Machine Learning Project - Fake News Detection

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Fake News Detection using Classification Models

In this project I am using Classification models such as Logistic Regression, Decision Tree, Random Forest and Ensemble Learning

OVERVIEW:-

In recent years, the dissemination of fake news has been brought more and more into the spotlight as it has been massively used to disseminate political propaganda, influence the outcome of elections or harm a person or a group of people.

Highly sophisticated applications (bots) are organised in networks and massively spread to amplify fake news over social media in the form of text, images, audio or video files. Often, these bot nets happened to be organised by foreign state actors, trying to obscure the originator.

Fighting fake news is extremely challenging, as:

in a democracy, freedom of speech is a fundamental right fostering media independence and pluralism; however, sometimes there is a very subtle line between separating unconventional personal views and claims of truth from fake news; fake news can be detected by checking consistency of the news with different domains, such as technical background to discover the real sender or social and/or judicial background (for example: what is the intention of the fake message, e.g. putting harm on a person or a group); therefore, fact-checking requires having awareness on different contexts and the availability of reliable sources;

the sheer mass of fake news spread over social media cannot be handled manually. Manual fact checking can address some of these challenges, for example when checking the consistency of news in different contexts. However, manual fact-checking is too slow to cover big information spreaders such as social media platforms. This is where automation comes into play. Automated fact-checking tools often combine different methods, for example artificial intelligence, natural language processing (analysing the language used) and blockchain. As regards to fake news embedded in images and videos, the tools often combine metadata; social interactions; visual cues; the profile of the source; and other contextual information surrounding an image or video to increase accuracy.

Algorithms are trained to verify news content; detect amplification (excessive and/or targeted dissemination); spot fake accounts and detect campaigns. Often, the fake news analysis process applies several algorithms sequentially. However, effectiveness of these algorithms is yet to be improved.

Even if fake news is spread heavily on social media, research has found that human behaviour ("word of mouth" marketing) contributes more to the spread of fake news than automated bots do. This shows that fighting the fake news sender is not the only approach. It also makes sense to increase the resilience to fake news on the side of the recipient and our society. Therefore, another important pillar of fake news detection is to increase citizens' awareness and media literacy.

GOAL OF THIS PROJECT

The goal of a fake news detection ML project is to develop a machine learning model that can automatically identify and classify news articles or other pieces of information as either "real" or "fake".

The proliferation of fake news has become a significant problem in recent years, with many people relying on social media as their primary source of news. Fake news can be used to spread propaganda, mislead people, and influence public opinion in a negative way. The detection of fake news is essential to ensure that people receive accurate and truthful information, especially when it comes to critical issues like politics, health, and safety.

By developing an ML model that can automatically detect fake news, it can help to combat the spread of fake news, reduce the impact of misinformation, and protect people from being misled by false information. The project involves using various techniques like natural language processing, data mining, and machine learning algorithms to analyze the text and other features of news articles and determine if they are fake or genuine.

ANALYSING THE DATASET

The Dataset is consist of

- 1) index number
- 2) Title It is a title of the news article
- 3) Text The text is the news article
- 4) Subject Subject is the type of the news
- 5) date date is the publishing date of the news article

The fake news and True news dataset combined has a 44878 rows and 5 columns

STEPS TO BE PERFORMED

- 1) we neeed to import all the necessary liabraries
- 2) we need to import the necessary datasets
- 3) we need to give the necessary class to the fake and true news
- 4) we need to merge the datasets
- 5) we need to drop all the unnecessary columns
- 6) we need to create a function to remove urls and special symbols from the text/news articles
- 7) we need to put class in x and text in y
- 8) create the machine learning models and test the dataset with the different machine learning models in order to get the best accuracy.

