```
function [LtoD, maxLtoD, vmaxLtoD] = LtoD ratio(aircraft, h, v)
% LtoD_RATIO Lift to Drag ratio and maximum L/D with velocity
   Inputs are:
   aircraft :a struct aircraft data in SI
응
응
             :a numeric array of 1xN aircraft altitude in m
응
             :an optional numeric array of 1xN aircraft velocity in m/s
응
응
  Outputs are:
응
  LtoD
         :a numeric array of 1xN lift to drag ratio
   maxLtoD :a scalar maximum lift to drag ratio for given
응
응
   vmaxLtoD :a numeric array of 1xN velocity at maximum lift to drag
응
              ratio in m/s
응
응
   When no v is passed to the function LtoD is set to NaN, with the
응
   presumption that the argument will be ignored in the output call.
   arguments
       aircraft {mustBeA(aircraft, "struct") }
       h (1,:) {mustBeNumeric, mustBeReal}
       v (1,:) {mustBeNumeric, mustBeReal} = NaN
   end
   W = aircraft.W;
   S w = aircraft.S w;
   Cd 0 = aircraft.Cd 0;
   K = aircraft.K;
    [\sim, \sim, \text{rho}] = \text{stdatm(h)}; % atmospheric density at altitude (kg/m^3)
   switch nargin
        case 2
            LtoD = NaN;
            Q = 0.5.*rho*v.^2; % dynamic pressure (N/m^2)
            Cl = W./(Q.*S w); % lift coefficient
            Cd = Cd 0+K.*Cl.^2; % drag coefficient
            LtoD = Cl./Cd;
   end
   maxLtoD = 1./sqrt(4.*Cd 0.*K);
   vmaxLtoD = sqrt((2./rho).*(W./S w).*sqrt(K./Cd 0));
```

end