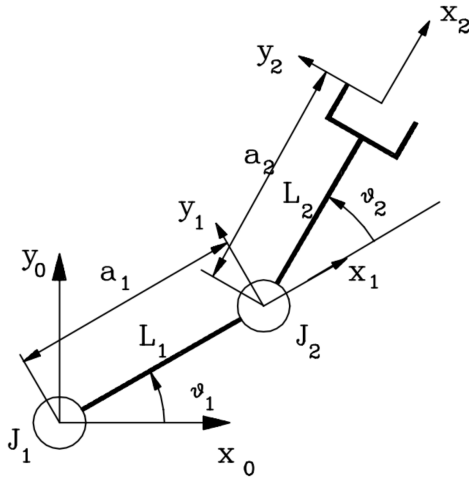


The take-home part is 20% of the total exam grade.
Please do your assignment independently.

Problem 1

(20pt) Consider the 2D planner robotic arm:



Using the provided matlab code for a 2d planar arm manipulator.

Let $\mathbf{q} = [q_1, q_2]^\top$ where $q_1 = \theta_1$ and $q_2 = \theta_2$. The dynamic model of the system is given by

$$M(\mathbf{q}, \dot{\mathbf{q}})\ddot{\mathbf{q}} + C(\mathbf{q}, \dot{\mathbf{q}})\dot{\mathbf{q}} = \boldsymbol{\tau}$$

Using the provided matlab code, which include the symbolic expressions for matrices $M(\cdot)$ and $C(\cdot)$.
The initial state is given

$$[q_1(0) \quad q_2(0) \quad \dot{q}_1(0) \quad \dot{q}_2(0)] = [-0.5 \quad 0.2 \quad 0.1 \quad 0.1]$$

Design the following two controllers:

- Stabilize the system to the origin $\mathbf{q} = [0, 0]^\top$ and $\dot{\mathbf{q}} = [0, 0]^\top$ using PD control.
- Track a desired trajectory $q_1(t) = 0.2$ for all $t \geq 0$ and $q_2(t) = \sin 2t$ for all $t \geq 0$ using inverse dynamic control.

You are expected to implement: two separate ode function for simulating the system dynamics under the closed loop control and demonstrate the performance of controllers with and without initial errors.

```

1 % Notations: For a given variable, x, dx is its time derivative, ddx is
2 % 2nd-order derivative.
3 clc
4 clear all;
5 close all;
6 % the following parameters for the arm
7 l1=10; l2 = 10; m1=5; r1=.5; m2=5; r2=.5; l1=1; l2=1;
8
9 % we compute the parameters in the dynamic model

```

```

10 a = I1+I2+m1*r1^2+ m2*(l1^2+ r2^2);
11 b = m2*l1*r2;
12 d = I2+ m2*r2^2;
13
14 %% create symbolic variable for x.
15 % x1 - theta1
16 % x2 - theta2
17
18 symx= sym('symx',[4,1]);
19
20 M = [a+2*b*cos(symx(2)), d+b*cos(symx(2));
21      d+b*cos(symx(2)), d];
22 C = [-b*sin(symx(2))*symx(4), -b*sin(symx(2))*(symx(3)+symx(4)); b*sin(symx(2))*symx(3),0];
23 invM = inv(M);
24 invMC= inv(M)*C;
25
26 % the options for ode
27 % initial condition
28 x0= [-0.5,0.2,0.1,0.1];
29 w=0.2;
30
31
32
33 %% Implement the PD control for set point tracking.
34 xf = [0, 0, 0, 0];
35 options = odeset('RelTol',1e-4,'AbsTol',[1e-4, 1e-4, 1e-4, 1e-4]);
36 [T,X] = ode45(@(t,x) PDControl(t,x),[0 tf],x0, options);
37
38 %
39 % figure('Name','Theta.1 under PD SetPoint Control');
40 % plot(T, X(:,1),'r-');
41 % hold on
42 %
43 % figure('Name','Theta.2 under PD SetPoint Control');
44 % plot(T, X(:,2),'r--');
45 % hold on
46
47 %% Implement the inverse dynamic control.
48 options = odeset('RelTol',1e-4,'AbsTol',[1e-4, 1e-4, 1e-4, 1e-4]);
49 [T,X] = ode45(@(t,x) inverseDynamicControl(t,x),[0 tf],x0, options);
50
51 % figure('Name','Theta.1 under Computed Torque Control');
52 % plot(T, X(:,1),'r-');
53 % hold on
54 % plot(T, w*ones(size(T,1),1),'b-');
55 % figure('Name','Theta.2 under Computed Torque Control');
56 % plot(T, X(:,2),'r--');
57 % hold on
58 % plot(T, sin(2*T),'b-');

```