



TIC TAC TOE AI MODEL

Using LMS error function



NAME: SRI SAI VIJAYA ADITYA NITTALA

ROLL NO.: 177163

Section: A

The **Least Mean Squared** weight update rule is derived from the **Least Mean Squared** error function. This function is essentially average of the square of the distance between our prediction and the target value.

The weight update rule is:

LMS Weight Update Rule

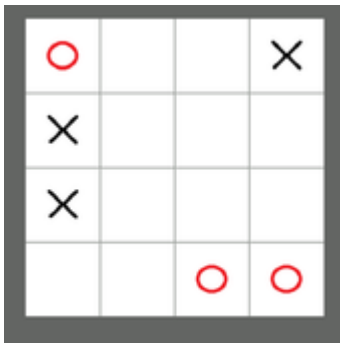
- For each training example $\langle b, V_{train}(b) \rangle$
 - Use the current weights to calculate $\hat{V}(b)$
 - For each weight w_i , update it as

$$w_i \leftarrow w_i + \eta(V_{train}(b) - \hat{V}(b))x_i$$

Where:

- $V_{train}(b)$ is the target for the training example b .
- $V(b)$ is the hypothesis obtained from the weighted sum of input features and weights.
- η is the learning rate.

Input feature extraction from a given 4x4 Tic Tac Toe board:



There are **8*size + 1** number of features:

- 1 is for the bias
- For n {from 1 to size}:
 - Number of rows with n Xs
 - Number of rows with n Os
 - Number of columns with n Xs
 - Number of columns with n Os
 - If major diagonal has n Xs
 - If major diagonal has n Os
 - If minor diagonal has n Xs
 - If minor diagonal has n Os

▼ **Assignment - 4 : Tic Tac Toe AI using LMS rule**

NAME: SRI SAI VIJAYA ADITYA NITTALA

ROLLNO: 177163

SECTION: A

NOTE:

The following program implements Tic Tac Toe for a 4x4 board due to insufficient infrastructure, that is, takes too long to play for a 5x5 board.

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import copy
import math
from tqdm import tqdm

def initialize_board(size = 4):
    '''
    Initialize board: (4x4)
    -----
    | - || - || - || - |
    -----
    | - || - || - || - |
    -----
    | - || - || - || - |
    -----
    | - || - || - || - |
    -----
    '''
    board = np.ones((size, size), dtype = str)
    board[:, :] = '-'
    return board

def getWinner(board):
    '''
    Function to return the winner based on the given board
    +100 : for X
    -100 : for O
    '''
    size = board.shape[0]

    for i in range(size):
        if np.all(board[i, :] == 'X'): # 4 Xs in row i -> X
            return 100
```

```

if np.all(board[i,:] == '0'): # 4 Os in row i -> 0
    return -100
if np.all(board[:,i] == 'X'): # 4 Xs in col i -> X
    return 100
if np.all(board[:,i] == 'O'): # 4 Os in col i -> 0
    return -100

```

```

diagonally = [1, 1, 1, 1]

```

```

for i in range(size):
    if board[i,i] != 'X':
        diagonally[0] = 0
    if board[i,i] != 'O':
        diagonally[1] = 0
    if board[i,(-i-1)] != 'X':
        diagonally[2] = 0
    if board[i,(-i-1)] != 'O':
        diagonally[3] = 0

```

```

for i in range(4):
    if diagonally[i]:
        if i == 0 or i == 1:
            return 100
        else:
            return -100

```

```

### check if it was a draw
if np.sum(board == '-') == 0:
    return 0

```

```

# Otherwise not over
return -1

```

```

def ExtractFeatures(board):

```

```

    '''

```

```

        Function to extract the (size*8 + 1) features from the board
        Explanation of input features given in assignment report
    '''

```

```

# get size and create feature vector using it
size = board.shape[0]
feature_vector = np.zeros(size*8 + 1, dtype=np.float64)

```

