

# **SOFTWARE VERIFICATION, VALIDATION AND TESTING**

## **TESTING DOCUMENTATION**

**AuctionApp**

Prepared by:

**Admir Krilašević**

**Matej Mujezinović**

Proposed to:

**Samed Jukić, Assist. Prof. Dr.**

**Aldin Kovačević, Teaching Assistant**

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# 1. Introduction

## 1.1. About the Project

**AuctionApp** is an **e-commerce** web application that provides consumer-to-consumer sales based entirely on **bidding**. There are 2 types of users in the app: **unregistered** users, who can navigate through the app and view all products, and **registered** users, who can act as sellers and/or bidders. This application is an internship project, which is still being developed, so not all features are implemented implying that not all features will be tested. The application is available at the following link: <https://auctionapp.krilasevic.me> (since the application has separate client and server sides, in case the items do not load it should be checked that the server is running <https://auction-app-abh-server.herokuapp.com>).

## 1.2. Project Functionalities and Screenshots

### Home Page:

The screenshot shows the homepage of the AuctionApp website. At the top, there is a dark header bar with social media icons (Facebook, Instagram, Twitter, Google+), a 'Login' or 'Create an account' button, and a search bar containing the placeholder 'Try enter: Shoes'. Below the header is a navigation bar with 'AUCTION' (highlighted in purple), 'HOME', 'SHOP', and 'MY ACCOUNT'.

On the left, a sidebar titled 'CATEGORIES' lists 'Clothes', 'Furniture', 'Technology', 'Jewelry', 'Collectibles', and 'All Categories'. The main content area features four featured products: a light blue 'Cashmere sweater' starting from \$20, a pink and yellow 'Knitted sweater' starting from \$15, a brown 'Vintage cotton sweater' starting from \$10, and a red 'Christmas sweater' starting from \$8. Below these products is a footer section with links to 'AUCTION', 'About Us', 'Terms and Conditions', 'Privacy and Policy', 'GET IN TOUCH' (with phone number +123 797-567-2535 and email support@auction.com), and a 'NEWSLETTER' form for entering an email address and a 'GO' button.

The page layout consists of the header, with social media links, as well as links to login and registration pages, below which is the navigation bar, with a logo that also serves as the home page link, a search bar, and three main pages within the application, page content, and footer with informational links, contact information and newsletter subscription. The page seen above is the landing page (home page), and its content consists of two parts – categories section and tab section. The categories section lists all the existing categories of items, and upon clicking on any of them the user would be redirected to the shop page, with an applied filter for the clicked category. There is also an “All Categories” button, which performs the same action as the “Shop” button in the navigation bar. Below, the tab sections consists of “New Arrivals” and “Last Chance” items, both of which are implemented with infinite scroll functionality. New Arrivals displays items sorted by the starting date of their auction, while Last Chance displays items sorted by their auction end date.

## Shop Page:

[Login](#) or [Create an account](#)

[HOME](#) [SHOP](#) [MY ACCOUNT](#)

**PRODUCT CATEGORIES**

- [Clothes](#)
- [Furniture](#)
- [Technology](#)
- [Jewelry](#)
- [Collectibles](#)

**FILTER BY PRICE**

0
200

\$0-\$200

The average price is \$100.00

**Cashmere sweater**  
Start From \$20

**Chelsea boots**  
Start From \$16

**Christmas sweater**  
Start From \$8

**Flip flops**  
Start From \$6

**iPhone 7 plus**  
Start From \$100

**Knitted sweater**  
Start From \$15

[EXPLORE MORE](#)

The shop page has filter menus of the left side, options for sorting and view switching on the top, and the items in the center. Initially 6 items are displayed and the “Explore More” button loads additional items on click. The button is not displayed if there are no additional items to show. By default, sorting is alphabetical, items from all categories are display, and the initial price range is from \$0 to \$200.

The screenshot shows a shop page with the following elements:

- Top Bar:** Includes social media icons (Facebook, Instagram, Twitter, Google+), a "Login or Create an account" link, and navigation links for "HOME", "SHOP", and "MY ACCOUNT".
- Search Bar:** A search input field with placeholder text "Try enter: Shoes" and a magnifying glass icon.
- Product Categories:** A sidebar menu titled "PRODUCT CATEGORIES" with the following items:
  - Clothes:
    - Sweaters (4)
    - Shoes (3)
    - Shirts (0)
    - Trousers (0)
    - Hats (0)
  - Furniture
  - Technology
  - Jewelry
  - Collectibles
- Price Range:** A section titled "FILTER BY PRICE" with two input fields for "10" and "50", a slider for "10-\$50", and a note that the average price is \$525.00.
- Filter Top:** A row of filters: "Categories Clothes/Sweaters" (with an "x" to clear) and "Price range \$10-\$50" (with an "x" to clear).
- Sorting:** A dropdown menu titled "Default Sorting" with the following options:
  - Default Sorting (selected)
  - Added: New to Old
  - Time Left
  - Price: Low to High
  - Price: High to Low
- Product Grid:** Three items displayed in a grid:
  - Cashmere sweater**: Start From \$20
  - Knitted sweater**: Start From \$15
  - Vintage cotton sweater**: Start From \$10
- View Options:** A "Clear all" button and a switch between "Grid" and "List" view.

The categories menu allows users to choose which category/categories they want to browse. On click, a filter for that category is applied and all active filters are shown at the top, with options to deselect each filter individually, as well as clear all filters. When a category is clicked, it is also expanded and displays all existing subcategories, as well as the number of items within each subcategory. Multiple categories and/or subcategories can be selected at the same time. Price filter can be either adjusted using the two input fields, or the slider below them.

The screenshot shows the "Default Sorting" dropdown menu with the following options:

- Default Sorting (selected)
- Added: New to Old
- Time Left
- Price: Low to High
- Price: High to Low

Sorting has the following 4 options, where “Added: New to Old” uses the same sorting as “New Arrivals” earlier, and “Time Left” same as “Last Chance”.

Categories      Price range

Clothes/Sweaters  \$10-\$50

Default Sorting



**Cashmere sweater**

Luxury clothing item in beautiful blue color. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Ut enim ad minim veniam, quis nostrud exercitation ullamco laboris nisi ut aliquip ex ea commodo consequat.

**Start From \$20**

There is an option to switch to a list view, which gives more details about the item itself. It is important to note that when switching between views occurs, the filters should remain the same, i.e. the first item in a grid view should be the same as the first item in a list view.

## Item Page:

or

 AUCTION

HOME SHOP MY ACCOUNT

Cashmere sweater Home → Single Item



**Cashmere sweater**

Starts from: \$20

Highest bid: \$201.1

Number of bids: 4

Time left: 1 weeks 2 days

Luxury clothing item in beautiful blue color. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Ut enim ad minim veniam, quis nostrud exercitation ullamco laboris nisi ut aliquip ex ea commodo consequat.



The item page is an overview of the item being sold and is the place where the bidding process takes place. As mentioned earlier, unregistered users (guest users) do have the chance to browse items, but the option of placing a bid is not available to them. However, other information about the item is still displayed. The page consists of a header that has the item name and the breadcrumbs – path taken to reach the item. In the context of this application, it can be from the home page or the shop page. The page content has an image gallery on the left side, and item information on the right side.

Cashmere sweater

Home → Single Item

**Cashmere sweater**

Starts from: \$20

Highest bid: \$201.1

Number of bids: 4

Time left: 1 weeks 2 days

Enter \$201.2 or higher

PLACE BID >

**Details**

Luxury clothing item in beautiful blue color. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Ut enim ad minim veniam, quis nostrud exercitation

A registered and logged-in user has the option to place a bid for the item, since the input field and button are displayed to them. The placeholder of the input field should suggest an amount that is higher than the starting price, in case there are no bids, or higher than the highest bid otherwise. Upon clicking the “Place Bid” button, the bid amount entered should be validated, i.e. checked whether the amount is indeed higher as suggested by the placeholder. In accordance with the validation response, a message should be shown. If the process is successful, the information about the highest bid and the number of bids should be updated.

### Error message:

Cashmere sweater

Home → Single Item

**Cashmere sweater**

Starts from: \$20

Highest bid: \$201.1

Number of bids: 4

Time left: 1 weeks 2 days

200

PLACE BID >

## Success message with updated information:

The screenshot shows a product page for a "Cashmere sweater". At the top left is the category "Cashmere sweater". At the top right is a breadcrumb navigation "Home → Single Item". A green success message box contains the text "Congrats! You are the highest bidder!". Below the message is a large image of a light blue long-sleeved cashmere sweater. To the right of the sweater is a summary box with the title "Cashmere sweater" and the text "Starts from: \$20". Inside the summary box, there is a "Highest bid: \$201.2", "Number of bids: 5", and "Time left: 1 weeks 2 days". Below the summary box is a text input field containing "201.2" and a purple "PLACE BID >" button.