1) Importing the Libraries

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
import re
import string
```

Importing the Dataset

```
In [2]:

data_fake = pd.read_csv("fake.csv")
data_true = pd.read_csv("true.csv")
```

In [3]: ▶

data_fake

Out[3]:

	title	text	subject	date
0	Donald Trump Sends Out Embarrassing New Year'	Donald Trump just couldn t wish all Americans	News	December 31, 2017
1	Drunk Bragging Trump Staffer Started Russian	House Intelligence Committee Chairman Devin Nu	News	December 31, 2017
2	Sheriff David Clarke Becomes An Internet Joke	On Friday, it was revealed that former Milwauk	News	December 30, 2017
3	Trump Is So Obsessed He Even Has Obama's Name	On Christmas day, Donald Trump announced that	News	December 29, 2017
4	Pope Francis Just Called Out Donald Trump Dur	Pope Francis used his annual Christmas Day mes	News	December 25, 2017
23476	McPain: John McCain Furious That Iran Treated	21st Century Wire says As 21WIRE reported earl	Middle- east	January 16, 2016
23477	JUSTICE? Yahoo Settles E-mail Privacy Class-ac	21st Century Wire says It s a familiar theme	Middle- east	January 16, 2016
23478	Sunnistan: US and Allied 'Safe Zone' Plan to T	Patrick Henningsen 21st Century WireRemember	Middle- east	January 15, 2016
23479	How to Blow \$700 Million: Al Jazeera America F	21st Century Wire says Al Jazeera America will	Middle- east	January 14, 2016
23480	10 U.S. Navy Sailors Held by Iranian Military	21st Century Wire says As 21WIRE predicted in	Middle- east	January 12, 2016

23481 rows × 4 columns

In [4]: ▶

data_true

Out[4]:

	title	text	subject	date
0	As U.S. budget fight looms, Republicans flip t	WASHINGTON (Reuters) - The head of a conservat	politicsNews	December 31, 2017
1	U.S. military to accept transgender recruits o	WASHINGTON (Reuters) - Transgender people will	politicsNews	December 29, 2017
2	Senior U.S. Republican senator: 'Let Mr. Muell	WASHINGTON (Reuters) - The special counsel inv	politicsNews	December 31, 2017
3	FBI Russia probe helped by Australian diplomat	WASHINGTON (Reuters) - Trump campaign adviser	politicsNews	December 30, 2017
4	Trump wants Postal Service to charge 'much mor	SEATTLE/WASHINGTON (Reuters) - President Donal	politicsNews	December 29, 2017
21412	'Fully committed' NATO backs new U.S. approach	BRUSSELS (Reuters) - NATO allies on Tuesday we	worldnews	August 22, 2017
21413	LexisNexis withdrew two products from Chinese	LONDON (Reuters) - LexisNexis, a provider of I	worldnews	August 22, 2017
21414	Minsk cultural hub becomes haven from authorities	MINSK (Reuters) - In the shadow of disused Sov	worldnews	August 22, 2017
21415	Vatican upbeat on possibility of Pope Francis	MOSCOW (Reuters) - Vatican Secretary of State	worldnews	August 22, 2017
21416	Indonesia to buy \$1.14 billion worth of Russia	JAKARTA (Reuters) - Indonesia will buy 11 Sukh	worldnews	August 22, 2017

21417 rows × 4 columns

3) EDA

In [47]:

data_true.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 21407 entries, 0 to 21406

Data columns (total 5 columns):
Column Non-Null Count Dt

#	COTUIIII	Non-Null Count	Drype
0	title	21407 non-null	object
1	text	21407 non-null	object
2	subject	21407 non-null	object
3	date	21407 non-null	object
4	class	21407 non-null	int64

dtypes: int64(1), object(4)
memory usage: 836.3+ KB

The True values dataset is consist of 21407 rows and 5 columns and there is no null values in the dataset and the datatypes are int64 and object datatypes

```
In [48]:
                                                                                      M
data_fake.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 23471 entries, 0 to 23470
Data columns (total 5 columns):
 #
    Column
             Non-Null Count Dtype
              -----
 0
    title
             23471 non-null object
 1
    text
             23471 non-null object
 2
    subject 23471 non-null
                             object
 3
    date
             23471 non-null
                             object
     class
             23471 non-null
                             int64
dtypes: int64(1), object(4)
memory usage: 917.0+ KB
```

The False values dataset is consist of 23471 rows and 5 columns and there is no null values in the dataset and the datatypes are int64 and object datatypes

