

Actuators – 3.6

Servo Motors

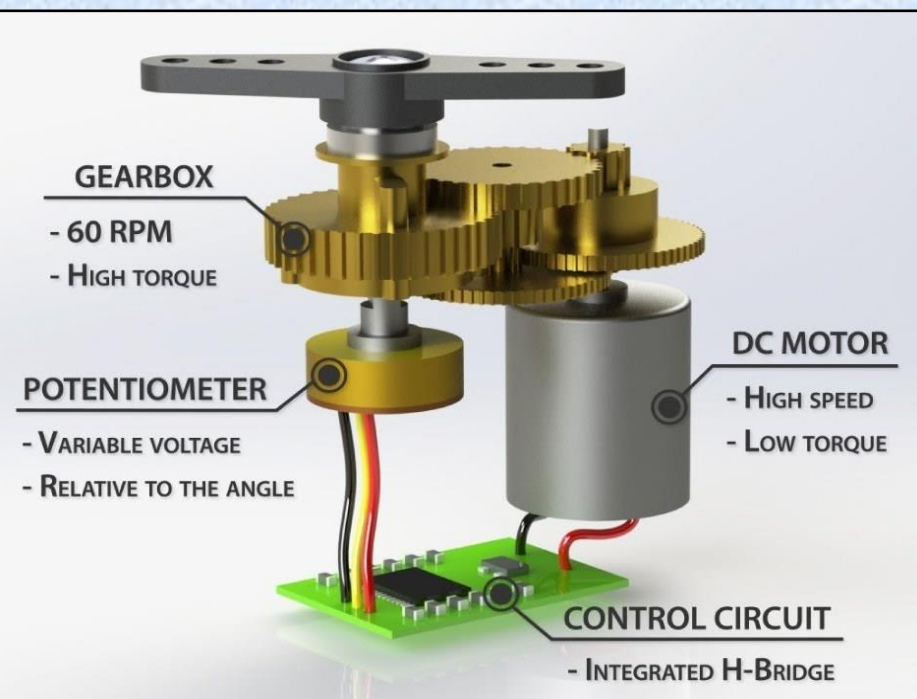
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What is a Servo Motor ?

✓ A Servo motor is essentially a **combination** of a DC/AC motor, a Gearing mechanism, Position sensor, Feedback circuit, Control circuit etc. housed together.

✓ The main feature of a Servo motor is that it can rotate through a few specific degrees in addition to its capability to rotate continuously.