## Login Page:

The screenshot shows a login form titled "LOGIN". It has two input fields: "Enter Email" and "Password", both represented by empty text input boxes. Below the input fields is a purple "LOGIN" button.

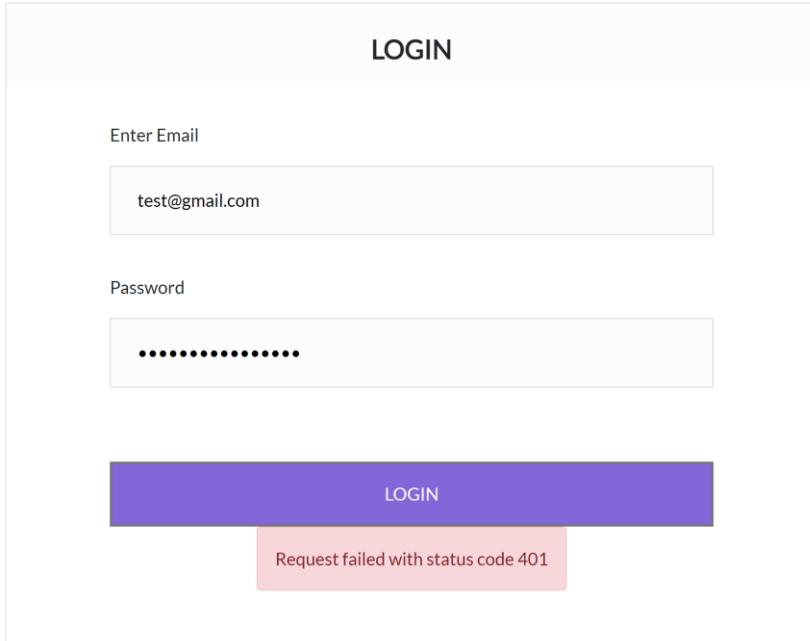
The page consists of the same header seen before, and a form with two input fields that are required for login – email and password.

## Alert (invalid):

The screenshot shows a login form titled "LOGIN". The "Enter Email" field contains the text "test". Below the input field is a red error message box containing the text "This is not a valid email.". There is also an empty "Password" input field. Below the input fields is a purple "LOGIN" button.

In case that an invalid email is entered, an alert message should appear and the login button should be disabled.

### Alert (unauthorized):



The image shows a login interface. At the top, a light gray header bar contains the word "LOGIN" in bold capital letters. Below it is a white input field labeled "Enter Email" with the placeholder text "test@gmail.com". Underneath is another white input field labeled "Password" with placeholder text consisting of ten dots. A large purple button at the bottom is labeled "LOGIN". To the right of the purple button, a small red rectangular box contains the text "Request failed with status code 401".

In case that valid information is entered, the login button will be enabled. However, if the information is incorrect, meaning that the credentials are wrong, then after the login button is clicked another alert will appear.

### Log Out:



In case of a successful login, the user is redirected to the home page, and in the header instead of "Login" or "Create an account" buttons, the "Log Out" button is shown.

## Registration:

The screenshot shows a registration form titled "REGISTER". It includes fields for First Name, Last Name, Enter Email, and Enter Password. The "Enter Email" field contains "test" and has a red error message: "This is not a valid email.". The "Enter Password" field contains "\*\*\*\*" and has a red error message: "The password must be between 8 and 20 characters.". A large purple "REGISTER" button is at the bottom. Below the form, there is a link "Already have an account? [Login](#)".

First Name  
Test

Last Name  
Test

Enter Email  
test

This is not a valid email.

Enter Password  
\*\*\*\*

The password must be between 8 and 20 characters.

REGISTER

Already have an account? [Login](#)

The Register page has the identical layout as the Login page, with two additional fields for the first and last name, as well as a link leading to the Login page at the bottom. The email validation work in the same way, and the password input is validated as well now, indicating it should be between 8 and 20 characters. In case of error, the register button is disabled.

## **Successful register:**

The screenshot shows a user registration interface. At the top, there is a text input field labeled "Enter Email" containing "test20@gmail.com". Below it is a password input field labeled "Password" containing several dots. A large purple button labeled "REGISTER" is centered below the inputs. To the right of the button, a green success message box displays "User registered successfully!". At the bottom left, a message says "You can log in now:" followed by a blue "Login" link.

If all information is valid and the register button is clicked, a success message will appear.

The descriptions and images provided above summarize all the features which will be tested in this project.

## **2. Test Plan**

### **2.1. Scope**

As mentioned earlier, this project is still under development, so certain features will not be covered with this testing plan. Those are: searching – although a **search** bar is visible on the page it is not functional and the same applies for the **newsletter** box in the footer, **account page** – even though some parts of this page are implemented, it is not complete and therefore will not be included in the test, **social media links** in the header – although they are placed on the website for visual purposes, the links do not have an actual address behind them since this is a hypothetical product.

### **2.2. Testing Environment and Tools**

Testing will be conducted using Java and jUnit and Selenium as supporting tools for automation testing. Besides this, the browser used is Google Chrome, indicating the need for a corresponding driver. Lastly, the IDE used for writing the code will be Eclipse (Admir) and IntelliJ (Matej).

### 3. Test Execution

#### 3.1. Header and Footer Interaction

User clicks on any of the links/buttons located in the header, navigation bar and footer.

##### 3.1.1. Test Header Links

<b>Test Name:</b> Test header links				
<b>Description:</b> Checking that every button leads to a correct link				
<b>Pre-condition(s):</b> Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.				
Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
1. Click on each link except the social media links 2. Assert that the user is taken to the correct page by checking the URL		The user is taken to the correct new page when clicking on the link.	The user is taken to the correct new page when clicking on the link.	PASS

**Notes:** Social media links are nonexistent and thus not tested

```
@Test
void testHeaderLinks() throws InterruptedException {
    WebElement loginLink = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[1]/nav/p/a[1]"));
    loginLink.click();
    assertEquals("https://auctionapp.krilasevic.me/login", webDriver.getCurrentUrl());

    WebElement registerLink = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[1]/nav/p/a[2]"));
    registerLink.click();
    assertEquals("https://auctionapp.krilasevic.me/register", webDriver.getCurrentUrl());
}
```

##### 3.1.2. Test Navigation Bar Links

<b>Test Name:</b> Test navigation bar links				
<b>Description:</b> Checking that every button leads to a correct link				
<b>Pre-condition(s):</b> Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.				
Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:

1. Click on each link including the logo and the on-hover dropdown “Account” menu		The user is taken to the correct new page when clicking on the link.	The user is taken to the correct new page when clicking on the link.	PASS
2. Assert that the user is taken to the correct page by checking the URL				

**Notes:** Testing the logo link implied testing that it leads to the same location as the “Home” link

```

@Test
void testNavbarLinks() throws InterruptedException {
    WebElement logoLink = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[2]/div/a/img"));
    logoLink.click();
    assertEquals("https://auctionapp.krilasevic.me/home", webDriver.getCurrentUrl());

    WebElement homeLink = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[2]/div/a[1]"));
    homeLink.click();
    assertEquals("https://auctionapp.krilasevic.me/home", webDriver.getCurrentUrl());

    WebElement shopLink = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[2]/div/a[2]"));
    shopLink.click();
    assertEquals("https://auctionapp.krilasevic.me/shop/0", webDriver.getCurrentUrl());

    WebElement accountLink = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//html/body/div/div[2]/div/a"));
    accountLink.click();
    assertEquals("https://auctionapp.krilasevic.me/register", webDriver.getCurrentUrl());

    Actions action = new Actions(webDriver);
    action.moveToElement(accountLink).perform();
    Thread.sleep(1000);

    WebElement accountProfileLink = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[2]/div/a[1]"));
    accountProfileLink.click();
    assertEquals("https://auctionapp.krilasevic.me/register", webDriver.getCurrentUrl());

    action.moveToElement(accountLink).perform();
    Thread.sleep(1000);

    WebElement accountSellerLink = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[2]/div/a[2]"));
    accountSellerLink.click();
    assertEquals("https://auctionapp.krilasevic.me/register", webDriver.getCurrentUrl());

    action.moveToElement(accountLink).perform();
    Thread.sleep(1000);

    WebElement accountBidsLink = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[2]/div/a[3]"));
    accountBidsLink.click();
    assertEquals("https://auctionapp.krilasevic.me/register", webDriver.getCurrentUrl());

    action.moveToElement(accountLink).perform();
    Thread.sleep(1000);

    WebElement accountSettingsLink = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[2]/div/a[4]"));
    accountSettingsLink.click();
    assertEquals("https://auctionapp.krilasevic.me/register", webDriver.getCurrentUrl());
}

