

Dern. ca $(x+1)^2 > x$, ($\forall x \in \mathbb{R}$)

(vi)

$$(x+1)^2 > x \Leftrightarrow x^2 + 2x + 1 > x \Leftrightarrow x^2 + 2x + 1 - x > 0 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x^2 + x + 1 > 0 \Leftrightarrow x^2 + 2 \cdot x \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{3}{4} > 0 \Leftrightarrow \left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{3}{4} > 0 \text{ (A)}$$

denn: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 \geq 0 \\ \frac{3}{4} > 0 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{3}{4} > 0$

$$A = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{Z} \mid \frac{3x+4}{2x-3} \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \Rightarrow A = ?$$

$$\frac{3x+4}{2x-3} \in \mathbb{Z} \Leftrightarrow (2x-3) \mid (3x+4) \Rightarrow (2x-3) \mid (3x+4) \cdot 2 \Rightarrow$$

$$(2x-3) \mid (2x-3) \Rightarrow (2x-3) \mid (2x-3) \cdot 3 \Rightarrow$$

$$(2x-3) \mid (6x+8) \Rightarrow (2x-3) \mid \left[(6x+8) - (6x-9) \right] \Rightarrow (2x-3) \mid (6x+8 - 6x+9)$$

$$(2x-3) \mid (6x-9) \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow (2x-3) \mid 17 \Rightarrow 2x-3 \in \{-17, -1, 1, 17\} \Rightarrow$$

$$2x \in \{4, 2, 20, -14\} \Rightarrow$$

$$x \in \{2, 1, 10, -7\} \Rightarrow A = \{2, 1, 10, -7\}$$

$$B = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{N} \mid \frac{7x-3}{5x+1} \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$

$$\frac{7x-3}{5x+1} \in \mathbb{Z} \Leftrightarrow (5x+1) \mid (7x-3) \Rightarrow (5x+1) \mid (7x-3) \cdot 5 \Rightarrow (5x+1) \mid (35x-15)$$

$$(5x+1) \mid (5x+1) \quad (5x+1) \mid (5x+1) \cdot 7 \Rightarrow (5x+1) \mid (35x+7)$$

$$\Rightarrow (5x+1) \mid (35x+7 - 35x-15) \Rightarrow (5x+1) \mid 22 \Rightarrow 5x+1 \in \{-22, 22\}$$

$$5x+1 \in \{1, -1, 2, -2, 11, -11, 22\} \Rightarrow 5x \in \{0, -2, 1, -3, 10, -12, 21\}$$

$$x \in \left\{ \frac{6}{5}, -\frac{2}{5}, \frac{1}{5}, -\frac{3}{5}, \frac{10}{5}, -\frac{12}{5}, \frac{21}{5} \right\} \Rightarrow B = \{0, 2\}$$

$$\mathcal{D} = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{Z} \mid \frac{3x-1}{3x+2} \in \mathbb{N} \right\}$$

$$\frac{3x-1}{3x+2} = \frac{3x+2 - 3}{3x+2} = \frac{3x+2}{3x+2} - \frac{3}{3x+2} = 1 - \frac{3}{3x+2} \in \mathbb{N} \Rightarrow$$

$$(3x+2) \mid 3 \Rightarrow 3x+2 \in \{1, -1, 3, -3\} \Rightarrow 3x \in \{-1, -3, 1, -5\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \Rightarrow x \in \left\{ -\frac{1}{3}, -1, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{5}{3} \right\} \\ & x \in \mathbb{Z} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} x = -1 \Rightarrow \frac{3 \cdot (-1) - 1}{3 \cdot (-1) + 2} = \frac{-4}{-1} = 4 \end{array} \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{D} = \{-1\}$$