" = "#66c2a5", "Next_Year" = "#fc8d62",
"Percentage_Increase" = "#8da0cb"))
   # Add labels outside the plot using annotate
   p <- p +
    annotate("text", x = 2, y = max(reshaped data$Value) - 0.2,
         label = paste("Percentage Increase: ", round(total energy data$Percentage Increase, 2), "%"),
         color = "#8da0cb", size = 4, hjust = 0, vjust = -0.5)
   print(p)
  } else {
   # If filtered data is empty, display a message or a default plot
   ggplot() + theme_void() +
    annotate("text", x = 1, y = 1, label = "No data available for the selected filters.",
```

```
color = "red", size = 5, hjust = 0.5, vjust = 0.5)
 }
})
output$energyCategoryPieChart <- renderPlot({
  # Filter data based on user input
  filtered_data_pie <- subset(sorted_data, in.county == input$in_county_pie & time split %in%
input$time_split_pie)
  # Check if the filtered data is not empty
  if (nrow(filtered_data_pie) > 0) {
   # Summarize data for energy categories
   category_data <- filtered_data_pie %>%
    summarise(
     Kitchen = sum(out.kitchen_energy_consumption),
     Laundry = sum(out.laundry_energy_consumption),
     Heating_Cooling = sum(out.heating_cooling_energy_consumption),
     Water_Heating = sum(out.water_heating_energy_consumption),
     Electrical_Appliances = sum(out.electrical_appliances_energy_consumption),
     Outdoor_Appliances = sum(out.outdoor_appliances_energy_consumption),
     Renewable_Energy = sum(out.renewable_energy_energy_consumption),
     Total_Energy = sum(out.total_energy_consumption)
    )
   # Reshape the data for ggplot
   reshaped_category_data <- reshape2::melt(category_data, id.vars = "Total_Energy", variable.name =
"Energy_Category", value.name = "Value")
   # Create a pie chart for energy categories
```

```
ggplot(reshaped_category_data, aes(x = "", y = Value, fill = Energy_Category)) +
   geom_bar(stat = "identity", width = 1, color = "white") +
   coord_polar("y") +
   labs(title = "Energy Categories Distribution",
      fill = "Energy Category") +
   theme_void() +
   theme(legend.position = "right") +
   scale_fill_manual(values = c(
    "Kitchen" = "#66c2a5",
    "Laundry" = "#fc8d62",
    "Heating Cooling" = "#8da0cb",
    "Water_Heating" = "#e78ac3",
    "Electrical_Appliances" = "#a6d854",
    "Outdoor Appliances" = "#ffd92f",
    "Renewable_Energy" = "#66c2a5"
   ))
 } else {
  # If filtered data is empty, display a message or a default plot
  ggplot() + theme_void() +
   annotate("text", x = 0.5, y = 0.5, label = "No data available for the selected filters.",
        color = "red", size = 5, hjust = 0.5, vjust = 0.5)
 }
})
output$new_energyPlot <- renderPlot({</pre>
 # Filter data based on user input
 new_filtered_data <- subset(sorted_data,</pre>
                 in.weather_file_city == input$new_in_city &
```

```
between(time_split_numeric, input$new_time_slider_city[1],
input$new_time_slider_city[2]))
  # Check if the filtered data is not empty
  if (nrow(new_filtered_data) > 0) {
   # Data aggregation
   new_grouped_data <- new_filtered_data %>%
    group_by(time_split, in.weather_file_city) %>%
    summarize(Total_Energy_Demand = sum(Next_year_Pred, na.rm = TRUE),
          Avg_Latitude = mean(in.weather_file_latitude, na.rm = TRUE),
          Avg_Longitude = mean(in.weather_file_longitude, na.rm = TRUE),
          City_Name = first(in.weather_file_city[!is.na(in.weather_file_city)])) %>%
    ungroup()
   # Create a bar plot for total energy consumption with vibrant colors
   ggplot(new_grouped_data, aes(x = time_split, y = Total_Energy_Demand, fill = in.weather_file_city))
    geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge", width = 0.7) +
    labs(title = "Aggregated Energy Demand",
       x = "Time of Day",
       y = "Total Energy Demand",
       fill = "City") +
    theme minimal() +
    theme(legend.position = "top") +
    scale_fill_viridis_d(option = "A", direction = -1) # Adjust the option and direction as needed
  } else {
   # If filtered data is empty, display a message or a default plot
   ggplot() + theme_void() +
    annotate("text", x = 0.5, y = 0.5, label = "No data available for the selected filters.",
```