```

### 3.1.3. Test Footer Links

**Test Name:** Test footer links

**Description:** Checking that every button leads to a correct link

**Pre-condition(s):** Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.

Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Click on each link in the first footer column</li> <li>2. Assert that the user is taken to the correct page by checking the URL</li> </ol>		The user is taken to the correct new page when clicking on the link.	The user is taken to the correct new page when clicking on the link.	PASS

#### Notes:

```
@Test
void testFooterLinks() throws InterruptedException {
    WebElement aboutUsLink = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[4]/div/div/div[1]/div/a[1]"));
    aboutUsLink.click();
    assertEquals("https://auctionapp.krilasevic.me/about", webDriver.getCurrentUrl());

    WebElement termsAndConditionsLink = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[4]/div/div/div[1]/div/a[2]"));
    termsAndConditionsLink.click();
    assertEquals("https://auctionapp.krilasevic.me/terms", webDriver.getCurrentUrl());

    WebElement privacyAndPolicyLink = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[4]/div/div/div[1]/div/a[3]"));
    privacyAndPolicyLink.click();
    assertEquals("https://auctionapp.krilasevic.me/privacy", webDriver.getCurrentUrl());
}
```

## 3.2. Login and Registration

User clicks on the login and registration links and fills in the respective forms, taking into account both valid and invalid information. User logs out.

### 3.2.1. Test Login Link on Register Page

**Test Name:** Test login link on register page

**Description:** Check if the login link on the register page leads to the correct URL.

**Pre-condition(s):** Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.

Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Click create an account.</li> <li>2. Click login.</li> <li>3. Check if the login URL is correct.</li> </ol>		The login link leads to the login page.	The login link led to the login page.	PASS

#### Notes:

```

@Test
void testLoginLinkOnRegisterPage() throws InterruptedException {
    WebElement register = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='root']/div/div[1]/nav/p/a[2]"));
    register.click();
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);

    JavascriptExecutor js = (JavascriptExecutor) webDriver;
    js.executeScript( script: "window.scrollBy(0,500)", ...args: "");
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);

    WebElement loginLink = webDriver.findElement(By.className("Forms_linkToLogin__VHCBU"));
    loginLink.click();
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);

    assertEquals( expected: "https://auctionapp.krilasevic.me/login", webDriver.getCurrentUrl());
}

```

### 3.2.2. Test Registration – Success

<b>Test Name:</b> Test registration - success				
<b>Description:</b> Check if user can register a fresh account.				
<b>Pre-condition(s):</b> Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.				
Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
1. Click create an account. 2. Send adequate keys to register form. 3. Click register. 4. Check if user registered successfully.	Name: matej Surname: mujezinovic Email: <a href="mailto:matej.mujezinovic@gmail.com">matej.mujezinovic@gmail.com</a> Password: 123456789	The user registers successfully.	The user registers successfully.	PASS
<b>Notes:</b> The account registered with this data will be used for further login testing.				

```

@Test
void testRegisterSuccessful() throws InterruptedException {
    WebElement register = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='root']/div/div[1]/nav/p/a[2]"));
    register.click();
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);

    WebElement name = webDriver.findElement(By.name("name"));
    WebElement surname = webDriver.findElement(By.name("surname"));
    WebElement email = webDriver.findElement(By.name("email"));
    WebElement password = webDriver.findElement(By.name("password"));
    name.sendKeys( ...keysToSend: "newName");
    surname.sendKeys( ...keysToSend: "newSurname");
    email.sendKeys( ...keysToSend: "newName.newSurname.test@gmail.com");
    password.sendKeys( ...keysToSend: "123456789");
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);

    JavascriptExecutor js = (JavascriptExecutor) webDriver;
    js.executeScript( script: "window.scrollBy(0,500)", ...args: "");
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);

    WebElement registerButton = wait.until(ExpectedConditions.elementToBeClickable(By.xpath("//*[@id='root']/div/div[3]/div[2]/form/button")));
    registerButton.click();
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);

    WebElement successAlert = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='root']/div/div[3]/div[2]/form/div[6]/div"));
    assertEquals( expected: "User registered successfully!", successAlert.getText());
}

```

### 3.2.3. Test Registration – Disabled

**Test Name:** Test registration - disabled

**Description:** Check if guest user is alerted in case register form is not correct.

**Pre-condition(s):** Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.

Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
1. Click create an account. 2. Send inadequate keys to register form. 4. Check if user received an alert. 5. Check if register button is disabled.	Name: matej Surname: matej Email: matej Password: matej	The register button will be disabled.	The register button was disabled.	PASS

**Notes:**

```

@Test
void testRegisterDisabled() throws InterruptedException {
    WebElement register = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[1]/nav/p/a[2]"));
    register.click();
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000 );

    WebElement name = webDriver.findElement(By.name("name"));
    WebElement surname = webDriver.findElement(By.name("surname"));
    WebElement email = webDriver.findElement(By.name("email"));
    WebElement password = webDriver.findElement(By.name("password"));

    name.sendKeys( ...keysToSend: "matej");
    surname.sendKeys( ...keysToSend: "matej");
    email.sendKeys( ...keysToSend: "matej");
    password.sendKeys( ...keysToSend: "matej");

    Actions action = new Actions(webDriver);
    action.moveToElement(email).click().perform();

    WebElement emailAlert = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[3]/div[2]/form/div[4]/div/div"));
    WebElement passwordAlert = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[3]/div[2]/form/div[5]/div/div"));
    assertEquals( expected: "This is not a valid email.", emailAlert.getText());
    assertEquals( expected: "The password must be between 8 and 20 characters.", passwordAlert.getText());

    WebElement registerButton = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[3]/div[2]/form/button"));
    assertFalse(registerButton.isEnabled());
}

```

### 3.2.4. Test Login – Success

**Test Name:** Test login - success

**Description:** Check if user can log into his account.

**Pre-condition(s):** Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page. User must have a registered account to log in.

Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
1. Click login. 2. Send adequate email and password keys to login form. 3. Click login button. 4. Check if user logged in by seeing if “Log Out” button appears.	Email: <a href="mailto:matej.mujezinovic@gmail.com">matej.mujezinovic@gmail.com</a> Password: 123456789	User logs in and log out button appears.	User logs in and log out button appears.	PASS
<b>Notes:</b>				

```

@Test
void testLoginSuccessful() throws InterruptedException {
    WebElement login = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[1]/nav/p/a[1]"));
    login.click();
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);

    WebElement email = webDriver.findElement(By.name("email"));
    WebElement password = webDriver.findElement(By.name("password"));
    email.sendKeys( ...keysToSend: "matej.mujezinovic@gmail.com");
    password.sendKeys( ...keysToSend: "123456789");
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);

    WebElement loginButton = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[3]/div[2]/form/button"));
    loginButton.click();
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);

    WebElement logout = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[1]/nav/p/a"));
    assertEquals( expected: "Log Out", logout.getText());
    logout.click();
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);
}

```

### 3.2.5. Test Login – Disabled

**Test Name:** Test login - disabled

**Description:** Check if user is alerted in case login form is not correct.

**Pre-condition(s):** Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.

Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
1. Click login. 2. Send inadequate email and password keys to login form. 3. Check if user received an alert. 4. Check if login button is disabled.	Email: bademail Password: wrongpassword	Login button is disabled.	Login button is disabled.	PASS

#### Notes:

```

@Test
void testLoginDisabled() throws InterruptedException {
    WebElement login = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[1]/nav/p/a[1]"));
    login.click();
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);

    WebElement email = webDriver.findElement(By.name("email"));
    WebElement password = webDriver.findElement(By.name("password"));
    email.sendKeys( ...keysToSend: "bademail");
    password.sendKeys( ...keysToSend: "wrongpassword");
    WebElement invalidEmailField = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[3]/div[2]/form/div[2]/div/div"));
    assertEquals( expected: "This is not a valid email.", invalidEmailField.getText());

    WebElement loginButton = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[3]/div[2]/form/button"));
    assertFalse(loginButton.isEnabled());
}

```

### 3.2.6. Test Login - Unauthorized

<b>Test Name:</b> Test login - unauthorized				
<b>Description:</b> Check if login request fails with inadequate login details.				
<b>Pre-condition(s):</b> Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.				
<b>Test Steps:</b>  1. Click login. 2. Send incorrect email and password keys to register form. 3. Click login button. 4. Check if login request fails.	<b>Test Data:</b>  Email: <a href="mailto:matej@gmail.com">matej@gmail.com</a> Password: wrongpassword	<b>Expected Result:</b>  Login fails and alert is displayed.	<b>Actual Result:</b>  Login fails and alert is displayed.	<b>Status:</b>  PASS

#### Notes:

```
@Test
void testLoginUnauthorized() throws InterruptedException {
    WebElement login = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[1]/nav/p/a[1]"));
    login.click();
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000 );

    WebElement email = webDriver.findElement(By.name("email"));
    WebElement password = webDriver.findElement(By.name("password"));
    email.sendKeys( ...keysToSend: "matej@gmail.com");
    password.sendKeys( ...keysToSend: "wrongpassword");

    WebElement loginButton = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div[2]/form/button"));
    loginButton.click();
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000 );

    WebElement unauthorizedAlert = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div[2]/form/div[4]/div"));
    assertEquals( expected: "Request failed with status code 401", unauthorizedAlert.getText());
}
```

### 3.2.7. Test Log Out

<b>Test Name:</b> Test log out				
<b>Description:</b> Check if user can log out.				
<b>Pre-condition(s):</b> Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.				

Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Click login.</li> <li>2. Send correct email and password keys to login page.</li> <li>3. Click login button.</li> <li>4. Check if user sees logout option.</li> <li>5. Click logout.</li> <li>6. Click login again.</li> <li>7. Check if the login URL is correct.</li> </ol>	<p>Email:  <a href="mailto:matej.mujezinovic@gmail.com">matej.mujezinovic@gmail.com</a></p> <p>Password:  123456789</p>	User logs out and is able to access login page again.	User logs out and is able to access login page again.	PASS

#### Notes:

```

@Test
void testLogout() throws InterruptedException {
    WebElement login = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[1]/nav/p/a[1]"));
    assertEquals( expected: "Login", login.getText());
    login.click();
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);

    WebElement email = webDriver.findElement(By.name("email"));
    WebElement password = webDriver.findElement(By.name("password"));
    email.sendKeys( ...keysToSend: "matej.mujezinovic@gmail.com");
    password.sendKeys( ...keysToSend: "123456789");

    WebElement loginButton = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div[2]/form/button"));
    loginButton.click();
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);

    WebElement logout = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[1]/nav/p/a"));
    assertEquals( expected: "Log Out", logout.getText());
    logout.click();
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);

    WebElement newLogin = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[1]/nav/p/a[1]"));
    assertEquals( expected: "Login", newLogin.getText());
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);

    newLogin.click();
    assertEquals( expected: "https://auctionapp.krilasevic.me/login", webDriver.getCurrentUrl());
}

```

## 3.3. Home Page Interaction

User, while on the home page, clicks on the categories listed in the categories section. User switches between tabs in the tab section. User views the new arrivals and last chance items.

### 3.3.1. Test Categories Section

**Test Name:** Test categories section

**Description:** Checking that on every category click, the shop page is opened with correct filter applied

**Pre-condition(s):** Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.

Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Click on each category listed in the categories section of the landing page</li> <li>Assert that the user is taken to the shop page, and the name of the clicked category is listed as the active filter</li> <li>Click on “All Categories” button and assert that there are no active filters</li> </ol>		The user is taken to the shop page with correct filter (or no filter) applied.	The user is taken to the shop page with correct filter (or no filter) applied.	PASS

#### Notes:

```

@Test
void testCategoriesSection() throws InterruptedException {
    Thread.sleep(2000);
    List<WebElement> categories = webDriver.findElements(By.className("CategoriesSection_categoryButton__2oY_0"));

    for (int i = 0; i < categories.size()-1; i++) {
        Thread.sleep(2000);

        List<WebElement> refreshedCategories = webDriver.findElements(By.className("CategoriesSection_categoryButton__2oY_0"));
        String categoryName = refreshedCategories.get(i).getText();
        refreshedCategories.get(i).click();

        Thread.sleep(2000);

        WebElement categoryActiveFilter = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//html/body/div/div/div[3]/div/div/div[2]/div[1]/div/div/button"));
        String categoryFilterName = categoryActiveFilter.getText().split(" ")[0];
        assertEquals(categoryName, categoryFilterName);

        webDriver.navigate().back();
    }

    Thread.sleep(2000);
    List<WebElement> refreshedCategories = webDriver.findElements(By.className("CategoriesSection_categoryButton__2oY_0"));
    refreshedCategories.get(refreshedCategories.size()-1).click();
    String allCategoriesUrl = webDriver.getCurrentUrl();

    WebElement shopLink = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[2]/div/div[3]/a[2]"));
    shopLink.click();
    String shopUrl = webDriver.getCurrentUrl();

    assertEquals(shopUrl, allCategoriesUrl);
}

```

### 3.3.2. Test Tab Switching

<b>Test Name:</b> Test tab switching				
<b>Description:</b> Checking that on tab selection, the selected tab changes appearance and becomes the active tab				
<b>Pre-condition(s):</b> Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.				
Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
1. Asserts that “New Arrivals” is the active tab by default 2. Click on the “Last Chance” tab and assert that it is active 3. Go back to the first tab and make the same assertion		On tab click, the selected tab is marked as active	On tab click, the selected tab is marked as active	PASS

#### Notes:

```
@Test
void testTabSwitching() {
    WebElement newArrivalsTab = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div[2]/div/ol/li[1]"));
    WebElement lastChanceTab = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div[2]/div/ol/li[2]"));

    assertEquals("tab-list-item tab-list-active", newArrivalsTab.getAttribute("class"));

    lastChanceTab.click();
    lastChanceTab = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div[2]/div/ol/li[2]"));
    assertEquals("tab-list-item tab-list-active", lastChanceTab.getAttribute("class"));

    newArrivalsTab.click();
    newArrivalsTab = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div[2]/div/ol/li[1]"));
    assertEquals("tab-list-item tab-list-active", newArrivalsTab.getAttribute("class"));
}
```

### 3.3.3. Test New Arrivals

<b>Test Name:</b> Test new arrivals				
<b>Description:</b> Checking that items are correctly sorted				
<b>Pre-condition(s):</b> Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.				
Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:

<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Click and open the first three items within the “New Arrivals” tab</li> <li>2. Retrieve the “Time Left” value for each of them</li> <li>3. Assert that they are in descending order</li> </ol>	<p>Items are sorted by the time remaining for their auction, in descending order</p>	<p>Items are sorted by the time remaining for their auction, in descending order</p>	PASS
--	--	--	------

**Notes:** Since the actual start date of the auction is not displayed on the website, it was assumed that there is a fixed interval between a start date and an end date, indicating that descending end dates (descending values of time left for auction) are equivalent to ascending start dates, which is actually what “New Arrivals” means

```

@Test
void testNewArrivals() throws InterruptedException {
    int[] hoursLeft = new int[3];
    WebElement timeLeftForItem;
    String timeLeftWithText;
    int timeLeftInHours;

    Thread.sleep(2000);
    WebElement firstItem = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div[2]/div/div/div/div/div[1]/div/a[1]/img"));
    firstItem.click();
    hoursLeft[0] = getTimeLeft();
    webDriver.navigate().back();

    Thread.sleep(2000);
    WebElement secondItem = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div[2]/div/div/div/div/div[2]/div/a[1]/img"));
    secondItem.click();
    hoursLeft[1] = getTimeLeft();
    webDriver.navigate().back();

    Thread.sleep(2000);
    WebElement thirdItem = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div[2]/div/div/div/div/div[3]/div/a[1]/img"));
    thirdItem.click();
    hoursLeft[2] = getTimeLeft();

    assertTrue(hoursLeft[0] > hoursLeft[1]);
    assertTrue(hoursLeft[1] > hoursLeft[2]);
}

```

### 3.3.4. Test Last Chance

**Test Name:** Test last chance

**Description:** Checking that items are correctly sorted

**Pre-condition(s):** Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.

Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Click and open the first three items within the “Last Chance” tab</li> </ol>		<p>Items are sorted by the time remaining</p>	<p>Items are sorted by the time remaining</p>	PASS

2. Retrieve the “Time Left” value for each of them		for their auction, in ascending order	for their auction, in ascending order	
3. Assert that they are in ascending order				

