# Python Python | Session 1

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# Python

- High level programming language
- Used in Scientific computing, Application development, etc.

# Why Python?

- Easy to learn, read and, modify
- Easy to implement
- Object Oriented

### List manipulation

```
empty_list = []
list = [1, 4, 9, 2]
print list
list.append(8)
list.pop()
print list
```

```
# List
# [1, 4, 9, 2]
# [1, 4, 9, 2, 8]
# 8
# [1, 4, 9, 2]
```

### List manipulation- access elements

```
org = ["gnu.org", "emacs.org", "hive.org"] # List
print org[0]  # gnu.org
print org[2]  # hive.org

# Last elements
print org[-1]  # hive.org
print org[-2]  # emacs.org
```

### List manipulation-slicing

```
org = ["gnu.org", "emacs.org", "hive.org"] # List
print org[:1] # ['gnu.org']
print org[:2] # ['gnu.org', 'emacs.org']
print org[:3] # ['gnu.org', 'emacs.org', 'hive.org']
```

### List manipulation-slicing

```
list = [9, 6, 3, 1, 7, 5, 0, 4, 8]
list[0:3] # [9, 6, 3]
list[1:3] # [6, 3]
list[1:1] # []
list[5:7] # [5, 0]
list[4:5] # ?
```

```
List manipulation
list = [9. 6. 3]
# Add list
new_list = ["Gandolf", "Gollum", "Aragron"]
my_new_list = list + new_list
# [9, 6, 3, 'Gandolf', 'Gollum', 'Aragron']
len(my_new_list)
                                 # 6
list_in_list = list.append(new_list)
# [9, 6, 3, ['Gandolf', 'Gollum', 'Aragron']]
list_in_list[3][2]
                                 # 'Aragron'
# What if I want to print 'Gandolf'?
```

### List

```
Run for-loop over list

new_list = ["Gandolf", "Gollum", "Aragron"]
for item in new_list:
    print item

# Gandolf
# Gollum
# Aragron
```

# Dictionary

```
empty_dict = {}
status = {
    'stdout': 'Hello'.
    'stderr': None.
    'exit': 0.
}
print status['exit'] # 0
print status['stdout'] # 'Hello'
print status.keys() # ['stdout', 'stderr', 'exit']
print status.values() # ['Hello', None, 0]
```

# Dictionary

```
run for-loop over a dictionary
numbers = {
    'one': 1,
    'two': 2.
    'three': 3,
    'four': 4
}
for k, v in numbers.iteritems():
    print k, v
```

```
Define a function
# Function definition
def greet():
    """Greet user."""
    print "Hello "

# Call a function
greet()
```

```
# Function definition
def greet():
    """Greet user."""
    # return a string
    return "Hello"

# Call a function
print greet()
```

```
Function with argument

# Function definition
def greet(username):
    """Greet user."""
    print "Hello ", username

# Call a function
name="Sachin"
greet(name)
```

```
Function with argument

# Function definition
def greet(username):
    """Greet user."""
    print "Hello %s" % username

# Call a function
name="Sachin"
greet(name)
```

### lambda function

```
(lambda x: x > 2)(3) # True
(lambda x: x > 2)(1) # False
(lambda x: x+10)(45) # 55
```

# string method

# Simple class

```
class Animal(object):
    """Animal class"""
   def walk(self):
       print "Walking.."
   def eat(self, food):
       print "Eating %s" % food
   def fight(self):
       print "Fighting.."
if name ==' main ':
   animal_obj = Animal() # instance
   animal_obj.fight() # Fighting..
   animal_obj.eat("flesh") # Eating flesh
```

# Simple class

```
class Animal(object):
    """Animal class"""
   def walk(self):
       print "Walking.."
   def eat(self, food="flesh"):
       print "Eating %s" % food
   def fight(self):
       print "Fighting.."
if __name__=='__main__':
   animal_obj = Animal() # instance
   animal_obj.fight() # Fighting..
   animal_obj.eat() # Eating flesh
```

### Inherit a class

```
Inherit Animal class
class Cat(Animal):
    """Animal category: Cat"""
    def drink(self):
        print "Drink Milk"
if __name__=='__main___':
    cat_obj = Cat() # instance
    cat_obj.drink() # Drink Milk
    cat_obj.walk() # Walking
    cat_obj.eat("Biscuit") # Eating Biscuit
```

### Class constructor

```
init
class Calculator():
    A calculator with offset.
    11 11 11
    def __init__(self, offset=0):
        self.offset = offset
    def add(self, x, y):
        return x + v + self.offset
if __name__=='__main__':
    calc = Calculator()
    print calc.add(2, 3) # 5
```



### A word about self

- self is similar to .this in Java
- Scope will be within a *Class*

### Module

### import Calculator

```
calc = Calculator()
calc.add(6, 7) # 13
```

## Module

from Calculator import add

add(6, 7) # 13

# Virtualenv

Written in python

Install - Ubuntu

sudo apt-get install python-virtualenv

### Create a virtual environment

#### Create

virtualenv ~/enigma

#### -no-site-packages

Don't give access to global package directory to virtual environment

virtualenv --no-site-packages ~/enigma

# Activate/Deactivate

#### Activate

source ~/enigma/bin/activate

#### Deactivate

deactivate

# pip

#### Install packages

```
pip install pep8
pip install pylint
pip install django==1.5
```

#### List packages

```
pip list
pip freeze
```

### References

- Books
  - Byte of Python
  - Dive into Python
  - Learn Python the Hard Way
- Links
  - https://docs.python.org/2.7/tutorial/
  - https://docs.python.org/2/
  - http://learnxinyminutes.com/docs/python/

### Contact

Proudly made with Emacs org-mode and LATEX

#### Contact

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