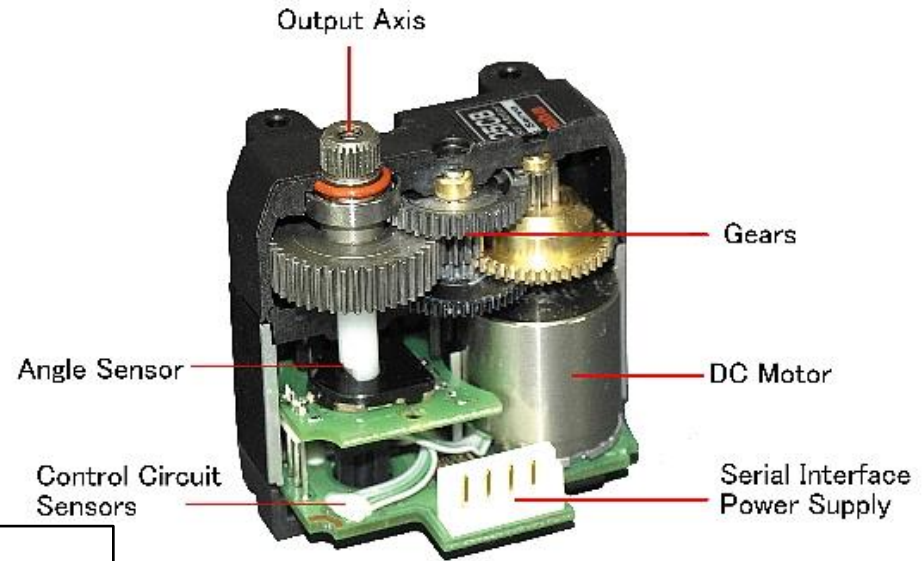
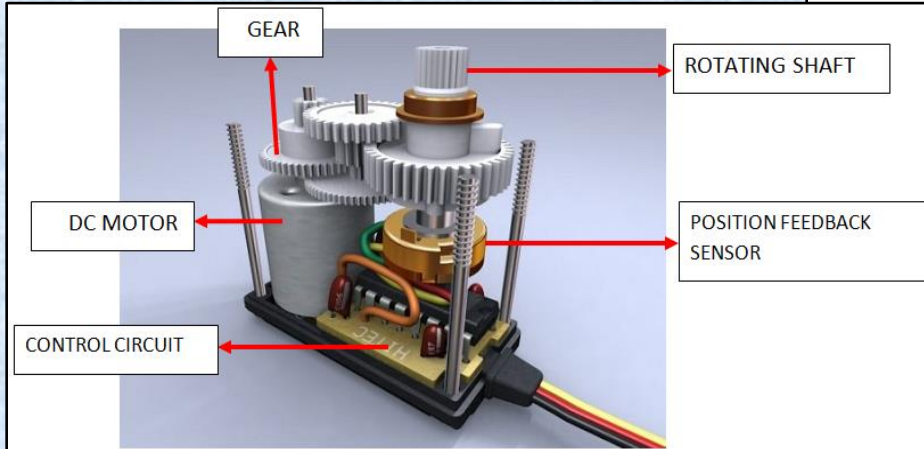


✓ This feature makes the servo motor a best choice for position control in Robotics and CNC machines.

Servo Motor –

✓ Gearing mechanism –

A train of gears reduces the speed of the motor and consequently increases the Torque at the output shaft. The speed is dropped to a very low value e.g. 30 – 40 rpm using suitable gear ratio.



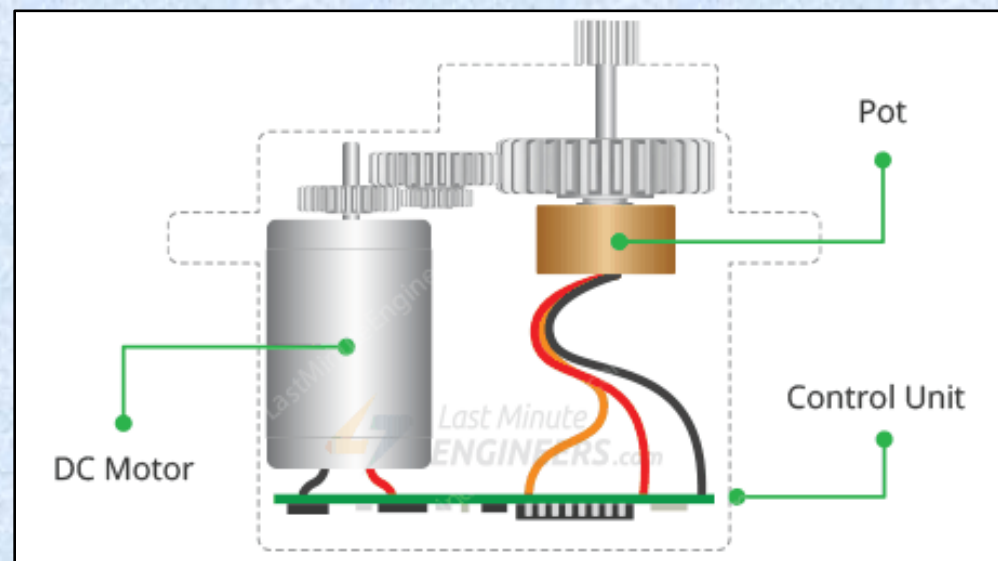
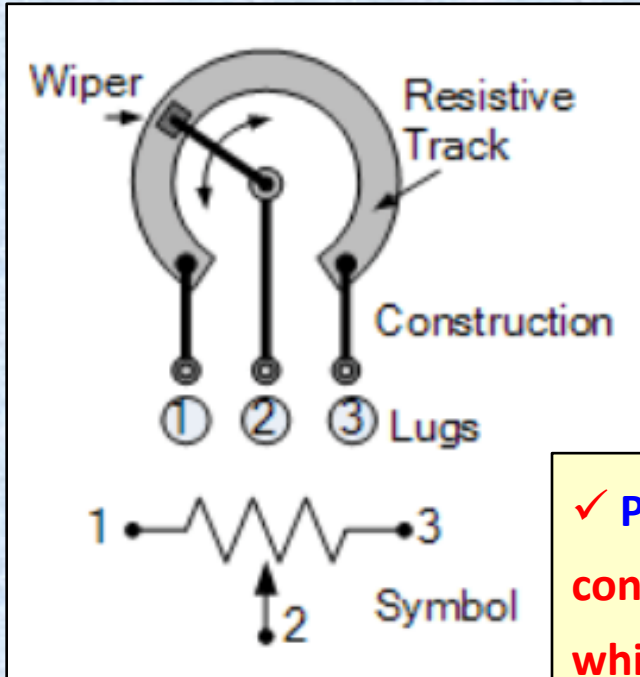
Why the Torque increases ?

