Multi-Variate Linear Regression

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In [9]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

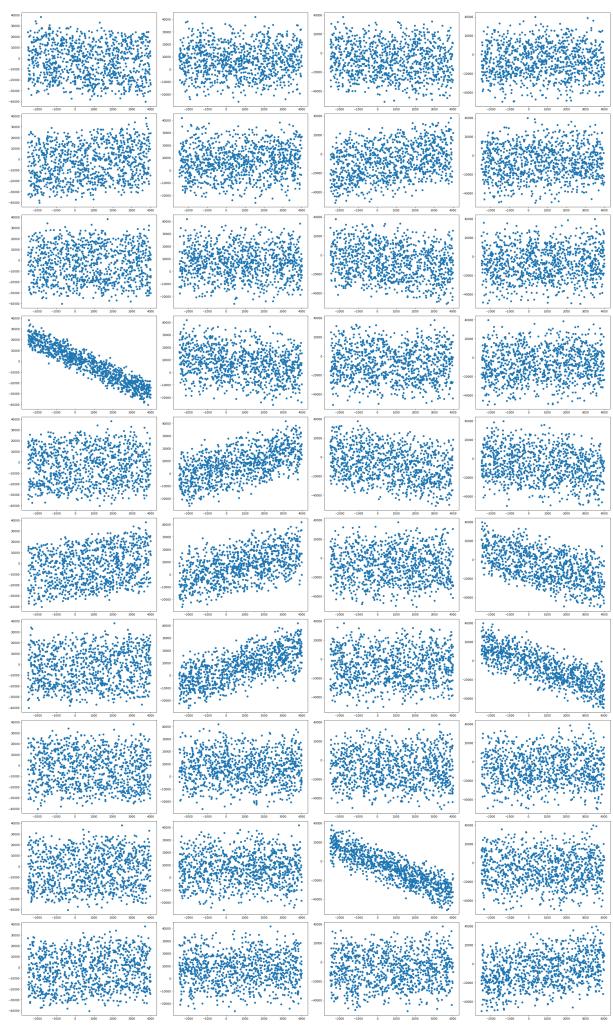
In [10]: #Lambda function to create linearly dependent feature using linearly independent features
dep_feat = lambda X: np.sum([np.random.uniform(10,10)+np.random.randint(0,2)*np.random.randint(-10,10)*np.random.rand()*x for x in X],axis=0)

