

$$E(x) = \frac{5x^2 - 5}{x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2} \Rightarrow A = \{x \in \mathbb{Z} \mid E(x) \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$

P.C.
 $x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2 \neq 0 \Leftrightarrow x^2(x-2) - 1 \cdot (x-2) \neq 0 \Leftrightarrow (x-2)(x^2-1) \neq 0$
 $\Leftrightarrow (x-2) \cdot (x-1)(x+1) \neq 0 \Leftrightarrow \begin{array}{l} x-2 \neq 0 \\ x-1 \neq 0 \\ x+1 \neq 0 \end{array} \text{ if } \begin{array}{l} x \neq 2 \\ x \neq 1 \\ x \neq -1 \end{array}$

$$\Rightarrow x \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{2; 1; -1\}$$

$$5x^2 - 5 = 5(x^2 - 1) = 5(x-1)(x+1)$$

$$E(x) = \frac{5(x-1)(x+1)}{(x-2)(x-1)(x+1)} = \frac{5}{x-2} \Rightarrow$$

$$E(x) \in \mathbb{Z} \Leftrightarrow \frac{5}{x-2} \in \mathbb{Z} \Leftrightarrow (x-2) \mid 5 \Leftrightarrow (x-2) \in \{-5, -1, 1, 5\}$$

$$x-2 \in \{1, -1, 5, -5\} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} x-2=1 & x-2=-1 \\ x=1+2 & x=-1+2 \\ x=3 & x=1 \end{array}$$

$$x \in \{3, 1, 7, -3\} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \text{Dan } x \neq 1 \\ \hline \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow A = \{3, 7, -3\}$$

$$\overline{B = \{x \in \mathbb{N} \mid \frac{3x+2}{3x-4} \in \mathbb{N}\}} \quad \text{P.C. } 3x-4 \neq 0 \Leftrightarrow 3x \neq 4 \Leftrightarrow x \neq \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{3x+2}{3x-4} = \frac{3x-4+6}{3x-4} = \frac{3x-4}{3x-4} + \frac{6}{3x-4} = 1 + \frac{6}{3x-4} \\ \frac{6}{3x-4} \in \mathbb{N} \\ \hline \end{array} \right. \quad \begin{array}{l} x \in \mathbb{N} \\ 1 \in \mathbb{N} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3x+2}{3x-4} \in \mathbb{N} \Leftrightarrow \frac{6}{3x-4} \in \mathbb{N} \Leftrightarrow (3x-4) \mid 6 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} -4 + ? = 2 \\ ? = 2+4 \Rightarrow 6 \\ \hline \end{array} \right. \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{3} = \frac{2+5}{3} \\ \downarrow \\ \frac{2+5}{3} = \frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{3} \end{array} \right.$$

$$3x-4 \in \{1, 2, 3, 6\} \Leftrightarrow 3x \in \{5, 6, 7, 10\} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x \in \left\{ \frac{5}{3}, \frac{6}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \frac{10}{3} \right\} \Leftrightarrow x \in \left\{ \frac{5}{3}, 2, \frac{7}{3}, \frac{10}{3} \right\} \Rightarrow x \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$B = \{2\}$$