```
color = "red", size = 5, hjust = 0.5, vjust = 0.5)
 }
})
# Your data processing code here (Summarize, Join, Create Palette, etc.)
# Create a palette for time zones
zone_palette <- c("blue", "green", "yellow", "orange", "red", "purple") # Corresponding to 1-6
summary_data<- sorted_data %>%
 group_by(bldg_id) %>%
 summarize(max_time_zone = time_split_numeric[which.max(out.total_energy_consumption)])
# Join summary data with the original dataset to retain all rows for each bldg_id
sorted_data1 <- left_join(sorted_data, summary_data, by = "bldg_id")</pre>
# Render Leaflet map for current year consumption
output$map_current <- renderLeaflet({</pre>
 leaflet(data = sorted_data1) %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  addCircleMarkers(
   lat = ~in.weather_file_latitude,
   lng = ~in.weather_file_longitude,
   popup = ~paste("House Number: ", bldg_id, "<br>",
           "Time Zone: ", max_time_zone, "<br>",
           "Current Year Consumption: ", out.total_energy_consumption, "kWh"),
   color = ~zone_palette[as.integer(max_time_zone)],
```

```
fillOpacity = 0.7
  ) %>%
  addLegend(
   position = "bottomright",
   colors = zone_palette,
   labels = c("Late Night", "Early Morning", "Morning", "Noon", "Evening", "Night"),
   title = "Time Zones"
  )
})
# Render Leaflet map for future consumption predictions
output$map_future <- renderLeaflet({
 leaflet(data = sorted_data1) %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  addCircleMarkers(
   lat = ~in.weather_file_latitude,
   Ing = ~in.weather_file_longitude,
   popup = ~paste("House Number: ", bldg_id, "<br>",
           "Time Zone: ", max_time_zone, "<br>",
           "Future Consumption Prediction: ", Next_year_Pred, "kWh"),
   color = ~zone_palette[as.integer(max_time_zone)],
   fillOpacity = 0.7
  ) %>%
  addLegend(
   position = "bottomright",
   colors = zone_palette,
   labels = c("Late Night", "Early Morning", "Morning", "Noon", "Evening", "Night"),
   title = "Time Zones"
  )
```

```
})
 # ... (previous code)
 # New Leaflet map for current year consumption in the fourth tabPanel
 output$map_current_leaflet <- renderLeaflet({</pre>
  leaflet(data = sorted_data1) %>%
   addTiles() %>%
   addCircleMarkers(
    lat = ~in.weather_file_latitude,
    Ing = ~in.weather_file_longitude,
    popup = ~paste("House Number: ", bldg_id, "<br>",
            "Time Zone: ", max_time_zone, "<br>",
            "Current Year Consumption: ", out.total_energy_consumption, "kWh"),
    color = ~zone_palette[as.integer(max_time_zone)],
    fillOpacity = 0.7
   ) %>%
   addLegend(
    position = "bottomright",
    colors = zone_palette,
    labels = c("Late Night", "Early Morning", "Morning", "Noon", "Evening", "Night"),
    title = "Time Zones"
   ) %>%
   addControl(
    html = '<div style="position: absolute; top: 10px; right: 10px; background: white; padding: 5px;
border: 1px solid gray; border-radius: 5px;">Current Year Consumption</div>',
    position = "topright",
    layerId = "current info"
   )
```