#### Notes:

```

@Test
void testLastChance() throws InterruptedException {
    int[] hoursLeft = new int[3];

    clickLastChanceTab();
    Thread.sleep(2000);
    WebElement firstItem = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div[2]/div/div/div/div/div/div[1]/div/a[1]/img"));
    firstItem.click();
    hoursLeft[0] = getTimeLeft();
    webDriver.navigate().back();

    clickLastChanceTab();
    Thread.sleep(2000);
    WebElement secondItem = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div[2]/div/div/div/div/div/div[2]/div/a[1]/img"));
    secondItem.click();
    hoursLeft[1] = getTimeLeft();
    webDriver.navigate().back();

    clickLastChanceTab();
    Thread.sleep(2000);
    WebElement thirdItem = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div[2]/div/div/div/div/div/div[3]/div/a[1]/img"));
    thirdItem.click();
    hoursLeft[2] = getTimeLeft();

    assertTrue(hoursLeft[0] < hoursLeft[1]);
    assertTrue(hoursLeft[1] < hoursLeft[2]);
}

```

### 3.3.5. Helper Methods

Below are helper methods used in this scenario, added in order to reduce code redundancy.

```

void clickLastChanceTab() throws InterruptedException {
    Thread.sleep(2000);
    WebElement lastChanceTab = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div[2]/div/ol/li[2]"));
    lastChanceTab.click();
}

int getTimeLeft() throws InterruptedException {
    Thread.sleep(2000);
    WebElement timeLeftForItem = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div[2]/div/div/div[2]/div[1]/p[3]/span"));
    String timeLeftWithText = timeLeftForItem.getText();
    int timeLeftInHours = convertTimeLeftToHours(timeLeftWithText);
    return timeLeftInHours;
}

int convertTimeLeftToHours(String timeLeft) {
    String[] elements = timeLeft.split("\\s+");
    int hours;
    System.out.println(elements[1]);
    if (elements[1].equals("weeks")) {
        hours = Integer.parseInt(elements[0]) * 168 + Integer.parseInt(elements[2]) * 24;
        return hours;
    } else if (elements[1].equals("days")) {
        hours = Integer.parseInt(elements[0]) * 24 + Integer.parseInt(elements[2]);
        return hours;
    } else {
        hours = Integer.parseInt(elements[0]);
        return hours;
    }
}

```

## 3.4. Shop Page Interaction

User, while on the shop page, uses the categories, subcategories and price filters. User selects different sorting options. User switches between the grid and list view. User removes some and/or all active filters.

### 3.4.1. Test Explore More Button

<b>Test Name:</b> Test explore more button				
<b>Description:</b> Checking that additional items are loaded when the button is clicked				
<b>Pre-condition(s):</b> Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.				
Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
1. Go to the shop page 2. Retrieve the number of items currently displayed 3. Scroll down 4. Click on the “Explore More” button 5. Assert that the number of items has increased		On button click, the number of displayed items is increased	On button click, the number of displayed items is increased	PASS

#### Notes:

```
@Test
void testExploreMore() throws InterruptedException {
    openShopPage();

    List<WebElement> listedItems = webDriver.findElements(By.className("Item_itemContainer__uYG6J"));
    int noOfItemsBefore = listedItems.size();

    JavascriptExecutor js = (JavascriptExecutor) webDriver;
    js.executeScript("window.scrollBy(0,500)", "");
    Thread.sleep(2000);

    WebElement exploreMoreButton = webDriver.findElement(By.className("ShopPageItems_exploreMoreButton__1nQKr"));
    exploreMoreButton.click();
    Thread.sleep(2000);

    listedItems = webDriver.findElements(By.className("Item_itemContainer__uYG6J"));
    int noOfItemsAfter = listedItems.size();

    assertTrue(noOfItemsBefore < noOfItemsAfter);
}
```

### 3.4.2. Test Category Filters

<b>Test Name:</b> Test category filters
<b>Description:</b> By using the category filter menu, checking that on each category click the correct filter is applied, and then removed
<b>Pre-condition(s):</b> Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.

Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Go to the shop page</li> <li>For each category displayed:</li> <li>2. Retrieve category name</li> <li>3. Click on category</li> <li>4. Retrieve active filter name</li> <li>5. Assert that the category and filter name are equal</li> <li>6. Click on the filter to remove it</li> <li>7. In the end, assert that no filters are displayed</li> </ol>		<p>On category click, the corresponding filter is applied and removing each filter is functional so in the end there are no active filters</p>	<p>On category click, the corresponding filter is applied and removing each filter is functional so in the end there are no active filters</p>	PASS

#### Notes:

```

@Test
void testCategoryFilters() throws InterruptedException {
    openShopPage();

    List<WebElement> categories = webDriver.findElements(By.className("Category_collapsibleCategory__3wERX"));

    for (int i = 0; i < categories.size(); i++) {
        WebElement currentCategory = categories.get(i);
        String categoryName = currentCategory.getText().split("\\s+")[0];
        currentCategory.click();

        WebElement categoryActiveFilter = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//html/body/div/div/div[3]/div/div/div[2]/div[1]/div/div/button"));
        String categoryFilterName = categoryActiveFilter.getText().split(" ")[0];
        assertEquals(categoryName, categoryFilterName);

        currentCategory.click();
        categoryActiveFilter.click();
    }

    assertThrows(NoSuchElementException.class,
        () -> {webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[3]/div/div/div[2]/div[1]/div/div/p"))});}
}

```

### 3.4.3. Test Subcategory Filters

<b>Test Name:</b> Test subcategory filters
<b>Description:</b> By using the category filter menu, checking that subcategories are displayed on category click, that correct subcategory filter is applied and correct number of items shown, and on filter removal, that the checkbox used to apply the subcategory filter is no longer checked

**Pre-condition(s):** Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.

Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Go to the shop page</li> <li>2. Click on the first category that appears and retrieve its name For each subcategory displayed:</li> <li>3. Retrieve subcategory name and number of items</li> <li>4. Click on the checkbox</li> <li>5. Retrieve active filter name</li> <li>6. Assert that the filter corresponds to the category and subcategory name</li> <li>7. If items exist within a subcategory, check that the correct number is displayed</li> <li>8. Click on the filter to remove it</li> <li>9. Check that the checkbox is not selected after removal</li> <li>10. In the end, assert that no filters are displayed</li> </ol>		<p>On category click, subcategories are shown. On subcategory checkbox click, the corresponding filter is applied and correct number of items is shown.</p> <p>Removing each filter is functional and deselects the checkbox. In the end there are no active filters.</p>	<p>On category click, subcategories are shown. On subcategory checkbox click, the corresponding filter is applied and correct number of items is shown.</p> <p>Removing each filter is functional and deselects the checkbox. In the end there are no active filters.</p>	PASS

**Notes:**

```

@Test
void testSubcategoryFilters() throws InterruptedException {
    openShopPage();

    WebElement category = webDriver.findElement(By.className("Category_collapsibleCategory__3wERX"));
    String categoryName = category.getText().split("\s+")[0];
    category.click();

    List<WebElement> subcategories = webDriver.findElements(By.className("Subcategory_subcategoryItem__1tROv"));

    for (int i = 0; i < subcategories.size(); i++) {
        WebElement currentSubcategory = subcategories.get(i);
        String subcategoryName = currentSubcategory.getText().split("\s+")[0];
        String noOfItemsInSubcategoryString = currentSubcategory.getText().split("\s+")[1];
        int noOfItemsInSubcategory = Integer.parseInt(noOfItemsInSubcategoryString.replaceAll("[^0-9]", ""));
        WebElement currentSubcategoryCheckbox = currentSubcategory.findElement(By.tagName("input"));
        currentSubcategoryCheckbox.click();

        WebElement categoryActiveFilter = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//html/body/div/div/div[3]/div/div/div[2]/div[1]/div/div/button"));
        String categoryFilterName = categoryActiveFilter.getText().split(" ")[0];
        assertEquals(categoryName + "/" + subcategoryName, categoryFilterName);

        if (noOfItemsInSubcategory > 0) {
            Thread.sleep(2000);
            List<WebElement> itemsInSubcategory = webDriver.findElements(By.className("Item_itemContainer__uYG6J"));
            assertEquals(noOfItemsInSubcategory, itemsInSubcategory.size());
        }
    }

    categoryActiveFilter.click();
    assertFalse(currentSubcategoryCheckbox.isSelected());
}

assertThrows(NoSuchElementException.class,
    () -> {webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='root']/div/div[3]/div/div/div[2]/div[1]/div/div/p"))});
}

```

### 3.4.4. Test Price Filter

**Test Name:** Test price filter

**Description:** By using the price filter slider, checking that correct price range and price filter are displayed, as well as checking that items indeed fall within the selected price range

**Pre-condition(s):** Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.

Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Go to the shop page</li> <li>2. Use the price filter slider to adjust the minimum and maximum price to some arbitrary values</li> <li>3. Retrieve those values from the input fields above the slider</li> <li>4. Check that the price range is correct</li> </ol>		<p>Using the slider, the price range can be adjusted.</p> <p>Correct range, average price and filter are displayed.</p> <p>Items displayed fall within the selected range.</p>	<p>Using the slider, the price range can be adjusted. Correct range, average price and filter are displayed. Items displayed fall within the selected range.</p>	PASS