$$P = T \times \omega$$

$$\text{But, } \omega = 2\pi N / 60$$

$$\text{For the same } P = T \uparrow \times \omega \downarrow$$

Servo Motor –

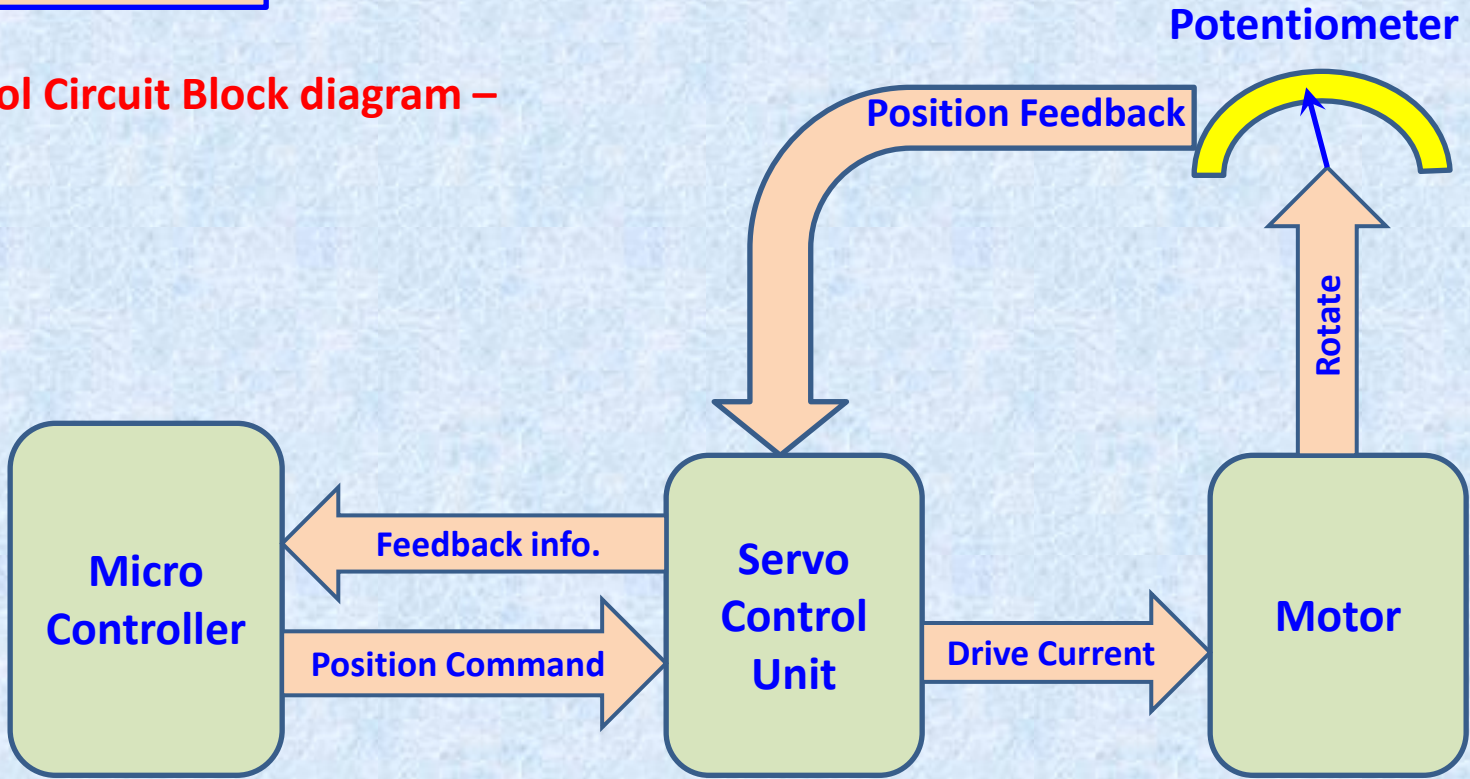


✓ **Position sensor – A Potentiometer is connected to the end of the gear train which turns through the same angle as that of the last gear. The resistance is measured and position is calculated.**