```
})
```

```
# New Leaflet map for future consumption predictions in the fourth tabPanel
 output$map_future_leaflet <- renderLeaflet({</pre>
  leaflet(data = sorted_data1) %>%
   addTiles() %>%
   addCircleMarkers(
    lat = ~in.weather_file_latitude,
    Ing = ~in.weather_file_longitude,
    popup = ~paste("House Number: ", bldg_id, "<br>",
            "Time Zone: ", max_time_zone, "<br>",
            "Future Consumption Prediction: ", Next_year_Pred, "kWh"),
    color = ~zone_palette[as.integer(max_time_zone)],
    fillOpacity = 0.7
   ) %>%
   addLegend(
    position = "bottomright",
    colors = zone_palette,
    labels = c("Late Night", "Early Morning", "Morning", "Noon", "Evening", "Night"),
    title = "Time Zones"
   ) %>%
   addControl(
    html = '<div style="position: absolute; top: 10px; right: 10px; background: white; padding: 5px;
border: 1px solid gray; border-radius: 5px;">Future Expected Consumption</div>',
    position = "topright",
    layerId = "future_info"
   )
})
```

```
# Plot A: Total Energy Consumption by Income Category
output$plot_a <- renderPlot({
  total_energy_consumption <- model %>%
   mutate(income_category = case_when(
    in.income <= 39999 ~ "Low",
    in.income > 39999 & in.income <= 99999 ~ "Middle",
    in.income > 99999 ~ "High"
   )) %>%
   group_by(income_category) %>%
   summarize(TotalEnergyConsumption = sum(out.total_energy_consumption, na.rm = TRUE))
  total_energy_consumption$income_category <- factor(total_energy_consumption$income_category,
levels = c("Low", "Middle", "High"))
  ggplot(total_energy_consumption, aes(x = TotalEnergyConsumption, y = income_category, fill =
income_category)) +
   geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
   labs(title = "Total Energy Consumption by Income Category",
     x = "Total Energy Consumption",
     y = "Income Category") +
   theme minimal() +
   scale_fill_manual(values = c("#A6CEE3", "#FFD700", "#98FB98")) # Customize pastel color values
})
# Plot B: Total Energy Consumption by Square Feet Category
 output$plot b <- renderPlot({</pre>
  quantiles <- quantile(model$in.sqft, probs = c(0, 0.25, 0.75, 1), na.rm = TRUE)
  model$sqft_category <- cut(model$in.sqft,
```

```
breaks = quantiles,
                labels = c("Low", "Medium", "High"),
                include.lowest = TRUE)
 total_energy_by_sqft <- model %>%
  group_by(sqft_category) %>%
  summarize(TotalEnergy = sum(out.total_energy_consumption, na.rm = TRUE)) %>%
  ungroup()
 ggplot(total_energy_by_sqft, aes(x = TotalEnergy, y = sqft_category, fill = sqft_category)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
  labs(title = "Total Energy Consumption by Square Feet Category",
    x = "Total Energy Consumption",
    y = "Sqft Category") +
  theme_minimal() +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("#FFB6C1", "#87CEEB", "#98FB98")) # Customize pastel color values
})
# Encoding in.federal_poverty_level
model$encoded_poverty_level <- case_when(
 model$in.federal_poverty_level %in% c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5) ~ as.character(model$in.federal_poverty_level),
 TRUE ~ "Other"
# Encoding in.heating_fuel
model$encoded_heating_fuel <- case_when(
 model$in.heating_fuel %in% c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5) ~ as.character(model$in.heating_fuel),
 TRUE ~ "Other"
```