```
In [49]:

data_true.describe()
```

Out[49]:

count	21407.0
mean	1.0
std	0.0
min	1.0
25%	1.0
50%	1.0
75%	1.0
max	1.0

class

```
In [*]:
```

```
sns.pairplot(data)
plt.show()
```

```
In [50]:
                                                                                           H
data_fake.describe()
Out[50]:
        class
count 23471.0
          0.0
 mean
  std
          0.0
  min
          0.0
  25%
          0.0
  50%
          0.0
  75%
          0.0
          0.0
  max
3) Merging two Datasets
In [5]:
                                                                                           M
data_fake["class"] = 0
data_true["class"] = 1
In [6]:
                                                                                           M
data_fake.shape, data_true.shape
Out[6]:
((23481, 5), (21417, 5))
                                                                                           H
In [7]:
data_fake_manual_testing = data_fake.tail(10)
for i in range(23480,23470,-1):
    data fake.drop([i], axis = 0, inplace =True)
data_true_manual_testing = data_true.tail(10)
for i in range(21416,21406,-1):
    data_true.drop([i], axis =0, inplace=True )
In [8]:
                                                                                           H
data_fake.shape, data_true.shape
Out[8]:
((23471, 5), (21407, 5))
```

In [9]: ▶

data_fake_manual_testing['class']=0
data_true_manual_testing['class']=1

In [10]: ▶

data_fake_manual_testing.head(10)

Out[10]:

	title	text	subject	date	class
23471	Seven Iranians freed in the prisoner swap have	21st Century Wire says This week, the historic	Middle- east	January 20, 2016	0
23472	#Hashtag Hell & The Fake Left	By Dady Chery and Gilbert MercierAll writers	Middle- east	January 19, 2016	0
23473	Astroturfing: Journalist Reveals Brainwashing	Vic Bishop Waking TimesOur reality is carefull	Middle- east	January 19, 2016	0
23474	The New American Century: An Era of Fraud	Paul Craig RobertsIn the last years of the 20t	Middle- east	January 19, 2016	0
23475	Hillary Clinton: 'Israel First' (and no peace	Robert Fantina CounterpunchAlthough the United	Middle- east	January 18, 2016	0
23476	McPain: John McCain Furious That Iran Treated 	21st Century Wire says As 21WIRE reported earl	Middle- east	January 16, 2016	0
23477	JUSTICE? Yahoo Settles E-mail Privacy Class-ac	21st Century Wire says It s a familiar theme	Middle- east	January 16, 2016	0
23478	Sunnistan: US and Allied 'Safe Zone' Plan to T	Patrick Henningsen 21st Century WireRemember	Middle- east	January 15, 2016	0
23479	How to Blow \$700 Million: Al Jazeera America F	21st Century Wire says Al Jazeera America will	Middle- east	January 14, 2016	0
23480	10 U.S. Navy Sailors Held by Iranian Military	21st Century Wire says As 21WIRE predicted in	Middle- east	January 12, 2016	0

In [11]:

data_true_manual_testing.head(10)

Out[11]:

	title	text	subject	date	class
21407	Mata Pires, owner of embattled Brazil builder	SAO PAULO (Reuters) - Cesar Mata Pires, the ow	worldnews	August 22, 2017	1
21408	U.S., North Korea clash at U.N. forum over nuc	GENEVA (Reuters) - North Korea and the United	worldnews	August 22, 2017	1
21409	U.S., North Korea clash at U.N. arms forum on	GENEVA (Reuters) - North Korea and the United	worldnews	August 22, 2017	1
21410	Headless torso could belong to submarine journ	COPENHAGEN (Reuters) - Danish police said on T	worldnews	August 22, 2017	1
21411	North Korea shipments to Syria chemical arms a	UNITED NATIONS (Reuters) - Two North Korean sh	worldnews	August 21, 2017	1
21412	'Fully committed' NATO backs new U.S. approach	BRUSSELS (Reuters) - NATO allies on Tuesday we	worldnews	August 22, 2017	1
21413	LexisNexis withdrew two products from Chinese	LONDON (Reuters) - LexisNexis, a provider of I	worldnews	August 22, 2017	1
21414	Minsk cultural hub becomes haven from authorities	MINSK (Reuters) - In the shadow of disused Sov	worldnews	August 22, 2017	1
21415	Vatican upbeat on possibility of Pope Francis	MOSCOW (Reuters) - Vatican Secretary of State	worldnews	August 22, 2017	1
21416	Indonesia to buy \$1.14 billion worth of Russia	JAKARTA (Reuters) - Indonesia will buy 11 Sukh	worldnews	August 22, 2017	1

In [12]: ▶