Servo Motor –

Control Circuit Block diagram –

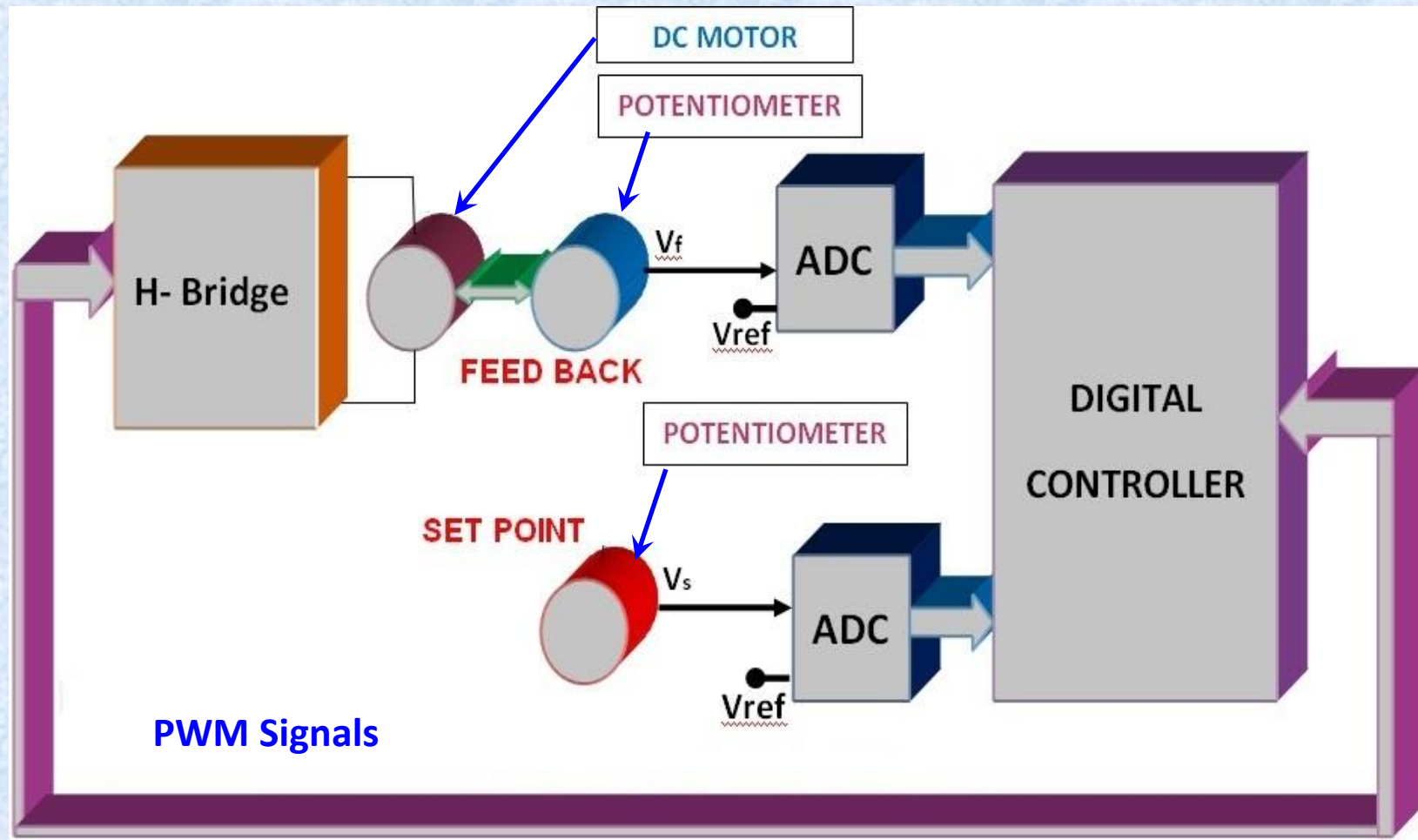


Servo Motor – types

$$N \propto \frac{E_b}{\phi} = \frac{V - I_a R_a}{\phi}$$

Speed control of Servo motor can be done in following way

- 1) Armature voltage controlled motor – The voltage given to the armature of the motor comes from the servo system of the motor.**