```
)
# Debug Print Statements
cat("Unique Values in in.federal_poverty_level:", unique(model$in.federal_poverty_level), "\n")
cat("Unique Values in encoded_poverty_level:", unique(model$encoded_poverty_level), "\n")
cat("Unique Values in in.heating_fuel:", unique(model$in.heating_fuel), "\n")
cat("Unique Values in encoded_heating_fuel:", unique(model$encoded_heating_fuel), "\n")
# Plot C: Total Energy Consumption for Different Federal Poverty Level
 output$plot_c <- renderPlot({</pre>
  total_energy_bypoverty <- model %>%
   group_by(encoded_poverty_level) %>%
   summarize(TotalEnergyConsumption = sum(out.total energy consumption, na.rm = TRUE))
  ggplot(total_energy_bypoverty, aes(x = TotalEnergyConsumption, y = reorder(encoded_poverty_level,
-TotalEnergyConsumption), fill = encoded_poverty_level)) +
   geom_col() +
   labs(title = "Total Energy Consumption for Different Federal Poverty Level",
     x = "Total Energy Consumption",
     y = "Federal Poverty Level") +
   theme_minimal() +
   scale_fill_manual(values = c("#FFDAB9", "#87CEEB", "#98FB98", "#FF69B4", "#FFA07A", "#FF6347"))
+ # Customize pastel color values
   annotate("text", x = -Inf, y = Inf, label = "Federal Poverty Level Encoding:", vjust = 2, hjust = 0, size = 4)
   annotate("text", x = -Inf, y = Inf, label = "1: 0-100%, 2: 100-150%, 3: 150-200%, 4: 200-300%, 5: 300-
400%, Other: Other", vjust = 1, hjust = 0, size = 3)
})
```

```
# Plot D: Total Energy Consumption for Different Fuel Type
 output$plot_d <- renderPlot({
  total_energy_by_Heatingfuel <- model %>%
   group_by(encoded_heating_fuel) %>%
   summarize(TotalEnergyConsumption = sum(out.total_energy_consumption, na.rm = TRUE))
  ggplot(total_energy_by_Heatingfuel, aes(x = TotalEnergyConsumption, y =
reorder(encoded_heating_fuel, -TotalEnergyConsumption), fill = encoded_heating_fuel)) +
   geom_col() +
   labs(title = "Total Energy Consumption for Different Fuel Type",
     x = "Total Energy Consumption",
     y = "Fuel Type") +
   theme_minimal() +
   scale_fill_manual(values = c("#FFDAB9", "#87CEEB", "#98FB98", "#FF69B4", "#FFA07A", "#FF6347"))
+ # Include color for "Other"
   annotate("text", x = -Inf, y = Inf, label = "Fuel Type Encoding:", vjust = 2, hjust = 0, size = 4) +
   annotate("text", x = -Inf, y = Inf, label = "1: Electricity, 2: Fuel Oil, 3: Natural Gas, 4: Other Fuel, 5:
Propane, Other: Other", vjust = 1, hjust = 0, size = 3)
})
 # Arrange plots in a 2x2 grid side by side
 output$plots_2x2_grid <- renderPlotly({
  subplot(
   plotly::plotlyOutput("plot_a"),
   plotly::plotlyOutput("plot_b"),
   plotly::plotlyOutput("plot c"),
   plotly::plotlyOutput("plot_d"),
   nrows = 2, margin = 0.05
```

```
})

# Run the Shiny app

shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

)

SUGGESTED IMPACT AND MODELING THE IMPACT

```
library(tidyverse)
```

#"80F"=11, "67F"=4

#)

```
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages —
                                                                 - tidyverse 2.0.0 —
## √ dplyr
               1.1.3
                         ✓ readr
                                      2.1.4
## √ forcats 1.0.0

√ stringr

                                      1.5.0
## √ ggplot2 3.4.4

√ tibble

                                      3.2.1
## ✓ lubridate 1.9.3

√ tidyr

                                      1.3.0
## √ purrr
               1.0.2
## — Conflicts —
                                                       ——— tidyverse conflicts() —
## X dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## X dplyr::lag()
                     masks stats::lag()
### i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to becom
e errors
Ordinality File <- read.csv("C:/Users/Soundarya Ravi/Desktop/Shiny/Team2 Final SEW Ordinal Model
ling1.csv")
View(Ordinality_File)
columns to remove <- c("Next year Pred", "Change in energy")</pre>
sorted_data_for_IJ<- Ordinality_File[, !(names(Ordinality_File) %in% columns_to_remove)]</pre>
columns_to_drop <- c(</pre>
  "out.kitchen energy consumption",
  "out.laundry_energy_consumption",
  "out.heating cooling energy consumption",
  "out.water_heating_energy_consumption",
  "out.electrical appliances energy consumption",
  "out.renewable_energy_energy_consumption",
  "out.outdoor appliances energy consumption"
sorted data for IJ <- sorted data for IJ[, !(names(sorted data for IJ) %in% columns to drop)]
# Ordinal coding for in.hvac cooling efficiency
#in_hvac_cooling_efficiency_mapping <- c(</pre>
  "AC, SEER 15"=1, "AC, SEER 13"=2, "None"=0, "AC, SEER 10"=4,
  "Heat Pump"=5, "Room AC, EER 10.7"=6, "Room AC, EER 8.5"=7,
# "AC, SEER 8"=8, "Room AC, EER 9.8"=9, "Room AC, EER 12.0"=10
#)
#static_house_filtered$in.hvac_cooling_efficiency <- #as.numeric(in_hvac_cooling_efficiency_mapp
ing[static_house_filtered$in.hvac_cooling_efficien#cy])
## Ordinal coding for in.cooling_setpoint (assuming the given order)
#in_cooling_setpoint_mapping <- c(</pre>
```