```
data_merge = pd.concat([data_fake,data_true],axis=0)
data_merge.tail(10)
```

Out[12]:

	title	text	subject	date	class
0	Donald Trump Sends Out Embarrassing New Year'	Donald Trump just couldn t wish all Americans	News	December 31, 2017	0
1	Drunk Bragging Trump Staffer Started Russian	House Intelligence Committee Chairman Devin Nu	News	December 31, 2017	0
2	Sheriff David Clarke Becomes An Internet Joke	On Friday, it was revealed that former Milwauk	News	December 30, 2017	0
3	Trump Is So Obsessed He Even Has Obama's Name	On Christmas day, Donald Trump announced that	News	December 29, 2017	0
4	Pope Francis Just Called Out Donald Trump Dur	Pope Francis used his annual Christmas Day mes	News	December 25, 2017	0
5	Racist Alabama Cops Brutalize Black Boy While	The number of cases of cops brutalizing and ki	News	December 25, 2017	0
6	Fresh Off The Golf Course, Trump Lashes Out A	Donald Trump spent a good portion of his day a	News	December 23, 2017	0
7	Trump Said Some INSANELY Racist Stuff Inside	In the wake of yet another court decision that	News	December 23, 2017	0
8	Former CIA Director Slams Trump Over UN Bully	Many people have raised the alarm regarding th	News	December 22, 2017	0
9	WATCH: Brand-New Pro-Trump Ad Features So Muc	Just when you might have thought we d get a br	News	December 21, 2017	0

In [13]:

data_merge.columns

Out[13]:

Index(['title', 'text', 'subject', 'date', 'class'], dtype='object')

In [45]: ▶

data.info()

0 text 44878 non-null object 1 class 44878 non-null int64

dtypes: int64(1), object(1)
memory usage: 701.3+ KB

```
In [44]:
                                                                                                 H
data.describe()
Out[44]:
              class
 count 44878.000000
           0.477004
 mean
           0.499476
   std
  min
           0.000000
  25%
           0.000000
  50%
           0.000000
  75%
           1.000000
           1.000000
  max
In [14]:
                                                                                                 M
data = data_merge.drop(["title","subject","date"],axis=1)
In [15]:
                                                                                                  H
data.isnull().sum()
Out[15]:
text
          0
          0
class
dtype: int64
After merging the dataset and dropping of unnecessary columns the dataset is consist of 44878 rows
and 2 columns which will be useful for the purpose of model building and there is no null value
present in the dataset
In [16]:
                                                                                                 M
data = data.sample(frac=1)
```

```
In [17]:
                                                                                                               H
data.head()
Out[17]:
                                                   text class
            GENEVA (Reuters) - In a thinly veiled referenc...
 13440
                                                             1
 10043
             Rebel Pundit decided to follow a local activis...
                                                             0
 12264
            A Wisconsin judge has refused to order local o...
                                                             0
 20747 Was O Reilly out-of-bounds? Most Americans wou...
                                                             0
  7179
            Across the nation, mainly the South, there hav...
                                                             0
Dropping the index column
In [18]:
                                                                                                               M
data.reset_index(inplace=True)
data.drop(["index"], axis=1, inplace=True)
In [19]:
                                                                                                               M
data.columns
Out[19]:
Index(['text', 'class'], dtype='object')
In [20]:
                                                                                                               H
data.head()
Out[20]:
                                               text class
 0
       GENEVA (Reuters) - In a thinly veiled referenc...
                                                        1
 1
         Rebel Pundit decided to follow a local activis...
 2
       A Wisconsin judge has refused to order local o...
 3
    Was O Reilly out-of-bounds? Most Americans wou...
                                                        0
```

Create the function to remove special symbols https address url from the text

Across the nation, mainly the South, there hav...

4

