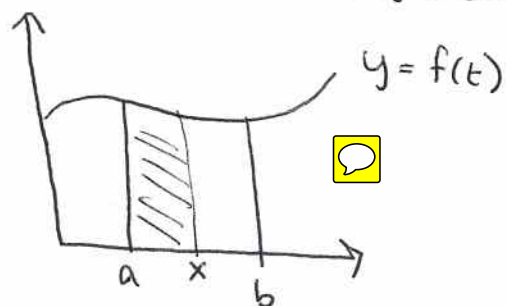


Please write an outline of the main contents of the lecture.

- Continuous functions - over  $[a, b]$



- Definite Integral

$$- \int_a^x f(t) dt = F(x)$$

- gives area

- Fundamental Thm of Calc

$$\frac{dF}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} \int_a^x f(t) dt = f(x)$$

↳ Antiderivative

→ Every cont.  $f$  has an antiderivative  $F(x)$

- Example of fundamental

$$\underbrace{\frac{d}{dx} \int_{\pi}^x \frac{\cos^2 t}{\ln(t-\sqrt{t})} dt}_{f(t)} = \underbrace{\frac{\cos^2 x}{\ln(x-\sqrt{x})}}_{f(x)}$$

5/20/2015

4PM

Michele Cunningham

Summary / Search Task

Group 3

(B, C, A)

K 5 1.

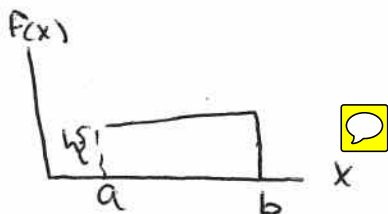
Please write an outline of the main contents of the lecture.

## Uniform Distribution

### Definition

$$X \sim \text{Unif}(a, b)$$

### • Example



$$\begin{aligned} \text{area} &= (b-a)h = 1 \\ \Rightarrow h &= \frac{1}{b-a} \end{aligned}$$

### • PDF

$$f_x(x) = \frac{1}{b-a} \quad a \leq x \leq b$$

### • Derivation of CDF

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < a \\ \frac{x-a}{b-a} & a \leq x \leq b \\ 1 & x > b \end{cases}$$

$$E(x) = \frac{b+a}{2}, \quad \text{Var}(x) = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12}$$

↳ Variance

### • Moment Generating function

$$M_x(t) = \frac{e^{bt} - e^{at}}{(b-a)t}$$

### CDF Definition

$$F_x(x) = P(X \leq x)$$

- When  $x \in [a, b]$

$$F_x(x) = \frac{x-a}{b-a}$$

- When  $x > b$

$$F_x(x) = 1$$

Please write an outline of the main contents of the lecture.

## Prove Trig From Eulers

### • Eulers

$$e^{ix} = \cos(x) + i\sin(x) \quad \square$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Prove } \sin^2(x) + \cos^2(x) \quad \square \quad |$$

### • Proof

$$e^{ix} = \cos x + i\sin x$$

$$e^{-ix} = e^{i(-x)} = \cos(-x) + i\sin(-x) = \cos x - i\sin x \quad \square$$

multiplying

$$e^{ix} \cdot e^{-ix} = (\cos x + i\sin x)(\cos x - i\sin x)$$

$$1 = \cos^2 x - i\cos x \sin x + i\sin x \cos x - i^2 \sin^2 x$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 = \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x$$

### • Angle Sum Formula □

$$e^{ia} = \cos a + i\sin a$$

$$e^{ia} e^{ib} = (\cos a + i\sin a)(\cos b + i\sin b) \quad \square$$

$$e^{i(a+b)} = \cos a \cos b - \sin a \sin b + i(\cos a \sin b + \sin a \cos b)$$

$\rightarrow$