"72F"=7, "76F"=9, "70F"=6, "60F"=1, "78F"=10, "75F"=8, "68F"=5, "62F"=2, "65F"=3,

```
sorted_data_for_IJ$Dry_Bulb_Temperature_C <- sorted_data_for_IJ$Dry_Bulb_Temperature_C + 5</pre>
```

```
set.seed(123) # Setting seed for reproducibility
unique_bldg_ids <- unique(sorted_data_for_IJ$bldg_id)</pre>
unique_values <- c(10, 6, 5, 1, 2)
# Shuffle the unique values for randomness
shuffled values <- sample(unique values)</pre>
# Create a mapping between bldg_id and shuffled_values
value_mapping <- rep(shuffled_values, length.out = length(unique_bldg_ids))</pre>
# Assign the values to the in.hvac_cooling_efficiency column
sorted_data_for_IJ$in.hvac_cooling_efficiency <- value_mapping[match(sorted_data_for_IJ$bldg_id,</pre>
unique_bldg_ids)]
library(xgboost)
## Attaching package: 'xgboost'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
       slice
##
library(caret)
## Loading required package: lattice
## Attaching package: 'caret'
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
       lift
```

```
# Test and Train Data
set.seed(0) # Set seed for generating random data.
# CreateDataPartition() function from the caret package to split the original dataset into a tra
ining and testing set
# Split data into training (80%) and testing set (20%)
parts <- createDataPartition(sorted_data_for_IJ$out.total_energy_consumption, p = 0.8, list = FA</pre>
LSE)
train <- sorted_data_for_IJ[parts,]</pre>
test <- sorted_data_for_IJ[-parts,]</pre>
# Define predictor and response variables in the training set
train_x <- data.matrix(train[, -which(names(train) == "out.total_energy_consumption")])</pre>
train y <- train[["out.total energy consumption"]]</pre>
# Define predictor and response variables in the testing set
test x <- data.matrix(test[, -which(names(train) == "out.total energy consumption")])</pre>
test_y <- test[["out.total_energy_consumption"]]</pre>
print(c("Length of train_y:", length(train_y)))
## [1] "Length of train y:" "27409"
print(c("Number of rows in train x:", nrow(train x)))
## [1] "Number of rows in train_x:" "27409"
# Check if lengths match before creating xgb.DMatrix
stopifnot(length(train y) == nrow(train x))
# Continue with the rest of your code...
#define final training and testing sets
xgb_train = xgb.DMatrix(data = train_x, label = train_y)
xgb_test = xgb.DMatrix(data = test_x, label = test_y)
#defining a watchlist
watchlist = list(train=xgb train, test=xgb test)
#fit XGBoost model and display training and testing data at each iteartion
```

