Aditya **Rastogi**

Ph.D. Scholar | Medical Imaging Group | Indian Institute of Science

Room 327, Department of Computational and Data Sciences, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore 560012, India

i Born January 18, 1995 (26 years old) in Bareilly, India



My research interests are computational methods in medical imaging, parameter estimation from dynamic magnetic resonance imaging, namely DCE-MRI and ASL, multi-modal imaging, medical image reconstruction techniques, and physiological modelling of pathologies. I like working in close collaboration with clinicians and prefer a more participatory role in processes like data acquisition.

EDUCATION

M.S + Ph.D. in Computational and Data Sciences, from Indian Institute of Science, Bengaluru, India Aug 2018 -

June 2022 Advisor: Prof. Phaneendra K Yalavarthy CGPA: 9.0

(Prospectively) Dissertation: Towards efficient and accurate models for inverse problems in Magnetic Resonance Imagina.

B.Tech in Mechanical Engineering, from Delhi Technological University, New Delhi, India Aug 2012 -

Advisor: Prof. Atul Kumar Agrawal CGPA: 8.86 July 2016

Dissertation: Computational modelling of Composite dynamics and fabrication techniques.

🖵 Research Projects

ACTIVE TUBERCULOSIS: DEVELOP A DEEP BASED ALGORITHM WITH AN INTERACTIVE GRAPHICAL INTERFACE TO CLINICAL DEPLOY-MENT Ph.D., IISc

AUGUST 2021 -

- > Objective: To develop a deep learning algorithm and a GUI for clinicians to detect Active TB cases from pulmonary CT scans and show the region of activation.
- > Method: Used ensamble modelling to combine the outputs of VGG19, mobileNet V2 and ResNet18 to detect signatures of active TB on individual slices of scan and then combine this information for overall prediction.

Deep Learning | Computed Tomography

VTDCE-Net:: A spatio-temporal dimension invariant network for estimation of tracer kinetic parameters Ph.D., IISc

Pre-submission JULY 2021 -

- > Objective: To propose a spatio-temporal invariant deep learning model for direct estimation of tracer kinetic paramters.
- > Method: Proposed a deep learning algorithm which is invariant to the number of time samples by using a 2.5 D Unet architecture.

Inverse problem | DCE MRI | Deep Learning | Quantitative MRI

GREYBOX: A HYBRID ALGORITHM FOR DIRECT ESTIMATION OF TRACER KINETIC PARAMETERS

Ph.D., IISc

Pre-submission FEB 2021 -

- > Objective: To propose a hybrid deep learning model for solving nonlinear multiparametric inverse problem of permeability estimation.
- > Method: Implemented direct hybrid DL based algorithms for parameter estimation using linear Patlak model on multi organ DCE MRI data. The experiments shows that the network performs statistically better than iterative direct parameter estimation techniques.

Inverse problem | DCE MRI | Deep Learning | Quantitative MRI | Hybrid models | Compressive Sensing

SPINET: A MODEL BASED DL ARCHITECTURE FOR SOLVING INVERSE PROBLEMS

Ph.D., IISc

Github repository Paper

- > Objective: To develop a model based DL architecture for solving linear inverse problems in medical imaging.
- > Method: Developed a Schatten p-norm regularized medical image reconstruction architecture or SpiNet. This architecture is first of a kind DL architecture which can enforce any l_p norm on prior where $p \in [0,2)$ and it can be trainable or fixed. Current architectures only support either 1 norm or 2 norm on prior. This work is published [2] in Medical Physics journal.

Inverse problem Fast MRI Deep Learning Hybrid models Compressive Sensing

TRACER KINETIC PARAMETER ESTIMATION FROM UNDERSAMPLED DCE MRI DATA

Ph.D., IISc

Github repository Paper

AUG 2019 - AUG 2020

- > Objective: To estimate permeability parameters from undersampled Dynamic Contrast Enhanced MRI data by implementing linear and non-linear pharmacokinetic models using iterative and deep learning based techniques.
- > Method: Implemented indirect DL based and direct iterative algorithms for parameter estimation using linear Patlak model on Breast DCE MRI data. The study showed that for higher undersampling rates, indirect DL based techniques perform sub-par compared to direct iterative techniques. This work is published [1] in Medical Physics journal.