```

# bias
feature_vector[0] = 1.0

```

```

# calculate the number of Xs, Os, and -s in rows and columns
num_x_row = np.count_nonzero(board == 'X', axis = 1)
num_x_col = np.count_nonzero(board == 'X', axis = 0)
num_o_row = np.count_nonzero(board == 'O', axis = 1)

```

```

num_o_col    = np.count_nonzero(board == 'O', axis = 0)
num_emp_row  = np.count_nonzero(board == '-', axis = 1)
num_emp_col  = np.count_nonzero(board == '-', axis = 0)

# diagonal counters
major_X = 0      # Xs in leading
major_O = 0      # Os in leading
major_emp = 0    # -s in leading
minor_X = 0      # Xs in trailing
minor_O = 0      # Os in trailing
minor_emp = 0    # -s in trailing

for i in range(size):
    if board[i,i] == 'X':
        major_X += 1
    if board[i,i] == 'O':
        major_O += 1
    if board[i,i] == '-':
        major_emp += 1
    if board[i,-i-1] == 'X':
        minor_X += 1
    if board[i,-i-1] == 'O':
        minor_O += 1
    if board[i,-i-1] == '-':
        minor_emp += 1

# add values to feature vector
for i in range(1,size+1): # for each n of {1 to size}
    # for each row/col -> in first 4 of 8 positions
    for j in range(size):

        if num_x_row[j] == i and num_emp_row[j] == size-i:
            feature_vector[(i-1)*8 + 1] += 1
        if num_x_col[j] == i and num_emp_col[j] == size-i:
            feature_vector[(i-1)*8 + 2] += 1
        if num_o_row[j] == i and num_emp_row[j] == size-i:
            feature_vector[(i-1)*8 + 3] += 1
        if num_o_col[j] == i and num_emp_col[j] == size-i:
            feature_vector[(i-1)*8 + 4] += 1

# diagonals -> in next 4 positions
if major_X == i and major_emp == size-i :
    feature_vector[(i-1)*8 + 5] += 1
if minor_X == i and minor_emp == size-i :
    feature_vector[(i-1)*8 + 6] += 1
if major_O == i and major_emp == size-i :
    feature_vector[(i-1)*8 + 7] += 1
if minor_O == i and minor_emp == size-i :
    feature_vector[(i-1)*8 + 8] += 1

return feature_vector

```

```
return feature_vector
```

▼ Determine next possible moves

```
def getPossibleStates(board, player):
    """
        Function to determine the next possible moves from the current board state.
        For every empty slot '-':
            Replace with either 'X' or 'O' and append it to a list
        return list
    """
    board_states = []
    size = board.shape[0]

    for i in range(size):
        for j in range(size):
            if board[i,j] == '-':
                temp_board = copy.deepcopy(board)
                temp_board[i,j] = player
                board_states.append(temp_board)

    return board_states
```

▼ Get the value of the given board

```
def XFWT_single(board):
    """
        X : Extract
        F : Features
        W : Weighted
        T : Total

        For a given board, extract the features and then
        return weighted sum of features.
    """
    # extract features and calculate value
    feature_vector = ExtractFeatures(board)
    board_value = np.dot(weights, feature_vector.T)

    return board_value

def XFWT(boards):
    """
        X : Extract
        F : Features
        W : Weighted
        T : Total
    """
```

```

board_values = []

for board in boards:
    # extract features and calculate value
    feature_vector = ExtractFeatures(board)
    board_value = np.dot(weights, feature_vector.T)
    board_values.append(board_value)

return board_values

```

▼ Printing Board

```

def printBoard(board):
    size = board.shape[0]

    print("-----"*size)
    for i in range(size):
        for j in range(size):
            print("| {} |".format(board[i][j]), end='')
        print()
    print("-----"*size)

```

▼ Training function