In [11]: #Initializing constants N <- No. of records, NO_INDEP <- No. of Independent Features, NO_DEP <- No. of Dependent Features
N = 1000
NO_INDEP = 10
NO_DEP = 4</pre>
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In [12]: #Initializing Independent Features X and Dependent Features Y
         X = np.array([np.random.uniform(low=-2500,high=4001,size=N) for _ in range(NO_INDEP)])
         Y = np.transpose([dep_feat(X) for _ in range(NO_DEP)])
         X = np.transpose(X)
         print(f"Shape of Independent Array: {X.shape},Shape of Dependent Array: {Y.shape}")
         print(f"Sample of X data from each features:\n {X[:10,:]}")
         print(f"Sample of Y data from each features:\n {Y[:10,:]}")
         Shape of Independent Array: (1000, 10), Shape of Dependent Array: (1000, 4)
         Sample of X data from each features:
          [[ 3517.36411745 3242.55487782 1504.67607976 3226.63227622
            -920.1981244 -1707.33163588 3706.33546492 2932.22514714
            3569.83653402 -365.01638012]
          [ 2970.65588953 -398.40570039 2685.21420735 -755.71512461
            1410.56656655 2561.16992899 3298.43661622 3678.38940818
          -825.84615784 3853.50737534]
[ 2264.11644431 1723.10709214 2575.55049952 -1545.96619944
           -1310.78850035 3785.76949599 3492.19283486 -1782.50668535
            724.47400094 1112.58514722]
          [ 1826.44220667 -2028.40216093 1547.78294526 -1125.21689097
            -518.83851474 \quad -545.89148162 \quad -1966.03802717 \quad 1491.70816542
           3274.73803414 62.60049293]
          [ 684.06862355 -790.12721043 2459.11760112 3316.94509863
            3648.94615902 1570.81760048
                                         103.78725663 -1978.66985567
            -564.87640845 -1221.29854422]
          [ 875.10627978 2961.91361651 1300.35312827 -434.08739244
           -1097.70175763 -291.25786239 -2119.14918139 1786.16295187
            -353.02453889 1235.46064586]
          [ 125.29622962 2506.00256549 1463.22622442 -1898.50438102
             196.46293069 3240.44440033 957.4538656 -1301.082368
             977.84967921
                          867.99298017]
          [-1170.80852259 -402.22742058 1805.49815175 2384.89282736
            -322.50930537 -640.78597159 -1037.2555477 -2273.88239981
           2052.57617831 -990.128462671
          [-2309.07704444 1409.13580929 1517.52149903 -438.0430452
           -1118.0855794 2396.95264855 -961.24801975 -45.24891748
           -1948.04437598 1837.55807605]
          -2079.70400979 -372.83631433 -279.54406207 1099.88192433
           -2333.76306898 -678.09158362]]
         Sample of Y data from each features:
          [[-30006.32284031 1797.11074228 -21365.7146995 -10003.18125475]
          [ 13145.29345795 27641.28417799 -3758.05432889 -25619.70098495]
          [ 23497.50496002 22732.26919346 -1048.03173066 -33701.56351273]
          [ 4205.92218009 -9402.66895759 -33746.2089082 14332.16639925]
          [-25192.2736726 13613.87713678 -15578.31542618 -17673.47704061]
            6457.05888182 -12372.42860218 13302.0848313 24417.43081554]
           27305.11625887 17149.78818647 -2069.22452284 -17498.41658928]
          [-21270.96301299 -10930.79251929 -22242.86025724 8213.42668203]
          3595.33946789]
            5949.04474399 -7617.30647249 13666.99309792 3514.0923618 ]]
```

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In [13]: #Scatter plot between each dependent and independent variable
fig,axes = plt.subplots(NO_INDEP,NO_DEP,figsize=(30,50),tight_layout=True)
for i in range(NO_INDEP):
    for j in range(NO_DEP):
        axes[i,j].scatter(x=X[:,i],y=Y[:,j])

plt.show()
```



```
In [14]: class MultiVariateRegression:
           def fit model(self,X,Y):
             # Estimator Beta[i,j] calculation using matrices (Generalization of Multiple Linear Regression
          to Multivariate Regression)
             self.X,self.Y = np.concatenate((np.ones((len(X),1)),X),axis=1),np.array(Y)
             self.X_transpose = self.X.T
             self.compose_mat = np.matmul(self.X_transpose,self.X) #Making square matrix that contains all
          the required summation of (XiXj)
             self.compose_inverse = np.linalg.inv(self.compose_mat)
             self.Beta = np.matmul(np.matmul(self.compose_inverse,self.X_transpose),Y) #Calculating Beta Es
          timators
           def predict(self,X):
             return np.matmul(np.concatenate(([1],X)),self.Beta) #Predicting Single Sample
           def predict many(self,indep feat):
             #Predicting Multiple Sample
             Y = []
             for x in indep_feat:
               Y.append(self.predict(x))
             return np.array(Y)
           def residual(self,Y,predicted_Y):
             #Error calculation using SSR and averaging errors of all the dependent variables
             sq_of_res = np.square(np.subtract(Y,predicted_Y))
             np.round(sq_of_res,2)
             ssr = np.sum(np.transpose(sq_of_res),axis=1)
             return np.round(np.average(ssr),2)
```

```
In [15]: #Model Demonstration
    mvr = MultiVariateRegression()
    X_train, X_test, Y_train,Y_test = train_test_split(X,Y,test_size=0.33,random_state=69,shuffle=True
) # Splitting in training and test set
    mvr.fit_model(X_train,Y_train)
    Y_predicted = mvr.predict_many(X_test)
    print(f"Residual: {mvr.residual(Y_test,Y_predicted)}")
    #Residual is zero since each dependent vector is a linear combination of independent vectors (refe
    r block 2) it shows model working as required
    #It can also be used to check relation between independent variables
```

Residual: 0.0