```
H
In [21]:
import re
import string
def wordopt(text):
   text = text.lower()
   text = re.sub('\[.*?\]','',text)
   text = re.sub('https?"//\S+|www\.\S+','',text)
   text = re.sub('<.*?>+', '',text)
   text = re.sub('[%s]' % re.escape(string.punctuation), '',text)
   text = re.sub('\n', '',text)
   text = re.sub('\w*\d\w*','',text)
   text = re.sub('[^a-zA-Z]', ' ', text) # remove all non-alphabetic characters
   return text
In [22]:
                                                                                         M
'''def wordopt(text):
   text = text.lower()
   text = re.sub('\[.*?\]','',text)
   text = re.sub("\\w"," ",text)
   text = re.sub('https?"//\S+|www\.\S+','',text)
   text = re.sub('<.*?>+', '',text)
   text = re.sub('[%s]' % re.escape(string.punctuation), '',text)
text = re.sub('\n', '',text)
   text = re.sub('\w*\d\w*','',text)
   return text'''
Out[22]:
'def wordopt(text):\n text = text.lower()\n
                                                 text = re.sub(\'\\[.*?
\\]\',\'\',text)\n text = re.sub("\\w"," ",text)\n
                                                          text = re.sub(\'h
ttps?"//\\S+|www\\.\\S+\',\'\',text)\n text = re.sub(\'<.*?>+\', \'\',t
         text = re.sub(\'[%s]\' % re.escape(string.punctuation), \'\',tex
ext)\n
t)\n text = re.sub(\'\n\', \'\)\n text = re.sub(\'\w*\d\w*
\',\'\',text)\n
                 return text'
In [23]:
                                                                                        M
data["text"] = data["text"].apply(wordopt)
In [24]:
                                                                                         M
x = data["text"]
y = data["class"]
Assigning the values for the model training purpose
In [25]:
                                                                                        M
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.25)
```

We need to convert the data from text form to numeric form in order to get the model to understand it

```
In [26]:
                                                                                          H
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
vectorization = TfidfVectorizer()
xv_train = vectorization.fit_transform(x_train)
xv_test = vectorization.transform(x_test)
Creating the Logistic Regression Algorithm
                                                                                          M
In [27]:
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
LR =LogisticRegression()
LR.fit(xv_train,y_train)
Out[27]:
LogisticRegression()
In [28]:
                                                                                          M
pred_lr = LR.predict(xv_test)
In [29]:
                                                                                          H
LR.score(xv_test,y_test)
Out[29]:
0.9868092691622103
In [30]:
                                                                                          M
print(classification_report(y_test,pred_lr))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.99	0.99	0.99	5823
1	0.99	0.99	0.99	5397
accuracy			0.99	11220
macro avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	11220
weighted avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	11220

Logistic Regression is giving the accuracy of 98% while testing the dataset and 99% accuracy in classification report

Creating the Decision Tree algorithm

```
In [31]:
                                                                                           H
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
DT = DecisionTreeClassifier()
DT.fit(xv_train,y_train)
Out[31]:
DecisionTreeClassifier()
In [32]:
                                                                                           M
pred_dt = DT.predict(xv_test)
In [33]:
                                                                                           M
DT.score(xv_test,y_test)
Out[33]:
0.9958110516934047
In [34]:
                                                                                           M
print(classification_report(y_test,pred_dt))
               precision
                            recall f1-score
                                                 support
           0
                    1.00
                              1.00
                                         1.00
                                                    5823
                    1.00
                              1.00
                                         1.00
                                                    5397
            1
    accuracy
                                         1.00
                                                  11220
                    1.00
                              1.00
                                         1.00
                                                   11220
   macro avg
                              1.00
                                         1.00
                                                  11220
weighted avg
                    1.00
```

