Summary and Recommendation

The customer churn analysis, based on multiple services and attributes, reveals key factors contributing to customer churn and retention. Visualizations were used to explore these relationships, providing a clear understanding of churn behavior across various service types and payment methods.

1. Churn by Service Type:

- Customers with no OnlineSecurity, TechSupport, or DeviceProtection are more likely to churn compared to those who have opted for these services.
 For instance, 45% of customers without OnlineSecurity churn, while only about 20% of those with OnlineSecurity churn. Similarly, 42% of customers without TechSupport churn compared to only 16% of those with TechSupport.
- These statistics suggest that customers value these additional security and support services, and lacking them may lead to dissatisfaction and eventual churn.

2. Internet Service and Streaming Preferences:

- The type of internet service also significantly impacts churn. For example, 42% of customers using Fiber optic services tend to churn, in contrast to only 18% of DSL users. This indicates potential service issues with Fiber optic or unmet expectations despite its higher bandwidth.
- In terms of entertainment services, customers with access to StreamingTV and StreamingMovies also show a higher churn rate. Around 35% of customers using StreamingTV churn, suggesting that perhaps the service or its associated costs are not aligned with customer satisfaction. Similarly, about 30% of customers with StreamingMovies services also churn.

3. Payment Method Impact:

A critical finding from the analysis is the significant impact of payment methods on churn rates. The use of Electronic checks as a payment method shows a higher churn rate, with 45% of customers using this method choosing to leave. In comparison, other methods like Credit cards and Bank transfers show lower churn rates of 16% and 18%, respectively. This suggests that customers using Electronic checks may have negative experiences related to the payment process, such as convenience or fees.

4. Phone and Multiple Lines:

For customers using PhoneService, the churn rate is relatively lower, with 25% of phone users churning, compared to non-phone users, where the churn rate is about 35%. Additionally, customers with MultipleLines show a slightly higher churn rate (30%) compared to those without, which could imply the cost of multiple lines may contribute to churn.

Conclusion:

This analysis highlights several critical factors influencing churn, such as the absence of additional services like security and support, the type of internet service, and the use of <code>Electronic</code> checks for payment. By addressing these areas, such as improving fiber-optic services and optimizing payment experiences, customer churn can potentially be reduced. The insights derived from these percentages provide a clear direction for focusing customer retention strategies.