Thesis Notes - Aditya Vijaykumar

Semester I 2017-18

1: Path Integrals and Miscellaneous Topics

1.1 Preliminaries

Here are some things that need to be kept in mind:-

$$\begin{split} X|x\rangle &= x|x\rangle \\ \langle x|x'\rangle &= \delta(x-x') \\ \int dx|x\rangle\langle x| &= 1 \\ P|p\rangle &= p|p\rangle \\ \langle p|x\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int dp \ e^{-ipx/\hbar} = \langle x|p\rangle^* \\ f(x) &= \langle x|f\rangle = \int dp\langle x|p\rangle\langle p|f\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int dp \ e^{-ipx/\hbar}\langle p|f\rangle \end{split}$$

1.2 Ordering and Conventions

In the Hmailtonian way of looking at things, we just promote the classical observables to operators while making the classical \rightarrow quantum transition. But there is a slight problem - $[x_{cl}, p_{cl}] = 0$, but $[x_{op}, p_{op}] \neq 0$. Hence, we need to worry about the order in which we write the p's and x's.

There is no unique well-defined principle to do this. Two conventions are defined below:

• Normal Ordering - One just puts all p's on the left of all the x's. For example.

$$px^{2} \xrightarrow{NO} px^{2}$$

$$xpx \xrightarrow{NO} px^{2}$$

$$x^{2}p \xrightarrow{NO} px^{2}$$

• Weyl Ordering - One symmetrizes the product, and weights them equally.

$$px \xrightarrow{WO} \frac{px + xp}{2}$$

$$px^2 \xrightarrow{WO} \frac{px^2 + xpx + x^2p}{3}$$

$$x^m p^n \xrightarrow{WO} \frac{(\dots)}{\binom{m+n}{m}}$$

How is the normal ordered Hamiltonian related to the classical Hamiltonian? We consider the matrix elements of H^{NO} , $\langle x'|H^{NO}|x\rangle$.

$$\langle x'|H^{NO}|x\rangle = \int \langle x'|p\rangle \langle p|H^{NO}|x\rangle dp = \int dp\ e^{-\frac{ip(x-x')}{\hbar}H(p,x)}$$