- |   |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| 5. Check that the average price is correct  |  |  |  |
| 6. Check that the applied price filter is correct                                       |  |  |  |
| 7. Sort elements by price, from low to high   |  |  |  |
| 8. Check that the price of the first item is greater than or equal to the minimum price |  |  |  |
| 9. Check that the price of the last item is greater than or equal to the maximum price  |  |  |  |

#### Notes:

```

@Test
void testPriceFilter() throws InterruptedException {
    openShopPage();
    selectPrices();

    WebElement minPriceFilterInput = webDriver.findElement(By.className("PriceMenu_minPriceInput__2GC2p"));
    WebElement maxPriceFilterInput = webDriver.findElement(By.className("PriceMenu_maxPriceInput__2RsAW"));
    double minPrice = Double.parseDouble(minPriceFilterInput.getAttribute("value"));
    double maxPrice = Double.parseDouble(maxPriceFilterInput.getAttribute("value"));

    WebElement priceRange = webDriver.findElement(By.className("PriceMenu_priceRange__3eMWN"));
    String expectedPriceRange = "$" + minPrice + "-$" + maxPrice;
    assertEquals(expectedPriceRange, priceRange.getText());

    WebElement averagePrice = webDriver.findElement(By.className("PriceMenu_priceAverage__1lTg9"));
    double avgPriceDouble = ((minPrice + maxPrice) / 2);
    DecimalFormat decimalFormat = new DecimalFormat("0.00");
    String avgPrice = "The average price is $" + decimalFormat.format(avgPriceDouble);
    assertEquals(avgPrice, averagePrice.getText());

    WebElement priceActiveFilter = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//html/body/div/div/div[3]/div/div/div[2]/div[1]/div/div/button"));
    String priceFilterValue = priceActiveFilter.getText().split(" ")[0];
    assertEquals(expectedPriceRange, priceFilterValue);

    Select sortOptions = new Select(webDriver.findElement(By.className("ShopPageItems_sortDropdown__2zRR6")));
    sortOptions.selectByVisibleText("Price: Low to High");
    Thread.sleep(2000);

    List<WebElement> listedItems = webDriver.findElements(By.className("Item_itemContainer__uYG6J"));
    WebElement startingPriceContainerFirst = listedItems.get(0).findElement(By.className("Item_startPrice__1Qwpu"));
    WebElement startingPriceContainerLast = listedItems.get(listedItems.size()-1).findElement(By.className("Item_startPrice__1Qwpu"));
    Double startingPriceFirst = Double.parseDouble(startingPriceContainerFirst.getText().substring(12));
    Double startingPriceLast = Double.parseDouble(startingPriceContainerLast.getText().substring(12));

    assertTrue(startingPriceFirst >= minPrice);
    assertTrue(startingPriceLast <= maxPrice);
}

```

### 3.4.5. Test Selecting Multiple Filters and Clearing All

**Test Name:** Test selecting multiple filters and clearing all

**Description:** Select all three possible types of filters and check that when clear all is clicked, all of them are removed

**Pre-condition(s):** Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.

Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
1. Go to the shop page 2. Select first two categories to apply filter 3. Select first subcategory to apply filter 4. Use the price slider to apply filter 5. Click the “Clear All” button 6. Assert that no active filters are displayed		After “Clear All” is clicked, no filters are displayed as active.	After “Clear All” is clicked, no filters are displayed as active.	PASS

**Notes:**

```

@Test
void testMultipleFiltersAndClearAll() throws InterruptedException {
    openShopPage();

    List<WebElement> categories = webDriver.findElements(By.className("Category_collapsibleCategory__3wERX"));
    String categoryName1 = categories.get(0).getText().split("\s+")[0];
    String categoryName2 = categories.get(1).getText().split("\s+")[0];
    categories.get(0).click();
    categories.get(1).click();

    WebElement subcategory = webDriver.findElement(By.className("Subcategory_subcategoryItem__1tROv"));
    String subcategoryName = subcategory.getText().split("\s+")[0];
    WebElement subcategoryCheckbox = subcategory.findElement(By.tagName("input"));
    subcategoryCheckbox.click();

    JavascriptExecutor js = (JavascriptExecutor) webDriver;
    js.executeScript("window.scrollBy(0,300)", "");
    Thread.sleep(2000);

    selectPrices();
    WebElement minPriceFilterInput = webDriver.findElement(By.className("PriceMenu_minPriceInput__2GC2p"));
    WebElement maxPriceFilterInput = webDriver.findElement(By.className("PriceMenu_maxPriceInput__2RsAW"));
    double minPrice = Double.parseDouble(minPriceFilterInput.getAttribute("value"));
    double maxPrice = Double.parseDouble(maxPriceFilterInput.getAttribute("value"));

    js.executeScript("window.scrollBy(0,-300)", "");
    Thread.sleep(2000);

    List<WebElement> allActiveFilters = webDriver.findElements(By.className("ActiveFilters_filter__xHUUv"));
    String[] activeFilterNames = new String[3];
    for (int i = 0; i < allActiveFilters.size(); i++) {
        activeFilterNames[i] = allActiveFilters.get(i).getText().split(" ")[0];
    }

    String expectedCategoryFilterName = categoryName2;
    String expectedSubcategoryFilterName = categoryName1 + "/" + subcategoryName;
    String expectedPriceFilterName = "$" + minPrice + "-$" + maxPrice;

    assertEquals(expectedCategoryFilterName, activeFilterNames[0]);
    assertEquals(expectedSubcategoryFilterName, activeFilterNames[1]);
    assertEquals(expectedPriceFilterName, activeFilterNames[2]);

    WebElement clearAllButton = webDriver.findElement(By.className("ActiveFilters_clearAllButton__3lJdT"));
    clearAllButton.click();

    assertThrows(NoSuchElementException.class,
        () -> {webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='root']/div/div[3]/div/div[2]/div[1]/div/p"))});
}

```

### 3.4.6. Test Selecting Multiple Filters and Sorting

**Test Name:** Test selecting multiple filters and sorting

**Description:** Check whether sorting options are applied correctly, in combination with applied filters

**Pre-condition(s):** Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.

Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Go to the shop page</li> <li>2. Select first two categories to apply filter</li> </ol>		<p>Default sorting is alphabetical.</p> <p>Selecting options to sort by price</p>	<p>Default sorting is alphabetical.</p> <p>Selecting options to sort by price order</p>	PASS

3. Select first subcategory to apply filter		order the items in a correct way.	the items in a correct way.
4. Use the price slider to apply filter			
5. Retrieve the names of first three items displayed			
6. Check if they are in alphabetical order			
7. Select the “Price: Low to High” sorting option			
8. Retrieve the starting prices for first three items displayed			
9. Compare them and assert that they are in ascending order			
10. Select the “Price: High to Low” sorting option			
11. Retrieve the starting prices for first three items displayed			
12. Compare them and assert that they are in descending order			

**Notes:** Default sorting should be alphabetical. Sorting by “Added: New to Old” and “Time Left” correspond to “New Arrivals” and “Last Chance”, which have already been tested. Alphabetical sorting is the default

```

@Test
void testMultipleFiltersAndSorting() throws InterruptedException {
    openShopPage();
    selectMultipleFilters();

    String[] names = new String[3];
    List<WebElement> listedItems = webDriver.findElements(By.className("Item_itemContainer__uYG6J"));
    for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
        WebElement item = listedItems.get(i);
        WebElement nameContainer = item.findElement(By.className("Item_title__3so5b"));
        names[i] = nameContainer.getText();
    }

    assertTrue(names[0].compareTo(names[1]) < 0);
    assertTrue(names[1].compareTo(names[2]) < 0);

    Select sortOptions = new Select(webDriver.findElement(By.className("ShopPageItems_sortDropdown__2zRR6")));
    sortOptions.selectByVisibleText("Price: Low to High");
    Thread.sleep(2000);

    Double[] prices = new Double[3];
    listedItems = webDriver.findElements(By.className("Item_itemContainer__uYG6J"));
    for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
        WebElement item = listedItems.get(i);
        WebElement startingPriceContainer = item.findElement(By.className("Item_startPrice__1QWpu"));
        prices[i] = Double.parseDouble(startingPriceContainer.getText().substring(12));
    }

    assertTrue(prices[0] < prices[1]);
    assertTrue(prices[1] < prices[2]);

    sortOptions.selectByVisibleText("Price: High to Low");
    Thread.sleep(2000);

    prices = new Double[3];
    listedItems = webDriver.findElements(By.className("Item_itemContainer__uYG6J"));
    for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
        WebElement item = listedItems.get(i);
        WebElement startingPriceContainer = item.findElement(By.className("Item_startPrice__1QWpu"));
        prices[i] = Double.parseDouble(startingPriceContainer.getText().substring(12));
    }

    assertTrue(prices[0] > prices[1]);
    assertTrue(prices[1] > prices[2]);
}