Inverse problem | DCE MRI | Deep Learning | Quantitative MRI | Hybrid models | Compressive Sensing

REDUCING SCAN TIME IN ARTERIAL SPIN LABELLING MRI

Ph.D., IISc

DEC 2020 -

- > Objective: Reduce the number of Control/Label pair acquisition for perfusion estimation in psuedo continuous ASL brain image scans and thereby reduce the scan duration.
- > In collaboration with National Institute of Mental Health and Allied Sciences (NIMHANS).

Inverse problem ASL Quantitative MRI Hybrid models

FUSION OF CARDIAC ANGIOGRAPHY IMAGES

Ph.D., IISc

JAN 2019 - AUG 2019

- > Objective: Fusion of Cardiac Angiography images of different RR phases using guided image fusion. The ECG data was used to detect the phases with less motion of right coronary artery. The objective is to reduce the number of study images required by the diagnostician for detecting stenosis in RCA or LDA.
- > In collaboration with Shri Satya Sai Institute of Higher Medical Sciences, Bangalore (SSSIHMS).

Image Fusion | Cardiac Imaging | Guided Filtering

COMPUTATIONAL MODELLING OF COMPOSITE DYNAMICS AND FABRICATION TECHNIQUES

BTECH, DTU

2015 - AUG 2016

- > Bachelor's Thesis for completion of BTech in Mechanical Engineering
- > Objective: The thesis was a part of my project of Defianz racing in which I built a MATLAB library for computing the dynamics of Carbon fibre composites and calculated their deformations under tensile, compressive, shear, thermal, moisture and curing induced stress for different layers of composites and their orientation. The library can be used to analyze the final shape of the composite after curing based on the orientation of the layers.
- > Application: Main application was to decide the orientation of Carbon fibre layers w.r.t. each other while fabricating the aerodynamic packages of the car so that the composite takes the shape of the mould without much distortion.

Carbon fibre FSAE Computational modelling



PMRF 2020

Prime Minister's Research Fellowship

O Link

Awarded Prime Minister's Research Fellowship (PMRF) for research in the field of "advanced physics based DL algorithms for medical image reconstruction". This is the most prestigious and selective grant awarded by Government of India to Ph.D. students.

EECS 2021

Best research presentation award

O Link

Awarded presentation award for SpiNet paper at EECS students research symposium - 2021 organised by Indian Institute of Science.

MHRD 2018-2020

Ph.D Grant by Ministry of Human Resource and Development

Link | Awarded MHRD scholarship by Government of India for Ph.D. program.

RELEVANT COURSES

ML/DL/Mathematics

Neural Networks and Learning Systems, Numerical Optimization, Numerical Methods, Numerical Linear Algebra, Computational Fluid Dynamics, and Quantitative Techniques.

Medical Imaging, Digital Signal Processing, Advance Image Processing, Instrumentation and Control Systems, Compressive Sensing and Sparse Signal Processing.

TEACHING ASSISTANCE

> DS 288: Numerical Methods CDS, IISc

> DHIM: Advance Certification in Digital Health and Medical Imaging

CDS, IISc

Kendriya Vidyalaya, IISc > Class - XI Biology

Teacher volunteer for high-school students under Prime Minister's Research Fellowship Scheme

RESEARCH GRANT EXPERIENCE

Aug 2020 - Aug 2024

Prime Minister's Research Fellowship: Awarded by Ministry of Human Resource Development of Government of India for research in the field of interdisciplinary sciences. The grant duration is of four years with a total grant amount of approximately INR 58,00,000 (\$79,000). The grant was awarded for research in the field of "advanced physics based DL algorithms for medical image reconstruction".

