### Cloud Native and Why It Matters

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## Netflix pioneered the concept of cloud native - speed and access at scale

https://www.slideshare.net/AmazonWebServices/ dmg206

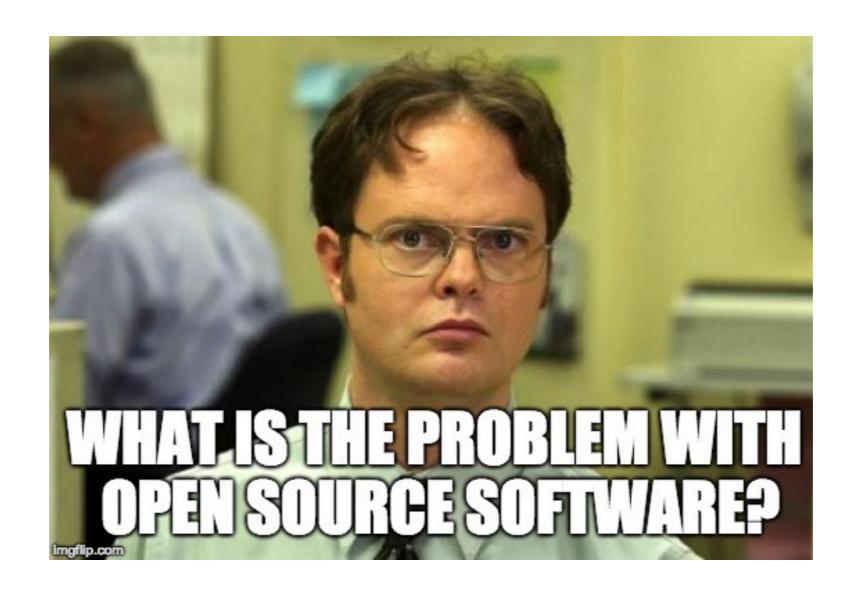


Enable cloud portability without vendor lock-in!

