

$$E(x) = \frac{(x^2 - x + 2) \cdot (x^2 - x + 6) + 4}{(x^2 - x + 2) \cdot (x^2 - x + 3) - 2}$$

$$E(x) = \frac{(x^2 - x + 2) \cdot (x^2 - x + 2 + 4) + 4}{(x^2 - x + 2) \cdot (x^2 - x + 2 + 1) - 2}, \text{ notăm } x^2 - x + 2 = t$$

$$E(t) = \frac{t \cdot (t + 4) + 4}{t \cdot (t + 1) - 2} = \frac{t^2 + 4t + 4}{t^2 + t - 2} = \frac{(t + 2)^2}{t^2 + 2t - t - 2} \Rightarrow$$

$$E(t) = \frac{(t + 2)^2}{t(t + 2) - 1 \cdot (t + 2)} = \frac{(t + 2)^2}{(t + 2) \cdot (t - 1)}$$

$$E(x) = \frac{(x^2 - x + 2 + 2)^2}{(x^2 - x + 2 + 2) \cdot (x^2 - x + 2 - 1)} = \frac{(x^2 - x + 4)^2}{(x^2 - x + 4)(x^2 - x + 1)}$$

Am simplificat pt. că $x^2 - x + 4 \neq 0, (\forall) x \in \mathbb{R}$

$$\text{P.c. } (x^2 - x + 4) \cdot (x^2 - x + 1) \neq 0 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$x^2 - x + 4 \neq 0$$

$$a = 1 \quad b = -1 \quad c = 4$$

$$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac = (-1)^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 4$$

$$\Delta = 1 - 16 = -15 \Rightarrow \Delta < 0$$

$$x^2 - x + 4 \neq 0, (\forall) x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\text{și } x^2 - x + 1 \neq 0$$

$$a = 1 \quad b = -1 \quad c = 1$$

$$\Delta = (-1)^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = 1 - 4 = -3$$

$$\Delta < 0$$

$$\Downarrow \\ x^2 - x + 1 \neq 0, (\forall) x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$E(x) = \frac{x^2 - x + 4}{x^2 - x + 1}, (\forall) x \in \mathbb{R}$$