

Intervale : Scrieti sub formă de intervale sau reuniuni de intervale:

$$A = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid |1 - 3x + 2| < 5\} \quad \begin{cases} -10 < -1 & | \cdot (-1) \\ 10 > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$|1 - 3x + 2| < 5 \Leftrightarrow -5 < -3x + 2 < 5 \quad | -2 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$-5 - 2 < -3x + 2 - 2 < 5 - 2 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$-7 < -3x < 3 \quad | \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right) \Leftrightarrow \frac{7}{3} > x > -1 \Leftrightarrow -1 < x < \frac{7}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \left(-1; \frac{7}{3}\right)$$

$$B = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid |2x - 5| < 1\}$$

$$|2x - 5| < 1 \Leftrightarrow -1 < 2x - 5 < 1 \quad | +5 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$4 < 2x < 6 \quad | :2 \Rightarrow 2 < x < 3 \Rightarrow B = (2; 3)$$

$$|x| > 3 \Leftrightarrow x < -3 \text{ sau } x > 3 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x \in (-\infty, -3) \text{ sau } x \in (3, +\infty) \Rightarrow x \in (-\infty, -3) \cup (3, +\infty)$$

$$|x - 1| > 2 \Leftrightarrow x - 1 < -2 \text{ SAU } x - 1 > 2$$

$$x - 1 < -2 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x < -2 + 1 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x < -1 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x \in (-\infty, -1)$$

$$x - 1 > 2 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x > 2 + 1 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x > 3 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x \in (3, +\infty)$$

$$x \in (-\infty, -1) \cup (3, +\infty)$$

$$|-x+1| \geq 0 \begin{cases} (\forall) x \in \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow |-x+1| \geq 0 \quad (A) \\ |-x+1| \geq 0 \quad (A), (\forall) x \in \mathbb{R} \\ A = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid |-x+1| \geq 0\} = (-\infty, \infty) = \mathbb{R} \end{cases}$$

$$|-2x+3| > 0 \begin{cases} B = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid |-2x+3| > 0\} \\ (\forall) x \in \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow |-2x+3| \geq 0, \text{ donc } |-2x+3| > 0 \\ \Rightarrow -2x+3 \neq 0 \Leftrightarrow -2x \neq -3 \quad | : (-2) \end{cases}$$

$$|x-5| > -1 \begin{cases} x \neq \frac{3}{2} \Rightarrow B = \mathbb{R} \setminus \left\{ \frac{3}{2} \right\} = (-\infty, \infty) \setminus \left\{ \frac{3}{2} \right\} \end{cases}$$

$$\hookrightarrow \text{Si, tim ca } (\forall) x \in \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow |x-5| \geq 0 \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} 0 > -1 \end{array} \right| \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow |x-5| > -1, (\forall) x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\underline{C = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid |x-5| > -1\} = (-\infty, \infty) = \mathbb{R}}$$

$$|-2x+4| \geq 5 \Leftrightarrow -2x+4 \leq -5 \text{ SAU } -2x+4 \geq 5$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -2x+4 \leq -5 \quad | -4 \Leftrightarrow \\ -2x \leq -9 \quad | \cdot (-\frac{1}{2}) \Leftrightarrow \\ x \geq \frac{9}{2} \Rightarrow x \in \underline{\left[\frac{9}{2}, +\infty \right)} \end{array} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -2x+4 \geq 5 \quad | -4 \Leftrightarrow \\ -2x+4-4 \geq 5-4 \Leftrightarrow \\ -2x \geq 1 \quad | \cdot (-\frac{1}{2}) \Leftrightarrow \end{array} \right.$$

$$-2x \cdot (-\frac{1}{2}) \leq 1 \cdot (-\frac{1}{2}) \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x \leq -\frac{1}{2} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x \in \underline{\left(-\infty, -\frac{1}{2} \right]}$$

$$C = \left(-\infty, -\frac{1}{2} \right] \cup \left[\frac{9}{2}, +\infty \right)$$

$$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid |3x - 4| \geq 5\} \quad E = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid |1 - x - 1| > 1\}$$

$$F = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid |2x + 1| \geq 2\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{13}\}$$

$$|3x - 4| \geq 5 \Leftrightarrow 3x - 4 \leq -5 \text{ SAU } 3x - 4 \geq 5$$

$$3x - 4 \leq -5 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$3x \leq -5 + 4 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$3x \leq -1 \quad | : \frac{1}{3} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$3x \cdot \frac{1}{3} \leq -1 \cdot \frac{1}{3} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x \leq -\frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow x \in (-\infty, -\frac{1}{3}]$$

$$D = (-\infty, -\frac{1}{3}] \cup [3, +\infty)$$

$$|-x - 1| > 1 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} |x| \cdot |y| = |x \cdot y| \quad \left| \frac{x}{y} \right| = \frac{|x|}{|y|}, y \neq 0 \\ |x + y| \leq |x| + |y| \end{array} \right.$$

$$|-x - 1| = |(-1) \cdot (x + 1)| = |-1| \cdot |x + 1| = 1 \cdot |x + 1| = |x + 1|$$

$$|x + 1| > 1 \Leftrightarrow x + 1 < -1 \text{ SAU } x + 1 > 1$$

$$x + 1 < -1 \quad | -1 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x < -2 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x \in (-\infty, -2)$$

$$x + 1 > 1 \quad | -1 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x > 0 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x \in (0, +\infty)$$

$$E = (-\infty, -2) \cup (0, +\infty)$$

$$|2x+1| \geq 2\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{13}$$

$$2\sqrt{3} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 3} = \sqrt{12}$$

$$12 < 13 \Rightarrow \sqrt{12} < \sqrt{13} \Rightarrow 2\sqrt{3} < \sqrt{13} \Rightarrow 2\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{13} < 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$0 > 2\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{13}$$

$$|2x+1| \geq 0, (\forall) x \in \mathbb{R} \left\{ \Rightarrow |2x+1| > 2\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{13} \right.$$

$$(A), (\forall) x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\Rightarrow F = (-\infty, +\infty) = \mathbb{R}$$

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