



Modelling a MovieLens Dataset

Aditya Sarma Desai



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Introduction

Chosen Data Set is MovieLens Data set

This dataset (ml-latest-small) describes 5-star rating and free-text tagging activity from [MovieLens](http://movielens.org), a movie recommendation service. It contains 100004 ratings and 1296 tag applications across 9125 movies. These data were created by 671 users between January 09, 1995 and October 16, 2016. This dataset was generated on October 17, 2016.

Users were selected at random for inclusion. All selected users had rated at least 20 movies. No demographic information is included. Each user is represented by an id, and no other information is provided.

The data are contained in the files `links.csv`, `movies.csv`, `ratings.csv` and `tags.csv`.

Below are the Download URL for the CSV files (dataset)

https://www.kaggle.com/tushar987/movielens/

https://www.kaggle.com/tushar987/movielens/downloads/links.csv/1

https://www.kaggle.com/tushar987/movielens/downloads/movies.csv/1

https://www.kaggle.com/tushar987/movielens/downloads/ratings.csv/1

https://www.kaggle.com/tushar987/movielens/downloads/tags.csv/1



View the data in neo4j

// see the top 5 rows in the file

LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS FROM "file:///MovieLens/movies.csv" AS line return line.movieId,line.title,line.genres

Limit 5

Screenshot of the output



// see the top 5 rows in the file

LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS FROM "file:///MovieLens/ratings.csv" AS line return line.userId,line.movieId,line.rating,line.timestamp

Limit 5

Screenshot of the output

\$ LO	AD CSV WITH HEADERS FR	COM "file:///MovieLens/ratings.csv"	AS line return line.userId,line	e.movieId,line.ra 🕹	χŞ	z z	^	O	×
▦	line.userld	line.movield	line.rating	line.timestamp					
Table	"1"	"31"	"2.5"	"1260759144"					
Α	"1"	"1029"	"3.0"	"1260759179"					
Text	"1"	"1061"	"3.0"	"1260759182"					
>	"1"	"1129"	"2.0"	"1260759185"					
Code	"1"	"1172"	"4.0"	"1260759205"					
	Started streaming 5 recor	ds after 240 ms and completed after 241 ms.							



// see the top 5 rows in the file

LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS FROM "file:///MovieLens/tags.csv" AS line return line.userId,line.movieId,line.tag,line.timestamp

Limit 5

Screenshot of the response



To load the data into the nodes

1. Load movies.csv into Neo4j

```
LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS FROM "file:///MovieLens/movies.csv" AS line

CREATE (l:movies {

movieId: line.movieId,

title: line.title,

genres: line.genres
})
```





2. Create a constraint on movie.id

CREATE CONSTRAINT ON (n:movies) ASSERT n.movieId IS UNIQUE

Screenshot of the response



3. Load ratings.csv into Neo4j

```
LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS FROM "file:///MovieLens/ratings.csv" AS line
CREATE (l:ratings {
    movieId : line.movieId,
    userId : line.userId,
    rating : line.rating
    })
```





4. Load tags.csv

```
LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS FROM "file:///MovieLens/tags.csv" AS line

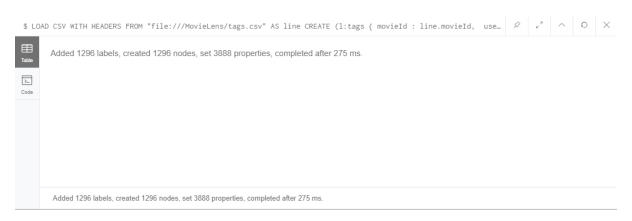
CREATE (l:tags {

movieId: line.movieId,

userId: line.userId,

tag: split(line.tag,",")

})
```





Create Relationships Among the Nodes created

1. Relationship between movies and ratings

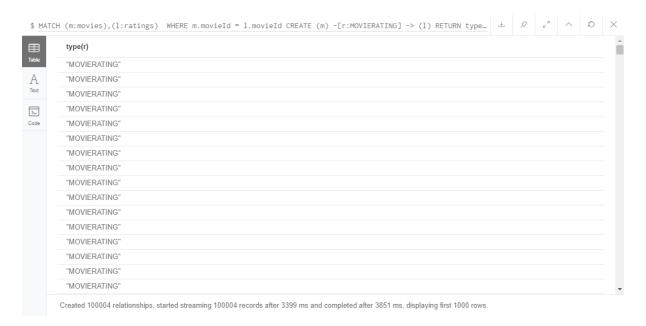
MATCH (m:movies),(l:ratings)

WHERE m.movieId = l.movieId

CREATE (m) -[r:MOVIERATING] -> (l)

RETURN type(r)

