"slluti.h" Library's Documentation

Description

"slluti" stands for "Singly Linked List Utility". The library consists of several functions which are needed to implement a basic singly linked list (from now – linked list) and to access its information. The library follows the principles of a "generic linked list" and thus can work with any primary data type prescribed to the data pointer in the linked list, however, not all data types can be processed (see – printList, getElementValue).

The library does not account for error handling (except memory allocation) or any improper uses of its functions. It is the user's responsibility to use the functions correctly and if not – there will be no apparent error's from the library that functions are misused. The library is made with the intention to use it in accordance to this documentation and this documentation only.

Additional functions and variables may be added by the user in the .h or its core .c file to change or improve the functionality and error handling of the library. WARNING – the creator of this library is not responsible for any crashes, errors, bugs, or any sort of inconveniences caused by library's original or user-defined files. Consider this a final warning – use and change the library at your own discretion!

Library uses standard libraries: <stdio.h>, <stdlib.h>

Structures:

Node A struct to create the linked list

Functions:

Available to the user:

createList	Creates a linked list
deleteList	Deletes a linked list
printList	Prints all values from a linked list
insertElement	Inserts a node with a value into a linked list
deleteElement	Deletes a node from a linked list
getListSize	Returns the size of a linked list
<u>getElementValue</u>	Returns the address of a linked list value

Hidden from the user:

<u>print[data-type]</u> Helps to execute the printList function

Node

Singly linked list structure

Structure is used in this library to make a linked list and operate with its components.

The structure contains 2 members which are:

Member	Type	Meaning	
data	void*	stores the value at the given node of a linked list	
next	Node*	Points to the next node in a linked list	

createList

```
void createList(Node **head);
```

Creates a singly linked list

This function initializes the 'head' variable to *NULL* which will point to the first element of a linked list thus creating a linked list.

Parameters

head

Address of a pointer which will hold the address to the first element of a linked list.

Return value

none.

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "slluti.h"

int main ()

//Pointer to hold the address of the first linked list element
Node *first;

//Initialize the first element and create a linked list
createList(&first);

return 0;
}
```

deleteList

```
void deleteList(Node **head);
```

Deletes a singly linked list

This function deletes the entirety of a linked list and sets the 'head' variable to *NULL*. Elements are deallocated using <stdlib.h> function free().

Parameters

head

An address of a pointer which holds the address to the first element of a linked list.

Return value

none.

Example

Output:

```
#include <stdio.h>
                                                       Size before: 2
  #include "slluti.h"
                                                       Size after: 0
  int main ()
4
5 {
   Node *head;
6
   int num = 2;
7
8
    createList(&head);
9
10
    insertElement(&head, 1, &num, sizeof(int));
11
    insertElement(&head, 2, &num, sizeof(int));
12
13
    printf("Size before: %d\n", getListSize(&head));
14
    deleteList(&head);
    printf("Size after: %d\n", getListSize(&head));
16
17
   return 0;
18 }
```

printList

```
void printList(Node **head, void (*callPrint) (void *));
```

Prints all values of a linked list

This function prints out all values of a consisted data type from a linked list. This function uses additional functions from *print[data-type]* to be able to work with any primary data type.

If the linked list holds a derived data type, such data type cannot be printed out.

Parameters

head An address of a pointer which holds the address to the first element of a linked list.

callPrint A function name from the print[data-type] function list to print the data type which was included in the linked list.

Return value

none.

Example

Output:

```
#include <stdio.h>
                                                 Elements of a linked list:
  #include "slluti.h"
                                                 2 2 2
  int main ()
4
5
   Node *head;
6
   int num = 2;
7
8
    createList(&head);
9
10
    insertElement(&head, 1, &num, sizeof(int));
11
    insertElement(&head, 2, &num, sizeof(int));
    insertElement(&head, 3, &num, sizeof(int));
13
14
    printf("Elements of a linked list:\n");
15
    printList(&head, printInt);
16
17
    return 0;
18 }
```

insertElement

