Experiment NO:8 Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using **Kruskal'salgorithm.** Use Union-Find algorithms in your program

```
import java.util.*;
public class kruskals {
       int find(int m,int parent[])
              int p=m;
             while(parent[p]!=0)
              p=parent[p];
             return p;
       void union(int i,int j, int parent[])
       {
              if(i<j)</pre>
                    parent[i]=j;
              else
                     parent[j]=i;
       void kk(int cost[][],int n)
              int i,j,k=1,u=0,v=0,sum=0,min,a,b;
              int parent[]= new int[10];
              for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
                     parent[i]=0;
             while(k<=n-1)</pre>
                    min=999;
                     for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
                            for(j=1;j<=n;j++)</pre>
                                   if(min>cost[i][j]&&i!=j)
                                          min=cost[i][j];
                                          u=i;
                                          v=j;
                                   }
                            }
              a=find(u,parent);
              b=find(v,parent);
                     if(a!=b)
                            union(a,b,parent);
                            System.out.println("("+u+","+v+")"+"=" +cost[u][v]);
                            sum=sum+cost[u][v];
                            cost[u][v]=cost[v][u]=999;
              System.out.println("the minimum cost is "+sum);
       public static void main(String[] args) {
              int cost[][]= new int [10][10];
```

```
int i,j;
              Scanner <u>sc</u> = new Scanner(System.in);
              System.out.println("enter the number of vertices");
              int n= sc.nextInt();
              System.out.println("enter the cost matrix put 999 where there is
no edge");
              for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              {
                     for(j=1;j<=n;j++)</pre>
                            cost[i][j]=sc.nextInt();
              System.out.println("the cost matrix is ");
              for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
                     for(j=1;j<=n;j++)</pre>
                            System.out.print(cost[i][j] +"\t");
                     System.out.println();
              kruskals k = new kruskals();
              k.kk(cost,n);
}
/*
enter the number of vertices
enter the cost matrix put 999 where there is no edge
0 5 15 10 999
5 0 999 25 30
15 999 0 20 999
10 25 20 0 35
999 30 999 35 0
the cost matrix is
       5
              15
                     10
                            999
0
5
       0
              999
                     25
                            30
15
       999
              0
                     20
                            999
10
       25
              20
                     0
                            35
                     35
999
       30
              999
                            0
The edges are:
(1,2)=5
(1,4)=10
(1,3)=15
(2,5)=30
the minimum cost is 60
*/
```