- 2) Field (Flux) controlled motor – The voltage given to the field winding of the motor controls the flux and thus the speed.**



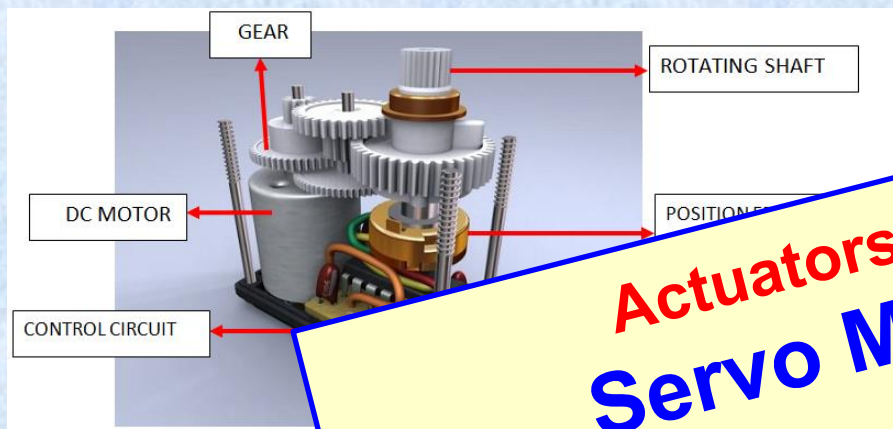


Applications of Servo motor –

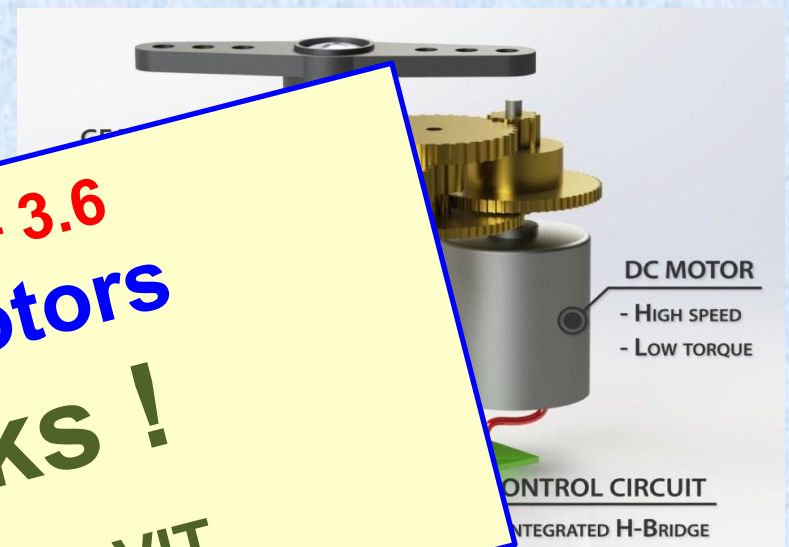
- 1) Position control systems
- 2) Robotics
- 3) CNC machines
- 4) Automation conveyors