INDUSTRY EXPERIENCE

December 2017 July 2018

Assitant Manager | Engine Calibration and Emission Group, R&D HERO MOTOCORP LTD., Jaipur, India

> ECU control strategy development for BS 6 vehicles Engine Calibration | Emission Control | ECU optimization

July 2016 October 2017

Senior Engineer | Engine Calibration and Emission Group, R&D BAJAJ AUTO LTD., Pune, India

> Powertrain Calibration and Validation aspects of gasoline engines

Engine Calibration | Emission Control | ECU optimization

</> COMPUTER SKILLS

REVIEWER WORK

> IEEE Transactions of Medical Imaging

> Programming Languages : MATLAB, C, Python,

HTML

> Libraries : Keras, Tensorflow, Git > OS: Windows, Linux, MacOS

JOURNAL PUBLICATIONS

- Aditya Rastogi and Phaneendra K. Yalavarthy, "Comparison of iterative parametric and indirect deep learning-based reconstruction methods in highly undersampled DCE-MR Imaging of the breast," Medical Physics 47(10), 4838-4861 (2020). [doi: 10.1002/mp.14447]. [This work is the first comprehensive comparison of compressive sensing reconstruction methods with model-based deep learning methods for breast perfusion imaging and shows that deep learning methods are sub-optimal at higher undersampling rates.] 🖸 Github repository 🖸 Paper
- Aditya Rastogi and Phaneendra K. Yalavarthy, "SpiNet: A Deep Neural Network for Schatten p-norm Regularized Medical Image Reconstruction," Medical Physics 48(5), 2214-2229 (2021). [doi: 10.1002/mp.14744]. [This work is the first-ofits-kind in proposing a generic Schatten p-norm (0) regularization based deep learning network formedical image reconstruction, where p is a trainable parameter (chosen automatically).] \Box Github repository **☑** Paper
- [3] Aditya Rastogi and Phaneendra K. Yalavarthy, "Greybox: A hybrid algorithm for direct estimation of tracer kinetic parameters from undersampled DCE MRI data," IEEE Transactions on Medical Imaging (Under review, Manuscript ID:TMI-2022-0239). [This work proposes a robust hybrid algorithm for solving a multiparameteric non-linear inverse problem of direct estimation of Pharmacokinetic parameters from undersampled DCE MRI data.]
- Aditya Rastogi, Arindam Dutta and Phaneendra K. Yalavarthy, "VTDCE-Net: A spatio-temporal dimension invariant network for direct estimation of tracer kinetic parameters from undersampled DCE MRI data," Medical Physics (Conditionally accepted, Manuscript ID: 22-104). [This is deep learning based architecture for direct estimation of permeability parameters from undersampled DCE MRI data. This network is invariant to number of time samples and spatial dimensions.]

TALKS/PRESENTATIONS

IISC EECS RESEARCH STUDENT SYMPOSIUM

IISc

IISc

Title: "Model based deep learning architecture for generalized p-norm regularization"

May 2021

CDS STUDENTS' RESEARCH PRESENTATION

April 2021

Title: "Fast and Efficient Algorithms for Improving Magnetic Resonance Imaging"

IPWIN2021: VIRTUAL PHD WINTER SCHOOL AT DTU, DENMARK

Title: "Fast and Efficient Algorithms for Improving Magnetic Resonance Imaging"

DTU Jan 2021

CDS STUDENTS' RESEARCH PRESENTATION (POSTER PRESENTATION)

Title: "Model based techniques for indirect Tracer Kinetic parameter estimation"

IISc August 2019

66 References

Prof. Phaneendra K Yalavarthy

Professor

Dept. of Computational and Data Sciences (CDS)

Indian Institute of Science

Bengaluru, KA, India, 560012

@ yalavarthy@iisc.ac.in +91-80-2293 2496

Prof. Atul Kumar Agrawal

Professor

Dept of Mechanical Engineering Delhi Technological University

Shahbad Daulatpur New Delhi, India, 110042

@ atulkumaragarwal@dce.ac.in

+91-9811886443