model = xgb.train(data = xgb_train, max.depth = 3, watchlist=watchlist, nrounds = 100)

```
## [1]
       train-rmse:0.833092 test-rmse:0.842933
## [2]
       train-rmse:0.680968 test-rmse:0.691506
## [3]
       train-rmse:0.585979 test-rmse:0.596611
## [4]
       train-rmse:0.518126 test-rmse:0.530523
## [5]
       train-rmse:0.476218 test-rmse:0.488790
## [6]
       train-rmse:0.446253 test-rmse:0.457011
## [7]
       train-rmse:0.424445 test-rmse:0.434300
## [8]
       train-rmse:0.403667 test-rmse:0.412880
## [9]
       train-rmse:0.388399 test-rmse:0.397403
## [10] train-rmse:0.374278 test-rmse:0.382507
## [11] train-rmse:0.363412 test-rmse:0.371542
## [12] train-rmse:0.351793 test-rmse:0.359639
## [13] train-rmse:0.342499 test-rmse:0.349885
## [14] train-rmse:0.334069 test-rmse:0.342189
## [15] train-rmse:0.327858 test-rmse:0.336103
## [16] train-rmse:0.321776 test-rmse:0.330337
## [17] train-rmse:0.317107 test-rmse:0.326245
## [18] train-rmse:0.312281 test-rmse:0.321411
## [19] train-rmse:0.306833 test-rmse:0.315967
## [20] train-rmse:0.301131 test-rmse:0.311059
## [21] train-rmse:0.297154 test-rmse:0.306879
## [22] train-rmse:0.293112 test-rmse:0.303141
## [23] train-rmse:0.290468 test-rmse:0.300729
## [24] train-rmse:0.287294 test-rmse:0.297740
## [25] train-rmse:0.284692 test-rmse:0.295810
## [26] train-rmse:0.281242 test-rmse:0.292274
## [27] train-rmse:0.279173 test-rmse:0.290263
## [28] train-rmse:0.277378 test-rmse:0.288521
## [29] train-rmse:0.275524 test-rmse:0.287134
## [30] train-rmse:0.274000 test-rmse:0.286048
## [31] train-rmse:0.272365 test-rmse:0.284250
## [32] train-rmse:0.270603 test-rmse:0.282245
## [33] train-rmse:0.269128 test-rmse:0.280679
## [34] train-rmse:0.267258 test-rmse:0.278790
## [35] train-rmse:0.265728 test-rmse:0.277065
## [36] train-rmse:0.264366 test-rmse:0.275657
## [37] train-rmse:0.263226 test-rmse:0.274820
## [38] train-rmse:0.261472 test-rmse:0.273376
## [39] train-rmse:0.260419 test-rmse:0.272303
## [40] train-rmse:0.259678 test-rmse:0.271532
## [41] train-rmse:0.258012 test-rmse:0.269774
## [42] train-rmse:0.256728 test-rmse:0.268644
## [43] train-rmse:0.255991 test-rmse:0.268100
## [44] train-rmse:0.254766 test-rmse:0.266978
## [45] train-rmse:0.253874 test-rmse:0.266013
## [46] train-rmse:0.252328 test-rmse:0.264839
## [47] train-rmse:0.251204 test-rmse:0.263574
## [48] train-rmse:0.250552 test-rmse:0.263162
## [49] train-rmse:0.249871 test-rmse:0.262524
## [50] train-rmse:0.249188 test-rmse:0.261832
## [51] train-rmse:0.248113 test-rmse:0.260812
## [52] train-rmse:0.247490 test-rmse:0.259977
```

```
## [53] train-rmse:0.246849 test-rmse:0.259555
## [54] train-rmse:0.245920 test-rmse:0.258856
## [55] train-rmse:0.245414 test-rmse:0.258346
## [56] train-rmse:0.243692 test-rmse:0.256744
## [57] train-rmse:0.241820 test-rmse:0.255065
## [58] train-rmse:0.241120 test-rmse:0.254471
## [59] train-rmse:0.240394 test-rmse:0.254053
## [60] train-rmse:0.239688 test-rmse:0.253589
## [61] train-rmse:0.239182 test-rmse:0.253298
## [62] train-rmse:0.238772 test-rmse:0.252994
## [63] train-rmse:0.238179 test-rmse:0.252232
## [64] train-rmse:0.237656 test-rmse:0.251733
## [65] train-rmse:0.237129 test-rmse:0.251182
## [66] train-rmse:0.236576 test-rmse:0.250802
## [67] train-rmse:0.236035 test-rmse:0.250667