- 5) Navigation systems
- 6) Solar tracking systems
- 7) Radio Antennas & Observatory
- 8) Auto focus cameras
- 9) Textile and Printing machinery





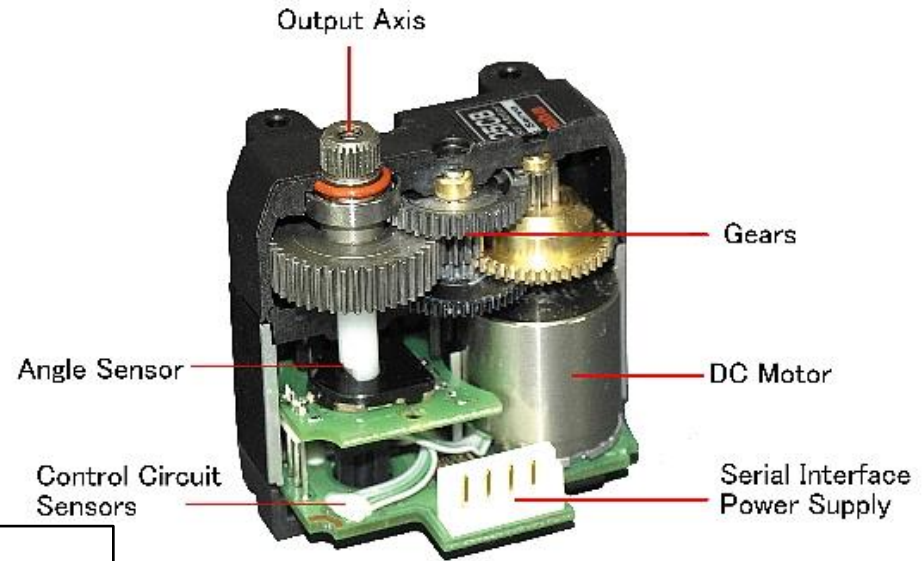
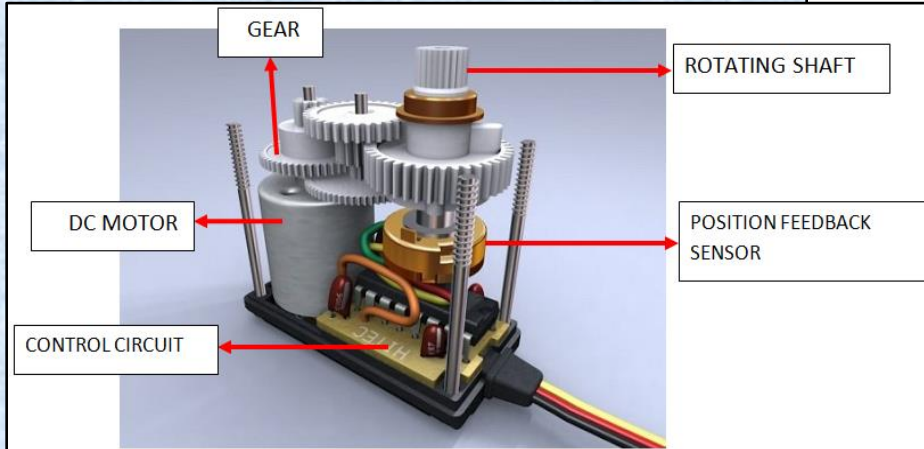
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Thanks !
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Servo Motor –

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