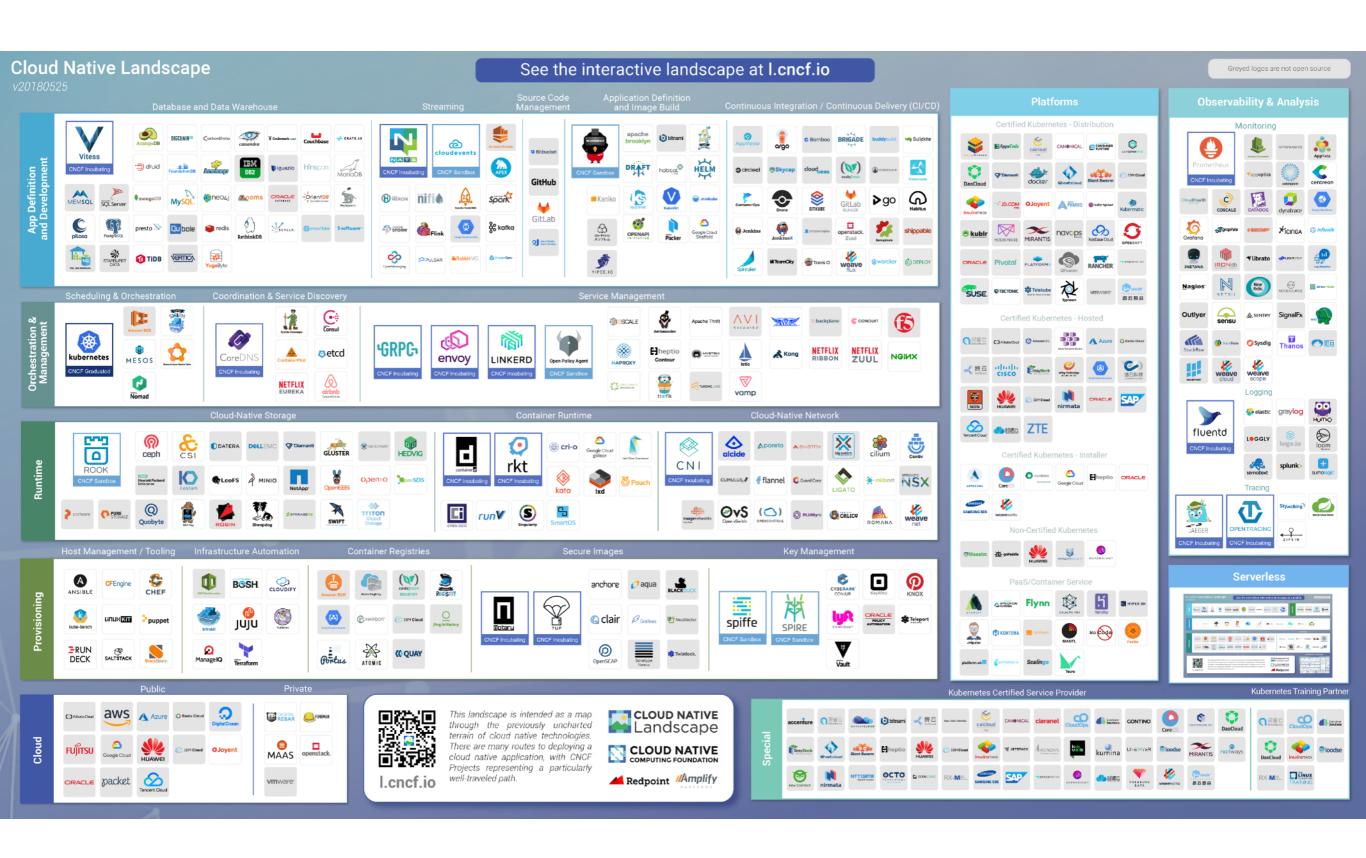
https://www.cncf.io/

CNCF is the part of Linux Foundation

Empowers vendor-neutral and open-source projects



- More a characteristic than a problem
- Who can guarantee that the open source project will be active after 1 year or more?
- CNCF Provides the tools that we can trust



### Serverless Cloud Native Landscape v20180525

### See the serverless interactive landscape at s.cncf.io

Greyed logos are not open source







































Framework

























Installable

O fission

OPENFAAS



Hosted

**Platform** 









































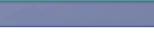














CLOUD NATIVE Landscape



### Cloud Native Landscape





Serverless computing refers to a new model of cloud native computing, enabled by architectures that do not require server management to build and run applications. This landscape illustrates a finer-grained deployment model where applications, bundled as one or more functions, are uploaded to a platform and then executed, scaled, and billed in response to the exact demand needed at the moment.

# Traditional vs Cloud Native applications

Cloud native is the new way of thinking about applications:

- Different in architecture
- Written in the stateless manner (shared state when needed)
- Using load balancers everywhere
- Nodes are disposable

### How to get there?

- Use common standards patterns
- Monitor everything metrics, logs (Prometheus, ELK, etc.)
- Use modern practices, micro-services (if applicable)
- Use containers
- Automate processes
- Use pipelines



### **CLOUD NATIVE** TRAIL MAP

The Cloud Native Landscape Lcncf.io has a large number of options. This Cloud Native Trail Map is a recommended process for leveraging open source, cloud native technologies. At each step, you can choose a vendor-supported offering or do it yourself, and everything after step #3 is optional based on your circumstances.

### HELP ALONG THE WAY

### A. Training and Certification

Consider training offerings from CNCF and then take the exam to become a Certified Kubernetes Administrator or a Certified Kubernetes Application Developer cncf.io/training

### B. Consulting Help

If you want assistance with Kubernetes and the surrounding ecosystem, consider leveraging a Kubernetes Certified Service Provider

cncf.io/kcsp

### C. Join CNCF's End User Community

For companies that don't offer cloud native services externally cncf.io/enduser

### WHAT IS CLOUD NATIVE?

Cloud-native technologies, such as containers and microservices, empower organizations to develop and deploy scalable, agile applications and services in dynamic. distributed environments. By taking into account these characteristics, such systems are designed to be resilient, elastic, and loosely coupled, via manageable abstractions and declarative APIs, thereby enabling effective, reliable automation. This allows engineers to observe the applications and to safely make impactful changes, and results in processes and workflows that fully take advantage of these environments and minimize toil.

The Cloud Native Computing Foundation seeks to drive adoption of these techniques by fostering an ecosystem of open-source, vendor-neutral projects that align with these objectives, and which are portable to public, private, and hybrid clouds. We democratize the state-of-the-art patterns and practices to ensure innovations remain open and accessible for everyone.