```

### 3.4.7. Test Selecting Multiple Filters and Switching Views

**Test Name:** Test selecting multiple filters and switching views

**Description:** Check whether buttons to switch views function, and whether additional elements are present in list view

**Pre-condition(s):** Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.

Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
1. Go to the shop page		Default view is grid view. Switching views changed	Default view is grid view. Switching views changed	PASS

<p>2. Select first two categories to apply filter</p> <p>3. Select first subcategory to apply filter</p> <p>4. Use the price slider to apply filter</p> <p>5. Check that the default view is the grid view</p> <p>6. Retrieve the name of the first item displayed</p> <p>7. Check that after clicking the list view button, the button becomes active</p> <p>8. Retrieve the name of the first item displayed</p> <p>9. Check that the names are the same</p> <p>10. Check that the description and bid button appear in list view</p>	<p>changed grid/list buttons to active. The first item is the same in both views. Description and bid button are shown in list view.</p>	<p>grid/list buttons to active. The first item is the same in both views.</p> <p>Description and bid button are shown in list view.</p>	
---	--	---	--

**Notes:**

```

@Test
void testMultipleFiltersAndGridListSwitching() throws InterruptedException {
    openShopPage();
    selectMultipleFilters();

    List<WebElement> listedItemsGridView = webDriver.findElements(By.className("Item_itemContainer__uYG6J"));
    WebElement firstItemGridView = listedItemsGridView.get(0);
    WebElement secondItemGridView = listedItemsGridView.get(1);
    String firstItemGridViewName = firstItemGridView.findElement(By.className("Item_title__3so5b")).getText();
    String secondItemGridViewName = secondItemGridView.findElement(By.className("Item_title__3so5b")).getText();

    WebElement gridViewButton = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div/div/div[2]/div/button[1]"));
    WebElement listViewButton = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div/div/div[2]/div/button[2]"));

    assertEquals("ShopPageItems_gridListButtonActive__26AAN", gridViewButton.getAttribute("class"));
    listViewButton.click();
    assertEquals("ShopPageItems_gridListButtonActive__26AAN", listViewButton.getAttribute("class"));

    List<WebElement> listedItemsListView = webDriver.findElements(By.className("ListItem_itemContainer__2s8p_"));
    WebElement firstItemListView = listedItemsListView.get(0);
    WebElement secondItemListView = listedItemsListView.get(1);
    String firstItemListViewName = firstItemListView.findElement(By.className("ListItem_title__1l8Nk")).getText();
    String secondItemListViewName = secondItemListView.findElement(By.className("ListItem_title__1l8Nk")).getText();

    assertEquals(firstItemGridViewName, firstItemListViewName);
    assertEquals(secondItemGridViewName, secondItemListViewName);

    WebElement description = firstItemListView.findElement(By.className("ListItem_description__3ZsnJ"));
    WebElement bidButton = firstItemListView.findElement(By.className("ListItem_bidButton__3b2IV"));

    assertTrue(description.isDisplayed());
    assertTrue(bidButton.isDisplayed());
}

```

### 3.4.8. Helper Methods

Below are helper methods used in this scenario, added in order to reduce code redundancy.

```

void selectMultipleFilters() throws InterruptedException {
    List<WebElement> categories = webDriver.findElements(By.className("Category_collapsibleCategory__3wERX"));
    categories.get(0).click();
    categories.get(1).click();

    WebElement subcategory = webDriver.findElement(By.className("Subcategory_subcategoryItem__1tROv"));
    WebElement subcategoryCheckbox = subcategory.findElement(By.tagName("input"));
    subcategoryCheckbox.click();

    JavascriptExecutor js = (JavascriptExecutor) webDriver;
    js.executeScript("window.scrollBy(0,300)", "");
    Thread.sleep(2000);

    selectPrices();
    js.executeScript("window.scrollBy(0,-300)", "");
    Thread.sleep(2000);
}

void selectPrices() {
    WebElement minPriceSlider = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div/div/div[1]/div[2]/span/span[3]"));
    Actions moveMinSlider = new Actions(webDriver);
    moveMinSlider
        .moveToElement(minPriceSlider)
        .clickAndHold(minPriceSlider)
        .moveByOffset(10, 0)
        .release().perform();

    WebElement maxPriceSlider = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div/div/div[1]/div[2]/span/span[4]"));
    Actions moveMaxSlider = new Actions(webDriver);
    moveMaxSlider
        .moveToElement(maxPriceSlider)
        .clickAndHold(maxPriceSlider)
        .moveByOffset(-150, 0)
        .release().perform();
}

void openShopPage() throws InterruptedException {
    WebElement shopLink = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[2]/div/div[3]/a[2]"));
    shopLink.click();
    Thread.sleep(2000);
}

```

### 3.5. Item Page Interaction

Guest user, while on the item page, can view information about the product, but cannot bid.

Logged-in user can take part in the bidding process, which has validation.

### 3.5.1. Test Item Header and Title

<b>Test Name:</b> Test item header and title				
<b>Description:</b> Check if the item name in header and title match.				
<b>Pre-condition(s):</b> Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.				
Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Click shop page.</li><li>Iterate shop elements (items).</li><li>Click item.</li><li>Check if item name is the same in the title and header.</li></ol>		Item name is the same.	Item name is the same.	PASS
<b>Notes:</b>				
<pre>@Test void testItemHeaderAndTitle() throws InterruptedException {     openShopPage();     List&lt;WebElement&gt; itemList = webDriver.findElements(By.className("Item_itemContainer__uYG6J"));      for (int i = 1; i &lt; itemList.size() + 1; i++) {         //Locate xpath of next element in iteration         String xpath = String.format("//html/body/div/div/div[3]/div/div/div[2]/div[3]/div[%d]", i);         webDriver.findElement(By.xpath(xpath)).click();         Thread.sleep( millis: 1000);          WebElement headerName = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//html/body/div[1]/div/div[3]/div[1]/p"));         WebElement itemName = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//html/body/div[1]/div/div[3]/div[2]/div/div/div[2]/h3"));         assertEquals(headerName.getText(), itemName.getText());         webDriver.navigate().back();         Thread.sleep( millis: 1000);     } }</pre>				

### 3.5.2. Test Breadcrumbs

<b>Test Name:</b> Test Breadcrumbs				
<b>Description:</b> Check if the URL of the previous page is correct.				
<b>Pre-condition(s):</b> Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.				
Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Click home page item.</li><li>Check that previous page was home.</li><li>Click shop page.</li><li>Click shop page item.</li><li>Check that previous page was shop.</li></ol>		Previous pages are displayed correctly.	Previous page of shop item is incorrect.	FAIL
<b>Notes:</b>				

```

@Test
void testBreadcrumbs() throws InterruptedException {
    Thread.sleep( 2000 );
    WebElement homePageItem = webDriver.findElement(By.className("Item_itemContainer__uYG6J"));
    homePageItem.click();
    Thread.sleep( 2000 );

    WebElement previousPageInBreadcrumbs = webDriver.findElement(By.className("ItemOverview_breadcrumbsLink__1bkCB"));
    assertEquals( expected: "Home", previousPageInBreadcrumbs.getText());

    openShopPage();

    WebElement shopPageItem = webDriver.findElement(By.className("Item_itemContainer__uYG6J"));
    shopPageItem.click();
    Thread.sleep( 2000 );

    previousPageInBreadcrumbs = webDriver.findElement(By.className("ItemOverview_breadcrumbsLink__1bkCB"));
    assertEquals( expected: "Shop", previousPageInBreadcrumbs.getText());
}