Screenshot of the response



2. Relationship between Movies and Tags

MATCH (m:movies),(l:tags)

WHERE m.movieId = l.movieId

CREATE (m) -[r:TAGGIVENBYUSER] -> (l)

RETURN type(r)





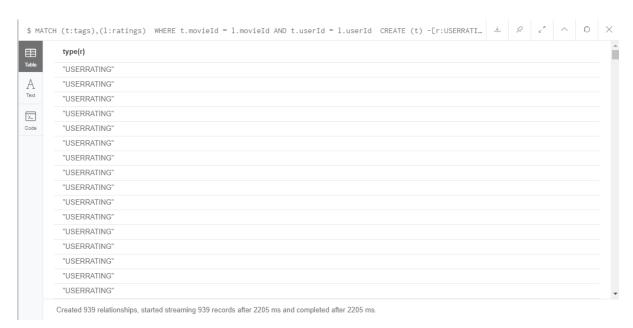
3. Relationship between tags and rating

MATCH (t:tags),(l:ratings)

WHERE t.movieId = l.movieId AND t.userId = l.userId

CREATE (t) -[r:USERRATING] -> (l)

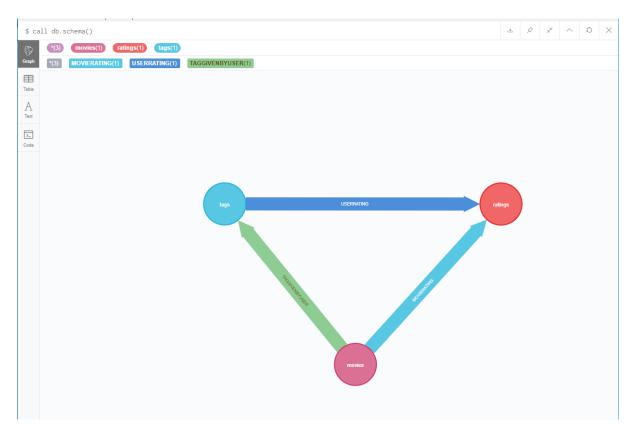
RETURN type(r)



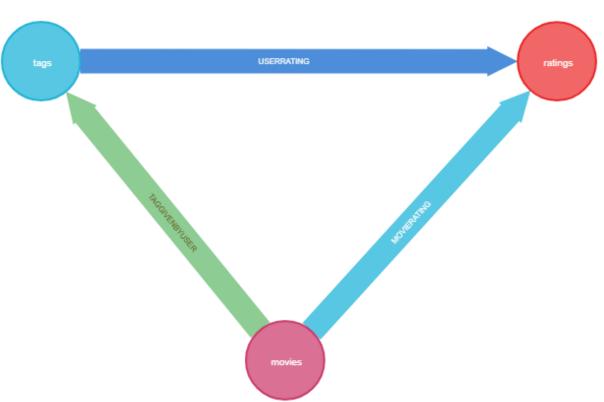


Viewing the Neo4j DB Schema

call db.schema()









Querying the Neo4j Database

1. Movie Title vs UserRatingCount

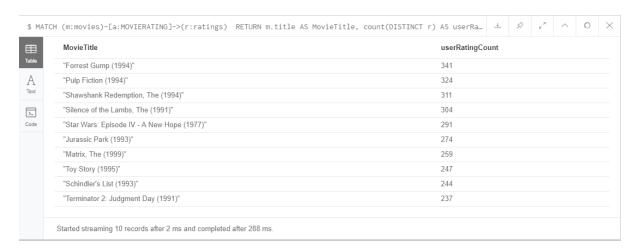
// Movie Title vs UserRatingCount

MATCH (m:movies)-[a:MOVIERATING]->(r:ratings)

RETURN m.title AS MovieTitle, count(DISTINCT r) AS userRatingCount

ORDER BY userRatingCount DESC LIMIT 10

Screenshot of the response



Forrest Gump (1994) is the movie for which users have rated

2. Highest number of rating given to a movie and its average rating given by user

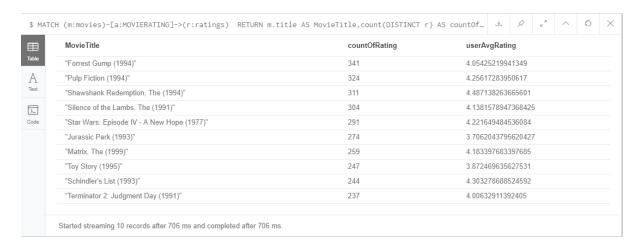
MATCH (m:movies)-[a:MOVIERATING]->(r:ratings)

