

$$E(x) = \frac{5x^2 - 5}{x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2} \Rightarrow A = \{x \in \mathbb{Z} \mid E(x) \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$

p.c.

$$x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2 \neq 0 \Leftrightarrow x^2(x-2) - 1 \cdot (x-2) \neq 0 \Leftrightarrow (x-2)(x^2-1) \neq 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (x-2) \cdot (x-1)(x+1) \neq 0 \Leftrightarrow \begin{matrix} x-2 \neq 0 \\ x \neq 2 \end{matrix} \wedge \begin{matrix} x-1 \neq 0 \\ x \neq 1 \end{matrix} \wedge \begin{matrix} x+1 \neq 0 \\ x \neq -1 \end{matrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow x \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{2; 1; -1\}$$

$$5x^2 - 5 = 5(x^2 - 1) = 5(x-1)(x+1)$$

$$E(x) = \frac{5 \cancel{(x-1)} \cancel{(x+1)}^1}{(x-2) \cancel{(x-1)}_1 \cancel{(x+1)}_1} = \frac{5}{x-2} \Rightarrow$$

$$E(x) \in \mathbb{Z} \Leftrightarrow \frac{5}{x-2} \in \mathbb{Z} \Leftrightarrow (x-2) \mid 5 \Leftrightarrow (x-2) \in \mathcal{D}_5 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{2; 1; -1\}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} x-2=1 & x-2=-1 \\ x=1+2 & x=-1+2 \\ x=3 & x=1 \end{array}$$

$$x-2 \in \{1, -1, 5, -5\} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x \in \{3, 1, 7, -3\} \Rightarrow A = \{3; 7; -3\}$$

Don $x \neq 1$

$$B = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{N} \mid \frac{3x+2}{3x-4} \in \mathbb{N} \right\} \quad \text{p.c. } 3x-4 \neq 0 \Leftrightarrow 3x \neq 4 \Leftrightarrow x \neq \frac{4}{3}$$

$$x \neq \frac{4}{3} \quad (\text{A}) \quad (\forall) x \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{3x+2}{3x-4} = \frac{3x-4+6}{3x-4} = \frac{3x-4}{3x-4} + \frac{6}{3x-4} = 1 + \frac{6}{3x-4} \\ \hline \in \mathbb{N} \end{array} \right. \quad \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ 1 \in \mathbb{N} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3x+2}{3x-4} \in \mathbb{N} \Leftrightarrow \frac{6}{3x-4} \in \mathbb{N} \Leftrightarrow (3x-4) \mid 6 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$3x-4 \in \{1, 2, 3, 6\} \Leftrightarrow 3x \in \{5, 6, 7, 10\} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x \in \left\{ \frac{5}{3}, \frac{6}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \frac{10}{3} \right\} \Leftrightarrow x \in \left\{ \frac{5}{3}, 2, \frac{7}{3}, \frac{10}{3} \right\} \Rightarrow$$

$$B = \{2\}$$

$$x \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -4 + ? = 2 \\ ? = 2 + 4 \Rightarrow \textcircled{6} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{3} = \frac{2+5}{3}$$

$$\frac{2+5}{3} = \frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{3}$$