```

### 3.5.3. Test Ability to Place Bid

<b>Test Name:</b> Test ability to place bid				
<b>Description:</b> Check if a bid can be placed on any item. Only a logged in user can bid.				
<b>Pre-condition(s):</b> Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.				
Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
1. Click shop page. 2. Iterate shop elements (items). 3. Click item. 4. Check if bid container is hidden. 5. Login into existing account. 6. Check if bid container is displayed.		Bid container is hidden until the user logs in.	Bid container is hidden until the user logs in.	PASS
<b>Notes:</b>				

```

@Test
void testIfUserCanPlaceBid() throws InterruptedException{
    openShopPage();
    List<WebElement> itemList = webDriver.findElements(By.className("Item_itemContainer__uYG6J"));

    for (int i = 1; i < itemList.size() + 1; i++) {
        String xpath = String.format("/html/body/div/div/div[3]/div/div/div[2]/div[3]/div[%d]", i);
        webDriver.findElement(By.xpath(xpath)).click();
        Thread.sleep( millis: 1000 );
        assertThrows(NoSuchElementException.class,
            () -> {webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("/html/body/div/div/div[3]/div/div[2]/div/div[1]/div[2]/div[2]/button"))});
        webDriver.navigate().back();
        Thread.sleep( millis: 1000 );
    }

    doLogin();
    openShopPage();

    for(int i = 1; i < itemList.size() + 1; i++) {
        String xpath = String.format("/html/body/div/div/div[3]/div/div/div[2]/div[3]/div[%d]", i);
        webDriver.findElement(By.xpath(xpath)).click();
        Thread.sleep( millis: 1000 );
        WebElement bidButton = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("/html/body/div/div/div[3]/div/div[2]/div/div[1]/div[2]/div[2]/button"));
        assertEquals( expected: "PLACE BID", bidButton.getText());
        webDriver.navigate().back();
        Thread.sleep( millis: 1000 );
    }
    doLogout();
}

```

### 3.5.4. Test Bid Placeholder

**Test Name:** Test bid placeholder

**Description:** Check if the appropriate bid value is displayed in the placeholder.

**Pre-condition(s):** Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.

Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
1. Click shop page. 2. Iterate shop elements (items). 3. Click item. 4. Check if placeholder bid value is adequate.		Starting bid is correct.	Starting bid is correct.	PASS

**Notes:** Value displayed in the placeholder should be 0.1 higher than the starting price if there are no bids, and otherwise 0.1 higher than the highest bid.

```

    @Test
    void testBidPlaceholder() throws InterruptedException{
        doLogin();
        openShopPage();
        List<WebElement> itemList = webDriver.findElements(By.className("Item_itemContainer__uYG6J"));

        for(int i = 1; i < itemList.size() + 1; i++) {
            String xpath = String.format("//html/body/div/div/div[3]/div/div[2]/div[%d]", i);
            webDriver.findElement(By.xpath(xpath)).click();
            Thread.sleep( 1000 );

            Double startBid = Double.parseDouble(webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='root']/div/div[3]/div[2]/div/div[1]/div[2]/p/span")).getText().substring(1));
            Double highestBid = Double.parseDouble(webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='root']/div/div[3]/div[2]/div/div[1]/div[2]/div[1]/span")).getText().substring(1));
            Double placeholderBid = Double.parseDouble(webDriver.findElement(By.cssSelector("input.ItemOverview_bidInput__3ic45")).getAttribute("placeholder").split(" ")[1].substring(1));
            Boolean verifyStartBid;

            if (placeholderBid > startBid && placeholderBid > highestBid) {
                verifyStartBid = true;
            } else {
                verifyStartBid = false;
            }

            assertTrue(verifyStartBid);
            webDriver.navigate().back();
            Thread.sleep( 1000 );
        }
        doLogout();
    }
}

```

### 3.5.5. Test Bidding Process

**Test Name:** Test bidding process

**Description:** Check if a bid can be made. Bid must be higher than the highest and starting bid. After placing a bid, the number of bids and the highest bid should update.

**Pre-condition(s):** Before starting with each scenario, the server is started. Every test starts from the home page.

Test Steps:	Test Data:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:	Status:
<p>1. Log in</p> <p>2. Click shop page.</p> <p>3. Iterate shop elements (items).</p> <p>4. Click item.</p> <p>5. Send invalid bid.</p> <p>6. Click bid button.</p> <p>7. Check for bid fail alert.</p> <p>8. Check that number of bids did not update.</p> <p>9. Send valid bid.</p> <p>10. Click bid button.</p> <p>11. Check if bid is submitted.</p> <p>12. Check that number of bids and highest bid are updated.</p>		After entering a valid bid, it is submitted and the number of bids and the highest bid are updated.	After entering a valid bid, it is submitted and the number of bids and the highest bid are updated.	PASS

**Notes:**

```

@Test
void testBiddingProcess() throws InterruptedException{
    doLogin();
    openShopPage();
    List<WebElement> itemList = webDriver.findElements(By.className("Item_itemContainer__uY66J"));

    for(int i = 1; i < 2; i++) {
        String xpath = String.format("/html/body/div/div/div[3]/div/div/div[2]/div[3]/div[%d]", i);
        webDriver.findElement(By.xpath(xpath)).click();
        Thread.sleep( millis: 3000 );

        int noOfBids = Integer.parseInt(webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[3]/div[2]/div/div[1]/p[2]/span")).getText());

        Double startBid = Double.parseDouble(webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[3]/div[2]/div/div[1]/div[2]/p/span")).getText().substring(1));
        Double highestBid = Double.parseDouble(webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[3]/div[2]/div/div[1]/div[2]/div[1]/p[1]/span")).getText().substring(1));
        Double valueToUse = getBiggerDouble(startBid, highestBid);
        Double lesserBid = valueToUse - 0.1;
        Double higherBid = valueToUse + 0.1;

        WebElement bidPlaceholder = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[3]/div[2]/div/div[1]/div[2]/div[1]/input"));
        WebElement bidButton = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//html/body/div/div/div[3]/div[2]/div/div[1]/div[2]/div[2]/button"));

        bidPlaceholder.sendKeys(String.valueOf(lesserBid));
        bidButton.click();
        Thread.sleep( millis: 3000 );

        WebElement failAlert = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[3]/div[2]"));
        assertEquals( expected: "There are higher bids than yours. You could give a second try!", failAlert.getText());
        int noOfBidsAfterFail = Integer.parseInt(webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[3]/div[2]/div[1]/p[2]/span")).getText());
        assertEquals(noOfBids, noOfBidsAfterFail);
        Thread.sleep( millis: 3000 );

        bidPlaceholder.clear();
        bidPlaceholder.sendKeys(String.valueOf(higherBid));
        bidButton.click();
        Thread.sleep( millis: 3000 );

        WebElement alertSuccess = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[3]/div[2]"));
        assertEquals( expected: "Congrats! You are the highest bidder!", alertSuccess.getText());

        highestBid = Double.parseDouble(webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[3]/div[2]/div[1]/p[1]/span")).getText().substring(1));
        int noOfBidsAfterSuccess = Integer.parseInt(webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]/div/div[3]/div[2]/div[1]/p[2]/span")).getText());
        assertEquals(highestBid, higherBid);
        assertEquals( expected: noOfBids + 1, noOfBidsAfterSuccess);

        webDriver.navigate().back();
        Thread.sleep( millis: 1000 );
    }
    doLogout();
}

```

### 3.5.6. Helper Methods

Below are helper methods used in this scenario, added in order to reduce code redundancy.

```

void openShopPage() throws InterruptedException {
    WebElement shopLink = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[2]/div/div[3]/a[2]"));
    shopLink.click();
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);
}

Double getBiggerDouble(Double a, Double b) {
    if(a > b) {
        return a;
    } else {
        return b;
    }
}

void doLogin() throws InterruptedException {
    WebElement login = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[1]/nav/p/a[1]"));
    login.click();
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);
    WebElement email = webDriver.findElement(By.name("email"));
    WebElement password = webDriver.findElement(By.name("password"));
    email.sendKeys( ...keysToSend: "matej.mujezinovic@gmail.com");
    password.sendKeys( ...keysToSend: "123456789");
    WebElement loginButton = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[3]/div[2]/form/button"));
    loginButton.click();
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);
}

void doLogout() throws InterruptedException {
    WebElement logout = webDriver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id=\"root\"]//div/div[1]/nav/p/a[1]"));
    logout.click();
    Thread.sleep( millis: 2000);
}

```

## 4. Conclusion

### 4.1. Testing Summary

Testing Tool	Total Tests	Passed Tests	Failed Tests
jUnit/Selenium	26	25	1

Failed Test: [3.5.2. Test Breadcrumbs](#)

### 4.2. Final Thoughts

We were very happy to have the opportunity to test a website that one of us created. We covered every important functionality of the web shop giving it a decent amount of code coverage and quality assurance. A great majority of the tests have passed, indicating that the web application does operate in a very functional and correct way. However, even for the tests that have passed, there are some elements which could be improved, in terms of better UI experience, e.g. the message after an unauthorized login could be “Wrong email or password” instead of “Request failed with status code

401". The failure of the breadcrumbs test was a nice discovery and unveiled a bug that the developer was unaware of before, displaying the importance of testing during the development process.