Decision Tree is giving the accuracy of 99.5% while testing the dataset and 100% accuracy in classification report which is very good

Creating the Gradient Boosting algorithm

```
In [35]:

from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier

GB = GradientBoostingClassifier(random_state =0)
GB.fit(xv_train,y_train)
```

Out[35]:

GradientBoostingClassifier(random_state=0)

```
In [36]:
                                                                                            M
pred_gb = GB.predict(xv_test)
In [37]:
                                                                                            M
GB.score(xv_test,y_test)
Out[37]:
0.9951871657754011
In [38]:
                                                                                            M
print(classification_report(y_test,pred_gb))
                            recall f1-score
               precision
                                                 support
                              0.99
           0
                    1.00
                                         1.00
                                                    5823
           1
                    0.99
                              1.00
                                         1.00
                                                    5397
                                         1.00
                                                   11220
    accuracy
                    1.00
                              1.00
                                         1.00
                                                   11220
   macro avg
weighted avg
                              1.00
                                         1.00
                                                   11220
                    1.00
```

Gradient Boosting algorithm is giving the accuracy of 99.5% while testing the dataset and 99% accuracy in classification report which is very good

Creating the Random Forest algorithm

```
In [39]:

from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier

RF = RandomForestClassifier(random_state =0)

RF.fit(xv_train,y_train)

Out[39]:

RandomForestClassifier(random_state=0)

In [40]:

pred_rf = RF.predict(xv_test)

In [41]:

RF.score(xv_test,y_test)

Out[41]:
```

0.9836007130124778

11220

11220

11220

accuracy

macro avg
weighted avg

In [42]: ▶

```
print(classification_report(y_test,pred_rf))

    precision recall f1-score support

    0    0.98    0.99    0.98    5823
    1    0.99    0.98    0.98    5397
```

Random Forest algorithm is giving the accuracy of 98% while testing the dataset and 98% accuracy in classification report

0.98

0.98

0.98

0.98

0.98

0.98

0.98

Overall, All the models are performing very well this dataset and giving very high accuracy as the dataset does not have any null values and looks well.

The Decision Tree is giving teh highest accuracy amongst all algorithms hence, we can use this algorithm for the model`

Testing the model with new observations

```
In [59]:
def output_lable(n):
   if n ==0:
        return "Fake News"
    elif n ==1:
        return "Not a Fake News"
def manual_testing(news):
   testing news = {"text": [news]}
   new def test = pd.DataFrame(testing news)
   new_def_test["text"] = new_def_test["text"].apply(wordopt)
   new_x_test = new_def_test ["text"]
   new_xv_test = vectorization.transform(new_x_test)
   pred_LR = LR.predict (new_xv_test)
   pred_DT = DT.predict (new_xv_test)
   pred GB = GB.predict (new x test)
   pred_RF = RF.predict (new_xv_test)
    return print("\n\nLR Prediction: {} \nDT Prediction: {} \nGBC Prediction: {} \nRFC Pr
```

In [62]:

data

Out[62]:

	text	class
0	geneva reuters in a thinly veiled reference t	1
1	rebel pundit decided to follow a local activis	0
2	a wisconsin judge has refused to order local o	0
3	was o reilly outofbounds most americans would \dots	0
4	across the nation mainly the south there have \dots	0
44873	clearly forgetting that we re in the year and	0
44874	bill o reilly isn t my favorite and can be bel	0
44875	washington reuters republican presidentelect	1
44876	isis stormed into mosul iraq last summer much \dots	0
44877	united nations reuters united nations secreta	1

44878 rows × 2 columns

```
In [*]:

news = str(input())
manual_testing(news)
```

The model is detecting the fake news accurately most of the times as expected

```
In [ ]:
```