RETURN m.title AS MovieTitle,count(DISTINCT r) AS countOfRating,

avg(toFloat(r.rating)) AS userAvgRating

ORDER BY countOfRating DESC LIMIT 10





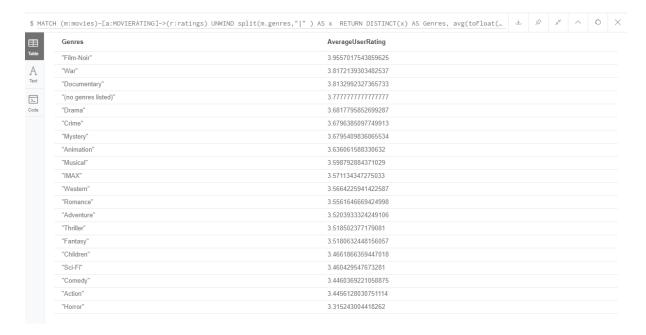
3. Genres which has highest Average User Rating

MATCH (m:movies)-[a:MOVIERATING]->(r:ratings)

UNWIND split(m.genres,"|") AS x

RETURN DISTINCT(x) AS Genres, avg(toFloat(r.rating)) AS AverageUserRating

ORDER BY AverageUserRating DESC

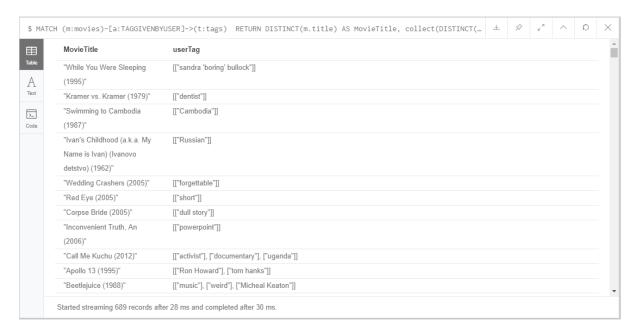




4. Movie Title and the tag given by the user to that movie

MATCH (m:movies)-[a:TAGGIVENBYUSER]->(t:tags)
RETURN DISTINCT(m.title) AS MovieTitle, collect(DISTINCT(t.tag)) AS userTag

Screenshot of the response



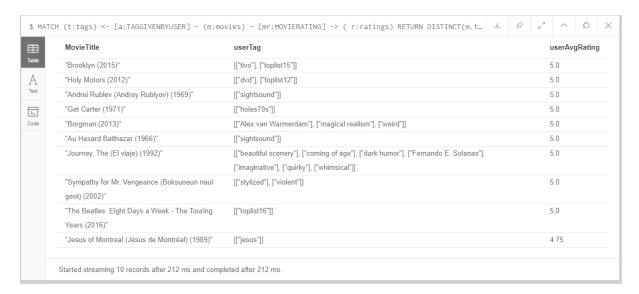
5. Tags and Average movie rating given by users to a movie

MATCH (t:tags) <- [a:TAGGIVENBYUSER] - (m:movies) - [mr:MOVIERATING] -> (
r:ratings)

RETURN DISTINCT(m.title) AS MovieTitle, collect(DISTINCT(t.tag)) AS userTag ,
avg(toFloat(r.rating)) AS userAvgRating

ORDER BY userAvgRating DESC LIMIT 10

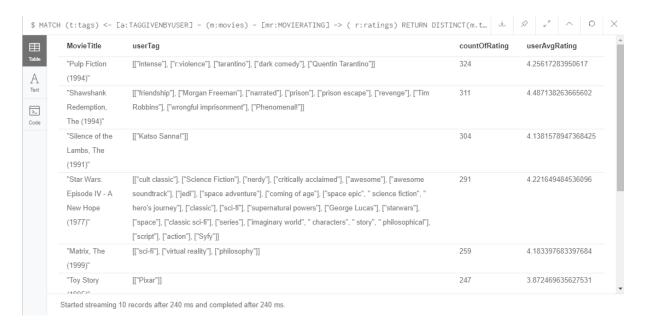




6. Movie Titles sorts with respect to the no of ratings given to it by the users and the average rating

MATCH (t:tags) <- [a:TAGGIVENBYUSER] - (m:movies) - [mr:MOVIERATING] -> (r:ratings)

RETURN DISTINCT(m.title) AS MovieTitle, collect(DISTINCT (t.tag)) AS userTag, count(DISTINCT r) AS countOfRating, avg(toFloat(r.rating)) AS userAvgRating ORDER BY countOfRating DESC_LIMIT 10





7. Average user rating per genres

MATCH (m:movies)-[a:MOVIERATING]->(r:ratings)
unwind split(m.genres,"|") AS x

RETURN DISTINCT(x) AS Genres, avg(toFloat(r.rating)) AS userAvgRating

ORDER BY userAvgRating