```

def train(size, alpha, num_iters, weights):
    for epoch in tqdm(range(num_iters)):

        curr_board_history = []
        board = initialize_board(size)
        current = 'X'

        # till not over
        while (getWinner(board) == -1):

            # get next possible states, and calculate their values
            next_states = np.array(getPossibleStates(board, current))
            np.random.shuffle(next_states)
            next_values = XFWT(next_states)

            # append board to history and set the next board state as the one with maximum va
            curr_board_history.append(board)
            board = next_states[np.argmax(next_values)]

            # randomly change player to get optimal training
            rand_val = np.random.randn(1)
            if (rand_val > 0):
                current = 'X' if (current == 'O') else 'O'

```

```

curr_board_history.append(board)
result = getWinner(board)

# update weights
for idx, board_state in enumerate(curr_board_history):
    X = ExtractFeatures(board_state)
    if ((idx+2) < len(curr_board_history)):
        weights += alpha * (XFWT_single(curr_board_history[idx+2])
                             - XFWT_single(board_state))* X
    else:
        weights += alpha * (result - XFWT_single(board_state)) * X

# TRAINING
size = 4
alpha = 0.05
num_iters = 1000
num_features = size*8 + 1

weights = np.random.randn(num_features)*0.01 # initialize weights
train(size, alpha, num_iters, weights) # train model

100%|██████████| 1000/1000 [00:22<00:00, 45.27it/s]

```

▼ Test Function

```

def play(size):
    board = initialize_board(size)
    current = 'X'

    # till game is not over
    while (getWinner(board) == -1):
        if current == 'X':
            print('Computer\'s turn : ')

            next_states = np.array(getPossibleStates(board, current))
            next_values = XFWT(next_states)
            board = next_states[np.argmax(next_values)]
            printBoard(board)
        else:
            print('Human\'s move : ')
            while (True):
                a = int(input('Enter x coordinate : '))
                b = int(input('Enter y coordinate : '))
                if board[a,b] == '-':
                    break
            else:
                print("Please select an open position. Try again.")

```



```
board[a,b] = 'O'
printBoard(board)
```

```
current = 'X' if (current == 'O') else 'O'
```

```
result = getWinner(board)
if result == 100:
    print('Computer Wins!')
elif result == -100:
    print('Human Wins!')
else:
    print('Draw!')
```

```
print("Let the game begin : ")
play(size)
```

```
| x | | - | | o | | o |
```

```
-----
```

```
| - | | - | | - | | x |
```

```
-----
```

```
Computer's turn :
```

```
-----
```

```
| x | | x | | - | | o |
```

```
-----
```

```
| o | | - | | x | | o |
```

```
-----
```

```
| x | | - | | o | | o |
```

```
-----
```

```
| x | | - | | - | | x |
```

```
-----
```

```
Human's move :
```

```
Enter x coordinate : 0
```

```
Enter y coordinate : 2
```

```
-----
```

```
| x | | x | | o | | o |
```

```
-----
```

```
| o | | - | | x | | o |
```

```
-----
```

```
| x | | - | | o | | o |
```

```
-----
```

```
| x | | - | | - | | x |
```

```
-----
```

```
Computer's turn :
```

```
-----
```

```
| x | | x | | o | | o |
```

```
-----
```

```
| o | | - | | x | | o |
```

```
-----
```

```
| x | | - | | o | | o |
```

```
-----
```

```
| x | | - | | x | | x |
```

```
-----
```

```
Human's move :
```

```
Enter x coordinate : 1
```

```
Enter y coordinate : 1
```

```
-----  
| x || x || o || o |  
-----  
| o || o || x || o |  
-----  
| x || - || o || o |
```

```
-----  
| x || - || x || x |  
-----
```

Computer's turn :

```
-----  
| x || x || o || o |  
-----  
| o || o || x || o |  
-----  
| x || - || o || o |  
-----  
| x || x || x || x |  
-----
```

Computer Wins!