```
void insertElement(Node **head, int index, void*value, size_t value_size);
```

Inserts a value into a singly linked list

This function creates a linked list node and inserts a value in that node.

Parameters

head An address of a pointer which holds the address to the first element of a

linked list.

index Position at which the value is to be inserted.

value A pointer to a value which is to be inserted.

value size Size of the value's data type.

Return value

none.

Example

Output:

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
                                                     First insert:
2 #include "slluti.h"
                                                     Second insert:
4 int main ()
                                                     2 1
5 {
6 Node *head;
7 int num = 1, jim = 2;
8
9 createList(&head);
10
11
   insertElement(&head, 1, &num, sizeof(int));
12 printf("First insert:\n");
13 printList(&head, printInt);
14 insertElement(&head, 1, &jim, sizeof(int));
15 printf("Second insert:\n");
16 printList(&head, printInt);
17
18 return 0;
19 }
```

deleteElement

```
void deleteElement(Node **head, int index)
```

Deletes a node from the singly linked list

This function deletes a single node from a linked list.

Parameters

head An address of a pointer which holds the address to the first element of a linked list.

index Position of the node which is to be deleted.

Return value

none.

Example

Output:

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
                                                     List before:
2 #include "slluti.h"
                                                     1 2
                                                     List after:
4 int main ()
5 {
  Node *head;
6
7
  int num = 1, jim = 2;
8
9
    createList(&head);
10
11
   insertElement(&head, 1, &num, sizeof(int));
12 insertElement(&head, 2, &jim, sizeof(int));
13 printf("List before:\n");
14 printList(&head, printInt);
15 deleteElement(&head, 2);
16 printf("List after: \n");
17
   printList(&head, printInt);
18
19
   return 0;
20 }
```

getListSize

```
size t getListSize(Node **head);
```

Returns the size of a singly linked list

This function returns the size of an entire linked list.

Parameters

head

An address of a pointer which holds the address to the first element of a linked list.

Return value

On success returns the size (an unsigned integral value) of a linked list.

On failure returns -1.

Example

Output:

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
                                                     List size: 3
2 #include "slluti.h"
4 int main ()
5 {
6
  Node *head;
7
  int num = 2;
8
9
   createList(&head);
10
11
   insertElement(&head, 1, &num, sizeof(int));
12
   insertElement(&head, 2, &num, sizeof(int));
13
   insertElement(&head, 3, &num, sizeof(int));
14
15
   printf("List size: %d\n", getListSize(&head));
16
17
   return 0;
18 }
```

getElementValue

```
void* getElementValue(Node **head, int index);
```

Returns the address of a singly linked list's value.

Returns a pointer to a linked lists's value. The returned address points to *void*. Hence, the pointer needs to be casted with an appropriate data type and dereferenced, to get the value out.

Parameters

head An address of a pointer which holds the address to the first element of a linked list.

index Position of a value in the linked list

Return value

On success returns a void pointer to a value in a linked list.

On failure returns NULL.

Example

Output:

```
#include <stdio.h>
                                                  Element value at index 1:
1 #include "slluti.h"
                                                  10
3 int main ()
5
   Node *head;
   int num = 10, jim = 9;
6
7
    int k;
8
9
    createList(&head);
10
11
    insertElement(&head, 1, &num, sizeof(int));
    insertElement(&head, 2, &num, sizeof(int));
12
13
14
    k = *((int *)getElementValue(&head, 1));
15
    printf("Element value at index %d:\n", 1);
16
   printf("%d\n", k);
17
18
   return 0;
  }
```

print[data-type]

```
void print[...] (void *n);
```

Helps to execute the printList function

This is a list of functions which are used to cast the void pointer taken from the printList() function and print out the corresponding primary data types. The function names correlate to the data types. The ellipsis [...] represents the rest of the function names:

ShortInt	print short int	Char	print char
UnShort	print unsigned short int	UnChar	print unsigned char
UnInt	print unsigned int	Float	print float
Int	print int	Double	print double
Long	print long int	LongDouble	print long double
UnLong	print unsigned long int	String	print string
LongLong	print long long int		

Parameters

n A pointer to a value which is to be inserted.

Return value

On success returns the size (an unsigned integral value) of a linked list.

On failure returns -1.

Example Output: 2 #include <stdio.h> #include "slluti.h" int main () 5 6 Node *head; 7 int num = 2;8 9 createList(&head); 10 11 insertElement(&head, 1, &num, sizeof(int)); 12 //printInt will cast and print the data type 13 printList(&head, printInt); 14 15 16 return 0; 17 18 }