### 1. CONTAINERIZATION

- · Commonly done with Docker containers
- · Any size application and dependencies (even PDP-11 code running on an emulator) can be containerized
- · Over time, you should aspire towards splitting suitable applications and writing future functionality as microservices



### 3. ORCHESTRATION & **APPLICATION DEFINITION**

- · You should select a Certified Kubernetes Distribution, Hosted Platform, or Installer: cncf.io/ck
- · Helm Charts help you define, install, and upgrade even the most complex Kubernetes application







### 5. SERVICE MESH AND DISCOVERY

- is useful for service discovery
- · Envoy and Linkerd each enable service
- They offer health checking, routing, and load balancing







### CNCF Incubating CNCF Incubating CNCF Incubating

### When you need more resiliency and scalability than you can get from a single database, at scale through sharding.

7. DISTRIBUTED DATABASE





### 9. CONTAINER RUNTIME

You can use alternative container runtimes. The most common, all of which are OCIcompliant, are containerd, rkt and CRI-O.







### 2. CI/CD

- Setup Continuous Integration/Continuous Delivery (CI/CD) so that changes to your source code automatically result in a new container being built, tested, and deployed to staging and eventually, perhaps, to production
- · Setup automated rollouts, roll backs and testing

### 4. OBSERVABILITY & ANALYSIS

- · Pick solutions for monitoring, logging and tracing
- · For tracing, look for an OpenTracing-compatible











### 6. NETWORKING

like Calico, Flannel, or Weave Net.





### 8. MESSAGING

When you need higher performance than JSON-REST, consider using gRPC. NATS is publish/subscribe message-oriented middleware.





### 10. SOFTWARE DISTRIBUTION

If you need to do secure software distribution, evaluate Notary, an implementation of The Update Framework.



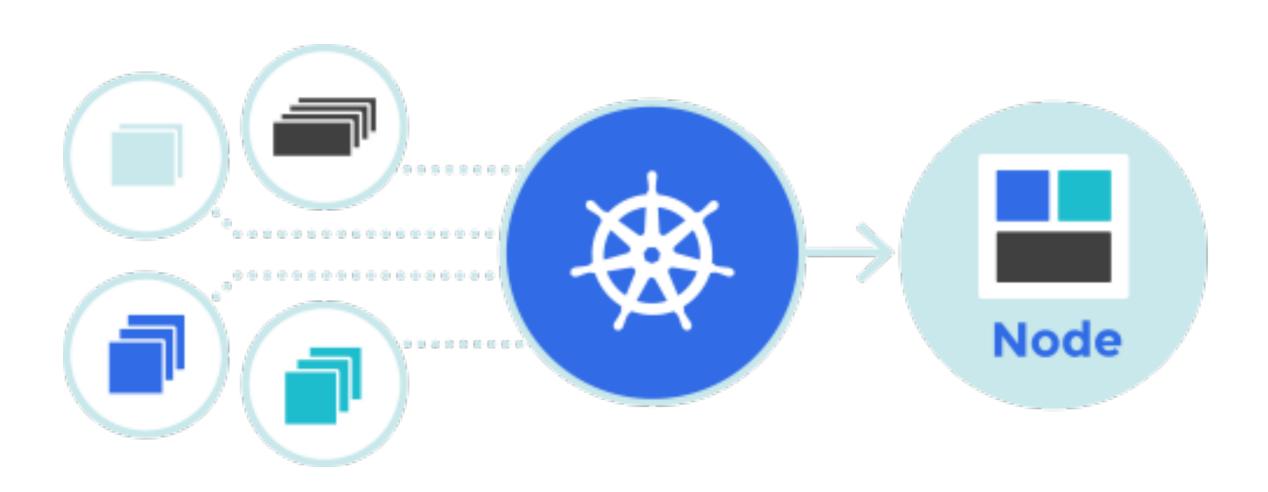




v20180604

# We shouldn't be proud of long-running services

## kubernetes.io



 People are asking the wrong questions when considering Kubernetes for their workloads

How to embrace Kubernetes successfully?

# The cloud native focus is on applications!

### Thanks!

