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ASSIGNMENT

Logistic Regression Implementation

→ Hypothesis Function

$$h_\theta(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\theta^T x}}$$

This gives the probability that the output $y=1$ given input x .

→ Cost Function

The cost function for Logistic Regression is

$$J(\theta) = -\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m [y^{(i)} \log(h_\theta(x^{(i)})) + (1-y^{(i)}) \log(1-h_\theta(x^{(i)}))]$$

where: m = no. of training examples

$y^{(i)}$ = actual label (0 or 1)

$h_\theta(x^{(i)})$ = predicted probability

Q.1 Can Logistic Regression be used for Regression problems?

Ans No, despite its name, Logistic Regression is not used for regression tasks.

It is used for classification problems, especially binary classification (0 or 1).

It predicts the probability of a class rather than a continuous output.

How is logistic Regression different from linear Regression?

| | Linear Regression | Logistic Regression |
|---------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Feature | Predicts continuous value | Predicts probabilities / classes |
| Purpose | ($-\infty, +\infty$) | (0, 1) |
| Output range | None | Sigmoid function $\frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$ |
| Activation function | Mean squared error | Log Loss |
| Cost function | Regression problems | Classification problems |
| Use Case | | |