# A Survey of Fixed-Class Object Tracking Methods

Aditya Ramesh

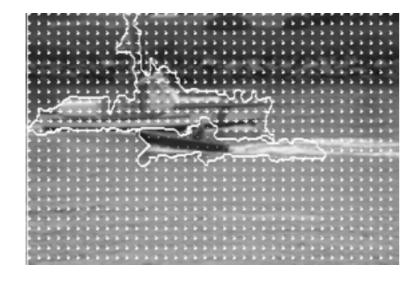
#### Problem Definition

- Given a video and a fixed object class, track the motion of all objects of the given class over time.
- Important problem with many applications.

## Salient Features









## Types of Object Tracking

- Point tracking.
- Kernel tracking.
- Silhouette tracking.

## Unsupervised Approaches

- Background subtraction.
- Image segmentation.







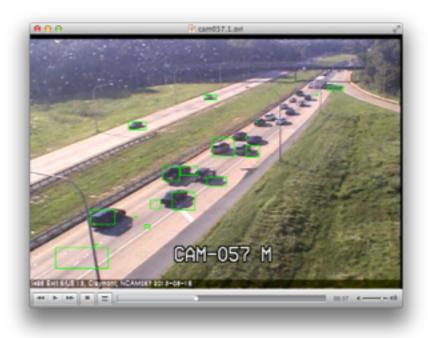




## Deficiencies









#### What Works?

- Online Object Tracking: A Benchmark, by Wu, Lim, et al. (2013)
- Two approaches to classification and tracking.
- Adaptation through online learning.

#### SCM and ASLA

- Sparse active appearance models.
- Commonalities.
- Differences.

$$\min_{\mathbf{s}} \|\mathbf{A}^t \mathbf{s} - \mathbf{p}\|_2^2 + \lambda \|\mathbf{s}\|_1$$

#### Struck

- Structured-output SVM.
- Classification and tracking.
- Online learning.

$$\min_{\mathbf{w}} \frac{1}{2} \|\mathbf{w}\|^2 + C \sum_{i=1}^n \xi_i$$
s.t.  $\xi_i \ge 0$   $\forall i$ 

$$\langle \mathbf{w}, \delta \mathbf{\Phi}_i(y) \rangle \ge \Delta(\mathbf{y}_i, \mathbf{y}) - \xi_i \quad \forall i, \mathbf{y} \ne \mathbf{y}_i$$

# Comparison

- When SCM and ASLA perform better.
- When Struck performs better.

#### Conclusions

- Background subtraction and image segmentation are unreliable.
- SCM and ASLA.
- Struck.
- Future methods.