## [68] train-rmse:0.235641 test-rmse:0.250267
## [69] train-rmse:0.235291 test-rmse:0.249826
## [70] train-rmse:0.234622 test-rmse:0.249365
## [71] train-rmse:0.234056 test-rmse:0.249062
## [72] train-rmse:0.233671 test-rmse:0.248838
## [73] train-rmse:0.233262 test-rmse:0.248478
## [74] train-rmse:0.232923 test-rmse:0.248056
## [75] train-rmse:0.232604 test-rmse:0.247801
## [76] train-rmse:0.231851 test-rmse:0.247106
## [77] train-rmse:0.231537 test-rmse:0.246938
## [78] train-rmse:0.231271 test-rmse:0.246692
## [79] train-rmse:0.231036 test-rmse:0.246438
## [80] train-rmse:0.230709 test-rmse:0.246321
## [81] train-rmse:0.230416 test-rmse:0.246143
## [82] train-rmse:0.229999 test-rmse:0.245719
## [83] train-rmse:0.229533 test-rmse:0.245265
## [84] train-rmse:0.228986 test-rmse:0.244681
## [85] train-rmse:0.228608 test-rmse:0.244493
## [86] train-rmse:0.228271 test-rmse:0.244368
## [87] train-rmse:0.227731 test-rmse:0.244313
## [88] train-rmse:0.227591 test-rmse:0.244173
## [89] train-rmse:0.227385 test-rmse:0.243960
## [90] train-rmse:0.226698 test-rmse:0.243547
## [91] train-rmse:0.226413 test-rmse:0.243395
## [92] train-rmse:0.226172 test-rmse:0.243173
## [93] train-rmse:0.225961 test-rmse:0.243045
## [94] train-rmse:0.225787 test-rmse:0.242876
## [95] train-rmse:0.225598 test-rmse:0.242797
## [96] train-rmse:0.225354 test-rmse:0.242693
## [97] train-rmse:0.225031 test-rmse:0.242172
## [98] train-rmse:0.224555 test-rmse:0.241666
## [99] train-rmse:0.224158 test-rmse:0.241266
## [100]
            train-rmse:0.223957 test-rmse:0.241104
```

```
#use model to make predictions on test data
pred y <- predict(model, xgb test)</pre>
pred x <- predict(model, xgb train)</pre>
# Assuming pred y is your predicted values
# Calculate Mean Squared Error (MSE)
mse <- mean((test y - pred y)^2)</pre>
cat('Mean Squared Error (MSE): ', round(mse, 3), '\n')
## Mean Squared Error (MSE): 0.058
# Calculate Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) using caret package
rmse <- caret::RMSE(test_y, pred_y)</pre>
cat('Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): ', round(rmse, 3), '\n')
## Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): 0.241
# Calculate R-squared
y_test_mean <- mean(test_y)</pre>
tss <- sum((test_y - y_test_mean)^2)</pre>
rss <- sum((test_y - pred_y)^2) # Using predicted values to calculate residuals
rsq <- 1 - (rss/tss)
cat('The R-squared of the test data is ', round(rsq, 3), '\n')
## The R-squared of the test data is 0.88
predictions_xgb <- predict(model, newdata = xgb_test)</pre>
mape <- mean(abs((test$out.total_energy_consumption - predictions_xgb) / test$out.total_energy_c</pre>
onsumption )) * 100
# Print the result
print(paste("MAPE:", mape))
## [1] "MAPE: 13.9243384816242"
train$Possible_New_Energy <- pred_x</pre>
test$Possible New Energy <- pred y
combined_df <- rbind(train,test)</pre>
```

sorted_combined_df <- combined_df[order(combined_df\$bldg_id, combined_df\$time_split),]</pre>

 $sorted_combined_df\$New_Change <- sorted_combined_df\$Possible_New_Energy - sorted_combined_df\$out.total_energy_consumption$

 $\label{lem:percentage_difference} Percentage_difference <- (sum(sorted_combined_df$New_Change)/sum(sorted_combined_df$out.total_energy_consumption)) * 100 \\ Percentage_difference$

[1] -0.05292819